§ 1910.1450

b. There is convincing relevant information that the agent acts through mechanisms indicating it would likely cause cancer in humans.

#### \*References

- Cohen, S.M., J. Klaunig, M.E. Meek, R.N. Hill, T. Pastoor, L. Lehman-McKeeman, J. Bucher, D.G. Longfellow, J. Seed, V. Dellarco, P. Fenner-Crisp, and D. Patton. 2004. Evaluating the human relevance of chemically induced animal tumors. *Toxicol. Sci.* 78(2):181–186.
- Cohen, S.M., M.E. Meek, J.E. Klaunig, D.E. Patton, P.A. Fenner-Crisp. 2003. The human relevance of information on carcinogenic modes of action: Overview. *Crit. Rev. Toxicol.* 33(6):581-9.
- Meek, M.E., J.R. Bucher, S.M. Cohen, V. Dellarco, R.N. Hill, L. Lehman-McKeeman, D.G. Longfellow, T. Pastoor, J. Seed, D.E. Patton. 2003. A framework for human relevance analysis of information on carcinogenic modes of action. *Crit. Rev. Toxicol.* 33(6):591–653.
- Sonich-Mullin, C., R. Fielder, J. Wiltse, K. Baetcke, J. Dempsey, P. Fenner-Crisp, D. Grant, M. Hartley, A. Knapp, D. Kroese, I. Mangelsdorf, E. Meek, J.M. Rice, and M. Younes. 2001. The conceptual framework for evaluating a mode of action for chemical carcinogenesis. *Reg. Toxicol. Pharm.* 34:146–152.
- International Programme on Chemical Safety Harmonization Group. 2004. Report of the First Meeting of the Cancer Working Group. World Health Organization. Report IPCS/HSC-CWG-1/04. Geneva.
- International Agency for Research on Cancer. IARC Monographs on the Evaluation of Carcinogenic Risks to Human. Preambles to Volumes. World Health Organization. Lyon, France.
- Cohen, S.M., P.A. Fenner-Crisp, and D.E. Patton. 2003. Special Issue: Cancer Modes of Action and Human Relevance. Critical Reviews in Toxicology, R.O. McClellan, ed., Volume 33/Issue 6. CRC Press.
- Capen, C.C., E. Dybing, and J.D. Wilbourn. 1999. Species differences in thyroid, kidney and urinary bladder carcinogenesis. International Agency for Research on Cancer. Scientific Publication N° 147.
- Doi, A.M., G. Hill, J. Seely, J.R. Hailey, G. Kissling, and J.R. Buchera. 2007. α2u-Globulin nephropathy and renal tumors in National Toxicology Program studies. *Toxicol. Pathol.* 35:533-540.

[59 FR 6170, Feb. 9, 1994, as amended at 59 FR
17479, Apr. 13, 1994; 59 FR 65948, Dec. 22, 1994;
61 FR 9245, Mar. 7. 1996; 77 FR 17785, Mar. 26, 2012; 78 FR 9313, Feb. 8, 2013]

#### §1910.1201 Retention of DOT markings, placards and labels.

(a) Any employer who receives a package of hazardous material which is required to be marked, labeled or placarded in accordance with the U. S. Department of Transportation's Hazardous Materials Regulations (49 CFR Parts 171 through 180) shall retain those markings, labels and placards on the package until the packaging is sufficiently cleaned of residue and purged of vapors to remove any potential hazards.

(b) Any employer who receives a freight container, rail freight car, motor vehicle, or transport vehicle that is required to be marked or placarded in accordance with the Hazardous Materials Regulations shall retain those markings and placards on the freight container, rail freight car, motor vehicle or transport vehicle until the hazardous materials which require the marking or placarding are sufficiently removed to prevent any potential hazards.

(c) Markings, placards and labels shall be maintained in a manner that ensures that they are readily visible.

(d) For non-bulk packages which will not be reshipped, the provisions of this section are met if a label or other acceptable marking is affixed in accordance with the Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

(e) For the purposes of this section, the term "hazardous material" and any other terms not defined in this section have the same definition as in the Hazardous Materials Regulations (49 CFR Parts 171 through 180).

[59 FR 36700, July 19, 1994]

#### §1910.1450 Occupational exposure to hazardous chemicals in laboratories.

(a) *Scope and application*. (1) This section shall apply to all employers engaged in the laboratory use of hazardous chemicals as defined below.

(2) Where this section applies, it shall supersede, for laboratories, the requirements of all other OSHA health standards in 29 CFR part 1910, subpart Z, except as follows:

#### § 1910.1450

(i) For any OSHA health standard, only the requirement to limit employee exposure to the specific permissible exposure limit shall apply for laboratories, unless that particular standard states otherwise or unless the conditions of paragraph (a)(2)(iii) of this section apply.

(ii) Prohibition of eye and skin contact where specified by any OSHA health standard shall be observed.

(iii) Where the action level (or in the absence of an action level, the permissible exposure limit) is routinely exceeded for an OSHA regulated substance with exposure monitoring and medical surveillance requirements, paragraphs (d) and (g)(1)(ii) of this section shall apply.

(3) This section shall not apply to:

(i) Uses of hazardous chemicals which do not meet the definition of laboratory use, and in such cases, the employer shall comply with the relevant standard in 29 CFR part 1910, subpart Z, even if such use occurs in a laboratory.

(ii) Laboratory uses of hazardous chemicals which provide no potential for employee exposure. Examples of such conditions might include:

(A) Procedures using chemically-impregnated test media such as Dip-and-Read tests where a reagent strip is dipped into the specimen to be tested and the results are interpreted by comparing the color reaction to a color chart supplied by the manufacturer of the test strip; and

(B) Commercially prepared kits such as those used in performing pregnancy tests in which all of the reagents needed to conduct the test are contained in the kit.

(b) Definitions—

Action level means a concentration designated in 29 CFR part 1910 for a specific substance, calculated as an eight (8)-hour time-weighted average, which initiates certain required activities such as exposure monitoring and medical surveillance.

Assistant Secretary means the Assistant Secretary of Labor for Occupational Safety and Health, U.S. Department of Labor, or designee.

Carcinogen (see select carcinogen).

*Chemical Hygiene Officer* means an employee who is designated by the employer, and who is qualified by training

#### 29 CFR Ch. XVII (7–1–13 Edition)

or experience, to provide technical guidance in the development and implementation of the provisions of the Chemical Hygiene Plan. This definition is not intended to place limitations on the position description or job classification that the designated indvidual shall hold within the employer's organizational structure.

Chemical Hygiene Plan means a written program developed and implemented by the employer which sets forth procedures, equipment, personal protective equipment and work practices that (i) are capable of protecting employees from the health hazards presented by hazardous chemicals used in that particular workplace and (ii) meets the requirements of paragraph (e) of this section.

Designated area means an area which may be used for work with "select carcinogens," reproductive toxins or substances which have a high degree of acute toxicity. A designated area may be the entire laboratory, an area of a laboratory or a device such as a laboratory hood.

*Emergency* means any occurrence such as, but not limited to, equipment failure, rupture of containers or failure of control equipment which results in an uncontrolled release of a hazardous chemical into the workplace.

*Employee* means an individual employed in a laboratory workplace who may be exposed to hazardous chemicals in the course of his or her assignments.

Hazardous chemical means any chemical which is classified as health hazard or simple asphyxiant in accordance with the Hazard Communication Standard (§1910.1200).

*Health hazard* means a chemical that is classified as posing one of the following hazardous effects: Acute toxicity (any route of exposure); skin corrosion or irritation; serious eye damage or eye irritation; respiratory or skin sensitization; germ cell mutagenicity: carcinogenity: reproductive toxicity; specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure); aspiration hazard. The criteria for determining whether a chemical is classified as a health hazard are detailed in appendix A of the Hazard Communication Standard (§1910.1200) and §1910.1200(c) (definition of "simple asphyxiant").

§ 1910.1450

Laboratory means a facility where the "laboratory use of hazardous chemicals" occurs. It is a workplace where relatively small quantities of hazardous chemicals are used on a nonproduction basis.

Laboratory scale means work with substances in which the containers used for reactions, transfers, and other handling of substances are designed to be easily and safely manipulated by one person. "Laboratory scale" excludes those workplaces whose function is to produce commercial quantities of materials.

Laboratory-type hood means a device located in a laboratory, enclosure on five sides with a moveable sash or fixed partial enclosed on the remaining side; constructed and maintained to draw air from the laboratory and to prevent or minimize the escape of air contaminants into the laboratory; and allows chemical manipulations to be conducted in the enclosure without insertion of any portion of the employee's body other than hands and arms.

Walk-in hoods with adjustable sashes meet the above definition provided that the sashes are adjusted during use so that the airflow and the exhaust of air contaminants are not compromised and employees do not work inside the enclosure during the release of airborne hazardous chemicals.

Laboratory use of hazardous chemicals means handling or use of such chemicals in which all of the following conditions are met:

(i) Chemical manipulations are carried out on a "laboratory scale:"

(ii) Multiple chemical procedures or chemicals are used;

(iii) The procedures involved are not part of a production process, nor in any way simulate a production process; and

(iv) "Protective laboratory practices and equipment" are available and in common use to minimize the potential for employee exposure to hazardous chemicals.

Medical consultation means a consultation which takes place between an employee and a licensed physician for the purpose of determining what medical examinations or procedures, if any, are appropriate in cases where a significant exposure to a hazardous chemical may have taken place. Mutagen means chemicals that cause permanent changes in the amount or structure of the genetic material in a cell. Chemicals classified as mutagens in accordance with the Hazard Communication Standard (§1910.1200) shall be considered mutagens for purposes of this section.

*Physical hazard* means a chemical that is classified as posing one of the following hazardous effects: Explosive; flammable (gases, aerosols, liquids, or solids); oxidizer (liquid, solid, or gas); self reactive; pyrophoric (gas, liquid or solid); self-heating; organic peroxide; corrosive to metal; gas under pressure; in contact with water emits flammable gas; or combustible dust. The criteria for determining whether a chemical is classified as a physical hazard are in appendix B of the Hazard Communica-(§1910.1200) Standard tion and §1910.1200(c) (definitions of "combustible dust" and "pyrophoric gas").

Protective laboratory practices and equipment means those laboratory procedures, practices and equipment accepted by laboratory health and safety experts as effective, or that the employer can show to be effective, in minimizing the potential for employee exposure to hazardous chemicals.

*Reproductive toxins* mean chemicals that affect the reproductive capabilities including adverse effects on sexual function and fertility in adult males and females, as well as adverse effects on the development of the offspring. Chemicals classified as reproductive toxins in accordance with the Hazard Communication Standard (§1910.1200) shall be considered reproductive toxins for purposes of this section.

Select carcinogen means any substance which meets one of the following criteria:

(i) It is regulated by OSHA as a carcinogen; or

(ii) It is listed under the category, "known to be carcinogens," in the Annual Report on Carcinogens published by the National Toxicology Program (NTP) (latest edition); or

(iii) It is listed under Group 1 ("carcinogenic to humans") by the International Agency for Research on Cancer Monographs (IARC) (latest editions); or

#### § 1910.1450

(iv) It is listed in either Group 2A or 2B by IARC or under the category, "reasonably anticipated to be carcinogens" by NTP, and causes statistically significant tumor incidence in experimental animals in accordance with any of the following criteria:

(A) After inhalation exposure of 6-7 hours per day, 5 days per week, for a significant portion of a lifetime to dosages of less than 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup>;

(B) After repeated skin application of less than 300 (mg/kg of body weight) per week; or

(C) After oral dosages of less than 50 mg/kg of body weight per day.

(c) Permissible exposure limits. For laboratory uses of OSHA regulated substances, the employer shall assure that laboratory employees' exposures to such substances do not exceed the permissible exposure limits specified in 29 CFR part 1910, subpart Z.

(d) Employee exposure determination— (1) Initial monitoring. The employer shall measure the employee's exposure to any substance regulated by a standard which requires monitoring if there is reason to believe that exposure levels for that substance routinely exceed the action level (or in the absence of an action level, the PEL).

(2) Periodic monitoring. If the initial monitoring prescribed by paragraph (d)(1) of this section discloses employee exposure over the action level (or in the absence of an action level, the PEL), the employer shall immediately comply with the exposure monitoring provisions of the relevant standard.

(3) *Termination of monitoring*. Monitoring may be terminated in accordance with the relevant standard.

(4) Employee notification of monitoring results. The employer shall, within 15 working days after the receipt of any monitoring results, notify the employee of these results in writing either individually or by posting results in an appropriate location that is accessible to employees.

(e) Chemical hygiene plan—General. (Appendix A of this section is non-mandatory but provides guidance to assist employers in the development of the Chemical Hygiene Plan.)

(1) Where hazardous chemicals as defined by this standard are used in the workplace, the employer shall develop 29 CFR Ch. XVII (7–1–13 Edition)

and carry out the provisions of a written Chemical Hygiene Plan which is:

(i) Capable of protecting employees from health hazards associated with hazardous chemicals in that laboratory and

(ii) Capable of keeping exposures below the limits specified in paragraph (c) of this section.

(2) The Chemical Hygiene Plan shall be readily available to employees, employee representatives and, upon request, to the Assistant Secretary.

(3) The Chemical Hygiene Plan shall include each of the following elements and shall indicate specific measures that the employer will take to ensure laboratory employee protection:

(i) Standard operating procedures relevant to safety and health considerations to be followed when laboratory work involves the use of hazardous chemicals;

(ii) Criteria that the employer will use to determine and implement control measures to reduce employee exposure to hazardous chemicals including engineering controls, the use of personal protective equipment and hygiene practices; particular attention shall be given to the selection of control measures for chemicals that are known to be extremely hazardous;

(iii) A requirement that fume hoods and other protective equipment are functioning properly and specific measures that shall be taken to ensure proper and adequate performance of such equipment;

(iv) Provisions for employee information and training as prescribed in paragraph (f) of this section;

(v) The circumstances under which a particular laboratory operation, procedure or activity shall require prior approval from the employer or the employer's designee before implementation;

(vi) Provisions for medical consultation and medical examinations in accordance with paragraph (g) of this section;

(vii) Designation of personnel responsible for implementation of the Chemical Hygiene Plan including the assignment of a Chemical Hygiene Officer and, if appropriate, establishment of a Chemical Hygiene Committee; and

§ 1910.1450

(viii) Provisions for additional employee protection for work with particularly hazardous substances. These include "select carcinogens," reproductive toxins and substances which have a high degree of acute toxicity. Specific consideration shall be given to the following provisions which shall be included where appropriate:

(A) Establishment of a designated area;

(B) Use of containment devices such as fume hoods or glove boxes;

(C) Procedures for safe removal of contaminated waste; and

(D) Decontamination procedures.

(4) The employer shall review and evaluate the effectiveness of the Chemical Hygiene Plan at least annually and update it as necessary.

(f) Employee information and training. (1) The employer shall provide employees with information and training to ensure that they are apprised of the hazards of chemicals present in their work area.

(2) Such information shall be provided at the time of an employee's initial assignment to a work area where hazardous chemicals are present and prior to assignments involving new exposure situations. The frequency of refresher information and training shall be determined by the employer.

(3) *Information*. Employees shall be informed of:

(i) The contents of this standard and its appendices which shall be made available to employees;

(ii) The location and availability of the employer's Chemical Hygiene Plan;

(iii) The permissible exposure limits for OSHA regulated substances or recommended exposure limits for other hazardous chemicals where there is no applicable OSHA standard;

(iv) Signs and symptoms associated with exposures to hazardous chemicals used in the laboratory; and

(v) The location and availability of known reference material on the hazards, safe handling, storage and disposal of hazardous chemicals found in the laboratory including, but not limited to, safety data sheets received from the chemical supplier.

(4) *Training*. (i) Employee training shall include:

(A) Methods and observations that may be used to detect the presence or release of a hazardous chemical (such as monitoring conducted by the employer, continuous monitoring devices, visual appearance or odor of hazardous chemicals when being released, etc.);

(B) The physical and health hazards of chemicals in the work area; and

(C) The measures employees can take to protect themselves from these hazards, including specific procedures the employer has implemented to protect employees from exposure to hazardous chemicals, such as appropriate work practices, emergency procedures, and personal protective equipment to be used.

(ii) The employee shall be trained on the applicable details of the employer's written Chemical Hygiene Plan.

(g) Medical consultation and medical examinations. (1) The employer shall provide all employees who work with hazardous chemicals an opportunity to receive medical attention, including any follow-up examinations which the examining physician determines to be necessary, under the following circumstances:

(i) Whenever an employee develops signs or symptoms associated with a hazardous chemical to which the employee may have been exposed in the laboratory, the employee shall be provided an opportunity to receive an appropriate medical examination.

(ii) Where exposure monitoring reveals an exposure level routinely above the action level (or in the absence of an action level, the PEL) for an OSHA regulated substance for which there are exposure monitoring and medical surveillance requirements, medical surveillance shall be established for the affected employee as prescribed by the particular standard.

(iii) Whenever an event takes place in the work area such as a spill, leak, explosion or other occurrence resulting in the likelihood of a hazardous exposure, the affected employee shall be provided an opportunity for a medical consultation. Such consultation shall be for the purpose of determining the need for a medical examination.

(2) All medical examinations and consultations shall be performed by or

under the direct supervision of a licensed physician and shall be provided without cost to the employee, without loss of pay and at a reasonable time and place.

(3) Information provided to the physician. The employer shall provide the following information to the physician:

(i) The identity of the hazardous chemical(s) to which the employee may have been exposed;

(ii) A description of the conditions under which the exposure occurred including quantitative exposure data, if available; and

(iii) A description of the signs and symptoms of exposure that the employee is experiencing, if any.

(4) *Physician's written opinion*. (i) For examination or consultation required under this standard, the employer shall obtain a written opinion from the examining physician which shall include the following:

(A) Any recommendation for further medical follow-up;

(B) The results of the medical examination and any associated tests;

(C) Any medical condition which may be revealed in the course of the examination which may place the employee at increased risk as a result of exposure to a hazardous chemical found in the workplace; and

(D) A statement that the employee has been informed by the physician of the results of the consultation or medical examination and any medical condition that may require further examination or treatment.

(ii) The written opinion shall not reveal specific findings of diagnoses unrelated to occupational exposure.

(h) *Hazard identification*. (1) With respect to labels and safety data sheets:

(i) Employers shall ensure that labels on incoming containers of hazardous chemicals are not removed or defaced.

(ii) Employers shall maintain any safety data sheets that are received with incoming shipments of hazardous chemicals, and ensure that they are readily accessible to laboratory employees.

(2) The following provisions shall apply to chemical substances developed in the laboratory:

(i) If the composition of the chemical substance which is produced exclu-

29 CFR Ch. XVII (7-1-13 Edition)

sively for the laboratory's use is known, the employer shall determine if it is a hazardous chemical as defined in paragraph (b) of this section. If the chemical is determined to be hazardous, the employer shall provide appropriate training as required under paragraph (f) of this section.

(ii) If the chemical produced is a byproduct whose composition is not known, the employer shall assume that the substance is hazardous and shall implement paragraph (e) of this section.

(iii) If the chemical substance is produced for another user outside of the laboratory, the employer shall comply with the Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200) including the requirements for preparation of safety data sheets and labeling.

(i) Use of respirators. Where the use of respirators is necessary to maintain exposure below permissible exposure limits, the employer shall provide, at no cost to the employee, the proper respiratory equipment. Respirators shall be selected and used in accordance with the requirements of 29 CFR 1910.134.

(j) *Recordkeeping.* (1) The employer shall establish and maintain for each employee an accurate record of any measurements taken to monitor employee exposures and any medical consultation and examinations including tests or written opinions required by this standard.

(2) The employer shall assure that such records are kept, transferred, and made available in accordance with 29 CFR 1910.20.

(k) [Reserved]

(1) Appendices. The information contained in the appendices is not intended, by itself, to create any additional obligations not otherwise imposed or to detract from any existing obligation.

APPENDIX A TO \$1910.1450—NATIONAL RE-SEARCH COUNCIL RECOMMENDATIONS CON-CERNING CHEMICAL HYGIENE IN LABORA-TORIES (NON-MANDATORY)

To assist employers in developing an appropriate laboratory Chemical Hygiene Plan (CHP), the following non-mandatory recommendations were based on the National Research Council's (NRC) 2011 edition of

§ 1910.1450

"Prudent Practices in the Laboratory: Handling and Management of Chemical Haz-This reference, henceforth referred to ards.' as "Prudent Practices," is available from the National Academies Press, 500 Fifth Street NW., Washington DC 20001 (www.nap.edu). "Prudent Practices" is cited because of its wide distribution and acceptance and because of its preparation by recognized authorities in the laboratory community through the sponsorship of the NRC. However, these recommendations do not modify any requirements of the OSHA Laboratory standard. This appendix presents pertinent recommendations from "Prudent Practices," organized into a form convenient for quick reference during operation of a laboratory and during development and application of a CHP. For a detailed explanation and justification for each recommendation, consult "Prudent Practices."

"Prudent Practices" deals with both general laboratory safety and many types of chemical hazards, while the Laboratory standard is concerned primarily with chemical health hazards as a result of chemical exposures. The recommendations from "Prudent Practices" have been paraphrased, combined, or otherwise reorganized in order to adapt them for this purpose. However, their sense has not been changed.

Section F contains information from the U.S. Chemical Safety Board's (CSB) Fiscal Year 2011 Annual Performance and Accountability report and Section F contains recommendations extracted from the CSB's 2011 case study, "Texas Tech University Laboratory Explosion," available from: http://www.csb.gov/.

#### CULTURE OF SAFETY

With the promulgation of the Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) Laboratory standard (29 CFR 1910.1450), a culture of safety consciousness, accountability, organization, and education has developed in industrial, governmental, and academic laboratories. Safety and training programs have been implemented to promote the safe handling of chemicals from ordering to disposal, and to train laboratory personnel in safe practices. Laboratory personnel must realize that the welfare and safety of each individual depends on clearly defined attitudes of teamwork and personal responsibility. Learning to participate in this culture of habitual risk assessment, experiment planning, and consideration of worst-case possibilities—for oneself and one's fellow workers—is as much part of a scientific education as learning the theoretical background of experiments or the step-by-step protocols for doing them in a professional manner. A crucial component of chemical education for all personnel is to nurture basic attitudes and habits of prudent

behavior so that safety is a valued and inseparable part of all laboratory activities throughout their career.

Over the years, special techniques have been developed for handling chemicals safely. Local, state, and federal regulations hold institutions that sponsor chemical laboratories accountable for providing safe working environments. Beyond regulation, employers and scientists also hold themselves personally responsible for their own safety. the safety of their colleagues and the safety of the general public. A sound safety organization that is respected by all requires the participation and support of laboratory administrators, workers, and students. A successful health and safety program requires a daily commitment from everyone in the organization. To be most effective, safety and health must be balanced with, and incorporated into, laboratory processes. A strong safety and health culture is the result of positive workplace attitudes-from the chief executive officer to the newest hire; involvement and buy-in of all members of the workforce; mutual, meaningful, and measurable safety and health improvement goals; and policies and procedures that serve as reference tools, rather than obscure rules.

In order to perform their work in a prudent manner, laboratory personnel must consider the health, physical, and environmental hazards of the chemicals they plan to use in an experiment. However, the ability to accurately identify and assess laboratory hazards must be taught and encouraged through training and ongoing organizational support. This training must be at the core of every good health and safety program. For management to lead, personnel to assess worksite hazards, and hazards to be eliminated or controlled, everyone involved must be trained.

#### A. General Principles

# 1. Minimize All Chemical Exposures and Risks

Because few laboratory chemicals are without hazards, general precautions for handling all laboratory chemicals should be adopted. In addition to these general guidelines, specific guidelines for chemicals that are used frequently or are particularly hazardous should be adopted.

Laboratory personnel should conduct their work under conditions that minimize the risks from both known and unknown hazardous substances. Before beginning any laboratory work, the hazards and risks associated with an experiment or activity should be determined and the necessary safety precautions implemented. Every laboratory should develop facility-specific policies and procedures for the highest-risk materials and procedures used in their laboratory. To identify these, consideration should be given to

#### § 1910.1450

past accidents, process conditions, chemicals used in large volumes, and particularly hazardous chemicals.

