rehabilitated to the point of employability; or

(Authority: 38 U.S.C. 3103(c))

(2) Rehabilitated to the point of employability. The veteran was previously declared rehabilitated to the point of employability, but currently meets one of the following three conditions:
   (i) One or more of the veteran’s service-connected disabilities has worsened, preventing the veteran from working in the occupation for which he or she trained, or in a related occupation;
   (ii) The veteran’s current employment handicap and capabilities clearly show that the occupation for which the veteran previously trained is currently unsuitable; or
   (iii) The occupational requirements in the occupation for which the veteran trained have changed to such an extent that additional services are necessary to enable the veteran to work in that occupation, or in a related field.

(Authority: 38 U.S.C. 3103(c))

(b) Length of eligibility extension. For a veteran with a serious employment handicap, a CP or VRC may extend the basic period of eligibility for such additional services as needed for the veteran to accomplish the purposes of the rehabilitation program.

(Authority: 38 U.S.C. 3103(c))

§ 21.45 Extending the period of eligibility for a program of independent living beyond basic period of eligibility.

A Counseling Psychologist (CP) or Vocational Rehabilitation Counselor (VRC) may extend the period of eligibility for a veteran’s program of independent living services beyond the veteran’s basic period of eligibility if the CP or VRC determines that an extension is necessary for the veteran to achieve maximum independence in daily living. The extension may be for such period as the CP or VRC determines is needed for the veteran to achieve the goals of his or her program of independent living. (See §21.76(b) concerning duration of independent living services.)

(Authority: 38 U.S.C. 3103(d))

[75 FR 3166, Jan. 20, 2010]

§ 21.46 Veteran ordered to active duty; extension of basic period of eligibility.

If VA determines that a veteran is prevented from participating in, or continuing in, a program of vocational rehabilitation as a result of being ordered to active duty under 10 U.S.C. 688, 12301(a), 12301(d), 12301(g), 12302, or 12304, the veteran’s basic period of eligibility will be extended by the length of time the veteran serves on active duty plus 4 months.


[75 FR 3168, Jan. 20, 2010]

§ 21.47 Eligibility for employment assistance.

(a) Providing employment services to veterans eligible for a rehabilitation program under chapter 31. Each veteran, other than one found in need of a program of independent living services and assistance, who is otherwise currently eligible for and entitled to participate in a program of rehabilitation under chapter 31 may receive employment services. Included are those veterans who:
   (1) Have completed a program of rehabilitation services under chapter 31 and been declared rehabilitated to the point of employability;
   (2) Have not completed a period of rehabilitation to the point of employability under chapter 31, but:
      (i) Have elected to secure employment without completing the period of rehabilitation to the point of employability; and
      (ii) Are employable; or
   (3) Have never received services for rehabilitation to the point of employability under chapter 31 if they:
      (i) Are employable or employed in a suitable occupation;
      (ii) Have an employment handicap or a serious employment handicap; and