plan must pay, at a minimum, the lesser of the following amounts:
(1) 100 percent of the expense of the services.
(2) 100 percent of the amounts that would have been paid for the services under original Medicare, including amounts that would be paid by the enrollee as deductibles and coinsurance.

(d) Annual deductible. The annual deductible for an MA MSA plan—
(1) For contract year 1999, may not exceed $6,000; and
(2) For subsequent contract years may not exceed the deductible for the preceding contract year, increased by the national per capita growth percentage determined under §422.306(a)(2).
(3) Is pro-rated for enrollments occurring during a beneficiary’s initial coverage election period as described at §422.62(a)(1) of this part or during any other enrollments occurring after January 1.

(e) All MA organizations offering MSA plans must provide enrollees with available information on the cost and quality of services in their service area, and submit to CMS for approval a proposed approach to providing such information.

§422.104 Special rules on supplemental benefits for MA MSA plans.

(a) An MA organization offering an MA MSA plan may not provide supplemental benefits that cover expenses that count towards the deductible specified in §422.103(d).

(b) In applying the limitation of paragraph (a) of this section, the following kinds of policies are not considered as covering the deductible:
(1) A policy that provides coverage (whether through insurance or otherwise) for accidents, disability, dental care, vision care, or long-term care.

(c) A policy of insurance that provides coverage for a specified disease or illness or pays a fixed amount per day (or other period) of hospitalization.

§422.105 Special rules for self-referral and point of service option.

(a) Self-referral. When an MA plan member receives an item or service of the plan that is covered upon referral or pre-authorization from a contracted provider of that plan, the member cannot be financially liable for more than the normal in-plan cost sharing, if the member correctly identified himself or herself as a member of that plan to the contracted provider before receiving the covered item or service, unless the contracted provider can show that the enrollee was notified prior to receiving the item or service that the item or service is covered only if further action is taken by the enrollee.

(b) Point of service option. As a general rule, a POS benefit is an option that an MA organization may offer in an HMO plan to provide enrollees with additional choice in obtaining specified health care services. The organization may offer a POS option—
(1) Before January 1, 2006, under a coordinated care plan as an additional benefit as described in section 1854(f)(1)(A) of the Act;
(2) Under an HMO plan as a mandatory supplemental benefit as described in §422.102(a); or
(3) Under an HMO plan as an optional supplemental benefit as described in §422.102(b).

(c) Ensuring availability and continuity of care. An MA HMO plan that includes a POS benefit must continue to provide all benefits and ensure access as required under this subpart.

(d) Enrollee information and disclosure. The disclosure requirements specified in §422.111 apply in addition to the following requirements:
(1) Written rules. MA organizations must maintain written rules on how to obtain health benefits through the POS benefit.

(2) Evidence of coverage document. The MA organization must provide to beneficiaries enrolling in a plan with a POS benefit an “evidence of coverage” document, or otherwise provide written documentation, that specifies all costs