Perform Risk Assessments for Hazardous Chemicals and Procedures Prior to Laboratory Work:

(a) Identify chemicals to be used, amounts required, and circumstances of use in the experiment. Consider any special employee or laboratory conditions that could create or increase a hazard. Consult sources of safety and health information and experienced scientists to ensure that those conducting the risk assessment have sufficient expertise.

(b) Evaluate the hazards posed by the chemicals and the experimental conditions. The evaluation should cover toxic, physical, reactive, flammable, explosive, radiation, and biological hazards, as well as any other potential hazards posed by the chemicals.

(c) For a variety of physical and chemical reasons, reaction scale-ups pose special risks, which merit additional prior review and precautions.

(d) Select appropriate controls to minimize risk, including use of engineering controls, administrative controls, and personal protective equipment (PPE) to protect workers from hazards. The controls must ensure that OSHA's Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs) are not exceeded. Prepare for contingencies and be aware of the institutional procedures in the event of emergencies and accidents.

One sample approach to risk assessment is to answer these five questions:

(a) What are the hazards?

(b) What is the worst thing that could happen?

(c) What can be done to prevent this from happening?

(d) What can be done to protect from these hazards?

(e) What should be done if something goes wrong?

#### 2. Avoid Underestimation of Risk

Even for substances of no known significant hazard, exposure should be minimized; when working with substances that present special hazards, special precautions should be taken. Reference should be made to the safety data sheet (SDS) that is provided for each chemical. Unless otherwise known, one should assume that any mixture will be more toxic than its most toxic component and that all substances of unknown toxicity are toxic.

Determine the physical and health hazards associated with chemicals before working with them. This determination may involve consulting literature references, laboratory chemical safety summaries (LCSSs), SDSs, or other reference materials. Consider how the chemicals will be processed and determine whether the changing states or forms will change the nature of the hazard. Review your plan, operating limits, chemical evalua-

#### 29 CFR Ch. XVII (7–1–13 Edition)

tions and detailed risk assessment with other chemists, especially those with experience with similar materials and protocols.

Before working with chemicals, know your facility's policies and procedures for how to handle an accidental spill or fire. Emergency telephone numbers should be posted in a prominent area. Know the location of all safety equipment and the nearest fire alarm and telephone.

#### 3. Adhere to the Hierarchy of Controls

The hierarchy of controls prioritizes intervention strategies based on the premise that the best way to control a hazard is to systematically remove it from the workplace, rather than relying on employees to reduce their exposure. The types of measures that may be used to protect employees (listed from most effective to least effective) are: engineering controls, administrative controls, work practices, and PPE. Engineering controls, such as chemical hoods, physically separate the employee from the hazard. Administrative controls, such as employee scheduling, are established by management to help minimize the employees' exposure time to hazardous chemicals. Work practice controls are tasks that are performed in a designated way to minimize or eliminate hazards. Personal protective equipment and apparel are additional protection provided under special circumstances and when exposure is unavoidable.

Face and eye protection is necessary to prevent ingestion and skin absorption of hazardous chemicals. At a minimum, safety glasses, with side shields, should be used for all laboratory work. Chemical splash goggles are more appropriate than regular safety glasses to protect against hazards such as projectiles, as well as when working with glassware under reduced or elevated pressures (e.g., sealed tube reactions), when handling potentially explosive compounds (particularly during distillations), and when using glassware in high-temperature operations. Do not allow laboratory chemicals to come in contact with skin. Select gloves carefully to ensure that they are impervious to the chemicals being used and are of correct thickness to allow reasonable dexterity while also ensuring adequate barrier protection.

Lab coats and gloves should be worn when working with hazardous materials in a laboratory. Wear closed-toe shoes and long pants or other clothing that covers the legs when in a laboratory where hazardous chemicals are used. Additional protective clothing should be used when there is significant potential for skin-contact exposure to chemicals. The protective characteristics of this clothing must be matched to the hazard. Never wear gloves or laboratory coats outside the laboratory or into areas where food is stored and consumed.

#### § 1910.1450

#### 4. Provide Laboratory Ventilation

The best way to prevent exposure to airborne substances is to prevent their escape into the working atmosphere by the use of hoods and other ventilation devices. To determine the best choice for laboratory ventilation using engineering controls for personal protection, employers are referred to Table 9.3 of the 2011 edition of "Prudent Practices." Laboratory chemical hoods are the most important components used to protect laboratory personnel from exposure to hazardous chemicals.

(a) Toxic or corrosive chemicals that require vented storage should be stored in vented cabinets instead of in a chemical hood.

(b) Chemical waste should not be disposed of by evaporation in a chemical hood.

(c) Keep chemical hood areas clean and free of debris at all times.

(d) Solid objects and materials, such as paper, should be prevented from entering the exhaust ducts as they can reduce the air flow.

(e) Chemical hoods should be maintained, monitored and routinely tested for proper performance.

A laboratory ventilation system should include the following characteristics and practices:

(a) Heating and cooling should be adequate for the comfort of workers and operation of equipment. Before modification of any building HVAC, the impact on laboratory or hood ventilation should be considered, as well as how laboratory ventilation changes may affect the building HVAC.

(b) A negative pressure differential should exist between the amount of air exhausted from the laboratory and the amount supplied to the laboratory to prevent uncontrolled chemical vapors from leaving the laboratory.

(c) Local exhaust ventilation devices should be appropriate to the materials and operations in the laboratory.

(d) The air in chemical laboratories should be continuously replaced so that concentrations of odoriferous or toxic substances do not increase during the workday.

(e) Laboratory air should not be recirculated but exhausted directly outdoors.

(f) Air pressure should be negative with respect to the rest of the building. Local capture equipment and systems should be designed only by an experienced engineer or industrial hygienist.

(g) Ventilation systems should be inspected and maintained on a regular basis. There should be no areas where air remains static or areas that have unusually high airflow velocities.

Before work begins, laboratory workers should be provided with proper training that includes how to use the ventilation equipment, how to ensure that it is functioning properly, the consequences of improper use, what to do in the event of a system failure or power outage, special considerations, and the importance of signage and postings.

#### 5. Institute a Chemical Hygiene Program

A comprehensive chemical hygiene program is required. It should be designed to minimize exposures, injuries, illnesses and incidents. There should be a regular, continuing effort that includes program oversight, safe facilities, chemical hygiene planning, training, emergency preparedness and chemical security. The chemical hygiene program must be reviewed annually and updated as necessary whenever new processes, chemicals, or equipment is implemented. Its recommendations should be followed in all laboratories.

#### 6. Observe the PELs and TLVs

OSHA's Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs) must not be exceeded. The American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists' Threshold Limit Values (TLVs) should also not be exceeded.

#### B. Responsibilities

Persons responsible for chemical hygiene include, but are not limited to, the following:

#### 1. Chemical Hygiene Officer

(a) Establishes, maintains, and revises the chemical hygiene plan (CHP).

(b) Creates and revises safety rules and regulations.

(c) Monitors procurement, use, storage, and disposal of chemicals.

(d) Conducts regular inspections of the laboratories, preparations rooms, and chemical storage rooms, and submits detailed laboratory inspection reports to administration.

(e) Maintains inspection, personnel training, and inventory records.

(f) Assists laboratory supervisors in developing and maintaining adequate facilities.

(g) Seeks ways to improve the chemical hygiene program.

2. Department Chairperson or Director

(a) Assumes responsibility for personnel engaged in the laboratory use of hazardous chemicals.

(b) Provides the chemical hygiene officer (CHO) with the support necessary to implement and maintain the CHP.

(c) After receipt of laboratory inspection report from the CHO, meets with laboratory supervisors to discuss cited violations and to ensure timely actions to protect trained laboratory personnel and facilities and to ensure that the department remains in compliance with all applicable federal, state, university, local and departmental codes and regulations.

#### § 1910.1450

(d) Provides budgetary arrangements to ensure the health and safety of the departmental personnel, visitors, and students.

3. Departmental Safety Committee reviews accident reports and makes appropriate recommendations to the department chairperson regarding proposed changes in the laboratory procedures.

4. Laboratory Supervisor or Principal Investigator has overall responsibility for chemical hygiene in the laboratory, including responsibility to:

(a) Ensure that laboratory personnel comply with the departmental CHP and do not operate equipment or handle hazardous chemicals without proper training and authorization.

(b) Always wear personal protective equipment (PPE) that is compatible to the degree of hazard of the chemical.

(c) Follow all pertinent safety rules when working in the laboratory to set an example.

(d) Review laboratory procedures for potential safety problems before assigning to other laboratory personnel.

(e) Ensure that visitors follow the laboratory rules and assumes responsibility for laboratory visitors.

(f) Ensure that PPE is available and properly used by each laboratory employee and visitor.

(g) Maintain and implement safe laboratory practices.

(h) Provide regular, formal chemical hygiene and housekeeping inspections, including routine inspections of emergency equipment;

(i) Monitor the facilities and the chemical fume hoods to ensure that they are maintained and function properly. Contact the appropriate person, as designated by the department chairperson, to report problems with the facilities or the chemical fume hoods.

#### 5. Laboratory Personnel

(a) Read, understand, and follow all safety rules and regulations that apply to the work area;

(b) Plan and conduct each operation in accordance with the institutional chemical hygiene procedures;

(c) Promote good housekeeping practices in the laboratory or work area.

(d) Notify the supervisor of any hazardous conditions or unsafe work practices in the work area.

(e) Use PPE as appropriate for each procedure that involves hazardous chemicals.

#### C. The Laboratory Facility

General Laboratory Design Considerations

Wet chemical spaces and those with a higher degree of hazard should be separated from other spaces by a wall or protective barrier wherever possible. If the areas cannot be sep29 CFR Ch. XVII (7–1–13 Edition)

arated, then workers in lower hazard spaces may require additional protection from the hazards in connected spaces.

#### 1. Laboratory Layout and Furnishing

(a) Work surfaces should be chemically resistant, smooth, and easy to clean.

(b) Hand washing sinks for hazardous materials may require elbow, foot, or electronic controls for safe operation.

(c) Wet laboratory areas should have chemically resistant, impermeable, slip-resistant flooring.

(d) Walls should be finished with a material that is easy to clean and maintain.

(e) Doors should have view panels to prevent accidents and should open in the direction of egress.

(f) Operable windows should not be present in laboratories, particularly if there are chemical hoods or other local ventilation systems present.

#### 2. Safety Equipment and Utilities

(a) An adequate number and placement of safety showers, eyewash units, and fire extinguishers should be provided for the laboratory.

(b) Use of water sprinkler systems is resisted by some laboratories because of the presence of electrical equipment or water-reactive materials, but it is still generally safer to have sprinkler systems installed. A fire large enough to trigger the sprinkler system would have the potential to cause far more destruction than the local water damage.

#### D. Chemical Hygiene Plan (CHP)

The OSHA Laboratory standard defines a CHP as "a written program developed and implemented by the employer which sets forth procedures, equipment, personal protective equipment and work practices that are capable of protecting employees from the health hazards presented by hazardous chemicals used in that particular workplace." (29 CFR 1910.1450(b)). The Laboratory Standard requires a CHP: "Where hazardous chemicals as defined by this standard are used in the workplace, the employer shall develop and carry out the provisions of a written Chemical Hygiene Plan." (29 CFR 1910.1450(e)(1)). The CHP is the foundation of the laboratory safety program and must be reviewed and updated, as needed, and at least on an annual basis to reflect changes in policies and personnel. A CHP should be facility specific and can assist in promoting a culture of safety to protect workers from exposure to hazardous materials.

1. The Laboratory's CHP must be readily available to workers and capable of protecting workers from health hazards and minimizing exposure. Include the following topics in the CHP:

§ 1910.1450

(a) Individual chemical hygiene responsibilities;

(b) Standard operating procedures;

(c) Personal protective equipment, engineering controls and apparel;

(d) Laboratory equipment;

(e) Safety equipment;

(f) Chemical management;

(g) Housekeeping;

(h) Emergency procedures for accidents and spills;

(i) Chemical waste;

(j) Training;

(k) Safety rules and regulations;

(1) Laboratory design and ventilation;

(m) Exposure monitoring;

(n) Compressed gas safety:

(o) Medical consultation and examination. It should be noted that the nature of laboratory work may necessitate addressing biological safety, radiation safety and security issues.

# 2. Chemical Procurement, Distribution, and Storage

Prudent chemical management includes the following processes:

Chemical Procurement:

(a) Information on proper handling, storage, and disposal should be known to those who will be involved before a substance is received.

(b) Only containers with adequate identifying labels should be accepted.

(c) Ideally, a central location should be used for receiving all chemical shipments.

(d) Shipments with breakage or leakage should be refused or opened in a chemical hood.

(e) Only the minimum amount of the chemical needed to perform the planned work should be ordered.

(f) Purchases of high risk chemicals should be reviewed and approved by the CHO.

(g) Proper protective equipment and handling and storage procedures should be in place before receiving a shipment.

Chemical Storage:

(a) Chemicals should be separated and stored according to hazard category and compatibility.

(b) SDS and label information should be followed for storage requirements.

 $\left( c\right)$  Maintain existing labels on incoming containers of chemicals and other materials.

(d) Labels on containers used for storing hazardous chemicals must include the chemical identification and appropriate hazard warnings.

(e) The contents of all other chemical containers and transfer vessels, including, but not limited to, beakers, flasks, reaction vessels, and process equipment, should be properly identified.

(f) Chemical shipments should be dated upon receipt and stock rotated.

(g) Peroxide formers should be dated upon receipt, again dated upon opening, and stored away from heat and light with tightfitting, nonmetal lids.

(h) Open shelves used for chemical storage should be secured to the wall and contain  $\frac{3}{4}$ -inch lips. Secondary containment devices should be used as necessary.

(i) Consult the SDS and keep incompatibles separate during transport, storage, use, and disposal.

(j) Oxidizers, reducing agents, and fuels should be stored separately to prevent contact in the event of an accident.

(k) Chemicals should not be stored in the chemical hood, on the floor, in areas of egress, on the benchtop, or in areas near heat or in direct sunlight.

(1) Laboratory-grade, flammable-rated refrigerators and freezers should be used to store sealed chemical containers of flammable liquids that require cool storage. Do not store food or beverages in the laboratory refrigerator.

(m) Highly hazardous chemicals should be stored in a well-ventilated and secure area designated for that purpose.

(n) Flammable chemicals should be stored in a spark-free environment and in approved flammable-liquid containers and storage cabinets. Grounding and bonding should be used to prevent static charge buildups when dispensing solvents.

(o) Chemical storage and handling rooms should be controlled-access areas. They should have proper ventilation, appropriate signage, diked floors, and fire suppression systems.

Chemical Handling:

(a) As described above, a risk assessment should be conducted prior to beginning work with any hazardous chemical for the first time.

(b) All SDS and label information should be read before using a chemical for the first time.

(c) Trained laboratory workers should ensure that proper engineering controls (ventilation) and PPE are in place.

Chemical Inventory:

(a) Prudent management of chemicals in any laboratory is greatly facilitated by keeping an accurate inventory of the chemicals stored.

(b) Unneeded items should be discarded or returned to the storeroom.

Transporting Chemicals: (a) Secondary containment devices should be used when transporting chemicals.

(b) When transporting chemicals outside of the laboratory or between stockrooms and laboratories, the transport container should be break-resistant.

(c) High-traffic areas should be avoided.

Transferring Chemicals:

(a) Use adequate ventilation (such as a fume hood) when transferring even a small

#### § 1910.1450

amount of a particularly hazardous substance (PHS).

(b) While drum storage is not appropriate for laboratories, chemical stockrooms may purchase drum quantities of solvents used in high volumes. Ground and bond the drum and receiving vessel when transferring flammable liquids from a drum to prevent static charge buildup.

(c) If chemicals from commercial sources are repackaged into transfer vessels, the new containers should be labeled with all essential information on the original container.

Shipping Chemicals: Outgoing chemical shipments must meet all applicable Department of Transportation (DOT) regulations and should be authorized and handled by the institutional shipper.

#### 3. Waste Management

A waste management plan should be in place before work begins on any laboratory activity. The plan should utilize the following hierarchy of practices:

(a) Reduce waste sources. The best approach to minimize waste generation is by reducing the scale of operations, reducing its formation during operations, and, if possible, substituting less hazardous chemicals for a particular operation.

(b) Reuse surplus materials. Only the amount of material necessary for an experiment should be purchased, and, if possible, materials should be reused.

(c) Recycle waste. If waste cannot be prevented or minimized, the organization should consider recycling chemicals that can be safely recovered or used as fuel.

(d) Dispose of waste properly. Sink disposal may not be appropriate. Proper waste disposal methods include incineration, treatment, and land disposal. The organization's environmental health and safety (EHS) office should be consulted in determining which methods are appropriate for different types of waste.

Collection and Storage of Waste:

(a) Chemical waste should be accumulated at or near the point of generation, under the control of laboratory workers.

(b) Each waste type should be stored in a compatible container pending transfer or disposal. Waste containers should be clearly labeled and kept sealed when not in use.

(c) Incompatible waste types should be kept separate to ensure that heat generation, gas evolution, or another reaction does not occur.

(d) Waste containers should be segregated by how they will be managed. Waste containers should be stored in a designated location that does not interfere with normal laboratory operations. Ventilated storage and secondary containment may be appropriate for certain waste types.

(e) Waste containers should be clearly labeled and kept sealed when not in use. La-

#### 29 CFR Ch. XVII (7–1–13 Edition)

bels should include the accumulation start date and hazard warnings as appropriate.

systems. (f)Non-explosive electrical grounding and bonding between floors and containers, and non-sparking conductive floors and containers should be used in the central waste accumulation area to minimize fire and explosion hazards. Fire suppression systems, specialized ventilation systems, and dikes should be installed in the central waste accumulation area. Waste management workers should be trained in proper waste handling procedures as well as contingency planning and emergency response. Trained laboratory workers most familiar with the waste should be actively involved in waste management decisions to ensure that the waste is managed safely and efficiently. Engineering controls should be implemented as necessary, and personal protective equipment should be worn by workers involved in waste management.

#### 4. Inspection Program

Maintenance and regular inspection of laboratory equipment are essential parts of the laboratory safety program. Management should participate in the design of a laboratory inspection program to ensure that the facility is safe and healthy, workers are adequately trained, and proper procedures are being followed.

Types of inspections: The program should include an appropriate combination of routine inspections, self-audits, program audits, peer inspections, EHS inspections, and inspections by external entities.

Elements of an inspection:

(a) Inspectors should bring a checklist to ensure that all issues are covered and a camera to document issues that require correction.

(b) Conversations with workers should occur during the inspection, as they can provide valuable information and allow inspectors an opportunity to show workers how to fix problems.

(c) Issues resolved during the inspection should be noted.

(d) An inspection report containing all findings and recommendations should be prepared for management and other appropriate workers.

(e) Management should follow-up on the inspection to ensure that all corrections are implemented.

#### 5. Medical Consultation and Examination

The employer must provide all employees who work with hazardous chemicals an opportunity to receive medical attention, including any follow-up examinations that the examining physician determines to be necessary, whenever an employee develops signs or symptoms associated with a hazardous chemical to which the employee may have

§ 1910.1450

been exposed in the laboratory. If an employee encounters a spill, leak, explosion or other occurrence resulting in the likelihood of a hazardous exposure, the affected employee must be provided an opportunity for a medical consultation by a licensed physician. All medical examinations and consultations must be performed by or under the direct supervision of a licensed physician and must be provided without cost to the employee, without loss of pay and at a reasonable time and place. The identity of the hazardous chemical, a description of the incident, and any signs and symptoms that the employee may experience must be relayed to the physician.

#### 6. Records

All accident, fatality, illness, injury, and medical records and exposure monitoring records must be retained by the institution in accordance with the requirements of state and federal regulations (see 29 CFR part 1904 and §1910.1450(j)). Any exposure monitoring results must be provided to affected laboratory staff within 15 working days after receipt of the results (29 CFR 1910.1450(d)(4)).

#### 7. Signs

Prominent signs of the following types should be posted:

(a) Emergency telephone numbers of emergency personnel/facilities, supervisors, and laboratory workers;

(b) Location signs for safety showers, eyewash stations, other safety and first aid equipment, and exits; and

(c) Warnings at areas or equipment where special or unusual hazards exist.

#### 8. Spills and Accidents

Before beginning an experiment, know your facility's policies and procedures for how to handle an accidental release of a hazardous substance, a spill or a fire. Emergency response planning and training are especially important when working with highly toxic compounds. Emergency telephone numbers should be posted in a prominent area. Know the location of all safety equipment and the nearest fire alarm and telephone. Know who to notify in the event of an emergency. Be prepared to provide basic emergency treatment. Keep your co-workers informed of your activities so they can respond appropriately. Safety equipment, including spill control kits, safety shields, fire safety equipment. PPE, safety showers and evewash units, and emergency equipment should be available in well-marked highly visible locations in all chemical laboratories The laboratory supervisor or CHO is responsible for ensuring that all personnel are aware of the locations of fire extinguishers and are trained in their use. After an extinguisher has been used, designated personnel

must promptly recharge or replace it (29 CFR 1910.157(c)(4)). The laboratory supervisor or CHO is also responsible for ensuring proper training and providing supplementary equipment as needed.

Special care must be used when handling solutions of chemicals in syringes with needles. Do not recap needles, especially when they have been in contact with chemicals. Remove the needle and discard it immediately after use in the appropriate sharps containers. Blunt-tip needles are available from a number of commercial sources and should be used unless a sharp needle is required to puncture rubber septa or for subcutaneous injection.

For unattended operations, laboratory lights should be left on, and signs should be posted to identify the nature of the experiment and the hazardous substances in use. Arrangements should be made, if possible, for other workers to periodically inspect the operation. Information should be clearly posted indicating who to contact in the event of an emergency. Depending on the nature of the hazard, special rules, precautions, and alert systems may be necessary.

#### 9. Training and Information

Personnel training at all levels within the organization, is essential. Responsibility and accountability throughout the organization are key elements in a strong safety and health program. The employer is required to provide employees with information and training to ensure that they are apprised of the hazards of chemicals present in their work area (29 CFR 1910.1450(f)). This information must be provided at the time of an employee's initial assignment to a work area where hazardous chemicals are present and prior to assignments involving new exposure situations. The frequency of refresher information and training should be determined by the employer. At a minimum, laboratory personnel should be trained on their facility's specific CHP, methods and observations that may be used to detect the presence or release of a hazardous chemical (such as monitoring conducted by the employer, continuous monitoring devices, visual appearance or odor of hazardous chemicals when being released), the physical and health hazards of chemicals in the work area and means to protect themselves from these hazards. Trained laboratory personnel must know shut-off procedures in case of an emergency. All SDSs must be made available to the employees.

#### E. General Procedures for Working With Chemicals

The risk of laboratory injuries can be reduced through adequate training, improved engineering, good housekeeping, safe work practice and personal behavior.

#### § 1910.1450

#### 1. General Rules for Laboratory Work With Chemicals

(a) Assigned work schedules should be followed unless a deviation is authorized by the laboratory supervisor.

(b) Unauthorized experiments should not be performed.

(c) Plan safety procedures before beginning any operation.

(d) Follow standard operating procedures at all times.

(e) Always read the SDS and label before using a chemical.

(f) Wear appropriate PPE at all times.

(g) To protect your skin from splashes, spills and drips, always wear long pants and closed-toe shoes.

(h) Use appropriate ventilation when working with hazardous chemicals.

(i) Pipetting should never be done by mouth.

(j) Hands should be washed with soap and water immediately after working with any laboratory chemicals, even if gloves have been worn.

(k) Eating, drinking, smoking, gum chewing, applying cosmetics, and taking medicine in laboratories where hazardous chemicals are used or stored should be strictly prohibited.

(1) Food, beverages, cups, and other drinking and eating utensils should not be stored in areas where hazardous chemicals are handled or stored.

(m) Laboratory refrigerators, ice chests, cold rooms, and ovens should not be used for food storage or preparation.

(n) Contact the laboratory supervisor, Principal Investigator, CHO or EHS office with all safety questions or concerns.

(o) Know the location and proper use of safety equipment.

(p) Maintain situational awareness.

(q) Make others aware of special hazards associated with your work.

(r) Notify supervisors of chemical sensitivities or allergies.

(s) Report all injuries, accidents, incidents, and near misses.

