§ 21.9700 Yellow Ribbon Program.

(a) Establishment. The “Yellow Ribbon G.I. Education Enhancement Program,” known as the “Yellow Ribbon Program,” permits an institution of higher learning (IHL), at the IHL’s option, to enter into an agreement with VA to allow the two parties to provide matching funds to cover a portion of the outstanding amount of established charges not covered under 38 U.S.C. chapter 3313(c)(1)(A).

(b) Eligible individuals. This program is only available to individuals entitled to the 100 percent educational assistance rate (based on service requirements) as shown in the chart in §21.9640(a) or to their designated dependents using entitlement transferred under §21.9570, who are pursuing training at an eligible IHL.

(c) Eligible IHLs. This program is only available at IHLs located in the United States or at a branch of such IHL that is located outside the United States.

(d) Agreements. VA will enter into an agreement with an eligible IHL located in the United States seeking to participate in the Yellow Ribbon Program based on a general agreement format developed by VA in which the IHL must agree to—

1. Provide contributions to eligible individuals who apply for such program at that institution (in a manner prescribed by the institution) on a first-come-first-served basis, regardless of the rate at which the individual is pursuing training (i.e., full-time versus less than full-time), during the academic year;

2. Provide contributions during the current academic year and all subsequent academic years in which the IHL participates in the Yellow Ribbon Program and the student maintains satisfactory progress, conduct, and attendance according to the regularly prescribed standards of the institution;

3. Limit contributions made on behalf of a participant to funds under the unrestricted control of the IHL (e.g., a scholarship sent directly to an IHL on behalf of an individual or specific group of individuals from a third party may not be included in Yellow Ribbon Program contributions). Funds received directly or indirectly from federal sources may not be counted toward contributions;

4. State the maximum number of individuals for whom contributions will be made during the academic year;

5. State the manner (whether by direct grant, scholarship, or otherwise) contributions will be made under the Yellow Ribbon Program;

6. State the maximum dollar amount of contributions that may be provided on behalf of any individual during the academic year regardless of the rate at which the individual is pursuing training. IHLs may specify different contributions amounts—

i. Based on student status (i.e., undergraduate, graduate, doctoral), or

ii. For each subelement of the institution (i.e., college or professional school). The maximum amount specified for each subelement of the IHL will apply to all programs and disciplines offered under such subelement.

7. Provide the maximum amount of contributions payable toward the unmet established charges to all participating individuals during each term, quarter, or semester, do not exceed the maximum dollar amount payable during the academic year specified in paragraph (d)(6) of this section.

(e) Centralized Agreements. IHLs with multiple campuses may enter into a single Yellow Ribbon Program Agreement if all participating branches and extensions—

1. Are listed in the agreement;

2. Are subject to the authority of the authorizing official signing the Yellow Ribbon Program Agreement; and

3. Have a certifying official or other employee who meets the requirements of §21.4266(f)(3)(ii) and who has access to the terms of the Yellow Ribbon Program Agreement.

(f) Matching Contributions. VA will match each dollar provided by the school on behalf of an individual; however, the combined amount of contributions under the Yellow Ribbon Program may not exceed the remaining
Department of Veterans Affairs

§ 21.9720 Certification of enrollment.

Except as stated in §21.9680, an institution of higher learning must certify an eligible individual’s enrollment before he or she may receive educational assistance.

(a) Institutions of higher learning must certify most enrollments. VA does not, as a condition of payment of tuition assistance top-up or advance payment, require institutions of higher learning to certify the enrollments of eligible individuals who either are seeking tuition assistance top-up or advance payment, or organizations or entities offering a licensing or certification test to certify that the eligible individual took the test. In all other cases, the institution of higher learning must certify the eligible individual’s enrollment before he or she may receive educational assistance. This certification must be in a form specified by the Secretary and contain such information as specified by the Secretary.

(Authority: 38 U.S.C. 301(a), 3031, 3034(a), 3323(a), 3482(g), 3680, 3687, 3689, 5101(a))

(b) Length of the enrollment period covered by the enrollment certification. (1) Institutions of higher learning that offer courses on a term, quarter, or semester basis will report enrollment for the term, quarter, semester, ordinary school year, or ordinary school year plus summer term. If the certification covers two or more terms, the institution of higher learning will report each term, quarter, or semester separately.

(2) Institutions of higher learning organized on a year-round basis that do not offer courses on a term, quarter, or

§ 21.9715 Advance payment certification.

All certifications required by this section shall be in a form specified by the Secretary and shall contain such information as specified by the Secretary. An advance payment under this chapter is only permissible to an individual whose rate of pursuit is greater than half-time, and who is entitled to the monthly housing allowance as provided in §21.9640(b)(1)(ii) or (b)(2)(ii).

(a) Certification needed before an advance payment can be made. In order for an individual to receive an advance payment of the monthly housing allowance, an application or other document must be signed by the individual or the enrollment certification must be signed by an authorized official of the institution of higher learning.

(Authority: 38 U.S.C. 301(a), 3323(a), 3680(d))

(b) Advance payments. All certifications required by this paragraph shall be in a form specified by the Secretary and shall contain such information as specified by the Secretary.

(1) For each eligible individual receiving an advance payment, an institution of higher learning must—

(i) Verify enrollment for the individual; and

(ii) Verify the delivery of the advance payment check to the individual.

(2) Once the institution of higher learning has initially verified the enrollment of the individual, the individual, not the institution of higher learning, must make subsequent verifications in order to release further payment for that enrollment as provided in §21.9730.

(Authority: 38 U.S.C. 301(a), 3323(a), 3680(d))

§ 21.9710 Pursuit.

Except for an eligible individual seeking tuition assistance top-up or reimbursement for taking an approved licensing or certification test, an individual’s educational assistance depends upon his or her pursuit of a program of education. Verification of this pursuit is accomplished by various certifications.

(Authority: 38 U.S.C. 3323(c))

§ 21.9720 Certification of enrollment.

The most current list of colleges and universities participating in the Yellow Ribbon Program will be available at VA’s GI Bill Web site at http://www.gibill.va.gov. The list will include specific information on each school’s agreement with VA.

(Authority: 38 U.S.C. 3317)

Pursuit of Courses

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(Authority: 38 U.S.C. 301(a), 3323(a), 3482(g), 3680, 3687, 3689, 5101(a))

(b) Length of the enrollment period covered by the enrollment certification. (1) Institutions of higher learning that offer courses on a term, quarter, or semester basis will report enrollment for the term, quarter, semester, ordinary school year, or ordinary school year plus summer term. If the certification covers two or more terms, the institution of higher learning will report each term, quarter, or semester separately.

(2) Institutions of higher learning organized on a year-round basis that do not offer courses on a term, quarter, or

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