§ 894.303 What happens to my enrollment if I transfer to an excluded position?

(a) If you have FEDVIP coverage and you transfer to a position excluded under § 894.302(a) through (d), your enrollment stops.

(b) If you have FEDVIP coverage and you transfer to a position excluded under § 894.302(e) through (j) with no break in service of more than 3 days, your enrollment is not affected. If you have a break in service of more than 3 days, your enrollment stops.

(c) If you did not elect to enroll in FEDVIP and then transfer to an excluded position, you lose all rights to enroll at that time.

§ 894.304 Am I eligible to enroll if I’m retired or receiving workers’ compensation?

If you are retired, receiving workers’ compensation, or are a survivor annuitant, you are eligible if you meet the definition of annuitant in 5 U.S.C. 8901(3).

§ 894.305 Am I eligible to enroll if I am a former spouse receiving an apportionment of annuity?

No. Former spouses receiving an apportionment of annuity are not eligible to enroll in FEDVIP.

§ 894.306 Are foster children eligible as family members?

Yes, foster children may be eligible for coverage as family members under FEDVIP.

§ 894.307 Are disabled children age 22 or over eligible as family members?

A child age 22 or over is an eligible family member if the child is incapable of self-support because of a physical or mental disability that existed before the child reached age 22.

§ 894.308 How do I establish the dependency of my recognized natural child?

(a) Dependency is established for a recognized natural child who lives with the enrollee in a regular parent-child relationship, a recognized natural child for whom a judicial determination of support has been obtained, or a recognized natural child to whose support the enrollee makes regular and substantial contributions.

(b) The following are examples of proof of regular and substantial support. More than one of the following proofs may be required to show support of a recognized natural child who does not live with the enrollee in a regular parent-child relationship and for whom a judicial determination of support has not been obtained:

1. Evidence of eligibility as a dependent child for benefits under other State or Federal programs;

2. Proof of inclusion of the child as a dependent on the enrollee’s income tax returns;

3. Canceled checks, money orders, or receipts for periodic payments from the enrollee for or on behalf of the child.

4. Evidence of goods or services which show regular and substantial contributions of considerable value;

5. Any other evidence which OPM shall find to be sufficient proof of support or of paternity or maternity.

§ 894.309 Are FEDVIP premiums paid on a pre-tax basis?

(a) Your FEDVIP premiums are paid on a pre-tax basis (called premium conversion) if you are an active employee, your salary is sufficient to make the premium allotments, and your agency is able to make pre-tax allotments. However, if your enrollment covers a