(t) Unauthorized persons should not be allowed in the laboratory.

(u) Report unsafe conditions to the laboratory supervisor or CHO.

(v) Properly dispose of chemical wastes.

#### Working Alone in the Laboratory

Working alone in a laboratory is dangerous and should be strictly avoided. There have been many tragic accidents that illustrate this danger. Accidents are unexpected by definition, which is why coworkers should always be present. Workers should coordinate schedules to avoid working alone.

#### 29 CFR Ch. XVII (7–1–13 Edition)

#### Housekeeping

Housekeeping can help reduce or eliminate a number of laboratory hazards. Proper housekeeping includes appropriate labeling and storage of chemicals, safe and regular cleaning of the facility, and proper arrangement of laboratory equipment.

#### 2. Nanoparticles and Nanomaterials

Nanoparticles and nanomaterials have different reactivities and interactions with biological systems than bulk materials, and understanding and exploiting these differences is an active area of research. However, these differences also mean that the risks and hazards associated with exposure to engineered nanomaterials are not well known. Because this is an area of ongoing research, consult trusted sources for the most up to date information available. Note that the higher reactivity of many nanoscale materials suggests that they should be treated as potential sources of ignition, accelerants, and fuel that could result in fire or explosion. Easily dispersed dry nanomaterials may pose the greatest health hazard because of the risk of inhalation. Operations involving these nanomaterials deserve more attention and more stringent controls than those where the nanomaterials are embedded in solid or suspended in liquid matrixes.

Consideration should be given to all possible routes of exposure to nanomaterials including inhalation, ingestion, injection, and dermal contact (including eye and mucous membranes) Avoid handling nanomaterials in the open air in a free-particle state. Whenever possible, handle and store dispersible nanomaterials, whether suspended in liquids or in a dry particle form, in closed (tightlysealed) containers. Unless cutting or grinding occurs, nanomaterials that are not in a free form (encapsulated in a solid or a nanocomposite) typically will not require engineering controls. If a synthesis is being performed to create nanomaterials, it is not enough to only consider the final material in the risk assessment, but consider the hazardous properties of the precursor materials as well.

To minimize laboratory personnel exposure, conduct any work that could generate engineered nanoparticles in an enclosure that operates at a negative pressure differential compared to the laboratory personnel breathing zone. Limited data exist regarding the efficacy of PPE and ventilation systems against exposure to nanoparticles. However, until further information is available, it is prudent to follow standard chemical hygiene practices. Conduct a hazard evaluation to determine PPE appropriate for the level of hazard according to the requirements set forth in OSHA's Personal Protective Equipment standard (29 CFR 1910.132).

#### §1910.1450

#### 3. Highly Toxic and Explosive/Reactive Chemicals/Materials

The use of highly toxic and explosive/reactive chemicals and materials has been an area of growing concern. The frequency of academic laboratory incidents in the U.S. is an area of significant concern for the Chemical Safety Board (CSB). The CSB issued a case study on an explosion at Texas Tech University in Lubbock, Texas, which severely injured a graduate student handling a high-energy metal compound. Since 2001, the CSB has gathered preliminary information on 120 different university laboratory incidents that resulted in 87 evacuations, 96 injuries, and three deaths.

It is recommended that each facility keep a detailed inventory of highly toxic chemicals and explosive/reactive materials. There should be a record of the date of receipt, amount, location, and responsible individual for all acquisitions, syntheses, and disposal of these chemicals. A physical inventory should be performed annually to verify active inventory records. There should be a procedure in place to report security breaches, inventory discrepancies, losses, diversions, or suspected thefts.

Procedures for disposal of highly toxic materials should be established before any experiments begin, possibly even before the chemicals are ordered. The procedures should address methods for decontamination of any laboratory equipment that comes into contact with highly toxic chemicals. All waste should be accumulated in clearly labeled impervious containers that are stored in unbreakable secondary containment.

Highly reactive and explosive materials that may be used in the laboratory require appropriate procedures and training. An explosion can occur when a material undergoes a rapid reaction that results in a violent release of energy. Such reactions can happen spontaneously and can produce pressures, gases, and fumes that are hazardous. Some reagents pose a risk on contact with the atmosphere. It is prudent laboratory practice to use a safer alternative whenever possible.

If at all possible, substitutes for highly acute, chronic, explosive, or reactive chemicals should be considered prior to beginning work and used whenever possible.

#### 4. Compressed Gas

Compressed gases expose laboratory personnel to both chemical and physical hazards. It is essential that these are monitored for leaks and have the proper labeling. By monitoring compressed gas inventories and disposing of or returning gases for which there is no immediate need, the laboratory can substantially reduce these risks. Leaking gas cylinders can cause serious hazards that may require an immediate evacuation of the area and activation of the emergency response system. Only appropriately trained hazmat responders may respond to stop a leaking gas cylinder under this situation.

#### F. Safety Recommendations—Physical Hazards

Physical hazards in the laboratory include combustible liquids, compressed gases, reactives, explosives and flammable chemicals, as well as high pressure/energy procedures, sharp objects and moving equipment. Injuries can result from bodily contact with rotating or moving objects, including mechanical equipment, parts, and devices. Personnel should not wear loose-fitting clothing, jewelry, or unrestrained long hair around machinery with moving parts.

The Chemical Safety Board has identified the following key lessons for laboratories that address both physical and other hazards:

(1) Ensure that research-specific hazards are evaluated and then controlled by developing specific written protocols and training.

(2) Expand existing laboratory safety plans to ensure that all safety hazards, including physical hazards of chemicals, are addressed.

(3) Ensure that the organization's EHS office reports directly to an identified individual/office with organizational authority to implement safety improvements.

(4) Develop a verification program that ensures that the safety provisions of the CHP are communicated, followed, and enforced at all levels within the organization.

(5) Document and communicate all laboratory near-misses and previous incidents to track safety, provide opportunities for education and improvement to drive safety changes at the university.

(6) Manage the hazards unique to laboratory chemical research in the academic environment. Utilize available practice guidance that identifies and describes methodologies to assess and control hazards.

(7) Written safety protocols and training are necessary to manage laboratory risk.

#### G. Emergency Planning

In addition to laboratory safety issues, laboratory personnel should be familiar with established facility policies and procedures regarding emergency situations. Topics may include, but are not limited to:

(1) Evacuation procedures—when it is appropriate and alternate routes;

(2) Emergency shutdown procedures equipment shutdown and materials that should be stored safely;

(3) Communications during an emergency—what to expect, how to report, where to call or look for information;

(4) How and when to use a fire extinguisher;

(5) Security issues—preventing tailgating and unauthorized access;

29 CFR Ch. XVII (7–1–13 Edition)

(6) Protocol for absences due to travel restrictions or illness;

(7) Safe practices for power outage;

(8) Shelter in place—when it is appropriate;

(9) Handling suspicious mail or phone calls;(10) Laboratory-specific protocols relating

to emergency planning and response; (11) Handling violent behavior in the workplace; and

(12) First-aid and CPR training, including automated external defibrillator training if available.

It is prudent that laboratory personnel are also trained in how to respond to short-term, long-term and large-scale emergencies. Laboratory security can play a role in reducing the likelihood of some emergencies and assisting in preparation and response for others. Every institution, department, and individual laboratory should consider having an emergency preparedness plan. The level of detail of the plan will vary depending on the function of the group and institutional planning efforts already in place.

Emergency planning is a dynamic process. As personnel, operations, and events change, plans will need to be updated and modified. To determine the type and level of emergency planning needed, laboratory personnel need to perform a vulnerability assessment. Periodic drills to assist in training and evaluation of the emergency plan are recommended as part of the training program.

#### H. Emergency Procedures

(1) Fire alarm policy. Most organizations use fire alarms whenever a building needs to be evacuated—for any reason. When a fire alarm sounds in the facility, evacuate immediately after extinguishing all equipment flames. Check on and assist others who may require help evacuating.

(2) Emergency safety equipment. The following safety elements should be met:

a. A written emergency action plan has been provided to workers;

b. Fire extinguishers, eyewash units, and safety showers are available and tested on a regular basis; and

c. Fire blankets, first-aid equipment, fire alarms, and telephones are available and accessible.

(3) Chemical spills. Workers should contact the CHO or EHS office for instructions before cleaning up a chemical spill. All SDS and label instructions should be followed, and appropriate PPE should be worn during spill cleanup.

(4) Accident procedures. In the event of an accident, immediately notify appropriate personnel and local emergency responders. Provide an SDS of any chemical involved to the attending physician. Complete an accident report and submit it to the appropriate office or individual within 24 hours.

(5) Employee safety training program. New workers should attend safety training before

they begin any activities. Additional training should be provided when they advance in their duties or are required to perform a task for the first time. Training documents should be recorded and maintained. Training should include hands-on instruction of how to use safety equipment appropriately.

(6) Conduct drills. Practice building evacuations, including the use of alternate routes. Practice shelter-in-place, including plans for extended stays. Walk the fastest route from your work area to the nearest fire alarm, emergency eye wash and emergency shower. Learn how each is activated. In the excitement of an actual emergency, people rely on what they learned from drills, practice and training.

(7) Contingency plans. All laboratories should have long-term contingency plans in place (e.g., for pandemics). Scheduling, workload, utilities and alternate work sites may need to be considered.

#### I. Laboratory Security

Laboratory security has evolved in the past decade, reducing the likelihood of some emergencies and assisting in preparation and response for others. Most security measures are based on the laboratory's vulnerability. Risks to laboratory security include, but are not limited to:

(1) Theft or diversion of chemicals, biologicals, and radioactive or proprietary materials, mission-critical or high-value equipment;

(2) Threats from activist groups;

(3) Intentional release of, or exposure to, hazardous materials;

(4) Sabotage or vandalism of chemicals or high-value equipment;

 $(5)\ {\rm Loss}$  or release of sensitive information; and

(6) Rogue work or unauthorized laboratory experimentation. Security systems in the laboratory are used to detect and respond to a security breach, or a potential security breach, as well as to delay criminal activity by imposing multiple layered barriers of increasing stringency. A good laboratory security system will increase overall safety for laboratory personnel and the public, improve emergency preparedness by assisting with preplanning, and lower the organization's liability by incorporating more rigorous planning, staffing, training, and command systems and implementing emergency communications protocols, drills, background checks, card access systems, video surveillance, and other measures. The security plan should clearly delineate response to security issues, including the coordination of institution and laboratory personnel with both internal and external responders.

#### § 1910.1450

#### Appendix B to §1910.1450—References (Non-Mandatory)

The following references are provided to assist the employer in the development of a Chemical Hygiene Plan. The materials listed below are offered as non-mandatory guidance. References listed here do not imply specific endorsement of a book, opinion, technique, policy or a specific solution for a safety or health problem. Other references not listed here may better meet the needs of a specific laboratory. (a) Materials for the development of the Chemical Hygiene Plan:

1. American Chemical Society, Safety in Academic Chemistry Laboratories, 4th edition, 1985.

2. Fawcett, H.H. and W. S. Wood, Safety and Accident Prevention in Chemical Operations, 2nd edition, Wiley-Interscience, New York, 1982.

3. Flury, Patricia A., Environmental Health and Safety in the Hospital Laboratory, Charles C. Thomas Publisher, Springfield IL, 1978.

4. Green, Michael E. and Turk, Amos, Safety in Working with Chemicals, Macmillan Publishing Co., NY, 1978.

5. Kaufman, James A., Laboratory Safety Guidelines, Dow Chemical Co., Box 1713, Midland, MI 48640, 1977.

6. National Institutes of Health, NIH Guidelines for the Laboratory use of Chemical Carcinogens, NIH Pub. No. 81–2385, GPO, Washington, DC 20402, 1981.

7. National Research Council, Prudent Practices for Disposal of Chemicals from Laboratories, National Academy Press, Washington, DC, 1983.

8. National Research Council, Prudent Practices for Handling Hazardous Chemicals in Laboratories, National Academy Press, Washington, DC, 1981.

9. Renfrew, Malcolm, Ed., Safety in the Chemical Laboratory, Vol. IV, *J. Chem. Ed.*, American Chemical Society, Easlon, PA, 1981.

10. Steere, Norman V., Ed., Safety in the Chemical Laboratory, *J. Chem. Ed.* American Chemical Society, Easlon, PA, 18042, Vol. I, 1967, Vol. II, 1971, Vol. III 1974.

11. Steere, Norman V., Handbook of Laboratory Safety, the Chemical Rubber Company Cleveland, OH, 1971.

12. Young, Jay A., Ed., Improving Safety in the Chemical Laboratory, John Wiley & Sons, Inc. New York, 1987.

(b) Hazardous Substances Information:

1. American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists, Threshold Limit Values for Chemical Substances and Physical Agents in the Workroom Environment with Intended Changes, 6500 Glenway Avenue, Bldg. D-7 Cincinnati, OH 45211-4438 (latest edition).

2. Annual Report on Carcinogens, National Toxicology Program U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Public Health Service, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, DC, (latest edition).

3. Best Company, Best Safety Directory, Vols. I and II, Oldwick, N.J., 1981.

4. Bretherick, L., Handbook of Reactive Chemical Hazards, 2nd edition, Butterworths, London, 1979.

5. Bretherick, L., Hazards in the Chemical Laboratory, 3rd edition, Royal Society of Chemistry, London, 1986.

6. Code of Federal Regulations, 29 CFR part 1910 subpart Z. U.S. Govt. Printing Office, Washington, DC 20402 (latest edition).

7. IARC Monographs on the Evaluation of the Carcinogenic Risk of Chemicals to Man, World Health Organization Publications Center, 49 Sheridan Avenue, Albany, New York 12210 (latest editions).

8. NIOSH/OSHA Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards. NIOSH Pub. No. 85–114, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, DC, 1985 (or latest edition).

9. Occupational Health Guidelines, NIOSH/ OSHA NIOSH Pub. No. 81-123 U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, DC, 1981.

10. Patty, F.A., Industrial Hygiene and Toxicology, John Wiley & Sons, Inc., New York, NY (Five Volumes).

11. Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances, U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Public Health Service, Centers for Disease Control, National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health, Revised Annually, for sale from Superintendent of Documents U.S. Govt. Printing Office, Washington, DC 20402.

12. The Merck Index: An Encyclopedia of Chemicals and Drugs. Merck and Company Inc. Rahway, N.J., 1976 (or latest edition).

13. Sax, N.I. Dangerous Properties of Industrial Materials, 5th edition, Van Nostrand Reinhold, NY., 1979.

14. Sittig, Marshall, Handbook of Toxic and Hazardous Chemicals, Noyes Publications, Park Ridge, NJ, 1981.

(c) Information on Ventilation:

1. American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists Industrial Ventilation (latest edition), 6500 Glenway Avenue, Bldg. D-7, Cincinnati, Ohio 45211-4438.

2. American National Standards Institute, Inc. American National Standards Fundamentals Governing the Design and Operation of Local Exhaust Systems ANSI Z 9.2-1979 American National Standards Institute, N.Y. 1979.

3. Imad, A.P. and Watson, C.L. Ventilation Index: An Easy Way to Decide about Hazardous Liquids, Professional Safety pp 15-18, April 1980.

4. National Fire Protection Association, Fire Protection for Laboratories Using Chemicals NFPA-45, 1982.

Safety Standard for Laboratories in Health Related Institutions, NFPA, 56c, 1980.

#### §1910.1450

Fire Protection Guide on Hazardous Materials, 7th edition, 1978.

National Fire Protection Association, Batterymarch Park, Quincy, MA 02269.

5. Scientific Apparatus Makers Association (SAMA), Standard for Laboratory Fume Hoods, SAMA LF7-1980, 1101 16th Street, NW., Washington, DC 20036.

(d) Information on Availability of Referenced Material:

#### 29 CFR Ch. XVII (7–1–13 Edition)

 American National Standards Institute (ANSI), 1430 Broadway, New York, NY 10018.
 American Society for Testing and Mate-

2. American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM), 1916 Race Street, Philadelphia, PA 19103.

[55 FR 3327, Jan. 31, 1990; 55 FR 7967, Mar. 6, 1990; 55 FR 12111, Mar. 30, 1990; 57 FR 29204, July 1, 1992; 61 FR 5508, Feb. 13, 1996; 71 FR 16674, Apr. 3, 2006; 76 FR 33609, June 8, 2011; 77 FR 17887, Mar. 26, 2012; 78 FR 4325, Jan. 22, 2013]

## Subject Index for 29 CFR Part 1910— Occupational Safety and Health Standards

EDITORIAL NOTE: This listing is provided for information purposes only. It is compiled and kept up-to-date by the Department of Labor. This index is updated as of July 1, 2013.

Subject term	Section No.	Subject term	Section No.
13 Carcinogens (4-Nitrobiphenyl, etc.)	.1003	Guard Exposure Angles	.215(b)(2)
Area Requirements	.1003(c)	Material Requirements and Min-	.215(b)(10)
Closed System Operation	.1003(c)(2)	imum Dimensions.	
Isolated System	.1003(c)(1)	Snagging Machines, Automatic	.215(b)(7)
Maintenance and Decon-	.1003(c)(5)	Surface Grinders and Cutting-Off	.215(b)(5)
tamination Activities.		Machines	
Open-Vessel System Oper-	1003(c)(3)	Swing Frame Grinders	215(b)(6)
ations	.1000(0)(0)	Top Grinding	215(b)(8)
Transfor from a Closed Oper-	1002(c)(4)	Mounting	215(d)
ation	.1003(0)(4)	Arber Size	.215(u) 015(d)(0)
allon.	1000(-)	Arbor Size	.215(0)(2)
Communication of Hazards	.1003(e)	Biotters	.215(0)(5)
Hazard Communication	.1003(e)(1)	Busning	.215(d)(4)
Prohibited Statements	.1003(e)(3)	Inspection	.215(d)(1)
Signs	.1003(e)(2)	Multiple Wheel Mounting	.215(d)(6)
Training and Indoctrination	.1003(e)(4)	Surface Condition	.215(d)(3)
General Regulated Area Require-	.1003(d)	Abrasive Wheel Machinery, Portable	
ments.		Definitions	.241(b)
Contamination Control	.1003(d)(4)	Guarding	.243(c)
Emergencies	.1003(d)(2)	Cup Wheels	.243(c)(2)
Hygiene Facilities and Prac-	1003(d)(3)	General Requirements	.243(c)(1)
tices		Other Type Grinders	243(c)(4)
Respiratory Program	1003(d)(1)	Vertical Grinders	243(c)(3)
Modical Surveillance	1003(d)	Inspection	243(0)(5)
	1003(g)	Mounting	243(0)(5)
Examinations	1003(g)(1)		.243(0)(3)
Records	.1003(g)(2)	Abrasive wheels (see Abrasive wheel	
Abatement Verification	.1903.19	Machinery).	
Aboveground Storage Lanks, Flam-	.106(b)(2)	Access to Employee Exposure and	.1020
mable and Combustible Liquid		Medical Records.	
Spacing	.106(b)(2)(ii)	Access to Records	.1020(e)
Spill Control	.106(b)(2)(viii)	Employee Information	.1020(g)
Venting	.106(b)(2)(iv), (v),	Preservation of Records	.1020(d)
°	(vi)	Trade Secrets	.1020(f)
Abrasive Blasting (see also Ventilation)	.94	Transfer of Records	.1020(h)
Air Compressors Breathing Air	94(a)(6)	Accident Prevention Signs and Tags	145
Air Supply Breathing	94(a)(6)	Specifications for	
Blast Cleaning Enclosures	94(a)(3)	2-Acetylaminofluorene (see also 13	1014
Cleaning Nozzles	.94(a)(3)	Carcinogons)	.1014
Duet Llegerde	.244(0)	A set dens	100
	.94(a)(2)	Acetylene	.102
Abrasive wheel Machinery	.215	Cylinders	.102(a)
Definitions	.211(b)	Generators and Filling Cylinders	.102(c)
Blotters	.215(c)(1)(v), (c)(6),	Piped Systems	.102(b)
	(d)(5)	Acetylene Generators	.253(f)
Diameter, Uniformity of	.215(c)(4)	Approval	.253(f)(1)
Dimensions	.215(c)(8)	Location	.253(f)(3)
Driving Flange	.215(c)(7)	Maintenance	.253(f)(7)
Finish and Balance	.215(c)(3)	Marking	.253(f)(1)
Flanges	215(c)	Operation	253(f)(1)
Pococs and Undergut	215(0)(5)	Portable	252(f)(5)
Recess and Maintenance	215(0)(0)	Procesure Limite	253(1)(3)
	.215(0)(9)	Pressure Limits	.253(1)(2)
Types	.215(C)(1)(IV)	Rating	.253(1)(2)
General Requirements	.215(a), (c)(10)	Stationary	.253(1)(4)
Excluded Machinery	.215(a)(5)	Houses and Rooms	.253(†)(6)
Flanges (Grinding Machines)	.215(a)(3)	Acrylonitrile	.1045
Guard Design	.215(a)(2)	Communication of Hazards	.1045(p)
Machine Guarding	.215(a)(1)	Emergency Situations	.1045(i)
Work Rests	.215(a)(4)	Employee Information and Train-	.1045(0)
Guarding Abrasive Wheel Machinery	.215(b)	ing.	,
Band Type Guards General Spec-	215(b)(11)	Exposure Monitoring	1045(e)
ifications	.= 13(0)(11)	Housekeeping	1045(k)
modiums.	015(b)(0)	Liveriana Facilitica cont Doro	1045(K)
Denich and Floor Stands	.∠15(D)(3)	Hygiene Facilities and Prac-	.1045(m)
Cup wheels	.215(D)(1)	tices.	
Cutting-Off Machines	.215(b)(5)	Medical Surveillance	.1045(n)
Cylindrical Grinders	.215(b)(4)	Methods of Compliance	.1045(g)
Exposure Adjustment	.215(b)(9)	Observation and Monitoring	.1045(r)
Guard Design Specifications	.215(b)(11)	Permissible Exposure Limit (PEL)	.1045(c)

Subject term	Section No.
Brotective Clothing and Equipment	1045(i)
Protective Clothing and Equipment	1045(g)
Reculated Areas	1045(q)
Respiratory Protection	1045(l)
Wasto Disposal	1045(1)
Action Levels (see Permissible Expo-	.1043(1)
A-Frame Derricks (see also Derricks) Adjustments.	.181
Cranes	.179(I)(3)
Derricks	.181(f)(2), (f)(3)
Aerial Lifts (see also Work Platforms)	.67
AIDS (see also Bloodborne Patho- gens).	.1030
Air Compressors, Abrasive Blasting	.94(a)(6)
Air Contaminants (see also Permis- sible Exposure Limits)	.1000
8-Hour Time Weighted Average	.1000(a)(2),
	.1000(b)(1), .1000 Table Z-1, .1000
Acceptable Maximum Peak	.1000(b)(2), .1000 Table 7-2
Ceiling Values	.1000(a)(1), .1000 Table Z-1
Computation Formulae	.1000(d)
Extension of Federal Standards (Application).	(-)
1,3'-Butadiene	.19(l)
4,4'-Methylenedianiline (MDA)	.19(i)
Acrylonitrile	.19(c)
Arsenic, Inorganic	.19(e)
Asbestos, Tremolite, Anthophylite,	
and.	
Actinolite Dust	.19(a)
Cadmium	.19(K)
Etnylene Oxide	.19(n)
Formaldenyde	.19(j)
Lead	.19(g) 10(m)
Vinul Chlorida	.19(11) 19(b)
Mineral Dusts	1000(c) 1000
	Table Z-3
Air Controlling Equipment, Power Presses	.217(b)(10)
Air Lift Hammers, Forging	.218(e)(1)
Air Receivers	.169
Application	.169(a)(1)
Compressed Air Equipment	.169(a)(2)
Drains	.169(D)(2)
Proceuro Cogoo	.109(D)(1) 160(b)(2)
Trana	.109(D)(3)
Values	.109(D)(2)
Air Supply	.169(0)(3)
Airbassa	.94(a)(0)
Airloses	.243(D)(2)
Working Surfaces	22(h)
Alarms (see also Fire Alarms: Sprin-	(-)
klers; Warning Devices and Signs).	
Employee Alarm Systems	.165
4-Aminodiphenyl (see also 13 Carcino- gens).	.1011
Ammonia, Anhydrous, Storage and Handling of.	.111
Approval of Equipment and Sys- tems.	.111(b)(1)
Connections, Filling and Discharge Containers	.111(b)(2)
Appurtenances	.111(b)(6)
Appurtenances, Protection of	.111(c)(6)
Construction of Non-refrig-	.111(b)(2)
erated Containers(see Re-	
quirements for).	

