§ 732.16 Emergency care requirements.

Only in a bona fide emergency will medical, maternity, or dental services be obtained under this part by or on behalf of eligible personnel without prior authority as outlined below.

(a) Medical or dental care. A situation where the need or apparent need for medical or dental attention does not permit obtaining approval in advance.

(b) Maternity care. When a condition commences or exacerbates during pregnancy in a manner that a delay, caused by referral to a USMTF or USTF, would jeopardize the welfare of the mother or unborn child, the following constitutes indications for admission to or treatment at a non-Federal facility:

1. Medical or surgical conditions which would constitute an emergency in the nonpregnant state.
2. Spontaneous abortion, with first trimester hemorrhage.
3. Premature or term labor with delivery.
4. Severe pre-eclampsia.
5. Hemorrhage, second and third trimester.
7. Premature rupture of membranes with prolapse of the umbilical cord.
8. Obstetric sepsis.
9. Any other obstetrical condition that, by definition, constitutes an emergency circumstance.

§ 732.17 Nonemergency care requirements.

Members are cautioned not to obtain nonemergency care from civilian sources without prior approval from the cognizant adjudication authority in §732.20. Obtaining nonemergency care, other than as specified herein, without documented prior approval may result in denial by the Government of responsibility for claims arising from such care.