practices outlined within the plan. Conservation practices in the conservation farm plan that would have been eligible for payment under CRP, EQIP, or cost-share agreements under WRP are eligible for CFO payment. The provisions for determining eligibility for payment and the calculation of payment under CFO will be similar to those specified for the eligible conservation practices under CRP, EQIP, or cost-share agreements under WRP. For land retirement payments, the CRP payment schedule in effect for the applicable soils at the time the CFO contract is signed will be utilized. CCC will provide annual payments to a participant for such conservation practices as specified in the time schedule set forth in the conservation farm plan.

§ 1468.6 Practice eligibility provisions.
(a) Practices may be eligible for payment under CFO if the conservation practice specified in the conservation farm plan is determined to be an eligible practice, as determined by the Chief, in accordance with:
(1) 7 CFR part 1410 for land retirement rental payments and practices that are eligible under CRP;
(2) 7 CFR part 1467 for wetland restoration or protection practices that are eligible under WRP; or
(3) 7 CFR part 1466 for conservation practices that are eligible under EQIP.
(b) For practices that are installed on retired land, the CRP cost-share rate for practices must be utilized.

§ 1468.7 Participant eligibility provisions.
Participants in the CFO must at the time of enrollment:
(a) Have a production flexibility contract in accordance with part 1412 of this chapter on the farm enrolling in CFO.
(b) Agree to forgo earning future payments under the Conservation Reserve Program authorized by part 1410 of this chapter, the Wetlands Reserve Program cost-share payments authorized by part 1467 of this chapter, and Environmental Quality Incentives Program authorized by part 1466 of this chapter, on the farm enrolled in the CFO for the term of the CFO contract.
(c) Be in compliance with the highly erodible land and wetland conservation provisions found at part 12 of this title;
(d) Have control of the land for the term of the proposed contract period;
(1) An exception may be made by the Chief in the case of land allotted by the Bureau of Indian Affairs (BIA), tribal land, or other instances in which the Chief determines that there is sufficient assurance of control.
(2) If the applicant is a tenant of the land involved in agricultural production the applicant shall furnish CCC with the written authorization by the landowner to apply the structural or vegetative practice.
(3) If the applicant is a landowner, the landowner is presumed to have control.
(e) Submit a proposed conservation farm plan to CCC that is in compliance with the terms and conditions of the program. To receive payment under the CFO, the participant must also meet the eligibility requirements, as determined by the Chief, in:
(1) 7 CFR part 1410 if the land retirement rental payment and practice determined eligible in accordance with §1468.6(a);
(2) 7 CFR part 1467 if the wetland restoration or protection practice was determined eligible in accordance with §1468.6(b), or
(3) 7 CFR part 1466, if the conservation practice was determined eligible in accordance with §1468.6(c).
(4) Comply with the provisions at §1412.304 of this chapter for protecting the interests of tenants and sharecroppers, including provisions for sharing, on a fair and equitable basis, payments made available under this part, as may be applicable.
(5) Supply information as required by CCC to determine eligibility for the program.
(6) Comply with all the provisions of the CFO contract which includes the conservation farm plan approved by the local conservation district.

§ 1468.8 Land eligibility provisions.
Land may be eligible for enrollment in CFO, if CCC determines that the farm or ranch is enrolled in a production flexibility contract, authorized by the Agricultural Marketing Transition
Act of 1996 and if the land upon which the CFO conservation practice will be applied is determined to be eligible land as determined by the Chief, in accordance with:

(a) 7 CFR part 1410, if the practice was determined an eligible land retirement rental payment and cost-share practice similar to CRP in accordance with §1468.6(a);

(b) 7 CFR part 1467, if the practice was determined an eligible wetland restoration or protection practice similar to WRP in accordance with §1468.6(b); or

(c) 7 CFR part 1466, if the practice was determined an eligible conservation practice similar to EQIP in accordance with §1468.6(c).

§1468.9 Conservation farm plan.

(a) The conservation farm plan forms the basis of the CFO contract. Prior to contract approval, a conservation farm plan must be written and approved. In deciding whether to approve a conservation farm plan, CCC may consider whether:

(1) The participant will use conservation practices to solve the natural resource concerns that will maximize environmental benefits per dollar expended, and

(2) The conservation practice would have been eligible for enrollment in the CRP, EQIP, or under the WRP cost-share agreements.

(b) The conservation farm plan for the farm or ranch unit of concern shall:

(1) Describe any resource conserving crop rotation, and all other conservation practices, to be implemented and maintained on the acreage that is subject to contract during the contract period;

(2) Address the resource concerns identified in the CFO pilot project area proposal;

(3) Contain a schedule for the implementation and maintenance of the practices described in the conservation farm plan;

(4) Ensure that net environmental benefits under a CRP contract are maintained or exceeded for the whole farm, as constituted by FSA, when terminating a CRP contract and enrolling in a CFO contract; and

(5) Meet the objectives of the pilot project area.

(c) The conservation farm plan is part of the CFO contract.

(d) The conservation farm plan must allow the participant to achieve a cost-effective resource management system, or some appropriate portion of that system, identified in the applicable NRCS field office technical guide or as approved by the State Conservationist.

(e) Participants are responsible for implementing the conservation farm plan in compliance with this part.

(f) Upon a participant’s request, the NRCS may provide technical assistance to a participant.

(1) Participants may, at their own cost, use qualified professionals, other than NRCS personnel, to provide technical assistance. NRCS retains approval authority over the technical adequacy of work done by non-NRCS personnel for the purpose of determining CFO contract compliance.

(2) Technical and other assistance provided by qualified personnel not affiliated with NRCS may include, but not limited to: conservation planning; conservation practice survey, layout, design, and installation; information, education, and training for producers; and training and quality assurance for professional conservationists.

(g) All conservation practices scheduled in the conservation farm plan are to be carried out in accordance with the applicable NRCS Field Office Technical Guide. The State Conservationist may approve use of innovative conservation measures that are not contained in the NRCS Field Office Technical Guide.

(h)(1) To simplify the conservation planning process for the participant, the conservation farm plan may be developed, at the request of the participant, as a single plan that incorporates other Federal, state, Tribal, or local government program or regulatory requirements. CCC development or approval of a conservation farm plan shall not constitute compliance with program, statutory and regulatory requirements administered or enforced by a non-USDA agency, except as agreed to by the participant and the relevant Federal, state, local or tribal entities.