### 29 CFR Ch. XVII (7-1-13 Edition)

\_\_\_\_\_

Subject term	Section No.
Charging of	.111(b)(11)
DOT Containers, Systems	.111(e)
Using.	111(~) 111(b)
Installation of	.111(g), .111(n) .111(c)(5)
Location of	.111(b)(5)
Motor Vehicle	.111(f)
Marking Non-refrigerated	.111(b)(3)
Marking Refrigerated Con-	.111(b)(4)
tainers.	()()
Non-Refrigerated	.111(b)(2)
erated Containers (see Re-	.111(0)(2)
quirements for).	
Reinstallation of	.111(c)(4)
erated Containers	.111(D)(Z)
Safety Relief Devices	.111(b)(9),
	.111(c)(3),
Stationany Non-refrigerated	.111(d)(4), (t)(5)
Damage from Vehicles	.111(c)(7)
Design Pressure and Construction	.111(c)(1)
of Containers.	111/b)/16)
Farm Vehicles. Mounted Systems	.111(D)(16)
for, Other than the Application	(3)
of Ammonia.	
Fittings (see Piping, Tubing and Fittings)	.111(b)(7)
Hose Specifications	.111(b)(8)
Liquid Level Gaging Devices	.111(b)(14)
Liquids, Transfer of	.111(b)(12),
Mounted Systems on Farm Vehi-	.111(h)
cles for the Application of Am-	( )
monia.	111/b)/0)
tion of Containers for.	.111(11)(2)
Mounting of Containers for	.111(h)(3)
Valves and Accessories for	.111(h)(4)
Vehicles Other than for the	.111(g)
Application of Ammonia.	
Appurtenances, Container	.111(g)(4)
fication of Containers	.111(g)(2)
Farm Vehicles	.111(g)(6)
Marking the Container	.111(g)(5)
Mounting Containers	.111(g)(3)
Portable DOT Containers. Svs-	.111(b)(7)
tems Using.	(.)
Conformance	.111(e)(1)
Heat Protection	.111(e)(3) 111(e)(2)
Valve Cap	.111(e)(5)
Refrigerated Systems	.111(d)
Automatic Control Equipment	.111(d)(11)
Compressor Drives	.111(d)(10)
Compressors, Separators for	.111(d)(12)
Condensers	.111(d)(13)
Protection of	.111(0)(5)
Damage from Vehicles	.111(d)(7)
Design of Containers	.111(d)(1)
Installation of Refrigerated	.111(d)(2)
Insulation for	.111(d)(15)
Receiver and Liquid Drain	.111(d)(14)
Refrigeration Load and Equip-	.111(d)(8)
ment.	

Subject term	Section No.
Reinstallation of	.111(d)(6)
Safety Relief Devices	.111(d)(4)
Shutoff Valves	.111(d)(3)
Requirements for Construction,	
Original. Test and Requalification of	.111(b)(2)
Non-refrigerated Containers.	(-)(-)
Stationary, Non-refrigerated	.111(c)
Storage, Refrigerated Systems	.111(d)
Tank Car, Unloading Points and	.111(b)(13)
Operations.	
Tank Motor Vehicles for the	.111(f)
I ransport of Ammonia.	444(6)(0)
Appunenances, Container	.111(1)(3)
Design Pressure and Con-	111(f)(9)
struction of Containers	.111(1)(2)
Portable Tank Containers	.111(f)(10)
(Skid Tanks).	()( -)
Piping and Fittings for	.111(f)(4)
Safety Relief Devices for	.111(f)(5)
Skid Tanks	.111(f)(10)
Transfer of Liquids	.111(f)(6)
Tubing (see Piping, Tubing, and	.111(b)(7)
Fittings).	111(a)(2)
and Discharge Connections	.111(0)(2)
Ammonium Nitrate	109(i)
Bulk Storage	.109(i)(4)
Containers	.109(i)(3)
Contaminants	.109(i)(5)
Electrical Installations	.109(i)(6)
Fire Protection	.109(i)(7)
Separation Walls	.109(i)(5)
Appharing Fixed Maphingry	.109(I)(4)
Antonomy Fixed Machinery Antoning Fixed Machinery	.212(0)
Anhydrous Storage and Handling	
of)	
Appliances	
Electric	.306(d)(1)
Liquefied Petroleum Gases	.10(b)(20),
	.10(g)(11)
Arbor Grinding Wheels	.215(d)(2)
Finite Service	.204 254(b)(2)
Environmental Conditions	.254(b)(2) 254(b)
Design	.254(b)(4)
Disconnecting Means	.305(j)(3)
Grounding	.254(c)(2)
Installation	.254(c)
Maintenance	.254(d)(9)
Operation	.254(d)
Personnel Protection	.252(D)
Supply Connections	.252(D)(2)(III) 254(c)(3) (d)(3)
Health Protection	252(c)
Ventilation	.252(b)(4)(ii), (c)
Voltage	.254(b)(3)
Arsenic, Inorganic	.1018
Communication of Hazards	.1018(p)
Employee Information and Train-	.1018(o)
ing.	1010(-)
Exposure Monitoring	.1018(e)
Hydiene Facilities and Practices	1018(m)
Medical Surveillance	.1018(n)
Methods of Compliance	.1018(g)
Observation of Monitoring	.1018(r)
Permissible Exposure Limit (PEL)	.1018(c)
Protective Work Clothing and	.1018(j)
Equipment.	1010()
Recordkeeping	.1018(q)

Subject term	Section No
	1010(0
Regulated Areas	.1018(f)
Respiratory Protection	.1018(n)
Aspestos	.1001
ployees.	.1001()
Exposure Monitoring	.1001(d)
Housekeeping	.1001(k)
Hygiene Facilities and Practices	.1001(i)
Medical Surveillance	.1001(l)
Methods of Compliance	.1001(†)
Observation of Monitoring	.1001(n)
Permissible Exposure Limit (PEL)	.1001(c)
Protective Work Clothing and	.1001(h)
Becordkeeping	1001(m)
Regulated Areas	1001(e)
Respiratory Protection	1001(a)
Atmospheric Contaminants (see Air	
Contaminants)	
Atmospheric Tanks	.106(b)(1)(iii)
Attendants	
Confined Spaces, Permit-Required	.146(d)(6), .146(f), .146(i)
Liquefied Hydrogen Systems	.103(c)(4)(ii)
Liquefied Petroleum Gases	110(b)(14)
Authorization (see also Hot Work Per-	
mits).	
Grain Handling Facilities	.272(f)
Process Safety Management of	.119(k)
Highly Hazardous Chemicals.	
Welding, Cutting, and Brazing	.252(a)(2)(IV)
Automatic Sprinkler Systems (see	.159
Sprinkler Systems, Automatic)	107(k)
Raffia Plates	.107(K)
Spray Booths	107(h)(4)
Bakery Equipment (Bakeries	263
Air Conditioning	268(i)(14)
Bag Chutes and Lifts	263(d)(2)
Biscuit Equipment	263(k)
Blenders	263(d)(3)
Bolting Beels	263(d)(5)
Conveyors	263(d)(7) 263(i)(7)
Cracker Equipment	263(k)
Dividers	263(f)
Dough Brakes	263(h)
Dumphins	263(d)(3)
Elour Handling Equipment	263(d)
Machine Guarding	263(c)
Miscellaneous Equipment	263(i)
Mixers	263(e)
Moulders	.263(a)
Ovens	.263(1)
Pulverizers	.263(k)(2)
Scales. Flour	.263(d)(9)
Sifters	.263(d)(8)
Slicers	.263(i)
Storage Bins	.263(d)(6)
Wrappers	.263(i)
Ballast, Cranes	.180(i)(2)
Band Saws and Resaws	.213(i)
Barking Devices.	
Hydraulic	.261(e)(14)
Pulp Wood and Chips	.261(c), .261(e)(8)
Sawmills	.265(d)(4)
Barrels.	010(-)(4)
Guarding	.212(a)(4)
Basket Derricks(see Derricks)	.181
Batning Facilities.	1 40/6
Labor Camps	.142(1)
Battery Changing and Charging	.1/8(g), .305(j)(7)
Bearings	.219(J), .219(p)(3)
Definitions	211(f)(1)-(3)

Subject term	Section No.
Manlifts Power Transmission Apparatus	.68(c)(1) .219(e)(1), .219(o)(3), .219
Bench and Floor Stands Guarding Benzene	.215(b)(3) .1028
Communication of Hazards Exposure Monitoring Medical Surveillance	.1028(j) .1028(e) 1028(i)
Methods of Compliance Observation of Monitoring	.1028(f) .1028(l)
Permissible Exposure Limit (PEL) Protective Clothing and Equipment Recordkeeping	.1028(c) .1028(h) .1028(k)
Regulated Areas Respiratory Protection Benzidine (see also 13 Carcinogens)	.1028(d) .1028(g) 1010
Beryllium	.1000, .1000 Table Z-2
Biological Hazards Signs and Tags Blades Exposure	.109(g)(4) .145(e)(4), .145(f)(8) .212(a)(5)
Blankets, Rubber Insulating Blasting Agents (see also Explosives and Blasting Agents.	.137 .109(g), .109(k)(1), .109(2)
Bulk Delivery Bulk Storage Bins Mixing Fixed Location	.109(g)(3), (h)(4) .109(g)(4) .109(g)(2) (h)(3)
Mixing, Pixed Location Mixing Vehicles	.109(g)(3), (h)(4) .109(h)
Storage Transportation Use	.109(g)(5) .109(g)(6) .109(g)(7)
Water Gels Bleaching Pulp, Paper, and Paperboard Mills	.109(h) .261(h)
Textiles Bloodborne Pathogens Communication of Hazards to Em-	.262(p) .1030 1030(q)
ployees. Information and Training	.1030(g)(2)
	.1030(g)(1), .1030(g)(1)(i)(E), (F), (G)
Compliance, Methods of Engineering and Work-Prac- tice Controls.	.1030(d) .1030(d)(2)
Exposure Control Exposure Control Plan Exposure Determination	.1030(c) .1030(c)(1) .1030(c)(2)
HIV and HBV Research, Labs and Production Facilities.	.1030(e)
Containment Equipment Standard Microbiological Practices	.1030(e)(2)(iii) .1030(e)(2)(i)
Special Practices Training, Requirements	.1030(e)(2)(ii) .1030(e)(5),
Hepatitis B Vaccinations Healthcare Professional's Written Opinion.	.1030(f)(2) .1030(f)(5)
Information Provided to Healthcare. Professional	1030(f)(4)
Post-exposure Evaluation and Follow-Up.	.1030(f)(3)
Hecorakeeping, Medical	.1030(f)(6), .1030(h)(1) .1030(g)(2)(vii)(l)
Housekeeping Contaminated Sharps, Dis- carding and Containment	.1030(d)(4) .1030(d)(4)(iii)(A)
Other Regulated Waste Con- tainment.	.1030(d)(iii)(B)

Subject term	Section No
	000101110
Regulated Waste	.1030(d)(4)(iii)
Methods of Compliance	.1030(d)
Personal Protective Equipment	.1030(d)(3)
Masks Eve Protection and	1030(d)(3)(x)
Face Shields	
Provision of	1030(d)(3)(i)
Repair and Replacement of	1030(d)(3)(v)
Lise of	1030(d)(3)(ii)
Pocordkooping	1020(f)(6) 1020(h)
Scope and Application	1020(2)
Training	1030(a)/5)
maining	1030(e)(3),
Vaccinationa HPV	1030(g)(2)(ix)
Plottero	215(0)(1)(2)
Diotters	.215(6)(1)(0),
	.215(0)(0),
Reard Dren Llammara	.215(0)(5)
Board Drop Hammers	.218(e)(2)
Boatswain's Chair Scattolds	.28(J)
Employee Protection	.28(j)(4)
Fiber Ropes	.128(j)(2
Life Belts	.28(j)(4)
Roof Irons, Hooks	.28(j)(6)
Seat Slings	.28(j)(3)
Size	.28(j)(1)
I ackle	.28(j)(5)
Booms, Derricks	.181(i)(6)
Boring Machines	.213(l)
Brakes	
Bridges	.179(t)(4), .179(6)
Control	.179(f)(3)
Cranes	.1/9(f)
Friction, Power Presses	.217(b)(2)
Hoists	.179(f)(1)
Holding	.179(1)(2)
Industrial Trucks	.178(m)(5), (7)
Maniitts	.68(C)(1)(I)
	170(f)(3)
Proving (and also Walding)	.1/9(1)(4), .1/9(5)
Diazing (See also welding)	251
Standarde Sources	256
Breast Derricks (see also Dorricks)	181(a)(4)
Bricklavers' Square Scaffolds	28(1)
Bridge Bumpers Cranes	179(e)(2)
Bridge Plates (see also Dockhoards)	30(a)
Bucket Truck	.67
Buffing (see Grinding, Polishing, and	,
Buffing).	
Building Maintenance Powered Plat-	.66
forms.	
Buildings, Sawmills	.265(c)
Blasting Agents	109(a)(3)
Lability Agonto	109(h)(4)
Explosives	109(h)(4)
Bulk Oxygen Systems(son Oxygen)	104
Bulk Plants Elammable and Combine	106(f)
tible Liquide	
Buildings	106(f)(2)
Drainade	106(f)(Z)
Electrical Equipment	106(f)(7)
Electrical Equipment	106(1)(5)
Fire Protection	100(I)(8)
ignition Sources	106(f)(0)
Liquid Storago	
Liquid Storage	100(6)(0)
Liquid Storage Loading	.106(f)(3)
Liquid Storage Loading Waste Disposal	.106(f)(3) .106(f)(7)
Liquid Storage Loading Waste Disposal Wharves	.106(f)(3) .106(f)(7) .106(f)(4)
Liquid Storage Loading	.106(f)(3) .106(f)(7) .106(f)(4)
Liquid Storage	.106(f)(3) .106(f)(7) .106(f)(4)
Liquid Storage Loading Waste Disposal Wharves Bulk Storage (see Storage) Bumpers. Bridge Trolley	.106(f)(3) .106(f)(7) .106(f)(4)
Liquid Storage Loading	.106(f)(3) .106(f)(7) .106(f)(4) .179(e)(2) .179(e)(3) .105(e)(3)
Liquid Storage Loading Waste Disposal Wharves Bulk Storage (see Storage) Bumpers Bridge Trolley 1,3'-Butadiene	.106(f)(3) .106(f)(7) .106(f)(4) .179(e)(2) .179(e)(3) .1051
Liquid Storage Loading Waste Disposal Wharves Bulk Storage (see Storage) Burpers. Bridge Trolley 1,3'-Butadiene Communication of BD Hazards to	.106(f)(3) .106(f)(7) .106(f)(4) .179(e)(2) .179(e)(3) .1051 .1051(l)

Subject term	Section No.
Emergency Situations	1051(i)
Evosure Goal Program	1051(g)
Exposure Monitoring	1051(d)
Medical Screening and Surveil-	1051(k)
lance.	.1001(k)
Methods of Compliance	.1051(f)
Permissible Exposure Limit (PEL)	.1051(C) 1051(i)
Protective Clothing and Equipment	1051(I)
Regulated Areas	1051(m)
Respiratory Protection	1051(b)
Cabinets Elammable and Combustible	106(d)(3)
Liquid Storage.	
Size	.106(d)(3)(i)
Fire Resistance	.106(d)(3)(ii)
Cabs	( )( )( )
Cranes	.179(c), .179(o)(2), 180(i)(3)
Derricks	181(i)(6)
Cadmium	1027 252(c)(9)
Communication of Cadmium Haz-	.1027(m)
ards to Employees.	,
Dates	.1027(p)
Emergency Situations	.1027(h)
Exposure Monitoring	.1027(d)
Housekeeping	.1027(k)
Hygiene Areas and Practices	.1027(j)
Medical Surveillance	.1027(l)
Methods of Compliance	.1027(f)
Observation of Monitoring	.1027(o)
Permissible Exposure Limit (PEL)	.1027(c)
Protective Work Clothing and	.1027(I)
Equipment.	1007(n)
Record Reeping	.1027(n) 1027(o)
Regulated Areas	.1027(e) 1027(a)
Confined Spaces	.1027(y) 252(a)(0)(ii)
Calcium Carbide	.202(0)(0)(1)
Packaging	253(a)(1)
Storage	.253(g)(2), (3)
Indoors	.253(g)(2)
Outdoors	.252(g)(3)
Calenders	.262(ee)
Rubber and Plastics Industry	
Location Protection	.216(d)(2)
Safety Controls	.216(c)
Stopping Limits	.216(f)(1), (3)
Switches, Trip and Emer-	.216(e)
yency. Tavtilas	262(66)
Camps Temporary Labor (see Labor	142
Camps, Temporary).	
Canisters, Gas Mask (see Gas Mask	
Canisters; Respirators).	
Cantilever Gantry Cranes (see Gantry	
Cranes).	
Carpenters' Bracket Scaffolds	.28(k)
Bracket Attachment	.28(k)(2)
Bracket Dimensions	.28(k)(1)
Employee Protection	.28(k)(3)
Guardrails	.28(K)(5)
Platform Size	.28(K)(4)
Emergency Showers	261(a)(18)(i)
Pineline Identification	261(b)(3)(vi)
	262(00)
Caution Signs and Labels (see also	.202(00)
Signs and Tags. Specifications for	
Accident Prevention: Danger Signs	
Warning Devices and Signs).	
Accident Prevention	.145(c)(2), (d)(4)
Ammonia, Anhydrous	.111(b)(12)
Electrical, General	.303(h)(2)
Extinguishing Systems, Fixed	.160(b)(5)

Subject term	Section No.
Fluoridoo	252(a)(1)(b)
Indondes	1006(a) $1006(a)$
Wolding	252(a)(1)(iv)
Wing Mathada Components and	.252(0)(1)(1)
Fauinment	.305(J)(6)
Equipment.	00(a)
torore' Scaffolds)	.20(0)
Certification Bequirements	
Logging Operations	266(i)(10)
Powered Industrial Trucks	178(1)(6)
Crawler Locomotive and Truck	180(d)(6)
Cranes Becords	
Chain Guarding	.219(f)
Change Rooms	- ( )
13 Carcinogens	.1003(b),
-	.1003(d)(3)
Acrylonitrile	.1045(m)(1)
Arsenic, Inorganic	.1018(m)(1)
Asbestos	.1001(h)(2), .1001(i)
Benzene	.1028(i)(1)
Bloodborne Pathogens	.1030(e)(4)(i)
Cadmium	.1027(j)(2)
Chromium (VI)	.1026(i)(2)
Coke Oven Emissions	.1029(i)(1)
1,2'-Dibromo-3-Chloropropane	.1044(j)(2), .1044(l)
Formaldehyde	.1048(i)(1)
Hazardous Waste Operations	.120(k)(8),
	.120(n)(7)
Lead	.1025(g)(2), (i)
Metryleriedianiline	.1050(I)(2), ( J)
Daving Equilities	.141(e)
Separata Englistica	.141(1)
Charge Initiation	109(0)(4)
Chemical Plants (see also Befineries)	106(i)
(Chemical Plants and Distillaries)	.100(1)
Chemicals Hazard Communication	1200
Chemicals, Hazardous, Occupational	1450
Exposure in Laboratories	.1400
Chemical Hygiene Plan	.1450(e)
Employee Exposure Determination	.1450(d)
Employee Information and Train-	.1450(f)
ing.	()
Hazard Identification	.1450(h)
Medical Consultations and Medical	.1450(g)
Examinations.	
Permissible Exposure Limit (PEL)	.1450(c)
Recordkeeping	1450(j)
Use of Respirators	.1450(i)
Chemicals, Highly Hazardous (see	.119
Process Safety Management of	
Highly Hazardous Chemicals).	07
Cherry Picker	.67
chicago Boom Derricks (see also Der-	.181
TICKS). Chielen Leddere (ees slee Creuding	00(4)
Chicken Ladders (see also Crawling	.28(l)
bia-Chloromothyl Ethor (soo also 13	1009
Carcinogons)	.1000
Chromium (VII)	1026
Action Level	1026(b)
Communication of Chromium VI	1026(1)
Hazards to Employees	.1020(1)
Information and Training	.1026(I)(2)
Effective Dates	.1026(n)
Exposure Determination	.1026(d)
Accuracy of Measurement	.1026(d)(5)
Employee Notification of De-	.1026(d)(4)
termination Results.	/
Observation of Monitoring	.1026(d)(6)
Performance-Oriented Option	.1026(d)(3)
Scheduled Monitoring Option	.1026(d)(2)
Housekeeping	.1026(j)
Cleaning Methods	.1026(j)(2)

Subject term	Section No.
Disposal	.1026(i)(3)
Hygiene Areas and Practices	.1026(i)
Change Rooms	.1026(i)(2)
Eating and Drinking Areas	.1026(i)(4)
Prohibited Activities	.1026(i)(5)
Washing Facilities	.1026(i)(3)
Medical Surveillance	.1026(k)
Contents of Examination	.1026(k)(3)
Frequency	.1026(k)(2)
	.1020(K)(4)
PLHCP's Written Medical	1026(k)(5)
Opinion.	
Methods of Compliance	.1026(f)
Engineering and Work Practice	.1026(f)(1)
Controls.	
Prohibition of Rotation	.1026(f)(2)
Permissible Exposure Limit(PEL)	.1026(c)
Frotective work Clothing and	.1026(n)
Cleaning and Benlacement	1026(b)(3)
Provision and Use	1026(h)(1)
Removal and Storage	.1026(h)(2)
Recordkeeping	.1026(m)
Air Monitoring Data	.1026(m)(1)
Historical Monitoring Data	.1026(m)(2)
Medical Surveillance	.1026(m)(4)
Objective Data	.1026(m)(3)
Regulated Areas	.1026(e)
Access	.1026(e)(3)
Areas	.1026(e)(2)
Establishment of Regulated	.1026(e)
Areas.	
Respiratory Protection	.1026(g)
Respiratory Protection Pro-	.1026(g)(2)
SEIC Settlement Agreement (Sur-	1026 App A
face Finishing Industry Council	.1020 App. A
vs. OSHA).	
Chute Openings	.23(a)(2)
Circular Resaws	.213(e)
Circular Saws	.213(f)
Arbors	.213(s)(4)
Portable	.243(a)(1)
Clean Air, Spray Finishing	.94(c)(7)
Cleaning	160
Bulk Oxygen Systems	104(b)(8)(i)
Compressed Air	242(b)
Powder Coatings	.107(l)(4)(i)
Solvents	.107(g)(5)
Spray Booths	.107(b)(9)
Spraying Operations	.107(g)(2)
Cleaning Compounds	.252(c)(11)
Degreasing	.252(c)(11)(ii)
Manufacturer's Instructions	.252(c)(11)(i)
Cleaning Solvents.	107(a)(5)
Clear Zones	.107(g)(0)
Bulk Oxygen Systems	.104(b)(10)
Industrial Plants	.106(e)(9)(iv)
Processing Plants	.106(h)(8)(iv)
Clearances	
Cranes	.179(b)(6)
Fixed Ladders	.27(c)
Back	.2/(C)(4)
Grab Bare	.27(C)(T) 27(c)(5)
Hatch Covers	27(c)(3)
Step-Across Distance	.27(c)(6)
With Cages or Baskets	.27(c)(3)
Without Cages or Wells	.27(c)(2)
Manlifts	.68(b)(11)

### 29 CFR Ch. XVII (7-1-13 Edition)

Subject term	Section No.
Spraying Discharges	.107(d)(8)
Clothing, Protective (see also Personal Protective Equipment)	.24(I) .132
Electrical	.137
Fire Brigades Footwear	.136, .156(e)(2)
Hand Head	.156(e)(4) .135, .156(e)(5)
Helmets	.135, .252(b)(2)(i)(A)
Spray Finishing, Storage	.107(g)(4)
Velders	.219(p)(7) .252(b)(3)
Clutches Definition	.217(b)(3), (7) .180(a)(19)
Power Transmission Apparatus Coal Tar Pitch Volatiles: Interpretation	.219(k)
of Term.	
Dual Component	.107(m)
Organic Peroxide Powder	.107(m) .107(l)
Undercoatings	.107(k)
Coke Oven Emissions	.1029
Employee Information and Train-	.1029(l) .1029(k)
ing. Exposure Monitoring and Meas- urement	.1029(e)
Hygiene Facilities and Practices	.1029(i)
Methods of Compliance	.1029(j) .1029(f)
Observation of Monitoring Permissible Exposure Limit (PEL)	.1029(n) .1029(c)
Protective Clothing and Equipment	.1029(h)
Regulated Areas	.1029(d)
Color Codes, Safety, for Marking Phys-	.1029(g) .144
ical Hazards Red	.144(a)(1)
Fire Protection Equipment	.144(a)(1)(i)
Danger	.144(a)(1)(ii),
Stop	.145(d)(2) .144(a)(1)(iii)
Yellow for Caution Combustible Dusts, Trucks Used	.144(a)(3) .178(c)(2)(vi)
Combustible Liquids (see Flammable	.106
Combustible Materials.	
Commercial Diving	.252(a)(2)(i) .401
Definitions Equipment	.402 .430
Hyperbaric Conditions, Examples	App. A
strict or Limit Exposure to.	
Live-boating Mixed-Gas Diving	.427 .426
Pre-Dive Procedures	.421
Procedures During Diving	.422
Recordkeeping Requirements	.410 .440
Safe Practices Manual Scope and Application	.420 .401
SCUBA Diving	.424
Communicable Diseases Reporting	.425
Labor Camps Communications, Powered Plat-	.142(I) .66(e)(11)(vi)
forms.	

