(f) When determining the accelerations for dynamic loads under paragraph (a) of this section, the accelerations acting in a cargo tank must be estimated for the cargo tank’s center of gravity and include the following component accelerations:

1. Vertical accelerations, meaning the motion acceleration of heave and pitch, and of any roll normal to the vessel base that has an effect on the component acceleration.

2. Transverse acceleration, meaning the motion acceleration of sway, yaw and roll, and gravity component of roll.

3. Longitudinal acceleration, meaning the motion acceleration of surge and pitch and gravity component of pitch.

§ 154.410 Cargo tank sloshing loads.

(a) For the calculation required under §154.406(a)(5) and (b), the determined sloshing loads resulting from the accelerations under §154.409(f) must be specially approved by the Commandant (CG–ENG).

(b) If the sloshing loads affect the cargo tank scantlings, an analysis of the effects of the sloshing loads in addition to the calculation under paragraph (a) of this section must be specially approved by the Commandant (CG–ENG).

§ 154.411 Cargo tank thermal loads.

For the calculations required under §154.406(a)(4), the following determined loads must be specially approved by the Commandant (CG–ENG):

(a) Transient thermal loads for the cooling down periods of cargo tanks for design temperatures lower than –55 °C (–67 °F).

(b) Stationary thermal loads for cargo tanks for design temperatures lower than –55 °C (–67 °F) that cause high thermal stress.

§ 154.412 Cargo tank corrosion allowance.

A cargo tank must be designed with a corrosion allowance if the cargo tank:

(a) is located in a space that does not have inert gas or dry air; or

(b) carries a cargo that corrodes the tank material.

NOTE: Corrosion allowance for independent tank type C is contained in §54.01–35 of this chapter.

§ 154.413 General.

An integral tank must not be designed for a temperature colder than –10 °C (14 °F), unless the tank is specially approved by the Commandant (CG–ENG).

§ 154.414 Design vapor pressure.

The $P_o$ of an integral tank must not exceed 24.5 kPa gauge (3.55 psig) unless special approval by the Commandant (CG–ENG) allows a $P_o$ between 24.5 kPa gauge (3.55 psig) and 69 kPa gauge (10 psig).

§ 154.415 Tank design.

(a) The structure of an integral tank must meet the deep tank scantling standards of the American Bureau of Shipping published in “Rules for Building and Classing Steel Vessels”, 1981.

(b) The structure of an integral tank must be designed and shown by calculation to withstand the internal pressure determined under §154.407.

§ 154.416 Allowable stress.

The allowable stress for the integral tank structure must meet the American Bureau of Shipping’s allowable stress for the vessel’s hull published in