§ 215.117 Defective roller bearing adapter.

A railroad may not place or continue in service a car, if the car has a roller bearing adapter that is—

(a) Cracked or broken;
(b) Not in its design position; or
(c) Worn on the crown of the adapter to the extent that the frame bears on the relief portion of the adapter, as shown in the figure below (see figure 1).

§ 215.119 Defective freight car truck.

A railroad may not place or continue in service a car, if the car has—

(a) A side frame or bolster that—
   (1) Is broken; or
   (2) Has a crack of ¼ of an inch or more in the transverse direction on a tension member;
   (b) A truck equipped with a snubbing device that is ineffective, as evidenced by—
       (1) A snubbing friction element that is worn beyond a wear indicator;
       (2) A snuber wear plate that is loose, missing (except by design), or worn through;
       (3) A broken or missing snuber activating spring; or

(ii) Broken, missing, or improperly applied cap screw lock; or

(3) A roller bearing with a seal that is loose or damaged, or permits leakage of lubricant in clearly formed droplets.

(b)(1) A railroad may not continue in service a car that has a roller bearing whose truck was involved in a derailment unless the bearing has been inspected and tested by:

(i) Visual examination to determine whether it shows any sign of damage; and

(ii) Spinning freely its wheel set or manually rotating the bearing to determine whether the bearing makes any unusual noise.

(2) The roller bearing shall be disassembled from the axle and inspected internally if—

(i) It shows any external sign of damage;

(ii) It makes any unusual noise when its wheel set is spun freely or the bearing is manually rotated;

(iii) Its truck was involved in a derailment at a speed of more than 10 miles per hour; or

(iv) Its truck was dragged on the ground for more than 200 feet.

(3) Each defective roller bearing shall be repaired or replaced before the car is placed back in service.

[44 FR 77340, Dec. 31, 1979, as amended at 45 FR 26711, Apr. 21, 1980]
(4) Snubber unit that is broken, or in the case of hydraulic units, is broken or leaking clearly formed droplets of oil or other fluid.

(c) A side bearing in any of the following conditions:
   (1) Part of the side bearing assembly is missing or broken;
   (2) The bearings at one end of the car, on both sides, are in contact with the body bolster (except by design);
   (3) The bearings at one end of the car have a total clearance from the body bolster of more than ¾ of an inch; or
   (4) At diagonally opposite sides of the car, the bearings have a total clearance from the body bolsters of more than ¾ of an inch;

(d) Truck springs—
   (1) That do not maintain travel or load;
   (2) That are compressed solid; or
   (3) More than one outer spring of which is broken, or missing, in any spring cluster;

(e) Interference between the truck bolster and the center plate that prevents proper truck rotations; or

(f) Brake beam shelf support worn so excessively that it does not support the brake beam.

CAR BODIES

§ 215.121 Defective car body.

A railroad may not place or continue in service a car, if:
(a) Any portion of the car body, truck, or their appurtenances (except wheels) has less than a 2½ inch clearance from the top of rail;
(b) The car center sill is:
   (1) Broken;
   (2) Cracked more than 6 inches; or
   (3) Permanently bent or buckled more than 2½ inches in any six foot length;

(c) The car has a coupler carrier that is:
   (1) Broken;
   (2) Missing;
   (3) Non-resilient and the coupler has a type F head.

(d) After December 1, 1983, the car is a box car and its side doors are not equipped with operative hangers, or the