Subject term	Section No.
Compressed Air, Cleaning Compressed Air Equipment (see Com- pressed Gas and Compressed Air	.242(b)
Equipment. Compressed Gases(General Require-	.101
ments). Compressed Gases	.101(b)
Inspection of Compressed Gas Cylinders.	.101(a)
pressed Gas Containers.	.101(C)
Compressed Gases.	253(a)(2)
Increation	101(0)
Manifolding	253(c)
Markings	.200(C) 253(b)(1)
Operating Procedures	253(b)(1)
Oxygen Manifolds	253(c)(2) (3)
Safety Belief Valves	101(c)
Storage	.253(b)(2)-(4)
Compressed Gas and Compressed Air	
Equipment (see Air Receivers)	
Conductors (see also Electric Wiring)	
Cranes	.179(g)(1)(iv),
	.179(6)
General Wiring	.305(f)
Confined Spaces	
Atmospheric Testing of Confined Spaces.	.146 App.
Attendant Duties	.146(I)
Cadmium	.252(C)(9)(II)
Confined Spaces, Permit-Required Confined Spaces Program, Per-	.146 .146(d)
Decisions Flow Chart	1/6 App A
Duties upon Entering a Confined	.146(h)
Duties of Entry Supervisor	146(i)
Electric Power Generation, Trans-	.269(e)
Electrical Safety-Related Work Practices	.333(c)(5)
Employee Participation	.146(I)
Entry Permit	.146(f)
Entry Supervisor Duties	.146(j)
Flow Chart, Decisions	.146 App. A
Hazardous Waste Operations and	.120(b)(4),
Emergency Response.	.120(c)(3)
Lifelines	.252(b)(4)(iv)
Permit Samples	.146 App. D
Permit System	.146(e)
Procedures for Atmospheric Test-	.146 App. B
Program Examples	.146 App. C
Requirements. General	.146(c)
Rescue and Emergency Services	.146(k)
Rescue Team Evaluation Criteria	.146 App. F
Sewer System Entry	.146 App. E
Training	.146(g)
Welding, Cutting, and Brazing	.252(a)(4),
	.252(b)(4),
_	.252(c)(4)
Zinc	.252(c)(6)(i)
Containers (see also Tanks, Storage,	
Portable)	100(1)(0)
Ammonium Nitrate	.109(I)(3) 104(b)(4) (0)
Gassaus	.104(D)(4), (b)
Gaseous	.104(D)(4)(III)
Liquia	.104(D)(4)(II)
Fiammable Liquius	106(d)(2)
Bulk Plants Storage	106(t)
Industrial Plante Storage	106(e)(1)
industriar r larits, Storaye	

Service Stations, Storage106	
-	6(g)(1)
Processing Plants106	6(h)(4)
Gaseous Hydrogen Systems	3(b)(1)(i)
Guarding	2(a)(4)
Liquefied Hydrogen Systems10	3(C)(1)(I)
Spraving	J 7(a)(3) 107(5)
Welding Gas	3(a) 253(b)
Containers, Liquefied Petroleum Gases .110	)
Accessories	D(b)(7),
.1	10(c)(6),
.1	10(d)(3),
	10(8), .110(e)(5)
Awaiting Use or Resale	D(t)
Capacity	J(0)(6)
Construction 110	D(u)(13)
Cylinder Systems 110	D(D)(3)
Accessories	D(c)(6)
Indoor	D(c)(5)
Markings110	D(c)(2)
Outdoor110	D(c)(4)
Valves110	D(c)(6)
Filling Densities	D(b)(12)
Fire Protection	J(d)(14)
Fittings	J(D)(0), 110(0)(6)
	110(e)(0), 110(h)(7), 110(9),
Hoses	D(b)(9)
Industrial Plants	D(d)(12)
Installation	D(e)(4), (h)(6)
Lighting	D(d)(16)
Location	D(b)(6)
Markings	D(b)(5),
Non DOT Containers	110(C)(2)
Accessories	D(d)(2)
Capacity 110	D(d)(5)
Installation 110	D(d)(7)
Pipes	D(d)(3)
Pressure, Design110	D(d)(2)
Reinstallation	D(d)(5)
Safety Relief Devices	D(d)(4)
Valves	D(d)(3)
Piping 110	D(b)(8),
-	110(0)(3),
	110(e)(0), 110(b)(9)
Pressure Design	D(d)(2).
.1	10(e)(3)
Safety Relief Devices110	D(b)(10),
.1	10(c)(7),
.1	10(d)(4),
.1	10(e)(7),
Tubing 110	110(n)(4)
	J(D)(8), 10(a)(6)
Valves 110	D(b)(7)
.1	10(c)(6).
	10(d)(3),
.1	10(e)(5),
.1	l 10(h)(9)
Vaporizers	D(b)(11),
.1	10(d)(17),
	110(e)(8)
Controllers	J(D)(4)
Cranes 170	9(a)(3)
Control of Hazardous Energy (Lockout/ 14	7
Tagout)	
Conveyors	
Bakeries	3(d)(7), (i)(7)
Electrostatic Spraying10	7(h)(7)
	2011/21

Subject term	Section No.
Pulp Paper and Paperboard Mills	261(c)(15)
Sawmills	.265(c)(18)
Spray Booths	.107(b)(7)
Corrosion Protection.	
Piping, Valves, and Fittings	.106(c)(5)
Storage Tanks	.106(b)(1)(vi)
Underground Tanks	.106(b)(3)(iii)
Cotton Dust	.1043
Employee Education and Training	.1043(I) 1043(d)
urement.	.1040(u)
Initial Monitoring	.1043(d)(2)
Periodic Monitoring	.1043(d)(3)
Employee Notification	.1043(d)(4)
Medical Surveillance	.1043(h)
Methods of Compliance	.1043(e)
Compliance Program	.1043(e)(3)
Deservation of Monitoring	.1043(I)
Action Lovels	.1043(C) 1043(c)(2)
Record keeping	1043(k)
Availability of Records	.1043(k)(3)(1)
Medical Surveillance, Records	1043(k)(2)
of.	
Respiratory Protection	.1043(f)
Respiratory Program	.1043(f)(2)
Respiratory Selection	.1043(f)(3)
Scope and Application	.1043(a)
Signs	.1043(j)
Counterbalances	.1043(g) 217(b)(9)
Counterweights	.217(0)(3)
Cranes	.180(i)(2)
Covers, Openings	
Working Surfaces	.23(a)(1), .23(3)(i),
	.23(5), .23(6),
0	.23(8)(11), .23 (9)
Cranes	Part 1926
Crawler	180
Definitions	179(a)
Effective Dates	.179(b)(2),
	.180(b)(2)
Electric	.306(b)
Gantry	.179
Locomotive	.180
Pulp Paper and Paperboard Mills	.1/9 261(c)(8)
Telecommunications	268(n)(10)
Truck	.180
Crawler Cranes (see also Crawler Lo-	.180
comotives and Truck Cranes	
Crawler Locomotive, and Truck Cranes	.180
Cabs	.180(i)(3)
Electric Power Lines, Operations	.180(j)
Fire Extinguishers	.180(i)(5)
Inspection, Classification	.180(d)
Frequent Inspection	.180(d)(3)
Idle (Irregular), Cranes Not in	.180(d)(5)
Regular Use.	
Initial Inspection	.180(d)(1)
Periodic Becards of Inspections	180(d)(4)
Regular Inspection	180(d)(2)
Load Handling	.180(h)
Load Ratings	.180(c)
Maintenance Procedures	.180(f)
Refueling	.180(i)(4)
Requirements, Other	.180(i)
Swinging Locomotives	180(i)(6)
Testing	.180(e)

Subject term	Section No
Crawling Boards	.28(t)
Crosscut Table Saws	.213(d)
Cup Wheels	.243(c)(2)
Flaring-Cup, Type 11	.241(b)(8)
Straight-Cup, Type 6	.241(b)(9)
Straight, Type 1	.241(b)(10)
Curing Apparatus (see Drying, Curing,	
and Fusion Apparatus).	
Cutting (see also Welding)	.252
Containers	.252(a)(3)
Definitions	.251
Ventilation	.252(C)
Cutoff Couplings	.215(D)(5)
Cutoff Sows, Swing	.219(K)(1)
Culon Saws, Swing	.213(g) 253(b)
Manifolding	253(c)
Operating Procedures	253(b)(5)
Storage	253(b)(2) 253
Cylindrical Grinders	.215(b)(4)
Danger Signs	
13 Carcinogens	.1003(e)(2)
Acrylonitrile	.1045(p)(2)
Arsenic, Inorganic	.1018(j)(2),
	.1018(p)(2)
Asbestos	.1001(j)(4)
Benzene	.1028(j)(2)
Cadmium	.1027(m)(2)
Color Codes	.144(a)(1)
Coke Oven Emissions	.1029(I)(2)
Contined Spaces, Permit-Required	.146(C)(2)
Cotton Dust	.1043(J)
1.9' Dibromo 2 Chloropropopo	.1200(C)
Ethylene Oxide	1044(0)(2)
Earmaldebyde 1048(e)(1) (b)(2)	.1047(j)(2)
Lead	1025(q)(2) (m
Loud	App B
Methylenedianiline	.1050(k)(2)
Safety Color Code for Marking	.144(a)
Physical Hazards.	. ,
Specifications for Accident Pre-	.145(c), .145(d)
vention Signs and Tags.	
Tags.145(f)(5).	
Telecommunications	.268(d)
Vinyl Chloride	.1017(l)(2)
Dates, Effective (see Effective Dates).	
DBCP (1,2'-Dibromo-3-Chloropropane)	.1044
Communication of Hazards	.1044(o)
Emergency Situations	.1044(i)
Employee Information and Irain-	.1044(n)
ing.	1011(6)
Exposure Monitoring	.1044(f)
Housekeeping	.1044(K)
Modical Surveillance	.1044(I) 1044(m)
Methodo of Compliance	.1044(III) 1044(a)
Observation of Manitoring	1044(g)
Permissible Exposure Limit (PEL)	1044(q)
Protective Clothing and Equipment	1044(i)
Recordkeeping	1044(p)
Regulated Areas	1044(e)
Respiratory Protection	.1044(h)
Dead-Man Controls	.243(a)(2)
Decorators' Scaffolds (see also Plas-	.28(o)
terrere? Ceoffelde)	
terers Scanolus)	
Definitions	1051(b)
Definitions 1,3'-Butadiene	
Definitions 1,3'-Butadiene 13 Carcinogens	.1003(b)
1,3'-Butadiene 1 Carcinogens Access to Employee Exposure	.1003(b) .1020(c)
and Medical Records.	.1003(b) .1020(c)
Access to Employee Exposure and Medical Records.	.1003(b) .1020(c) .1045(b)

