Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services, HHS

§ 410.26

For services furnished before July 1, 1981, Medicare Part B paid only for the following services of a doctor of dental surgery or dental medicine:

Surgery on the jaw or any adjoining structure; and
Reduction of a fracture of the jaw or other facial bone.

§ 410.25 Limitations on services of a podiatrist.

Medicare Part B pays for the services of a doctor of podiatric medicine, acting within the scope of his or her license, if the services would be covered as physicians’ services when performed by a doctor of medicine or osteopathy.

§ 410.26 Services and supplies incident to a physician’s professional services: Conditions.

(a) Definitions. For purposes of this section, the following definitions apply:

(1) Auxiliary personnel means any individual who is acting under the supervision of a physician (or other practitioner), regardless of whether the individual is an employee, leased employee, or independent contractor of the physician (or other practitioner) or of the same entity that employs or contracts with the physician (or other practitioner) and meets any applicable requirements to provide the services, including licensure, imposed by the State in which the services are being furnished.

(2) Direct supervision means the level of supervision by the physician (or other practitioner) of auxiliary personnel as defined in § 410.32(b)(3)(ii).

(3) Independent contractor means an individual (or an entity that has hired such an individual) who performs part-time or full-time work for which the individual (or the entity that has hired such an individual) receives an IRS–1099 form.

(4) Leased employment means an employment relationship that is recognized by applicable State law and that is established by two employers by a contract such that one employer hires

(iii) African-Americans age 50 and over.
(iv) Hispanic-Americans age 65 and over.

(3) Screening for glaucoma means the following procedures furnished to an individual for the early detection of glaucoma:

(i) A dilated eye examination with an intraocular pressure measurement.

(ii) A direct ophthalmoscopy examination, or a slit-lamp biomicroscopic examination.

(b) Condition for coverage of screening for glaucoma. Medicare Part B pays for glaucoma screening examinations provided to eligible beneficiaries as described in paragraph (a)(2) of this section if they are furnished by or under the direct supervision in the office setting of an optometrist or ophthalmologist who is legally authorized to perform these services under State law (or the State regulatory mechanism provided by State law) of the State in which the services are furnished, as would otherwise be covered if furnished by a physician or incident to a physician’s professional service.

(c) Limitations on coverage of glaucoma screening examinations. (1) Payment may not be made for a glaucoma screening examination that is performed for an individual who is not an eligible beneficiary as described in paragraph (a)(2) of this section.

(2) Payment may be made for a glaucoma screening examination that is performed on an individual who is an eligible beneficiary as described in paragraph (a)(2) of this section, after at least 11 months have passed following the month in which the last glaucoma screening examination was performed.

[66 FR 55328, Nov. 1, 2001, as amended at 70 FR 70330, Nov. 21, 2005]

§ 410.24 Limitations on services of a doctor of dental surgery or dental medicine.

Medicare Part B pays for services furnished by a doctor of dental surgery or dental medicine within the scope of his or her license, if the services would be covered as physicians’ services when performed by a doctor of medicine or osteopathy. 1


§ 410.25 Limitations on services of a podiatrist.

Medicare Part B pays for the services of a doctor of podiatric medicine, acting within the scope of his or her license, if the services would be covered as physicians’ services when performed by a doctor of medicine or osteopathy.

§ 410.26 Services and supplies incident to a physician’s professional services: Conditions.

(a) Definitions. For purposes of this section, the following definitions apply:

(1) Auxiliary personnel means any individual who is acting under the supervision of a physician (or other practitioner), regardless of whether the individual is an employee, leased employee, or independent contractor of the physician (or other practitioner) or of the same entity that employs or contracts with the physician (or other practitioner) and meets any applicable requirements to provide the services, including licensure, imposed by the State in which the services are being furnished.

(2) Direct supervision means the level of supervision by the physician (or other practitioner) of auxiliary personnel as defined in § 410.32(b)(3)(ii).

(3) Independent contractor means an individual (or an entity that has hired such an individual) who performs part-time or full-time work for which the individual (or the entity that has hired such an individual) receives an IRS–1099 form.

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the services of an employee of the other employer.

(5) **Noninstitutional setting** means all settings other than a hospital or skilled nursing facility.

(6) **Practitioner** means a non-physician practitioner who is authorized by the Act to receive payment for services incident to his or her own services.

(7) **Services and supplies** means any services or supplies (including drugs or biologicals that are not usually self-administered) that are included in section 1861(s)(2)(A) of the Act and are not specifically listed in the Act as a separate benefit included in the Medicare program.

(b) Medicare Part B pays for services and supplies incident to the service of a physician (or other practitioner).

(1) Services and supplies must be furnished in a noninstitutional setting to noninstitutional patients.

(2) Services and supplies must be an integral, though incidental, part of the service of a physician (or other practitioner) in the course of diagnosis or treatment of an injury or illness.

(3) Services and supplies must be commonly furnished without charge or included in the bill of a physician (or other practitioner).

(4) Services and supplies must be of a type that are commonly furnished in the office or clinic of a physician (or other practitioner).

(5) Services and supplies must be furnished under the direct supervision (or other level of supervision as specified by CMS for the particular service) of a physician (or other practitioner) directly supervising the auxiliary personnel need not be the same physician (or other practitioner) upon whose professional service the incident to service is based.

(6) Services and supplies must be furnished by the physician, practitioner with an incident to benefit, or auxiliary personnel.

(7) Services and supplies must be furnished in accordance with applicable State law.

(8) A physician (or other practitioner) may be an employee or an independent contractor.

(9) Claims for drugs payable administered by a physician as defined in section 1861(r) of the Social Security Act to refill an implanted item of DME may only be paid under Part B to the physician as a drug incident to a physician’s service under section 1861(s)(2)(A). These drugs are not payable to a pharmacy/supplier as DME under section 1861(a)(6) of the Act.

(c) **Limitations.**

(1) Drugs and biologicals are also subject to the limitations specified in §410.29.

(2) Physical therapy, occupational therapy and speech-language pathology services provided incident to a physician’s professional services are subject to the provisions established in §§410.59(a)(3)(ii), 410.60(a)(3)(iii), and 410.62(a)(3)(ii).


§ 410.27 Therapeutic outpatient hospital or CAH services and supplies incident to a physician’s or nonphysician practitioner’s service: Conditions.

(a) Medicare Part B pays for therapeutically hospital or CAH services and supplies furnished incident to a physician’s or nonphysician practitioner’s service, which are defined as all services and supplies furnished to hospital or CAH outpatients that are not diagnostic services and that aid the physician or nonphysician practitioner in the treatment of the patient, including drugs and biologicals which are not usually self-administered, if—

(1) They are furnished—

(i) By or under arrangements made by the participating hospital or CAH, except in the case of a SNF resident as provided in §411.15(p) of this subchapter;

(ii) As an integral although incidental part of a physician’s or nonphysician practitioner’s services;

(iii) In the hospital or CAH or in a department of the hospital or CAH, as defined in §413.65 of this subchapter;

(iv) Under the direct supervision (or other level of supervision as specified by CMS for the particular service) of a physician or a nonphysician practitioner as specified in paragraph (g) of this section, subject to the following requirements: