provisions of subsection (b)(3)(C) of section 1927 of the Act.

§ 156.298 Meaningful difference standard for Qualified Health Plans in the Federally-facilitated Exchanges.

(a) General. Subject to paragraph (b)(2) of this section, starting in the 2015 coverage year, in order to be certified as a QHP offered through a Federally-facilitated Exchange, a plan must be meaningfully different from all other QHPs offered by the same issuer of that plan within a service area and level of coverage in the Exchange, as defined in paragraph (b) of this section.

(b) Meaningful difference standard. A plan is considered meaningfully different from another plan in the same service area and metal tier (including catastrophic plans) if a reasonable consumer would be able to identify one or more material differences among the following characteristics between the plan and other plan offerings:

1. Cost sharing;
2. Provider networks;
3. Covered benefits;
4. Plan type;
5. Health Savings Account eligibility; and
6. Self-only, non-self-only, or child-only plan offerings.

(c) Exception for limited plan availability. If HHS determines that the plan offerings at a particular metal level (including catastrophic plans) within a county are limited, plans submitted for certification in that particular metal level (including catastrophic plans) within that county will not be subject to the meaningful difference requirement set forth in paragraph (b) of this section.

(d) Two-year transition period for issuers with new acquisitions. During the first 2 years after a merger or acquisition in which an acquiring issuer obtains or merges with another issuer, the FFEx may certify plans as QHPs that were previously offered by the acquired or merged issuer without those plans meeting the meaningful difference standard set forth in paragraph (b) of this section.

§ 156.330 Changes of ownership of issuers of Qualified Health Plans in Federally-facilitated Exchanges.

When a QHP issuer that offers one or more QHPs in a Federally-facilitated Exchange undergoes a change of ownership as recognized by the State in which the issuer offers the QHP, the QHP issuer must notify HHS of the change in a manner to be specified by HHS, and provide the legal name and Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN) of the new owner and the effective date of the change at least 30 days prior to the effective date of the change of ownership. The new owner must agree to adhere to all applicable statutes and regulations.

[78 FR 65096, Oct. 30, 2013]

§ 156.340 Standards for downstream and delegated entities.

(a) General requirement. Effective October 1, 2013, notwithstanding any relationship(s) that a QHP issuer may have with delegated and downstream entities, a QHP issuer maintains responsibility for its compliance and the compliance of any of its delegated or downstream entities, as applicable, with all applicable standards, including—

1. Standards of subpart C of part 156 with respect to each of its QHPs on an ongoing basis;
2. Exchange processes, procedures, and standards in accordance with subparts H and K of part 155 and, in the small group market, §155.705 of this subchapter;
3. Standards of §155.220 of this subchapter with respect to assisting with enrollment in QHPs; and
4. Standards of §§156.705 and 156.715 for maintenance of records and compliance reviews for QHP issuers operating in a Federally-facilitated Exchange or FF–SHOP.

(b) Delegation agreement specifications. If any of the QHP issuer’s activities or obligations, in accordance with paragraph (a) of this section, are delegated