\_

Arsenic, Inorganic1018(b)Absestos1001(b)Benzene1028(b)Bloodborne Pathogens1030(b)Cadmium1027(b)Chromium (VI1026(b)Cohromium (VI1026(b)Control of Hazardous Energy146(b)Cotton Dust1043(b)Crawler, Locomotive, and Truck1043(b)Crawler, Locomotive, and Truck1043(b)Cranes.181(a)DBCP(1,2'-Dibromo-3-Chloropropane).1044(b)Etertic Power Generation, Trans- mission, and Distribution.1047(b)Ethylene Oxide1047(b)Explosives and Blasting Agents109(a)Fire Protection155(c)Flammable Liquids106(a)Formaldehyde1048(b)General Definitions22Grain Handling Facilities272(c)Had and Portable Powered Tools2241Hazardous Waste Operations and Emergency Response.103(a)(1)Iydrogen103(a)(1)Ionizing Radiation1096(a)Lead1025(b)Logging Operations266(c)Logging Operations162(c)Nonionizing Radiation97(a)(1)Occupational Exposure to Haz- ardous Chemicals in Labora- tories.134(b)Nonionizing Radiation179(a)Respiratory Protection134(b)Sarridy Huiz-Piece and Single- Piece Rim Wheels.15(b)Shipyard Employment15(b)Sings124(c)Storage and Handling of Liquefied Piece Rim W	Subject term	Section No.
Asbestos1001(b)Benzene1028(b)Bloodborne Pathogens1030(b)Cadmium1027(b)Chromium (VI1026(b)Coke Oven Emissions1029(b)Commercial Diving Operations402Confined Spaces, Permit-Required146(b)Control of Hazardous Energy147(b)(Lockout/Tagout).1043(b)Catamium1043(b)Crawler, Locomotive, and Truck180(a)Crawler, Locomotive, and Truck180(a)Caranes.181(a)DBCP(1,2'-Dibromo-3-Chloropropane).1944(b)Derricks181(a)Dipping and Coating Operations123Electric Power Generation, Transmission, and Distribution.1047(b)Explosives and Blasting Agents109(a)Fire Protection1048(b)General Definitions2Grain Handling Facilities272(c)Hand and Portable Powered Tools120(a)and Other Hand-Held Equipment.1200(c)Hazardous Waste Operations and1206(a)Leaging Operations266(c)Longshoring and Marine Terminals68(a)Machinery and Machine Grounding.1052(b)Nothele Alanty Cranes179(a)Machinery Cranes134(b)Seriging Multi-Piece and Single- Piece Rim Wheels.134(b)Shipyard Employment15(b)Shipyard Employment15(b)Silings16(c)Storage and Handiling Cliquefied Piece Rim Wheels.110(a)Precification	Arsenic Inorganic	1018(b)
Benzene1028(b)Benzene1023(b)Cadmium1027(b)Chromium (VI1026(b)Corfined Spaces, Permit-Required402Confined Spaces, Permit-Required146(b)Control of Hazardous Energy147(b)(Lockout/Tagout).1043(b)Catawler, Locomotive, and Truck180(a)Cranes.1027(b)DBCP(1,2'-Dibromo-3-Chloropropane).1044(b)Derricks1047(b)Electric Power Generation, Trans-109(a)Bipping and Coating Operations103(a)Electric Power Generation, Trans-109(a)Fire Protection155(c)Flarmable Liquids106(a)Formaldehyde1044(b)General Definitions2Grain Handling Facilities272(c)And Other Hand-Held Equipment.1200(c)Hazard Communication1200(c)Hazard Communication1200(c)Lagard Quertains106(a)Congshoring and Marine Terminals16(c)Machinery and Machine Ground- ing.1052(b)Logging Operations266(c)Longshoring Radiation1052(b)Soging Radiation1052(b)Nonionizing Radiation1052(b)Nonionizing Radiation119(b)Natithenance.177(a)Powered Platforms for Building Maintenance.134(b)Servicing Multi-Piece and Single- Piece Rim Wheels.15(b)SingaGravel Platforms266(c)Servicing Multi-Piece and Single- 	Ashestos	1001(b)
Biodborne Pathogens       1030(b)         Cadmium       1027(b)         Chromium (VI       1026(b)         Coke Oven Emissions       1029(b)         Commercial Diving Operations       402         Confined Spaces, Permit-Required       146(b)         Cortor of Hazardous Energy       1043(b)         Crawler, Locomotive, and Truck       1043(b)         Cranes.       DBCP         DBCP       (1,2'-Dibromo-3-         Chloropropane).       181(a)         Derricks       181(a)         Dipping and Coating Operations       123         Electric Power Generation, Transmission, and Distribution.       1044(b)         Ethylene Oxide       1044(b)         General Definitions       22         Grain Handling Facilities       109(a)         Fire Protection       1200(a)         Hazard Communication       1200(c)         Hazard Communication       1200(a)         Hazard Communication       1200(c)         Hazardous Waste Operations and       1202(b)         Logging Operations       266(c)         Longishoring and Marine Terminals       66(c)         Machinery and Machine Ground-       1052(b)         Methylene Chloride       1052(b)	Bonzono	1028(b)
Biodoborne Pantogens       1027(b)         Cadmium       1027(b)         Chromium (VI       1026(b)         Coke Oven Emissions       1029(b)         Commercial Diving Operations       402         Confined Spaces, Permit-Required       146(b)         Control of Hazardous Energy       147(b)         (Lockout/Tagout).       1043(b)         Catamium       1043(b)         Crames.       180(a)         DBCP       (1,2'-Dibromo-3- Chloropropane).         Derricks       181(a)         Dipping and Coating Operations       123         Electric Power Generation, Trans- mission, and Distribution.       1047(b)         Envices       166(a)         Fire Protection       1055(c)         Fiammable Liquids       106(a)         Formaldehyde       1048(b)         General Definitions       2         241       241         mad Other Hand-Held Equipment.       1200(c)         Hazardous Waste Operations and       120(a)         Emergency Response.       103(a)(1)         Hydrogen       103(a)(1)         Ionizing Radiation       103(a)(1)         Ionizing Radiation       90(a)(1)         Cocupational Exposure to	Denzene Dathagana	1020(b)
Carlindin1027(b)Chromium (VI.1028(b)Commercial Diving Operations.1029(b)Commercial Diving Operations.1029(b)Commercial Diving Operations.146(b)Confined Spaces, Permit-Required.146(b)Cotton Dust.1043(b)Cranes1043(b)DBCP(1,2'-Dibromo-3-DBCP(1,2'-Dibromo-3-Chloropropane)1044(b)Derricks.1047(b)Dipping and Coating Operations.123Electric Power Generation, Transmission, and Distribution109(a)Ethylene Oxide.1047(b)Explosives and Blasting Agents.109(a)Fire Protection.155(c)Flammable Liquids.106(a)Formaldehyde.1048(b)General Definitions.2Grain Handling Facilities.272(c)Hand and Portable Powered Tools.120(a)Immert1200(c)Hazard Communication.1200(c)Hazard Communication.120(a)Emergency Response103(a)(1)Indig gadiation.103(a)(1)Ionizing Radiation.266(c)Longshoring and Marine Terminals.66(a)Machinery and Machine Ground.119(b)ing34(c)Manlifts.68(a)Means of Egress.34(c)Methylene Choride.1052(b)Logging Operations.266(c)Nonionizing Radiation.179(a)Powered Platforms for Building.16(d)Maittenance179(a) <t< td=""><td>Codmium</td><td>1030(D)</td></t<>	Codmium	1030(D)
ControlControlCommercial Diving Operations1029(b)Commercial Diving Operations.402Confined Spaces, Permit-Required.402Control of Hazardous Energy.146(b)(Lockout/Tagout)1043(b)Catton Dust.1043(b)Crawler, Locomotive, and Truck.180(a)Cranes181(a)DBCP(1,2'-Dibromo-3-Chloropropane)181(a)Derricks.181(a)Dipping and Coating Operations.123Electric Power Generation, Trans109(a)Fire Protection.1047(b)Explosives and Blasting Agents.109(a)Fire Protection.1048(b)General Definitions.22Grain Handling Facilities.272(c)Hand and Portable Powered Tools.241Hazard Communication.1200(c)Hazardous Waste Operations and.1025(b)Logging Operations.266(c)Logging Operations.266(c)Logging Operations.266(c)Logging Operations.266(c)Logging Operations.1052(b)Machinery and Machine Ground- ing1052(b)Nonionizing Radiation.97(a)(1)Occupational Exposure to Haz- ardous Chemicals in Labora- tories134(b)Norionizing Rudiation.134(b)Saritation.1414(a)(2)Samills.265(b)Servicing Multi-Piece and Single- Piece Rim Wheels134(b)Shipyard Employment.15(b)Slings.104(c)Storage	Caulilium ()/I	1027(D)
Condencial Diving Operations.402Confined Spaces, Permit-Required.146(b)Control of Hazardous Energy.147(b)(Lockout/Tagout)1043(b)Crawler, Locomotive, and Truck.180(a)Crawler, Locomotive, and Truck.180(a)Crawler, Locomotive, and Truck.180(a)Cranes1044(b)DBCP(1,2'-Dibromo-3-DBCP.1047(b)Electric Power Generation, Trans269(x)Electric Power Generation, Trans1047(b)Explosives and Blasting Agents.109(a)Fire Protection.1055(c)Flammable Liquids.1048(b)General Definitions.2Grain Handling Facilities.272(c)and Other Hand-Held Equipment1200(c)Hazardous Waste Operations and.120(a)Emergency Response103(a)(1)Hydrogen.103(a)(1)Ionizing Radiation.1052(b)Logging Operations.266(c)Longshoring and Marine Terminals.66(a)Machinery and Machine Ground16(c)Xardous Chemicals in Labora- tories179(a)Overhead and Gantry Cranes.179(a)Powered Platforms for Building.104(b)Servicing Multi-Piece and Single- Piece Rim Wheels15(b)Sings.15(b)Sings.105(a)Spray Finishing Using Flammable and Combustible Materials107(a)Storage and Handing Flammable and Combustible Materials107(a)Storage and Handing Flammable and Combustible	Calve Over Emissions	.1020(D)
Confined Spaces, Pernit-Required Control of Hazardous Energy (Lockout/Tagout).146(b)147(b)147(b)Cotton Dust1043(b)Crawler, Locomotive, and Truck Cranes.1043(b)DBCP(1,2'-Dibromo-3- Dipping and Coating Operations1181(a)Dipping and Coating Operations123Electric Power Generation, Trans- mission, and Distribution.1047(b)Ethylene Oxide1047(b)Ethylene Oxide1047(b)Ethylene Oxide1047(b)Explosives and Blasting Agents109(a)Fire Protection155(c)Flammable Liquids106(a)Formaldehyde1048(b)General Definitions2Grain Handling Facilities272(c)Hand and Portable Powered Tools241and Other Hand-Held Equipment.1200(c)Hazard Communication1202(a)Emergency Response.103(a)(1)Ing.103(a)(1)Ionizing Radiation1096(a)Lead1052(b)Logging Operations266(c)Longshoring and Marine Terminals66(a)Machinery and Machine Ground119(b)ing.1052(b)Manlifts68(a)Means of Egress34(c)Methylene Choride1052(b)Nonionizing Radiation179(a)Powered Platforms for Building Maintenance.179(a)Process Safety Management of Highly Hazardous Chemicals.179(a)Respiratory Protection134(b)Santation266(c) <td< td=""><td>Commercial Diving Operations</td><td>.1029(0)</td></td<>	Commercial Diving Operations	.1029(0)
Control of Hazardous Energy (Lockout/Tagout). Catwier, Locomotive, and Truck Cranes. DBCP (1,2'-Dibromo-3- Chloropropane). Derricks (1,2'-Dibromo-3- Dibromotile facilities (1,2'-Dibromo-3- Dibromotile facilities (1,2'-Dibromotile Dece Rim Wheels. Shipyard Employment (1,2'-Dibromotile Materials. Storage and Handling of Liquefied Petroleum Gases. Telecommunications (268(s) Derkiles (110(a) Petroleum Gases. Telecommunications (268(s) Derkiles (110(a) Petroleum Gases. Telecommunications (268(s) Derkiles (110(a) Petroleum Gases. Telecommunications (268(s) Derkiles (110(a) Petroleum Gases. Telecommunications (268(s) Derkiles (110(a) Derkiles (110(a) Derki	Confined Spaces Permit Pequired	.402 146/b)
ControlofHazardousEnergy1.47(0)Cuckout/Tagout)1043(b).1043(b)Caranes.DBCP(1,2'-Dibromo-3-DBCP(1,2'-Dibromo-31044(b)Chloropropane)1123Detricks.181(a)Dipping and Coating Operations.123Electric Power Generation, Trans109(a)Electric Power Generation, Trans1047(b)Explosives and Blasting Agents.109(a)Fire Protection.1055(c)Flammable Liquids.1048(b)General Definitions.2Grain Handling Facilities.272(c)Hand and Portable Powered Tools.241and Other Hand-Held Equipment1200(c)Hazardous Waste Operations and.1200(c)Lagging Operations.266(c)Longshoring and Marine Terminals.16(c)Machinery and Machine Ground1052(b)Logging Operations.266(c)Nonionizing Radiation.052(b)Nonionizing Radiation.052(b)Nonionizing Radiation.052(b)Nonionizing Radiation.179(a)Powered Platforms for Building.66(d)Maintenance179(a)Process Safety Management of.179(a)Piece Rim Wheels134(b)Shipyard Employment.15(b)Siling.265(c)Storage and Handling Flammable.107(a)and Combustible Materials107(a)Storage and Handling Flammable.107(a)Ardurs Chemicals.262(b) <t< td=""><td>Control of Usersdays France</td><td>.140(D)</td></t<>	Control of Usersdays France	.140(D)
Lockoul ragoul).1043(b)Cotton Dust.180(a)Cranes.181(a)DBCP(1,2'-Dibromo-3-Derricks.181(a)Dipping and Coating Operations.123Electric Power Generation, Transmission, and Distribution123Ethylene Oxide.1047(b)Explosives and Blasting Agents.109(a)Fire Protection.155(c)Flarmable Liquids.106(a)Formaldehyde.1048(b)General Definitions.2Grain Handling Facilities.272(c)Hand and Portable Powered Tools.241and Other Hand-Held Equipment1200(c)Hazardous Waste Operations and Emergency Response103(a)(1)Ionizing Radiation.103(a)(1)Ionizing Radiation.103(a)(1)Ionizing Radiation.266(c)Lead.052(b)Logging Operations.266(c)Machinery and Machine Ground- ing1052(b)Manlifts.68(a)Means of Egress.34(c)Methylene Chloride.1052(b)Morionizing Radiation.97(a)(1)Occupational Exposure to Hazaroteis194(b)Respiratory Protection.134(b)Santilation.141(a)(2)Sawmills.266(c)Shipyard Employment.15(b)Silings.107(a)And Combustibe Materials107(a)Shipyard Employment.15(b)Silings.268(s)Piece Rim Wheels107(a)Shipyard Employment.15(b)<	(Leekeut/Tereut)	.147(D)
Crawler, Locomotive, and Truck180(a)Crawler, Locomotive, and Truck.180(a)Crawler, Locomotive, and Truck.180(a)DBCP(1,2'-Dibromo-3- Chloropropane)1044(b)Derricks.1123Dipping and Coating Operations.123Electric Power Generation, Trans- mission, and Distribution109(a)Ethylene Oxide.1047(b)Explosives and Blasting Agents.109(a)Fire Protection.105(a)Farmable Liquids.106(a)Formaldehyde.1048(b)General Definitions.2Aran And Portable Powered ToolsAnd Other Hand-Held Equipment.Hazard Communication.1200(c)Hazardous Waste Operations and Emergency Response.Hydrogen.103(a)(1)Ionizing Radiation.1096(a)Lead.226(c)Logging Operations.266(c)Longshoring and Marine Terminals.68(a)Machinery and Machine Ground- ing1052(b)Nethylene Chloride.1052(b)Nonionizing Radiation.97(a)(1)Occupational Exposure to Haz- ardous Chemicals in Labora- tories134(b)Nethead and Gantry Cranes.134(b)Servicing Multi-Piece and Single- Piece Rim Wheels134(b)Shipyard Employment.15(b)Slings.15(b)Slings.107(a)and Combustible Materials107(a)Storage and Handling of Liquefied Petoleum Gases107(a)Telecommunications.268(s)Tery	(Lockoul/Tagoul).	1040/h)
Crames. DBCP (1,2'-Dibromo-3- Chloropropane). Derricks	Crewler Lecemetics and Truck	.1043(D)
DBCP       (1,2'-Dibromo-3- Chloropropane).       1044(b)         Derricks       181 (a)         Dipping and Coating Operations       123         Electric Power Generation, Transmission, and Distribution.       124         Ethylene Oxide       1047(b)         Explosives and Blasting Agents       109(a)         Fire Protection       155(c)         Flarmable Liquids       106(a)         Formaldehyde       1048(b)         General Definitions       2         Grain Handling Facilities       272(c)         Hand and Portable Powered Tools       241         and Other Hand-Held Equipment.       1200(c)         Hazardous Waste Operations and Emergency Response.       120(a)         Hydrogen       103(a)(1)         Ionizing Radiation       1096(a)         Lead       1025(b)         Logging Operations       266(c)         Longshoring and Marine Terminals       66(c)         Machinery and Machine Ground-       1052(b)         Logging Cherations in Laboratories.       1050(b)         Nonionizing Radiation       97(a)(1)         Occupational Exposure to Haz-       134(b)         ardous Chemicals in Laboratories.       134(b)         Sawmills       266(c)	Crawler, Locomotive, and Truck	.180(a)
DBCP       (1,2-Dibromo-3- Chloropropane).       1044(b)         Depricks       181(a)         Dipping and Coating Operations       123         Electric Power Generation, Trans- mission, and Distribution.       1047(b)         Ethylene Oxide       1047(b)         Explosives and Blasting Agents       109(a)         Fire Protection       155(c)         Flammable Liquids       106(a)         Formaldehyde       1048(b)         General Definitions       22         Grain Handling Facilities       272(c)         Hand and Portable Powered Tools       241         and Other Hand-Held Equipment.       1200(c)         Hazard Communication       1206(a)         Lead       1025(b)         Logging Operations       266(c)         Longshoring and Marine Terminals       16(c)         Machinery and Machine Ground- ing.       1052(b)         Methylene Chloride       1052(b)         Methylene Chloride       1052(b)         Notionizing Radiation       97(a)(1)         Occupational Exposure to Haz- ardous Chemicals in Labora- tories.       179(a)         Owered Platforms for Building Maintenance.       119(b)         Proces Safety Management of Highly Hazardous Chemicals.       177(b) </td <td>Cranes.</td> <td>10110</td>	Cranes.	10110
Chioropropane).Derricks.181 (a)Dipping and Coating Operations.123Electric Power Generation, Trans1047(b)Explosives and Blasting Agents.109(a)Erice Protection.155(c)Flammable Liquids.1048(b)General Definitions.2Grain Handling Facilities.272(c)Hand and Portable Powered Tools.241and Other Hand-Held Equipment1200(c)Hazardous Waste Operations and.1200(a)Emergency Response103(a)(1)Longshoring and Marine Terminals.16(c)Longshoring and Marine Terminals.66(a)Machinery and Machine Grounding266(c)Nonionizing Radiation.97(a)(1)Occupational Exposure to Haz- ardous Chemicals in Labora- tories179(a)Overhead and Gantry Cranes.179(a)Powered Platforms for Building Maintenance134(b)Servicing Multi-Piece and Single- Piece Rim Wheels15(b)Shipyard Employment.15(b)Silings.144(b)Spray Finishing Using Flammable and Combustible Materials107(a)Storage and Handling of Liquefiad Petroleum Gases262(b)Vehrice-Mounted Elevating and Acting Work Platforms94(a)(1), (b)(1)(c)(1).262(b)	DBCP (1,2 -Dibromo-3-	.1044(D)
Derricks	Chioropropane).	101()
Dipping and Coating Operations	Derricks	.181(a)
Electric Power Generation, Trans- mission, and Distribution.       1047(b)         Explosives and Blasting Agents       .109(a)         Fire Protection       .155(c)         Flammable Liquids       .1048(b)         General Definitions       .2         Grain Handling Facilities       .272(c)         Hand and Portable Powered Tools       .241         ment.       .1200(c)         Hazardous Waste Operations and Emergency Response.       .1200(a)         Hydrogen       .103(a)(1)         Ionizing Radiation       .1095(a)         Longshoring and Marine Terminals       .66(c)         Manlifts       .68(a)         Means of Egress       .34(c)         Methylene Chloride       .1052(b)         Nonionizing Radiation       .97(a)(1)         Occupational Exposure to Haz- tories.       .134(b)         Nethylene Chloride       .1052(b)         Nonionizing Radiation       .119(a)         Powered Platforms for Building Maintenance.       .179(a)         Powered Platforms for Building Maintenance.       .134(b)         Servicing Multi-Piece and Single- Piece Rim Wheels.       .177(b)         Shipyard Employment       .145(b)         Storage and Handling of Liquetiap Petroleum Gases.       .107(a) <td>Dipping and Coating Operations</td> <td>.123</td>	Dipping and Coating Operations	.123
mission, and Distribution. Ethylene Oxide	Electric Power Generation, Trans-	.269(x)
Entylene Oxide       1047(b)         Explosives and Blasting Agents       109(a)         Fire Protection       155(c)         Flammable Liquids       106(a)         General Definitions       2         Grain Handling Facilities       272(c)         Hand and Portable Powered Tools       241         and Other Hand-Held Equipment.       1209(a)         Hazard Communication       1200(c)         Hazardous Waste Operations and       1202(a)         Emergency Response.       1096(a)         Hydrogen       103(a)(1)         Ionizing Radiation       1096(a)         Lead       1025(b)         Logging Operations       266(c)         Longshoring and Marine Terminals       .66(c)         Manlifts       .68(a)         Meens of Egress       .34(c)         Methylene Chloride       .1052(b)         Notionizing Radiation       .97(a)(1)         Occupational Exposure to Hazardous Chemicals.       .179(a)         Powered Platforms for Building       .66(d)         Maintenance.       .179(a)         Powered Platforms for Building       .66(d)         Samillis       .265(b)         Servicing Multi-Piece and Single-       .177(b)	mission, and Distribution.	4047(1-)
Exprosives and blasting Agents109(a)Fire Protection.155(c)Flammable Liquids.106(a)Formaldehyde.1048(b)General Definitions.2Grain Handling Facilities.272(c)Hand and Portable Powered Tools.241and Other Hand-Held Equip ment1200(c)Hazardous Waste Operations and Emergency Response1200(a)Hydrogen.103(a)(1)Ionizing Radiation.1096(a)Longshoring and Marine Terminals.16(c)Manlifts.68(a)Means of Egress.34(c)Methylene Chloride.1052(b)Nonionizing Radiation.97(a)(1)Occupational Exposure to Haz- ardous Chemicals in Labora- tories179(a)Overhead and Gantry Cranes.179(a)Powered Platforms for Building Maintenance134(b)Process Safety Management of Highly Hazardous Chemicals134(b)Servicing Multi-Piece and Single- Piece Rim Wheels15(b)Shipyard Employment.145(b)Spray Finishing Using Flammable and Combustible Materials107(a)Storage and Handling of Leveting and Combustible Materials107(a)Tectoreum Gases262(b)Vehricle-Mounted Elevating and Rotating Work Platforms94(a)(1), (b)(1)(c)(1).94(a)(1), (b)(1)	Eurylene Oxide	.1047(D)
rife rudection       155(c)         Flammable Liquids       106(a)         Formaldehyde       106(a)         General Definitions       2         Grain Handling Facilities       272(c)         Hand and Portable Powered Tools       241         and Other Hand-Held Equipment.       1200(c)         Hazard Communication       1200(c)         Hazard Communication       1200(a)         Hydrogen       103(a)(1)         Ionizing Radiation       1096(a)         Lead       1025(b)         Logging Operations       266(c)         Longshoring and Marine Terminals       16(c)         Manlifts       68(a)         Meens of Egress       34(c)         Methylene Chloride       1052(b)         Nothylenedianiline       1050(b)         Noninzing Radiation       97(a)(1)         Occupational Exposure to Haz       1450(b)         ardous Chemicals in Laboratories.       1450(b)         Nerhead and Gantry Cranes       179(a)         Powered Platforms for Building       66(d)         Maintenance.       119(b)         Process Safety Management of Highly Hazardous Chemicals.       134(b)         Sepritory Protection       134(b)	Explosives and Blasting Agents	.109(a)
riammable Liquids	Fire Protection	.105(C)
rormancenyce1048(b)General Definitions.2Grain Handling Facilities.2and Other Hand-Held Equip ment1200(c)Hazardous Waste Operations and Emergency Response1200(a)Hydrogen.103(a)(1)Ionizing Radiation.1096(a)Lead.1025(b)Logging Operations and Marine Terminals.16(c)Machinery and Machine Ground- ing16(c)Manlifts.68(a)Means of Egress.34(c)Methylene Chloride.1052(b)Nonionizing Radiation.97(a)(1)Occupational Exposure to Haz- ardous Chemicals in Labora- tories179(a)Overhead and Gantry Cranes.179(a)Powered Platforms for Building Maintenance134(b)Process Safety Management of Highly Hazardous Chemicals134(b)Servicing Multi-Piece and Single- Piece Rim Wheels107(a)Shipyard Employment.15(b)Slings.145(b)Spray Finishing Using Flammable and Combustible Materials107(a)Storage and Handling of Liquefial Petroleum Gases107(a)Tektiles.262(b)Vehicle-Mounted Elevating and Rotating Work Platforms94(a)(1), (b)(1)(c)(1).94(a)(1), (b)(1)	Fiammable Liquids	.106(a)
General Deminitions       22         Grain Handling Facilities       272(c)         Hand and Portable Powered Tools       241         and Other Hand-Held Equipment.       1200(c)         Hazard Communication       120(a)         Hazard Communication       120(a)         Harzardous Waste Operations and       120(a)         Hydrogen       103(a)(1)         Ionizing Radiation       1096(a)         Lead       1025(b)         Logging Operations       266(c)         Longshoring and Marine Terminals       16(c)         Manlifts       68(a)         Meens of Egress       34(c)         Methylene Chloride       1052(b)         Mothylenedianiline       1050(b)         Nonionizing Radiation       97(a)(1)         Occupational Exposure to Haz-       1450(b)         ardous Chemicals in Laboratories.       1440(b)         Powered Platforms for Building Maintenance.       119(b)         Process Safety Management of Highly Hazardous Chemicals.       134(b)         Sepriatory Protection       134(b)         Samitation       141(a)(2)         Sawmills       15(b)         Sings       144(b)         Sperifications for Accident Prevention Signs	Formaldenyde	.1048(b)
Grain Parable Powered Tools       .241         Hand and Portable Powered Tools       .241         and Other Hand-Held Equipment.       .1200(c)         Hazard Communication       .1200(c)         Hazard Communication       .1200(c)         Hazard Communication       .120(a)         Emergency Response.       .103(a)(1)         Hydrogen       .266(c)         Longshoring and Marine Terminals       .16(c)         Machinery and Machine Grounding.       .68(a)         Means of Egress       .34(c)         Methylene Chloride       .1052(b)         Methylene Chloride       .1052(b)         Notionizing Radiation       .97(a)(1)         Occupational Exposure to Hazardous Chemicals in Laboratories.       .179(a)         Powered Platforms for Building Maintenance.       .119(b)         Process Safety Management of Highly Hazardous Chemicals.       .134(b)         Samilis       .265(b)         Servicing Multi-Piece and Single-Piece Rim Wheels.       .134(b)         Shipyard Employment       .15(b)         Sings       .145(b)         Storage and Handing of Liquefia       .107(a)         and Combustible Materials.       .110(a)         Petroleum Gases.       .268(s) <t< td=""><td>General Definitions</td><td>.∠ 070(a)</td></t<>	General Definitions	.∠ 070(a)
ranu and Portable Powered 100is and Other Hand-Held Equip ment. Hazardous Waste Operations and Emergency Response. Hydrogen	Grain Handling Facilities	.2/2(C)
and Other France-Rein       200(c)         Hazard Communication       .1200(c)         Hazardous Waste Operations and Emergency Response.       .120(a)         Hydrogen       .103(a)(1)         Ionizing Radiation       .1096(a)         Lead       .1025(b)         Logging Operations       .266(c)         Longshoring and Marine Terminals       .16(c)         Machinery and Machine Ground- ing.       .1052(b)         Manifts       .68(a)         Means of Egress       .34(c)         Methylene Chloride       .1050(b)         Nonionizing Radiation       .97(a)(1)         Occupational Exposure to Haz- tories.       .179(a)         Powered Platforms for Building       .66(d)         Maintenance.       .179(a)         Process Safety Management of Highly Hazardous Chemicals.       .134(b)         Sericing Multi-Piece and Single- Piece Rim Wheels.       .134(b)         Shipyard Employment       .15(b)         Sings       .141(a)(2)         Sammills       .268(s)         Spray Finishing Using Flammable and Combustible Materials.       .107(a)         Storage and Handling of Liquefied Petroleum Gases.       .100(a)         Telecommunications       .268(s)         Sextile	and Other Hand Hold Emile	.241
Hazard Communication       .1200(c)         Hazard Communication       .120(a)         Hazard Communication       .120(a)         Hazard Communication       .103(a)(1)         Ionizing Radiation       .103(a)(1)         Logging Operations       .266(c)         Longshoring and Marine Terminals       .16(c)         Machinery and Machine Ground-       .113         ing.       .266(c)         Manlifts       .68(a)         Means of Egress       .34(c)         Methylene Chloride       .1052(b)         Noninzing Radiation       .97(a)(1)         Occupational Exposure to Haz-       .179(a)         Powered Platforms for Building       .66(d)         Maintenance.       .179(a)         Powered Platforms for Building       .66(d)         Maintenance.       .134(b)         Sanitation       .141(a)(2)         Sammills       .265(b)         Servicing Multi-Piece and Single-       .177(b)         Piece Rim Wheels.       .144(b)         Shipyard Employment       .15(b)         Sings       .145(b)         Storage and Handling of Liquefied       .107(a)         And Combustible Materials.       .110(a) <t< td=""><td>anu Utrier Hanu-Heiu Equip-</td><td></td></t<>	anu Utrier Hanu-Heiu Equip-	
Hazardous Waste Operations and Emergency Response.       .120(a)         Hydrogen       .103(a)(1)         Ionizing Radiation       .1096(a)         Lead       .1025(b)         Longshoring and Marine Terminals       .16(c)         Machinery and Machine Ground- ing.       .168(a)         Machinery and Machine Ground- ing.       .1052(b)         Manlifts       .68(a)         Means of Egress       .34(c)         Methylene Chloride       .1052(b)         Nonionizing Radiation       .97(a)(1)         Occupational Exposure to Haz- tories.       .179(a)         Powered Platforms for Building Maintenance.       .179(a)         Process Safety Management of Highly Hazardous Chemicals.       .134(b)         Samills       .134(b)         Samills       .145(b)         Spray Finishing Using Flammable and Combustible Materials.       .107(a)         Storage and Handling of Leveting and Combustible Materials.       .107(a)         Storage and Handling of Leveting and Combustible Materials.       .110(a)         Vehicle-Mounted Elevating and Rotating Work Platforms.       .662(b)         Ventilation       .262(b)	Hazard Communication	1200(a)
Hardbook Waske Operations and Emergency Response.       103(a)(1)         Ionizing Radiation       1096(a)         Lead       1025(b)         Logging Operations       266(c)         Longshoring and Marine Terminals       16(c)         Machinery and Machine Ground- ing.       .1025(b)         Manifts       .68(a)         Means of Egress       .34(c)         Methylene Chloride       .1050(b)         Noninzing Radiation       .97(a)(1)         Occupational Exposure to Haz- ardous Chemicals in Labora- tories.       .179(a)         Powered Platforms for Building       .66(d)         Maintenance.       .179(a)         Process Safety Management of Highly Hazardous Chemicals.       .134(b)         Samitation       .143(b)         Samitation       .144(b)         Spezifications for Accident Pre- vention Signs and Tags.       .107(a)         Spray Finishing Using Flammable and Combustible Materials.       .107(a)         Storage and Handling of Liquefied Petroleum Gases.       .101(a)         Teteles       .268(s)         Zede(b)       .268(s)         Vehicle-Mounted Elevating and Rotating Work Platforms.       .94(a)(1), (b)(1)	Hazardous Waste Operations and	1200(0)
Interpreterm       103(a)(1)         Ionizing Radiation       103(a)(1)         Ionizing Radiation       1025(b)         Logging Operations       266(c)         Longshoring and Marine Terminals       .16(c)         Machinery and Machine Ground- ing.       .16(c)         Manlifts       .68(a)         Means of Egress       .34(c)         Methylene Chloride       .1052(b)         Methylene Chloride       .1050(b)         Noninzing Radiation       .97(a)(1)         Occupational Exposure to Haz- ardous Chemicals in Labora- tories.       .179(a)         Powered Platforms for Building Maintenance.       .19(b)         Process Safety Management of Highly Hazardous Chemicals.       .144(b)         Samills       .265(b)         Servicing Multi-Piece and Single- Piece Rim Wheels.       .177(b)         Shipyard Employment       .15(b)         Sings       .145(b)         Sorage and Handling of Liquefied Percleum Gases.       .107(a)         Textiles       .268(s)         Vehicle-Mounted Elevating and Rotating Work Platforms.       .67(a)         Ventilation       .94(a)(1), (b)(1)         (c)(1)       .94(a)(1), (b)(1)	Emergency Response	
1001210 Radiation       1096(a)         Lead       1025(b)         Logging Operations       266(c)         Longshoring and Marine Terminals       16(c)         Machinery and Machine Ground- ing.       .163(c)         Manlifts       .68(a)         Means of Egress       .34(c)         Methylene Chloride       .1052(b)         Nonionizing Radiation       .97(a)(1)         Occupational Exposure to Haz- tories.       .1450(b)         Overhead and Gantry Cranes       .179(a)         Powered Platforms for Building Maintenance.       .1134(b)         Process Safety Management of Highyl Hazardous Chemicals.       .134(b)         Samrills       .145(b)         Servicing Multi-Piece and Single- Piece Rim Wheels.       .145(b)         Shipyard Employment       .15(b)         Storage and Handling of Liquefied Petroleum Gases.       .107(a)         Textiles       .268(s)         Textiles       .262(b)         Vehicle-Mounted Elevating and Rotating Work Platforms.       .67(a)         Ventillation       .94(a)(1), (b)(1)         (c)(1)       .94(a)(1), (b)(1)	Hydrogen	103(a)(1)
Internet       1035(b)         Lead       1025(b)         Logging Operations       266(c)         Longshoring and Marine Terminals       16(c)         Machinery and Machine Ground- ing.       211         Manifts       .68(a)         Means of Egress       .34(c)         Methylene Chloride       .1055(b)         Nonionizing Radiation       .97(a)(1)         Occupational Exposure to Haz- ardous Chemicals in Labora- tories.       .179(a)         Powered Platforms for Building       .66(d)         Maintenance.       .179(a)         Process Safety Management of Highly Hazardous Chemicals.       .134(b)         Sanitation       .134(b)         Sanitation       .141(a)(2)         Sawmills       .265(b)         Specifications for Accident Pre- vention Signs and Tags.       .107(a)         Spray Finishing Using Flammable and Combustible Materials.       .107(a)         Storage and Handling of Liquefied Petroleum Gases.       .107(a)         Tekeles       .268(s)         Zede(b)       .268(s)         Vehicle-Mounted Elevating and Rotating Work Platforms.       .94(a)(1), (b)(1)	Ionizing Rediation	1096(a)
Logging Operations       1025(0)         Logging Operations       266(c)         Longshoring and Marine Terminals       .16(c)         Machinery and Machine Ground- ing.       .112         Manlifts       .68(a)         Means of Egress       .34(c)         Methylene Chloride       .1052(b)         Methylene Chloride       .1052(b)         Mothylene Chloride       .1052(b)         Nonionizing Radiation       .97(a)(1)         Occupational Exposure to Haz- ardous Chemicals in Labora- tories.       .179(a)         Powered Platforms for Building Maintenance.       .179(a)         Process Safety Management of Highly Hazardous Chemicals.       .134(b)         Samills       .265(b)         Servicing Multi-Piece and Single- Piece Rim Wheels.       .134(b)         Shipyard Employment       .15(b)         Sings       .145(b)         Storage and Handling of Liquefied Petroleum Gases.       .107(a)         Textiles       .268(s)         Zetation       .268(s)         Vehicle-Mounted Elevating and Rotating Work Platforms.       .67(a)         Ventilation       .94(a)(1), (b)(1)	l oad	1025(b)
Longshoring and Marine Terminals       .16(c)         Longshoring and Marine Terminals       .16(c)         Machinery and Machine Grounding.       .211         Manlifts       .68(a)         Manitrs       .68(a)         Manitrs       .68(a)         Manitrs       .68(a)         Means of Egress       .34(c)         Methylene Chloride       .1052(b)         Nonionizing Radiation       .97(a)(1)         Occupational Exposure to Haz-       .1450(b)         ardous Chemicals in Laboratories.       .66(d)         Overhead and Gantry Cranes       .179(a)         Powered Platforms for Building       .66(d)         Maintenance.       .114(a)(2)         Samillis       .265(b)         Servicing Multi-Piece and Single-       .177(b)         Piece Rim Wheels.       .134(b)         Shipyard Employment       .15(b)         Sings and Tags.       .145(b)         Spray Finishing Using Flammable and Combustible Materials.       .110(a)         Petroleum Gases.       .268(s)         Textiles       .262(b)         Vehicle-Mounted Elevating and Rotating Work Platforms.       .67(a)         Ventilation       .94(a)(1), (b)(1)         (c)(1)	Logging Operations	266(c)
Anachinery and Machine Ground- ing.       .211         Machinery and Machine Ground- ing.       .211         Manlifts       .68(a)         Means of Egress       .34(c)         Methylene Chloride       .1052(b)         Methylene Chloride       .1050(b)         Nonionizing Radiation       .97(a)(1)         Occupational Exposure to Haz- ardous Chemicals in Labora- tories.       .97(a)(1)         Overhead and Gantry Cranes       .179(a)         Powered Platforms for Building Maintenance.       .179(a)         Process Safety Management of Highly Hazardous Chemicals.       .134(b)         Sammills       .265(b)         Servicing Multi-Piece and Single- Piece Rim Wheels.       .15(b)         Shipyard Employment       .15(b)         Storage and Handling of Liquefied Petroleum Gases.       .107(a)         Textiles       .262(b)         Vehicle-Mounted Elevating and Rotating Work Platforms.       .67(a)         Vehilation       .94(a)(1), (b)(1)         (c)(1)       .94(a)(1), (b)(1)	Longshoring and Marine Terminale	16(c)
ing.       211         ing.       68(a)         Manlifts	Machinery and Machine Ground	211
Manifits       .68(a)         Meanifits       .68(a)         Meanifits       .68(a)         Methylene Chloride       .1052(b)         Methylene dianiline       .1052(b)         Nonionizing Radiation       .97(a)(1)         Occupational Exposure to Haz- ardous Chemicals in Labora- tories.       .1450(b)         Powered Platforms for Building Maintenance.       .179(a)         Process Safety Management of Highyl Hazardous Chemicals.       .134(b)         Samitlis       .265(b)         Servicing Multi-Piece and Single- Piece Rim Wheels.       .134(b)         Shipyard Employment       .15(b)         Sings       .145(b)         Storage and Handling of Lisuefiad Petroleum Gases.       .107(a)         Tekcommunications       .268(s)         Textiles       .262(b)         Ventilation       .262(b)         Ventiles/Hounted Elevating and Rotating Work Platforms.       .67(a)         Ventilation       .94(a)(1), (b)(1)         (c)(1)       .94(a)(1), (b)(1)	ing.	
Means of Egress       .34(c)         Methylene Chloride       .1052(b)         Methylene Chloride       .1050(b)         Monionizing Radiation       .97(a)(1)         Occupational Exposure to Haz- ardous Chemicals in Labora- tories.       .179(a)         Overhead and Gantry Cranes       .179(a)         Powered Platforms for Building Maintenance.       .66(d)         Process Safety Management of Highly Hazardous Chemicals.       .134(b)         Respiratory Protection       .134(b)         Samills       .265(b)         Servicing Multi-Piece and Single- Piece Rim Wheels.       .15(b)         Shipyard Employment       .15(b)         Storage and Handling of Laverials.       .107(a)         Storage and Handling of Leverian       .110(a)         Petroleum Gases.       .268(s)         Tekties       .262(b)         Vehicle-Mounted Elevating and Rotating Work Platforms.       .94(a)(1), (b)(1)         (c)(1)       .94(a)(1), (b)(1)	Manlifts	.68(a)
Methylene Chloride     .1052(b)       Methylene Chloride     .1052(b)       Methylenedianiline     .1050(b)       Nonionizing Radiation     .97(a)(1)       Occupational Exposure to Haz- ardous Chemicals in Labora- tories.     .1450(b)       Overhead and Gantry Cranes     .179(a)       Powered Platforms for Building     .66(d)       Maintenance.     .119(b)       Process Safety Management of Highly Hazardous Chemicals.     .119(b)       Sanitation     .141(a)(2)       Sammilis     .265(b)       Servicing Multi-Piece and Single- Piece Rim Wheels.     .15(b)       Slings     .145(b)       Spezifications for Accident Pre- vention Signs and Tags.     .107(a)       Spray Finishing Using Flammable and Combustible Materials.     .107(a)       Storage and Handling of Liquefied Petroleum Gases.     .110(a)       Petroleum Gases.     .268(s)       Vehicle-Mounted Elevating and Rotating Work Platforms.     .67(a)       Ventilation     .94(a)(1), (b)(1)       (c)(1)     .94(a)(1), (b)(1)	Means of Egress	34(c)
Methylenedianiline       .1050(b)         Nonionizing Radiation       .97(a)(1)         Occupational Exposure to Haz- ardous Chemicals in Labora- tories.       .11450(b)         Overhead and Gantry Cranes       .179(a)         Powered Platforms for Building Maintenance.       .179(a)         Process Safety Management of Highly Hazardous Chemicals.       .119(b)         Respiratory Protection       .134(b)         Samillis       .265(b)         Servicing Multi-Piece and Single- Piece Rim Wheels.       .15(b)         Slings       .145(b)         Spray Finishing Using Flammable and Combustible Materials.       .107(a)         Storage and Handling of Liquefied Petroleum Gases.       .107(a)         Textiles       .268(s)         Vehicle-Mounted Elevating and Rotating Work Platforms.       .67(a)         Ventilation       .94(a)(1), (b)(1)	Methylene Chloride	.1052(b)
Nonionizing Radiation	Methylenedianiline	.1050(b)
Arrows Chemicals in Labora- tories.       .1450(b)         Overhead and Gantry Cranes       .179(a)         Powered Platforms for Building Maintenance.       .179(a)         Process Safety Management of Highly Hazardous Chemicals.       .119(b)         Sanitation       .134(b)         Samilis       .265(b)         Servicing Multi-Piece and Single- Piece Rim Wheels.       .134(b)         Shipyard Employment       .15(b)         Sings       .145(b)         Storage and Handling of Liquefied Petroleum Gases.       .107(a)         Textiles       .268(s)         Venice-Mounted Elevating and Rotating Work Platforms.       .94(a)(1), (b)(1)         Venitilation       .94(a)(1), (b)(1)	Nonionizing Badiation	97(a)(1)
ardous Chemicals in Labora- tories.       179(a)         Overhead and Gantry Cranes	Occupational Exposure to Haz-	.1450(b)
Verhead and Gantry Cranes       .179(a)         Overhead and Gantry Cranes       .66(d)         Maintenance.       .66(d)         Process Safety Management of       .119(b)         Highly Hazardous Chemicals.       .134(b)         Respiratory Protection       .134(b)         Samitation       .141(a)(2)         Sawmills       .265(b)         Servicing Multi-Piece and Single-       .15(b)         Piece Rim Wheels.       .15(b)         Slings       .145(b)         Spray Finishing Using Flammable and Combustible Materials.       .107(a)         Storage and Handling of Liquefied Petroleum Gases.       .110(a)         Petroleum Gases.       .262(b)         Vehicle-Mounted Elevating and Rotating Work Platforms.       .94(a)(1), (b)(1)         (c)(1)       .94(a)(1), (b)(1)	ardous Chemicals in Labora-	
Overhead and Gantry Cranes       .179(a)         Powered Platforms for Building       .66(d)         Maintenance.       .119(b)         Process Safety Management of Highly Hazardous Chemicals.       .119(b)         Respiratory Protection       .134(b)         Samitation       .141(a)(2)         Sawmills       .265(b)         Servicing Multi-Piece and Single- Piece Rim Wheels.       .15(b)         Slings       .145(b)         Specifications for Accident Pre- vention Signs and Tags.       .107(a)         Storage and Handling of Liquefied Petroleum Gases.       .107(a)         Tekcommunications       .268(s)         Zeac(b)       .67(a)         Wentiation       .94(a)(1), (b)(1)         (c)(1)       (c)(1)	tories.	
Powered Platforms for Building Maintenance.       .66(d)         Process Safety Management of Highly Hazardous Chemicals.       .119(b)         Respiratory Protection       .134(b)         Sanitation       .141(a)(2)         Sammills       .265(b)         Servicing Multi-Piece and Single- Piece Rim Wheels.       .15(b)         Shipyard Employment       .15(b)         Sings       .145(b)         Specifications for Accident Pre- vention Signs and Tags.       .107(a)         Storage and Handling of Liquefied Petroleum Gases.       .110(a)         Petroleum Gases.       .268(s)         Venicle-Mounted Elevating and Rotating Work Platforms.       .67(a)         Ventilation       .94(a)(1), (b)(1)         (c)(1)       .94(a)(1), (b)(1)	Overhead and Gantry Cranes	.179(a)
Maintenance.       Boldary         Maintenance.       Process Safety Management of Highly Hazardous Chemicals.       119(b)         Respiratory Protection       .134(b)         Sanitation       .141(a)(2)         Samills       .265(b)         Servicing Multi-Piece and Single- Piece Rim Wheels.       .15(b)         Shipyard Employment       .15(b)         Sings       .184(b)         Spezifications for Accident Pre- vention Signs and Tags.       .107(a)         Storage and Handling of Liquefied Petroleum Gases.       .101(a)         Textiles       .262(b)         Vehicle-Mounted Elevating and Rotating Work Platforms.       .94(a)(1), (b)(1)         Ventilation       .94(a)(1), (b)(1)	Powered Platforms for Building	.66(d)
Process Safety Management of Highly Hazardous Chemicals. Respiratory Protection	Maintenance	
Highly Hazardous Chemicals.       134(b)         Respiratory Protection       134(b)         Sanitation       141(a)(2)         Samrills       265(b)         Servicing Multi-Piece and Single-Piece Rim Wheels.       177(b)         Shipyard Employment       15(b)         Sings       184(b)         Specifications for Accident Prevention Signs and Tags.       107(a)         Storage and Handling of Liquefied Petroleum Gases.       110(a)         Textiles       268(s)         Ventiles/Mounted Elevating and Rotating Work Platforms.       67(a)         Ventilation       .94(a)(1), (b)(1)         (c)(1)       (c)(1)	Process Safety Management of	.119(b)
Respiratory Protection       .134(b)         Sanitation       .141(a)(2)         Samilla       .265(b)         Servicing Multi-Piece and Single-Piece Rim Wheels.       .177(b)         Shipyard Employment       .15(b)         Sings       .184(b)         Specifications for Accident Prevention Signs and Tags.       .145(b)         Spray Finishing Using Flammable and Combustible Materials.       .107(a)         Storage and Handling of Liquefied Petroleum Gases.       .10(a)         Textiles       .262(b)         Vehicle-Mounted Elevating and Rotating Work Platforms.       .94(a)(1), (b)(1)         Ventilation       .94(a)(1), (b)(1)	Highly Hazardous Chemicals	
Sanitation	Respiratory Protection	.134(b)
Sawmills       265(b)         Servicing Multi-Piece and Single-Piece Rim Wheels.       265(b)         Shipyard Employment       15(b)         Sings       144(b)         Specifications for Accident Prevention Signs and Tags.       1145(b)         Spray Finishing Using Flammable and Combustible Materials.       107(a)         Storage and Handling of Liquefied Petroleum Gases.       110(a)         Textiles       268(s)         Ventilstion       67(a)         Rotating Work Platforms.       .94(a)(1), (b)(1)         (c)(1)       (c)(1)	Sanitation	.141(a)(2)
Servicing Multi-Piece and Single- Piece Rim Wheels. Shipyard Employment	Sawmills	.265(b)
Piece Rim Wheels.	Servicing Multi-Piece and Single-	.177(b)
Shipyard Employment       .15(b)         Slings       .144(b)         Specifications for Accident Prevention Signs and Tags.       .145(b)         Spray Finishing Using Flammable and Combustible Materials.       .107(a)         Storage and Handling of Liquefied Petroleum Gases.       .110(a)         Telecommunications       .268(s)         Ventiles       .67(a)         Notating Work Platforms.       .94(a)(1), (b)(1)         (c)(1)       .94(a)(1), (b)(1)	Piece Rim Wheels	
Sings       .184(b)         Specifications for Accident Prevention Signs and Tags.       .145(b)         Syray Finishing Using Flammable and Combustible Materials.       .107(a)         Storage and Handling of Liquefied Petroleum Gases.       .110(a)         Tekecommunications       .268(s)         Textiles       .262(b)         Vehicle-Mounted Elevating and Rotating Work Platforms.       .94(a)(1), (b)(1)         (c)(1)       (c)(1)	Shipvard Employment	.15(b)
Specifications for Accident Prevention Signs and Tags.       .145(b)         Spray Finishing Using Flammable and Combustible Materials.       .107(a)         Storage and Handling of Liquefied Petroleum Gases.       .110(a)         Telecommunications       .268(s)         Textiles       .262(b)         Vehicle-Mounted Elevating and Rotating Work Platforms.       .94(a)(1), (b)(1)         Ventilation       .94(a)(1), (b)(1)	Slings	.184(b)
vention Signs and Tags.     107(a)       Spray Finishing Using Flammable and Combustible Materials.     107(a)       Storage and Handling of Liquefied Petroleum Gases.     110(a)       Telecommunications     .268(s)       Textiles     .262(b)       Vehicle-Mounted Elevating and Rotating Work Platforms.     .67(a)       Ventilation     .94(a)(1), (b)(1)       (c)(1)     .94(a)(1), (b)(1)	Specifications for Accident Pre-	.145(b)
Spray Finishing Using Flammable and Combustible Materials.       .107(a)         Storage and Handling of Liquefied Petroleum Gases.       .110(a)         Telecommunications       .268(s)         Textiles       .262(b)         Vehicle-Mounted Elevating and Rotating Work Platforms.       .67(a)         Ventilation       .94(a)(1), (b)(1)         (c)(1)       (c)(1)	vention Signs and Tags.	
and Combustible Materials.     110(a)       Storage and Handling of Liquefied     .110(a)       Petroleum Gases.     .268(s)       Textiles     .262(b)       Vehicle-Mounted Elevating and     .67(a)       Rotating Work Platforms.     .94(a)(1), (b)(1)       (c)(1)	Spray Finishing Using Flammable	.107(a)
Storage and Handling of Liquefiel       .110(a)         Petroleum Gases.       .268(s)         Textiles       .262(b)         Vehicle-Mounted Elevating and Rotating Work Platforms.       .67(a)         Ventilation       .94(a)(1), (b)(1)         (c)(1)       .94(a)(1), (b)(1)	and Combustible Materials.	
Petroleum Gases. Telecommunications	Storage and Handling of Liquefied	.110(a)
Telecommunications       .268(s)         Textiles       .262(b)         Vehicle-Mounted Elevating and Rotating Work Platforms.       .67(a)         Ventilation       .94(a)(1), (b)(1)         (c)(1)       .91(a)	Petroleum Gases.	- 1 - 7
Textiles     .262(b)       Vehicle-Mounted     Elevating and Rotating Work Platforms.     .67(a)       Ventilation     .94(a)(1), (b)(1)       (c)(1)     .91(a)	Telecommunications	.268(s)
Vehicle-Mounted Elevating and .67(a) . Rotating Work Platforms. Ventilation	Textiles	.262(b)
Rotating Work Platforms. Ventilation	Vehicle-Mounted Elevating and	.67(a)
Ventilation	Rotating Work Platforms.	
(c)(1)	Ventilation	.94(a)(1), (b)(1),
		(c)(1)
Vinyl Chloride	Vinyl Chloride	.1017(b)
Walking-Working Surfaces 21	Walking-Working Surfaces	.21

