loads that will be imposed on the pipe after installation.

§ 192.105 Design formula for steel pipe.
(a) The design pressure for steel pipe is determined in accordance with the following formula:

\[ P = \frac{2}{S} \left( \frac{D}{D} \right) \times F \times E \times T \]

- \( P \) = Design pressure in pounds per square inch (kPa) gauge.
- \( S \) = Yield strength in pounds per square inch (kPa) determined in accordance with § 192.107.
- \( D \) = Nominal outside diameter of the pipe in inches (millimeters).
- \( t \) = Nominal wall thickness of the pipe in inches (millimeters). If this is unknown, it is determined in accordance with § 192.109. Additional wall thickness required for concurrent external loads in accordance with § 192.103 may not be included in computing design pressure.
- \( F \) = Design factor determined in accordance with § 192.111.
- \( E \) = Longitudinal joint factor determined in accordance with § 192.113.
- \( T \) = Temperature derating factor determined in accordance with § 192.115.

(b) If steel pipe that has been subjected to cold expansion to meet the SMYS is subsequently heated, other than by welding or stress relieving as a part of welding, the design pressure is limited to 75 percent of the pressure determined under paragraph (a) of this section if the temperature of the pipe exceeds \( 900 \text{°F} \) (\( 482 \text{°C} \)) at any time or is held above \( 600 \text{°F} \) (\( 316 \text{°C} \)) for more than 1 hour.

§ 192.107 Yield strength (\( S \)) for steel pipe.
(a) For pipe that is manufactured in accordance with a specification listed in section I of appendix B of this part, the yield strength to be used in the design formula in § 192.105 is the SMYS stated in the listed specification, if that value is known.

(b) For pipe that is manufactured in accordance with a specification not listed in section I of appendix B to this part or whose specification or tensile properties are unknown, the yield strength to be used in the design formula in § 192.105 is one of the following:

1. If the pipe is tensile tested in accordance with section II-D of appendix B to this part, the lower of the following:
   - 80 percent of the average yield strength determined by the tensile tests.
   - The lowest yield strength determined by the tensile tests.
2. If the pipe is not tensile tested as provided in paragraph (b)(1) of this section, 24,000 p.s.i. (165 MPa).

§ 192.109 Nominal wall thickness (\( T \)) for steel pipe.
(a) If the nominal wall thickness for steel pipe is not known, it is determined by measuring the thickness of each piece of pipe at quarter points on one end.

(b) However, if the pipe is of uniform grade, size, and thickness and there are more than 10 lengths, only 10 percent of the individual lengths, but not less than 10 lengths, need be measured. The thickness of the lengths that are not measured must be verified by applying a gauge set to the minimum thickness found by the measurement. The nominal wall thickness to be used in the design formula in § 192.105 is the next wall thickness found in commercial specifications that is below the average of all the measurements taken. However, the nominal wall thickness used may not be more than 1.14 times the smallest measurement taken on pipe less than 20 inches (508 millimeters) in outside diameter, nor more than 1.11 times the smallest measurement taken on pipe 20 inches (508 millimeters) or more in outside diameter.

§ 192.111 Design factor (\( F \)) for steel pipe.
(a) Except as otherwise provided in paragraphs (b), (c), and (d) of this section, the design factor to be used in the design formula in § 192.105 is determined in accordance with the following table: