Fishery Conservation and Management

be considered unclaimed or abandoned property, and may be disposed of in any manner considered appropriate by NMFS or an authorized officer.

§§ 665.429–665.439 [Reserved]

§ 665.440 Mariana crustacean fisheries. [Reserved]

§ 665.441 Definitions.

As used in §§665.440 through 665.459:
Crustacean Permit Area 5 (Permit Area 5) means the EEZ around Guam and the EEZ seaward of points 3 nautical miles from the shoreline of the CNMI.
Mariana crustacean management unit species means the following crustaceans:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Local name</th>
<th>English common name</th>
<th>Scientific name</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Mahonggang</td>
<td>spiny lobster</td>
<td>Panulirus marginatus, Panulirus penicillatus.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

§ 665.442 Permits.

(a) Applicability. (1) The owner of any vessel used to fish for lobster in Permit Area 3 must have a permit issued for such a vessel.
(2) The owner of any vessel used to fish for deepwater shrimp in Crustacean Permit Area 5 must have a permit issued for that vessel.
(b) General requirements. General requirements governing application information, issuance, fees, expiration, replacement, transfer, alteration, display, sanctions, and appeals for permits issued under this section, as applicable, are contained in §665.13.

(c) Application. An application for a permit required under this section shall be submitted to PIRO as described in §665.13. If the application for a limited access permit is submitted on behalf of a partnership or corporation, the application must be accompanied by a supplementary information sheet obtained from PIRO and contain the names and mailing addresses of all partners or shareholders and their respective percentage of ownership in the partnership or corporation.

§ 665.443 Prohibitions.

In addition to the general prohibitions specified in §600.725 of this chapter and §665.15, it is unlawful for any person in Crustacean Permit Area 5 to fish for, take, or retain deepwater shrimp without a permit issued under §665.442.

§ 665.444 Notifications.

(a) The operator of any vessel subject to the requirements of this subpart must:
(1) Report, not less than 24 hours, but not more than 36 hours, before landing, the port, the approximate date and the approximate time at which spiny and slipper lobsters will be landed.
(2) Report, not less than 6 hours and not more than 12 hours before off-loading, the location and time that off-loading of spiny and slipper lobsters will begin.
(b) The Regional Administrator will notify permit holders of any change in the reporting method and schedule required in paragraphs (a)(1) and (2) of this section at least 30 days prior to the opening of the fishing season.

§ 665.445 At-sea observer coverage.

All fishing vessels subject to §§665.440 through 665.445 and subpart A of this part must carry an observer when requested to do so by the Regional Administrator.

§§ 665.446–665.459 [Reserved]

§ 665.460 Mariana precious coral fisheries. [Reserved]

§ 665.461 Definitions.

Mariana precious coral management unit species means any coral of the genus Corallium in addition to the following species of corals:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>English common name</th>
<th>Scientific name</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Pink coral (also known as red coral)</td>
<td>Corallium secundum, Corallium regale, Corallium laauense.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gold coral</td>
<td>Gerardia spp., Calliogorgia gilberti, Narella spp., Calyprophora spp.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bamboo coral</td>
<td>Lepidisis olapa, Acanella spp.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Black coral</td>
<td>Antipathes dichotoma, Antipathes grandis, Antipathes ulex.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>