Subject term	Section No.	
Welding, Cutting, and Brazing Degreasing	.251	
Cleaning Compounds	.252(c)(11)(ii)	
Adjustments	181(f)(3)	
Cabs	181(i)(6)	
Definitions	181(a)	
Fire Extinguishers	181(i)(3)	
Guards	181(i)(1)	
Hooks	.181(i)(2)	
Inspections	.181(d)181(a)	
Load Handling	.181(i)	
Load Ratings	.181(c)	
Maintenance	.181(f)	
Operations	.181(ĥ)	
Operations Near Overhead Lines	.181(j)(5)	
Personnel, Designated	.181(b)(3)	
Refueling	.181(j)(4)	
Repairs, Adjustments and	.181(f)(3)	
Requirements, General	.181(b)(1)	
Requirements, Other	.181(j)	
Rope Inspections	.181(g)	
Telecommunications	.268(j)(4), (n)(10)	
Testing	.181(e)	
3',-Dichlorobenzidine (and Its Salts)	.1007	
(see also 13 Carcinogens		
Dies	.217(d)	
Changing	.218(n)(5)	
Fastening	.217(d)(7)	
Guide Post Hazards	.21/(d)(4)	
Handling	.217(0)(3), (8)	
Requirements	.217(d)(1)	
Scrap Handling	.217(0)(3)	
Stroke	.217(d)(b)	
I onnage	.217(0)(0)	
Woight	.217(0)(5)	
Diagol Roward Trucko	.217(0)(0) 179(b)(1) (2)	
Diesei Fowered Trucks	.170(D)(1)-(3)	
Bulk Oxygen Systems	104(h)(2)(y)	
Storage Tanks	106(b)(2)(vii)	
A-Dimethylaminoazobenzene (see also	1015	
13 Carcinogens)	.1015	
Dining Facilities (see also		
Lunchrooms)		
Labor Camps	.142(i)	
Dipping and Coating Operations (Dip	.123	
Tanks)		
Dipping and Coating Operations, Gen-	.124	
eral Requirements		
Dipping and Coating, Additional Re-	.125	
quirements, Flammable Liquids and		
Flashpoints		
Additional Requirements Special Dip-	.126	
ping and Coating		
Dip Tanks	.123, .126	
Application	.123(a)	
Bottom Drains	.125(c)	
Construction	.124(a), .125(a)	
Conveyors	.125(d), .126(g)(2)	
Covers	.125(f)(3)	
Electrical Ignition Sources	.125(e)(1)	
Electrostatic Apparatus	.126(g)	
Fire Extinguisners	.125(1)(2)(1)	
Fire Protection	.125(1)	
Flow Coating	.126(D)	
neating	.125(g)	
Ignition Sources	.125(e)	
Inspections	124(J)(1), (3)	
Liquid Storage	125(8)(2)	
Warflew Dinee	125(E)(4)	
Tomporing	.120(D) 126(a)	
Ventilation	120(a) 105(d)(0)	
	ı∠4(D), . I∠5(U)(2)	

Subject term	Section No.	
Waste Cans Disposal Systems (see Waste Dis-	.125(e)(4)(ii), (iii)	
posal). Distances from Hazards Ammonium Nitrate Bulk Oxygen Systems Electrostatic Spraying Explosives Storage Ignition Sources, Separation Spray Booths, Separations	.109(i)(5) .104(b)(3) .107(h)(6) .109(c) .107(c)(2) .107(b)(8)	
Distilleries (see also Refineries, Chem- ical Plants, and Distilleries) Distribution Plates	.106(i)	
Spray Booths Dividers, Bakery Equipment Diving, Commercial	.107(b)(4) .263(f) .401, .410, .420- .427, .430, .440, .441	
Recreational Instructors and Guides, Alternative Require- ments	.401(a)(3)	
Scientific Dockboards Dough Brakes, Manually Fed Drag Saws	.402 App. B .30(a) .263(h) .213(r)	
Drainage Bulk Plants Industrial Plants Labor Camps	.106(f)(7) .106(e)(3)(iv) 142(a)	
Processing Plants Service Stations Sprinkler Systems Storage Topko	.106(h)(3)(ii) .106(g)(7) .159(c)(7)	Far
Drains Air Receivers	.169(b)(2)	E
Dressing Rooms, Personnel (see Change Rooms) Drins Condensed Gas	.141(e)	Ele
Drives' Belt, Rope and Chain Belt Tighteners Cone-Pulley Belts	.219(e), (g), (o)(3) .219(e)(6) .219(e)(5)	
Horizontal Belts and Ropes Inclined Belts Overhead Horizontal Belts	.219(e)(1)(i) .219(e)(3) .219(e)(2)	
Vertical Belts Drums Dry Chemical Extinguishing Systems,	.219(e)(3), (4) .212(a)(4) .161	
Fixed. Scope and Application Specific Requirements	.161(a) .161(b)	
Brying Spraying Operations Drying, Curing, and Fusion Apparatus	.107(d)(12) .107(j)	
Conformance	.107(j)(3) .107(j)(1) .107(j)(4)	
Prohibited Alternate Use	.107(j)(2) .107(j)(2) .107(j)(2)	
Dual component coalings Dust Hazards Abrasive Blasting	.94(a)(2)	
Grain Handling Facilities	.1000(a) .272	Ele P
Hazard Communication	.1200(f)(7), .1200(h), .1200(j)	Ele (s
Labeling Provisions(Effective December 1, 2013). Labeling Provisions(Effective June	.1200(n) .1200	Ele S
1,2015). 1,3 Butadiene 1.2-Dibromo-3-Chloropropane	.1051(l) .1044(o)	Ele

Subject term	Section No.
13 Carcinogens	.1003(e)
Acrylonitrile	1045(p)
Arsenic, Inorganic	.1018(p)
Asbestos	.1001(i)
Benzene	.1028(i)
Bloodborne Pathogens	.1030(i)
Cadmium	.1027(m)
Chromium (VI)	.1026(1)
Coke Oven Emissions	1029(1)
Cotton Dust	.1043(i)
Ethylene Oxide	.1047(i)
Formaldehyde	1048(e) (m)
Lead	1025(m)
Methylene Chloride	1052(k)
Methylenedianiline	1050(k)
Vinvl Chloride	1017(1)
Public Contracts	98(d)
Signage Provisions (Effective June	1200(i)(2)
1 2016)	.1200(j)(2)
1,2010). 1.2-Dibrome-3-Chloropropaga	1044(0)(2)
12 Caroinogons	1002(0)(2)
Acadonitrile	1045(b)(2)V
Accyloniume	.1045(p)(2)
Arsenic, inorganic	.1018(p)(2)
Aspestos	.1001(J)(4)
Benzene	.1028(j)(2)
Cadmium	.1027(m)(2)
Coke Oven Emissions	.1029(l)(2)
Cotton Dust	1043(j)(2)
Ethylene Oxide	.1047(j)(2)
Formaldehyde	.1025(m)(2)
Methylenedianiline	.1050(k)(2)
Vinyl Chloride	.1017(l)(2)
Egress, Means of (see Exit Routes,	
Emergency Action Plans, and Fire	
Prevention Plans).	
Electrical.	
Definitions Applicable to This Sub-	.399
part.	
Electric Utilization Systems	.302
General	.303
Hazardous (Classified) Locations	307
Introduction	301
References for Further Information	
Safaquarda for Porconnol Protoc	225 A
tion	.000
	001
Scope	.001/a)
Covered work by Both Quali-	.331(a)
tied and Unqualified Per-	
sons.	
Excluded Work by Qualified	.331(c)
Persons.	
Other Covered Work by Un-	.331(b)
qualified Persons.	
Selection and Use of Work Prac-	.333
tices.	
Specific Purpose Equipment and	.306
Installations	
Special Systems	.308
Training	332
Lise of Equipment	33/
Wiring Design and Protection	304
Wiring Mothodo Components	.004
winning internous, Components, and	.305
Equipment for General Use.	047(1-)(0)
Electric Controls, Mechanical Power	.217(D)(8)
Presses	
Electric Energy, Hazardous, Control of	
(see Lockout/Tagout).	
Electric Equipment (see Electric Wir-	
ing).	
Electric Ignition Sources (see Ignition	.107(c), .107(d)(5)
Sources)	(-), - (-)(-)
Electric Motor Ignition Sources	.107(d)(5)
Electric Power Generation Trans-	269
mission and Distribution	00
moolon, and biombullon.	

