Lead-associated industries are lead smelters, lead-acid battery manufacturing, and lead chemical manufacturing (e.g., manufacturing of lead oxide or other lead compounds).

If a hazardous waste under an authorized State program.

A. Exempt Lead-Bearing Materials When Generated or Originally Produced By Lead-Associated Industries

1. Acid dump/fill solids
2. Sump mud
3. Materials from laboratory analyses
4. Acid filters
5. Baghouse bags
6. Clothing (e.g., coveralls, aprons, shoes, hats, gloves)
7. Sweepings
8. Air filter bags and cartridges
9. Respiratory cartridge filters
10. Shop abrasives
11. Stacking boards
12. Waste shipping containers (e.g., cartons, bags, drums, cardboard)
13. Paper hand towels
14. Wiping rags and sponges
15. Contaminated pallets
16. Water treatment sludges, filter cakes, residues, and solids
17. Emission control dusts, sludges, filter cakes, residues, and solids from lead-associated industries (e.g., K069 and D008 wastes)
18. Spent grids, posts, and separators
19. Spent batteries
20. Lead oxide and lead oxide residues
21. Lead plates and groups
22. Spent battery cases, covers, and vents
23. Pasting belts
24. Water filter media
25. Cheesecloth from pasting rollers
26. Pasting additive bags
27. Asphalt paving materials

B. Exempt Lead-Bearing Materials When Generated by Any Industry

Electroplating wastewater treatment sludges (F006)
Nickel and/or chromium-containing solutions
Nickel, chromium, and iron catalysts
Nickel-cadmium and nickel-iron batteries
Filter cake from wet scrubber system water treatment plants in the specialty steel industry
Filter cake from nickel-chromium alloy pickling operations

B. Exempt Nickel or Chromium-Bearing Materials when Generated by Any Industry

Electroplating bath filters
Wastewater filter media
Wood pallets
Disposable clothing (coveralls, aprons, hats, and gloves)
Laboratory samples and spent chemicals
Shipping containers and plastic liners from containers or vehicles used to transport nickel or chromium-containing wastes
Respirator cartridge filters
Paper hand towels

A. Exempt Nickel or Chromium-Bearing Materials when Generated by Manufacturers or Users of Nickel, Chromium, or Iron

Baghouse bags
Raney nickel catalyst
Floor sweepings
Air filters

A. Exempt Nickel or Chromium-Bearing Materials when Generated by Any Industry

Electroplating wastewater treatment sludges (F006)
Nickel and/or chromium-containing solutions
Nickel, chromium, and iron catalysts
Nickel-cadmium and nickel-iron batteries
Filter cake from wet scrubber system water treatment plants in the specialty steel industry
Filter cake from nickel-chromium alloy pickling operations

APPENDIX XII TO PART 266—MERCURY-BEARING WASTES THAT MAY BE PROCESSED IN EXEMPT MERCURY RECOVERY UNITS

These are exempt mercury-bearing materials with less than 500 ppm of 40 CFR Part 261, appendix VIII organic constituents when generated by manufacturers or users of mercury or mercury products.

1. Activated carbon
2. Decomposer graphite
3. Wood
4. Paper
5. Protective clothing
6. Sweepings
7. Respiratory cartridge filters
8. Cleanup articles
9. Plastic bags and other contaminated containers
10. Laboratory and process control samples

1If a hazardous waste under an authorized State program.

APPENDIX XIII TO PART 266—MERCURY-BEARING WASTES THAT MAY BE PROCESSED IN EXEMPT MERCURY RECOVERY UNITS

These are exempt mercury-bearing materials with less than 500 ppm of 40 CFR Part 261, appendix VIII organic constituents when generated by manufacturers or users of mercury or mercury products.

1. Activated carbon
2. Decomposer graphite
3. Wood
4. Paper
5. Protective clothing
6. Sweepings
7. Respiratory cartridge filters
8. Cleanup articles
9. Plastic bags and other contaminated containers
10. Laboratory and process control samples

1If a hazardous waste under an authorized State program.

APPENDIX XII TO PART 266—NICKEL OR CHROMIUM-BEARING MATERIALS THAT MAY BE PROCESSED IN EXEMPT NICKEL-CHROMIUM RECOVERY FURNACES

Baghouse bags
Raney nickel catalyst
Floor sweepings
Air filters