(ii) Recurring monetary gifts or contributions from someone who is not a member of the household.

(8) Any amount of educational grants or scholarships or VA benefits available for subsistence after deducting expenses for tuition, fees, books, and equipment.

(9) All regular pay, special pay (except for persons exposed to hostile fire), and allowances of a member of the armed forces who is the applicant/borrower or coapplicant/coborrower, whether or not that family member lives in the unit.

(10) The income of an applicant’s spouse, unless the spouse has been living apart from the applicant for at least 3 months (for reasons other than military or work assignment), or court proceedings for divorce or legal separation have been commenced.

(e) The following are not included in annual income but may be considered in determining repayment ability:

(1) Income from employment of minors (including foster children) under 18 years of age. The applicant and spouse are not considered minors.

(2) The value of the allotment provided to an eligible household under the Food Stamp Act of 1977.

(3) Payments received for the care of foster children.

(4) Casual, sporadic, or irregular cash gifts.

(5) Lump-sum additions to family assets such as inheritances; capital gains; insurance payments from health, accident, hazard, or worker’s compensation policies; and settlements for personal or property losses (except as provided in paragraph (d)(5) of this section).

(6) Amounts which are granted specifically for, or in reimbursement of, the cost of medical expenses.

(7) Amounts of education scholarships paid directly to the student or to the educational institution and amounts paid by the Government to a veteran for use in meeting the costs of tuition, fees, books, and equipment. Any amounts of such scholarships or veteran’s payments, which are not used for the aforementioned purposes and are available for subsistence, are considered to be income. Student loans are not considered income.

(8) The hazardous duty pay to a service person applicant/borrower or spouse away from home and exposed to hostile fire.

(9) Any funds that a Federal statute specifies must not be used as the basis for denying or reducing Federal financial assistance or benefits. (Listed in exhibit F of FmHA Instruction 1980–D, available in any RHS office.)

(f) Income of live-in aides who are not relatives of the applicant or members of the household will not be counted in calculating annual income and will not be considered in determination of repayment ability.

§ 1980.348 Adjusted annual income.

Adjusted annual income is annual income as determined in §1980.347 less the following:

(a) A deduction of $480 for each member of the family residing in the household, other than the applicant, spouse, or coapplicant, who is:

(1) Under 18 years of age;

(2) Eighteen years of age or older and is disabled as defined in §1980.302(a);

(3) A full-time student aged 18 or older.

(b) A deduction of $400 for any elderly family as defined in §1980.302(a).

(c) A deduction for the care of minors 12 years of age or under, to the extent necessary to enable a member of the applicant/borrower’s family to be gainfully employed or to further his or her education. The deduction will be based only on monies reasonably anticipated to be paid for care services and, if caused by employment, must not exceed the amount of income received from such employment. Payments for these services may not be made to persons whom the applicant/borrower is entitled to claim as dependents for income tax purposes. Full justification for such deduction must be recorded in detail in the loan docket.

(d) A deduction of the amount by which the aggregate of the following expenses of the household exceeds 3 percent of gross annual income:

(1) Medical expenses for any elderly family (as defined in §1980.302(a)). This includes medical expenses for any household member the applicant/borrower anticipates incurring over the ensuing 12 months and which are not
covered by insurance (e.g., dental expenses, prescription medicines, medical insurance premiums, eyeglasses, hearing aids and batteries, home nursing care, monthly payments on accumulated major medical bills, and full-time nursing or institutional care which cannot be provided in the home for a member of the household); and

(2) Reasonable attendant care and auxiliary apparatus expenses for each disabled member of any household to the extent necessary to enable any member of such household (including such disabled member) to be employed.


§ 1980.351 Requests for reservation of funds.

Upon receipt of a viable loan application and prior to loan underwriting, the Lender may request a reservation of loan guarantee funds for the loan application. The request should be made as follows:

(a) The Lender must have a complete application on file that clearly indicates the borrower has sufficient qualifying income and an adequate credit history.

(b) The reservation shall be valid for 60 days. The Lender must submit a request for a loan guarantee on or before the expiration date of the reservation. Substitutions of borrowers or dwellings are not authorized.

(c) Reservations may be granted only when adequate funding authority is available. Reservations are subject to the availability of funds. Reservations will not exceed 90 percent of the funds available during that quarter.

(d) [Reserved]

(e) All reservations will expire at the end of 60 days or no later than the pooling date published in subpart L of part 1940 whichever occurs first.

(f) [Reserved]

§ 1980.352 [Reserved]

§ 1980.353 Filing and processing applications.

(a) Loan priorities. Complete applications will be considered by RHS in the order received from Lenders authorized to participate in the program except as provided in paragraph (b) of this section.

(b) Preference. Preference is considered when there is a shortage of funds and there is more than one request for a conditional commitment or reservation of funds ready for approval. Applications for guarantees on loans to first-time homebuyers or veterans, their spouses, or children of deceased servicemen who died during one of the periods described in the definition of “Veteran” in §1980.302(a) will be given preference by RHS. Displaced homemakers and single parents are first-time homebuyers even though they previously owned or resided in a dwelling with a spouse.

(c) Applications. If, upon completion of the loan underwriting process of an application, the Lender concludes that the application can be considered for an RHS guarantee, the Lender will provide written documentation addressing each of the loan eligibility requirements of this subpart and the basis for the conclusion in the applicant’s file. The Lender will submit a request for the guarantee using a Form FmHA 1980–21, “Request for Single Family Housing Loan Guarantee.” The form should contain or be supplemented with all of the following information:

(1) Name, address, telephone number, social security number, age, citizenship status of the applicant, and number of persons in the household.

(2) Amount of loan request and proposed use of loan funds.

(3) Name, address, contact person, and telephone number of the proposed Lender.

(4) Anticipated loan rates and terms, the date and amount of the Fannie Mae rate used to determine the interest rate, and the Lender’s certification that the proposed rate is in compliance with §1980.320 of this subpart.

(5) Statement from the Lender that it will not make the loan as requested by the applicant without the proposed guarantee and that the applicant has been advised in writing that the applicant is subject to criminal action if he or she knowingly and willfully gives false information to obtain a federally guaranteed loan.

(6) If the applicant is not a United States citizen, evidence of being legally admitted for permanent residence or indefinite parole.