Federal Emergency Management Agency, DHS

§ 78.8 Grant funding limitations.

(a) The Administrator will allocate the available funds for FMA each fiscal year. Each State will receive a base amount of $10,000 for Planning Grants and $100,000 for Project Grants, with the remaining funds distributed based on the number of NFIP policies, repetitive loss structures, and other such

(1) Provide technical assistance to communities to assist them in developing applications and implementing approved applications;
(2) Award planning grants;
(3) Submit plans to the FEMA Regional Administrator for approval;
(4) Evaluate project applications, selecting projects to forward to the FEMA Regional Administrator for final approval; and

(c) Community. The community will:
(1) Complete and submit applications to the State POC for the Planning and Projects Grants;
(2) Prepare and submit the Flood Mitigation Plan;
(3) Implement all approved projects;
(4) Comply with FMA requirements, 44 CFR part 13, the grant agreement, applicable Federal, State and local laws and regulations (as applicable); and
(5) Account for the appropriate use of grant funds to the State POC.


§ 78.4 Applicant eligibility.

(a) The State is eligible to apply for grants for Technical Assistance.
(b) State agencies and communities are eligible to apply for Planning and Project Grants and to act as subgrantee. Communities on probation or suspended under 44 CFR part 60 of the NFIP are not eligible. To be eligible for Project Grants, an eligible applicant will develop, and have approved by the FEMA Regional Administrator, a Flood Mitigation Plan in accordance with §78.5.

§ 78.5 Flood Mitigation Plan development.

A Flood Mitigation Plan will articulate a comprehensive strategy for implementing technically feasible flood mitigation activities for the area affected by the plan. At a minimum, plans will include the following elements:
(a) Description of the planning process and public involvement. Public involvement may include workshops, public meetings, or public hearings.
(b) Description of the existing flood hazard and identification of the flood risk, including estimates of the number and type of structures at risk, repetitive loss properties, and the extent of flood depth and damage potential.
(c) The applicant’s floodplain management goals for the area covered by the plan.
(d) Identification and evaluation of cost-effective and technically feasible mitigation actions considered.
(e) Presentation of the strategy for reducing flood risks and continued compliance with the NFIP, and procedures for ensuring implementation, reviewing progress, and recommending revisions to the plan.
(f) Documentation of formal plan adoption by the legal entity submitting the plan (e.g., Governor, Mayor, County Executive).

§ 78.6 Flood Mitigation Plan approval process.

The State POC will forward all Flood Mitigation Plans to the FEMA Regional Administrator for approval. The Regional Administrator will notify the State POC of the approval or disapproval of the plan within 120 days after submission. If the Regional Administrator does not approve a mitigation plan, the Regional Administrator will notify the State POC of the reasons for non-approval and offer suggestions for improvement.

§ 78.7 Grant application procedures.

States will apply for Technical Assistance and Planning Grants through the annual Cooperative Agreement between FEMA and the State. The State POC will be notified regarding their available funds for project grants each fiscal year. The State may forward project applications to FEMA for review at any time.

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