§ 3015.162 Title to real property, equipment and supplies.

Subject to the obligations and conditions specified in this subpart, title to real property, equipment, and supplies acquired under a grant or subgrant shall vest, upon acquisition, in the recipient or subrecipient, respectively. In certain cases, money due the Federal government upon disposition of real property may be authorized to be used for allowable costs rather than paid to USDA. (See §3015.173.)

§ 3015.163 Real property.

Except as stated otherwise by Federal statutes, real property applicable to this subpart shall be subject to the following requirements, in addition to any other requirements imposed by the provisions of the grant award:

(a) Use. The property shall be used for the originally authorized purpose as long as needed for that purpose. When no longer so needed, the awarding agency may approve the use of the property for other purposes. These uses shall be limited to:

(1) Projects or programs supported by other Federal grants or assistance agreements.

(2) Activities not supported by other Federal grants or assistance agreements but having purposes consistent with those of the legislation under which the original grant was made.

(b) Transfer of title. In accordance with paragraph (a) of this section, approval may be requested from the awarding agency to transfer title to an eligible third party for continued use for authorized purposes. If approval is permissible under Federal statutes, and is given, the terms of the transfer shall provide that the transferee shall assume all the rights and obligations of the transferor set forth in this subpart or in other terms of the grant or subgrant.

(c) Disposition. When the real property is no longer to be used as provided in paragraphs (a) and (b) of this section, the disposition instructions of the awarding agency shall be followed.

Those instructions will provide for one of the following alternatives:

(1) The property shall be sold and the Federal government shall have a right to an amount computed by multiplying the Federal share of the property times the proceeds from sale (after deducting actual and reasonable selling and fix-up expenses, if any, from the sales proceeds). Proper sales procedures shall be followed which provide for competition to the extent practicable and result in the highest possible return.

(2) The recipient shall have the option either of selling the property in accordance with paragraph (c)(1) of this section or of retaining title. If title is retained, the Federal government shall have a right to an amount computed by multiplying the market value of the property by the Federal share of the property.

(3) The recipient shall transfer the title to either the Federal government or an eligible non-Federal party named by the awarding agency. The recipient shall be entitled to be paid an amount computed by multiplying the market value of the property by the non-Federal share of the property. In cases where the property belonged to a subrecipient, see §3015.172 for the subrecipient’s share.

§ 3015.164 Statutory exemptions for equipment and supplies.

(a) In certain circumstances some Federal statutes permit title to equipment or supplies acquired with grant funds to vest in the recipient without further obligation to the Federal government or on such terms and conditions set forth in the grant award, as deemed appropriate. The Federal Grant and Cooperative Agreement Act of 1977, Pub. L. 95–224, is an example of such a statute. It provides this authority for equipment and supplies purchased with the funds of grants (and Federal contracts and cooperative agreements) for the conduct of basic or applied scientific research at non-profit institutions of higher education or at non-profit organizations whose primary purpose is the conduct of scientific research.

(b) If equipment is subject to a statute of the kind described in paragraph (a) of this section, it shall be exempt
from the requirements in the remaining sections of this subpart. However, when an equipment item has a unit acquisition cost of $1,000 or more, it shall be subject to §3015.165 concerning rights to require transfer, and, while subject to such a right, to the rules on replacement in §3015.167.

(c) If supplies are subject to a statute of the kind described in paragraph (a) of this section, they shall be exempt from all provisions of the remainder of this subpart which would otherwise apply.

§ 3015.165 Rights to require transfer of equipment.

(a) USDA right. The awarding agency shall have the right to require the transfer of equipment (including title) for items of equipment having a unit cost of $1,000 or more to the Federal government or to an eligible non-Federal party named by the awarding agency. Normally, USDA agencies will only exercise this right if the project or program for which the equipment was acquired is transferred from one recipient to another. The following conditions shall govern this right:

(1) The property shall be appropriately identified in the grant award.

(2) In order for the awarding agency to exercise the right, disposition instructions must be issued no later than 120 days after the end of USDA grant support for the project or program for which the equipment was acquired. Furthermore:

(i) If the equipment is eligible for the exemptions in §3015.164 and ceases to be needed for the project or program for which it was acquired while the project or program is still being performed by the recipient, the disposition instructions must have been received by the recipient while the equipment was still needed for that project or program.

(ii) If the equipment is not eligible for those exemptions, disposition instructions must have been received by the recipient before other permissible disposition of the equipment took place in accordance with §3015.168.

(3) If the right is exercised, the recipient shall be entitled to be paid any reasonable, resulting shipping or storage costs incurred, plus an amount computed by multiplying the market value of the equipment by the non-Federal share of the equipment.

(b) Right of parties awarding subgrants. A recipient may reserve for itself, when awarding a subgrant, rights similar to those found in paragraph (a) of this section which covers items of equipment having a unit acquisition cost of $1,000 or more which are acquired under that subgrant. Without the approval of the awarding agency, the right may be exercised only if the project or program for which the equipment was acquired is transferred to another subrecipient and only for the purpose of transferring the equipment to the new subrecipient for continued use in the project or program.

(c) Equipment lists. If at any time an awarding agency is considering exercising its right to require transfer of equipment, it may require the recipient to furnish it with a list of all items of equipment that are subject to the right. As such, the awarding agency will decide which items, if any, should be transferred.

§ 3015.166 Use of equipment.

(a) Basic rule. Whenever the equipment is not transferred under the provisions set forth in §3015.165, it shall be used by the recipient in the project or program for which it was acquired as long as needed, whether or not the project or program continues to be supported by Federal funds. When the equipment is no longer needed for the original project or program the recipient shall use the equipment, if needed, in the following order of priority:

(1) Projects or programs currently or previously funded by the same USDA awarding agency.

(2) Projects or programs currently or previously funded by any USDA awarding agency.

(3) Projects or programs currently or previously funded by other Federal agencies.

(b) Shared use. When equipment is used less than full time in the original project or program, the recipient shall make it available for use in other

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