Subject term	Section No.	Subject term	Section No.
Capacitors	269(w)(1)	Escalators	306(c)
Communications Facilities	269(s)	Examination of Equipment	303(b)(1)
Microwaye Transmission	269(s)(1)	Fire Protective Signaling Circuits	308(d)
Current Transformer Secondaries	269(w)(2)	Fittings	305(b)
De-energizing Lines and Equin-	269(m)	Fixture Wires	305(i)
ment	.200(11)	Flexible Cords and Cables	305(a)
Definitions	260(x)	General Bequirements	303
Enclosed Spaces	269(e)	Grounded and Grounding Conduc-	304(a)
Excavations	269(f)	tors Installation and Lise	.004(u)
Exposed Energized Parts	269(I) App B	Grounding	304(f)
Qualified Employees	269(1)(1)	Guarding Live Parts	303(a)(2)
Minimum Approach Distances	269(1)(2)	Hand Spraving	107(i)(5)
Fall Protection	269(g)(2)	Heating Equipment	306(a)
Grounding	269(n)	High Voltage (Over 600 Volts)	.000(g)
Protective Grounding Equin-	269(n)(4)	General	308(a)
ment	1200(1)(1)	Grounding	304(f)(7)
Hazardous Energy Control (Lock-	269(d) 269	Guarding	303(h)(2)
out/Tagout	(m)(3)(iv)	Workspace	303(h)(3)
Job Briefing	269(c)	Wondpade	303(h)(4)
Ladders Platforms Steps etc.	269(b)	Hoists	306(b)
Ladders, Flatforms, Oteps, etc	269(w)(8)	Identification of Disconnecting	303(f)
Live-Line Tools	269(i)	Means and Circuits	.000(1)
Materials Handling and Storage	269(k)	Ignition Sources	107(c)(4) (6)
Storage Near Energized Lines	269(k)(2)	Industrial Plants	106(e)(7)
Mechanical Equipment	269(n)	Installation and Use of Equipment	303(b)(2)
Boll-Over Protection	269(p)(1)(iv)	Irrigation Machines	306(i)
Medical Services and First Aid	269(b)	Lamps	305(i)(1)
Overhead Lines	269(g)	Liquefied Hydrogen Systems	103(c)(1)(ix)
Installing and Removing	269(q)(2)	Liquefied Petroleum Systems	110(b)(17) (18)
Live-Line Bare-Hand Work	269(a)(3)		(h)(13)
Towers and Structures	269(q)(4)	Marking	303(e
Personal Protective Equipment	269(q) $269(n)(4)$	Motors	305(i)(4)
	269(r)(2)(v)	Moving Walks	306(c)
	269(r)(4)(ii)	Outline Lighting	306(a)
Power Generation	269(v)	Outside Conductors	304(c)
Coal and Ash Handling	269(v)(11)	Overcurrent Protection	304(0)
Power Tools Hand and Portable	269(i)	Panelboards	305(d)
Substations	269(1)	Portable Cables	305(b)
Testing and Test Facilities	269(a) 269 App	Powder Coatings	107(1)(1)
resulty and rest racintes	D	Power-Limited Circuits	308(c)
Training	269(a)(2)	Processing Plants	106(b)(7)(iii)
	260(h)(1)	Becentacles	305(i)(2)
	269(d)(2)	Bemote Control Circuits	308(c)
	269(a)(2)	Services	304(d)
	269(d)(3)(i)	Service Stations	106(a)(5)
	269(r)(1)(vi)	Signaling Circuits	308(c)
Tree Trimming Line-Clearance	269(r) 269	Signs	306(a)
rice mining, Ene olearance	(a)(1)(E)	Splices	$303(c)$ $303(i)(1)_{-}$
I Inqualified Employees	269(r)(1)		(5)
Underground Electrical Installa-	269(t)	Storage Batteries	305(i)(7)
tions	200(1)	Spraving Operations	107(c)(4) $107(6)$
Water Work Near	269(w)(5)	Storage Booms	106(d)(4)(iii)
Electric Power Lines	.200(11)(0)	Swimming Pools	306(i)
Safety-Belated Work Practices	333(c)(3)	Switchboards	305(d)
Electric Powered Trucks	178(b)(4)-(7)	Switches	305(c)
Electric Wiring		Transformers	305(i)(5)
Ammonium Nitrate	109(i)(6)	Welders	306(d)
Annliances	305(i)(3)	Work Practices Safety-Belated	331 to 335
Approval	303(a)	Working Space About Electric	303(a)(1)
Arcing Parts	303(d)	Equipment	303(h)(3) 303
Boxes	305(b)	Equipment	(h)(4)
Branch Circuits	304(b)	X-Bay Equipment	306(f)
Bulk Oxygen Systems	104(b)(8)(ix)	Electrical Installations	301-300
Bulk Plants	.106(f)(5)	Electrical Protective Equipment	.137268(f)
Cabinets	305(b)	Design	137(a)
Communications Systems	308(e)	Care and Use In-Service	137(b)
Conductors	305(f)	Electrical Safety-Belated Work Proc-	331-335
Cranes	179(a) 306(b)	tices	
Data Processing Systems	306(e)	Confined Spaces	333(c)(5)
Electrolytic Celle	306(h)	Illumination	333(c)(4)
Elevatore	306(c)	Ladders Portable	333(c)(7)
Emergency Systems	308(b)	Lockout and Tage	333(b) 225(b)(1)
Enclosures for Damp or Wot	305(e)	Personal Protective Equipment	333(c)(2) 335(c)(1)
	.000(0)	Portable Electric Equipment	334(a)
Locationsv.		i onable Lieune Lyuphient	

Subject term	Section No.
Power Lines, Overhead	.333(c)(3)
Training	.332
Electromagnetic Radiation.	
Definitions	.97(a)(1)
Restoction Guide	.97(a) 97(a)(2)
Warning Symbol	.97(a)(2) 97(a)(3)
Electrostatic Apparatus (see also Elec-	.07(0)(0)
trostatic Apparatus, Fixed; Electro-	
static Hand Spraying Equipment).	
Powder Coatings	.107(l)(5)-(7)
Electrostatic Apparatus, Fixed	.107(h)
Conformance	.107(I)(5) 107(b)(1)
Conveyors	107(h)(7)
Fail-Safe Controls	.107(h)(9),
	.107(h)(10)
Insulators	.107(h)(5)
Location	.107(h)(3)
Supports	.107(h)(4)
Electrostatic Hand Spraving Equipment	107(i)(11), 107(i)
Application	.107(i)(1)
Approval	.107(i)(3)
Conformance	.107(i)(2)
Electrical Support Equipment	.107(i)(4)
Grounding	107(i)(5)-(7)
Powder Coatings	107(1)(6)
Specifications	.107(i)(3), (4)
Spray Gun Grounding	.107(i)(5)
Ventilation	.107(i)(9)
Elevating Work Platforms (see Vehicle-	.67
Mounted Elevating and Rotating	
Work Platforms)	29
1.3-Butadiene	.00 1051(i)
Employee Alarm Systems	.165(b)
Ethylene Oxide	.1047(h)
Fire Detection Systems	.164(e)(3)
Fixed Extinguishing Systems	.160(c)
Grain Handling Facilities	.2/2(d)
Emergency Response Exemp-	.120(I), .120(P)(8)
tion.	
Hazardous Substance Release,	.120(q)(1)
Emergency Response.	
Highly Hazardous Chemicals,	.38
Means of Egress.	(050())
Methylenedianiline	.1050(d)
Powered Platforms for Building	.157(D)(2) 66(e)(9)
Maintenance.	.00(0)(0)
Process Safety Management	.119(n)
Emergency Lighting	.261(b)(2)
Emergency Response (see Hazardous	.120(e)(7)
Waste Operations and Emergency	
Response).	
Acrylonitrile	1045(i)(1)
Benzene	.1028(i)(4)
1,3-Butadiene	.1051(j), .1051(k)
Cadmium	.1027(h)
Commercial Diving Operations	.401(b)(1)
(Scope).	1044(i)(1)
Chloropropage)	1044(I)(I), 1044(m)(6)
Ethylene Oxide	.1047(f)(2).
,	.1047(h)(1)
Explosives and Blasting Agents	.109(g)(3), (h)(4)
Hazardous Waste Operations	.120(e)(7),
	.120(f)(3),
Powered Industrial Trucks	.120(1)(3)

Subject term	Section No.
Powered Platforms for Building	.66 App. C
Methylenedianiline	.1050(d)(1), .1050(m)(1),
Methylene Chloride	.1050(m)(4) 1052(i)(6)
Respiratory Protection	.134(c)(1).
	.134(d)(3),
	.134(k)(1)
Telecommunications	.268(c)(2)
Fmployee Alarm Systems	.1017(1) 165
Installation and Restoration	.65(c)
Maintenance and Testing	.165(d)
Manual Operation	.165(e)
Employee-Owned Protective Equip-	.132(b)
Employee Protection (see Personal	
Protective Equipment).	
Engineering Controls	
Acrylonitrile	.1045(g)(1)
Benzene	1028(f)(1)
1,3-Butadiene	.1051(f)(1)
Bloodborne Pathogens	.1030(d)(2)
Cadmium	.1027(†)
Coke Oven Emissions	1020(I)(I)
Cotton Dust	.1043(e)(1)
1,2-Dibromo-3-Chloropropane	.1044(g)
Ethylene Oxide	.1047(t)(1)
Hazardous Waste Operations and	.1048(I)(I) 120(a)
Emergency Response.	
Chromium (VI)	.1026(f)(1)
Lead	.1025(f)(1)
Methylene Chloride	1050(g)(1) 1052(f)(1)
Noise Exposure	.95(b)(1)
Respiratory Protection	.134(a)
Engine Room Guardrails	.219(k)(2)
Accident Prevention Signs and Tags.	.145
Labor Camps	.142
Marking Physical Hazards	.144
Radiation	.144
Non-Ionizing	.97
Safety Color Codes	.144
Sanitation	.141 145
Ventilation	.94
Equalizers, Crane Hoists	.179(h)(3)
Ethylene Oxide	.1047
Emorgonov Situations	.1047(j) 1047(b)
Exposure Monitoring	.1047(d)
Medical Surveillance	.1047(i)
Methods of Compliance	.1047(f)
Dermissible Exposure Limit (PEL)	.1047(I) 1047(c)
Recordkeeping	.1047(k)
Regulated Areas	.1047(e)
Respiratory Protection and Per-	.1047(g)
sonal Protective Equipment.	1012
gens)	
Exhaust Air Filters, Spray Booths Exhaust Systems (see also Ventila-	.107(b)(5)
Abrasive Blasting	.94(a)(4)
Grinding, Polishing, and Buff- ing.	.94(b)(4)

Subject term	Section No.	Subject term	Section No.
Sawmills Exhausts, Spraying Operations	.265(c)(20) .107(d)(3), .107	Chemicals, Highly Hazardous, Process Safety Management.	.119
Exit Routes, Emergency Action Plans, and Fire Prevention Plans.	(d)(7), .107(d)(9) .33 to .39	Explosives at Piers, Railway Sta- tions and Cars, or Vessels Not Otherwise Specified.	.109(f)
Compliance with Alternate Exit-	.35	Hours of Transfer	.109(f)(5)
Route Codes.		Magazines, Construction of	.109(c)(2)
Coverage and Definitions	.34	Miscellaneous Provisions	.109(b)
Design and Construction Require-	.36	General Hazard	.109(b)(1)
ments.		Mixing Venicles	.109(h)(4)
Basic Requirements	.36(a)	Piers, Explosives at	.109(f)
Exit Discharge	.36(c)	Railroad Stations, Explosives at	.109(f)
Exit Door Must Be Unlocked	.36(d)	Scope	.109(K) 109(b)
Capacity of an Exit Route	.36(†)	Small Arms Ammunition Primers	109(i)
Must Be Adequate.	00()	and Propellants	.103(j)
Minimum Height and Width	.36(g)	Scope	.109(i)(1)
Requirements.	0C(h)	Storage of Explosives	.109(c)
Outdoor Exit Routes In Port	.30(D)	Transportation	.109(d)
mitted	.30(1)	Use of Explosives and Blasting	.109(e)
Side-Hinged Exit Door Must	.36(e)	Agents. Blast Holes, Loading of Explo-	.109(e)(3)
Emergency Action Plans	38	sives.	
Application	.38(a)	Charge Initiation	.109(e)(4)
Written and Oral Emergency	.38(b)	Loading of Explosives in Blast	.109(e)(3)
Action Plans.	(-)	Holes.	400(-)(4)
Minimum Elements of an	.38(c)	Smoking, while Using Explo-	.109(e)(1)
Emergency Action Plan.		Sives.	100(0)(5)
Employee Alarm Systems	.38(d)	Varining Required	109(e)(5)
Training	.38(e)	Water Gel (Slurry) Explosives and	109(h)
Review of Emergency Action	.38(f)	Blasting Agents.	
Plan.		Exposure.	
Exit Routes, Emergency Action	App. A	Air Contaminants	.1000
Plans, and Fire Prevention		Bloodborne Pathogens, for	.1030(c)
Plans.		Healthcare Professions and Re-	
Fire Prevention Plans	.39	lated Industries.	
Application	.39(a)	Mineral Dusts	.1000 Table Z-3
Minimum Elemente of a Fire	.39(u) 20(a)	Noise	.95
Provention Plan	.09(0)	Exposure Monitoring.	
Written and Oral Fire Preven-	39(b)	Acrylonitrile	.1045(e)
tion Plans	.00(0)	Arsenic, Inorganic	.1018(e)
Maintenance, Safeguards, and	.37	Aspesios	1028(o)
Operational Features for Exit		1 3-Butadiana	1051(d)
Routes.		Cadmium	1027(d)
Danger to Employees Must	.37(a)	Chromium (VI)	.1026(d)
Be Minimized.		Coke Oven Emissions	.1029(e)
Employee Alarm System Must	.37(e)	Cotton Dust	.1043(d)
Be Operable.		DBCP (1,2-Dibromo-3-	.1044(f)
Lighting and Marking	.37(b)	Chloropropane).	
Maintaining Exit Routes Dur-	.37(d)	Electric Power Generation, Trans-	.269(s)(1)(iii)
ing Construction, Repairs,		mission, and Distribution.	
Of Allerations. Maintananaa of Eira Batard	27(0)	Ethylene Oxide	.1047(d)
ant Proportios in Paints and	.37(0)	Formaldenyde	.1048(d)
Solutions		Grain Handling Facilities	.272(q)(4), (1)(1)
Explosive-Actuated Eastening Tools	2/3(d)	Hazardous waste Operations	.120(C)(6), (N)
Definitions	241(a)		1025(d)
Fasteners	.243(d)(3)	Methylene Chloride	1052(d)
High-Velocity Tools	.243(d)(2)(i)	4 4-Methylenedianiline	1050(e)
Inspection	.243(d)(2)	Noise	.95(d)
Loads	.243(d)(3)	Vinvl Chloride	.1017(d)
Low-Velocity Tools	.243(d)(2)(ii)	Extension Ladders, Portable.	
Maintenance	.243(d)(2)	Metal	.26(a)(2)
Explosives and Blasting Agents	.109	Metal, Trestle	.26(a)(4)
Ammonium Nitrate, Storage of	.109(i)	Wood	.25
Blasting Agents	.109(e), .109(g)	Wood, Trestle	.25(c)(3)(v)
Blast Holes, Loading of Explosives	.109(e)(3)	Extension Lamps, Cranes	.179(g)(7)
in.		Extractors	.262(y)
Bulk Delivery	.109(h)(4)	Eye and Face Protection	.133
Cars, Hailroad, or Vessels, Explo-	.109(t)	Markings	.133(a)(4)
SIVES AT.	100(a)(4)	Optical Corrections	.133(a)(3)
Charge milliation	1.109(8)(4)	Protectors	

Subject term	Section No.	
Welding Face Protection (see also Eye and Face Protection; Personal Protective Equipment)	.252(b)(2) .133	
Facilities, Labor Camps (see Labor		
Fail-Safe Controls, Spraying Overhead and Gantry Cranes	.107(h)(9) .179(a)(40), 179(g)(3)(viii)	
Fall Protection (see also Guardrails;	, o(g)(o)()	
Electric Power Generation, Trans- mission, and Distribution. Powered Platforms for Building Maintenance.	.269(g)(2), .269 (r)(8) .66(j)	
Safe Surface, Definition Personal Fall Arrest System	.66(d) .66 App. C	
Railings	.23	
Telecommunications	.268(g)	
Training	.66 App. A 10	
I ree Trimming Working Platform Personal	.269(r)(8) 66(i)	
Fan-Rotating Element	.107(d)(4)	
Farm Vehicles, Anhydrous Ammonia	.111(g), (h)	
Fastening Tools	.243(d)(3) 243(d)	
Filling Densities, Liquefied Petroleum	.110(b)(12)	
Filters, Spraying	.107(b)(5)	
Fire Brigades (see Fire Protection)	.156	
Installation and Restoration	.164 164(b)	
Maintenance and Testing	.164(c)	
Number, Location, Spacing of De-	.164(f)	
Protection of Fire Detectors	.164(d)	
Response Time	.164(e)	
Fire Extinguishers (see Fire Extin-		
Cranes	.179(c)(3), (o)(3)	
Crawler Locomotive, and Truck Cranes.	.180(i)(5)	
Derricks	.181(j)(3)	
Dip Tanks	.125(f)(2)(i)	
Transportation	.109(d)(2)	
Welding	.252(a)(2)(ii)	
Fire Extinguishers, Portable	.157	
General Bequirements	.157(D) 157(c)	
Hydrostatic Testing	.157(f)	
Inspection, Maintenance, and	.157(e)	
Scope and Application	.157(a)	-ır
Selection and Distribution	.157(d)	
Training and Education	.157(g) F	Fir
Application	.39 39(a)	
1,3-Butadiene	.1051(j)	
Employee Information	.39(d) F	Fir
Ethylene Oxide	.1047(h)(1) F	Fir
Elements of.	.39(0)	-11
Fire Protection Plans, Written and	.39(b) F	Fit
Orai. Guidelines, Nonmandatory	App. to Subpart E	ı Fib
Methylenedianiline	.1050(d)(1)	1
Portable Fire Extinguishers	.157(b)	
Fire Protection	.155 to .165	
Bulk Plants	.109(f)(7)	
Chemical Plants	.106(i)(5)	
Definitions	.155	

Subject term	Section No.
Distillarias	100(1)(5)
Distilleries	.106(1)(5)
Electrostatic Apparatus	.107(n)(12)
Employee Alarm Systems	.165
Fire Brigades	.156
Publications	.156 App. D
Fire Detection Systems	.164
Installation and Restoration	.164(b)
Maintenance and Testing	.164(c)
Number, Location, Spacing of	.164(f)
Detecting Devices.	
Protection of Fire Detectors	.164(d)
Response Time	.164(e)
Fire Fighting Equipment	.156(d)
Flammable Liquids	.106(d)(7),
•	.106(e)(5),
	.106(f)(8),
	.106(q)(9),
	.106(h)(6).
	.106(i)(5)
Industrial Plants	.106(e)(5)
Liquefied Petroleum Gases	.110(d)(14).
	110(f)(7)
	110(h)(14)
National Consensus Standards	165 Ann B
Organization	156(b)
Protoctivo Clothing	156(o)
Body Protection	156(0)(2)
East and Log Protection	156(0)(2)
Hand Protection	156(0)(4)
Hand Eve Ease Protection	156(e)(4)
Teat, Lye, Face Flotection	150(8)(5)
Clothing	.150 App. E
Brossesing Blants	106/b)/6)
Potoropoos for Eurthor Informa-	155 App C
tion Fire Protection	.155 App. 0
Besniratory Protection	156/f)
General Requirements	156(f)(1)
Positive-Pressure Breathing	156(f)(2)
Annaratus	.100(1)(2)
Scope Application and Definitions	155
Selection and Distribution	157(d)
Test Methods for Protective Cloth-	.156 App. E
ing.	
Training and Education	.156(c)
Refineries	.106(i)(5)
Service Stations	106(a)(9)
Spray Booths	107(f)
Cleaning	107(f)(3)
Conformance	107(f)(1)
Extinguishers Portable	107(f)(4)
Valvo Accoss	107(f)(2)
Storago Tanks	106(d)(7)
Trucke	179
Fire Protection Equipment	.170
Color Identification	144(a)(1)
Fire Brigades	156(d)
Fire Besistance(Bating)	.100(u)
Inside Storage Booms	106(d)(4)(ii)
Storage Cabinets	106(d)(3)(ii)
Tank Supports	106(b)(5)(ii)
Fire Watch Welding	252(a)(2)(iii)
Fireworks(see Pyrotechnics).	
First Aid(see Medical Services and	.151
First Aid)	
Fittings(see Piping, Fittings, and Tub-	
ing; Piping, Valves, and Fittings.	
Fixed Fire Suppression Equipment	.159
Automatic Sprinkler Systems.	
Fixed Extinguishing Systems	.160
Dry Chemical, Fixed Extin-	.161
guishing Systems.	
Gaseous Agent, Fixed Extin-	.162
guishing Systems.	
General	.160

Subject term	Section No.
Water Spray and Foam, Fixed	.163
Fixed Industrial Stairs (see Stairs, Fixed Industrial)	.24
Fixed Ladders (see Ladders Fixed)	27 268(h)
Elammable and Combustible Liquids	106
Bulk Plante	106(f)
Chamical Plants	106(i)
Container and Partable Tank Stor	106(d)
Container and Portable Tarik Stor-	.106(d)
aye.	100(4)(0)
Design, Construction, and Ca-	.106(d)(Z)
pacity of Containers.	
Design, Construction, and Ca-	.106(d)(3)
pacity of Storage Cabinets.	
Design and Construction of	.106(d)(4)
Inside Storage Rooms.	
Fire Control	.106(d)(7)
Storage Inside Buildings	.106(d)(5)
Storage Outside Buildings	.106(d)(6)
Container Marking, Color Codes	.144(a)(1)(ii)
Distilleries	.106(i)
Hazards, Communication of	.1200
Ignition Sources	.106(b)(6).
3	.106(e)(6)(i).
	106(f)(6)
	106(d)(8) 106
	(h)(7)
Industrial Planta	(1)(7)
Dining Values and Ettings	100(e)
Piping, valves, and Fittings	.106(C)
Design	.106(C)(I)
General	.106(c)(1)
Materials for Piping, Valves,	.106(c)(2)
and Fittings.	
Pipe Joints	.106(c)(3)
Protection Against Corrosion	.106(c)(5)
Supports	.106(c)(4)
Testing	.106(c)(7)
Valves	.106(c)(6)
Pressure Vessels	.106(b)(1)(v)
Processing Plants	.106(h)
Refineries, Chemical Plants and	.106(i)
Distilleries.	()
Scope	.106(j)
Service Stations	.106(a)
Spray Finishing Using Flammable	.107
Materials (see Spray Finishing	
Using Elammable and Combus-	
tible Materials)	
Storage Containers	106(d)
Tank Storage	106(b)
Design and Construction of	106(b)(1)
Tanke	.100(0)(1)
Installation of Outside Above-	106(b)(2)
Ground Tanks	.100(b)(2)
Installation of Under-Ground	106(b)(3)
Tanke	.100(0)(3)
Installation of Tanka Inside of	106(b)(4)
Duildings	.100(0)(4)
Bullaings.	100(1-)(5)
Supports, Foundations and	.106(0)(5)
Anchorage for All Tanks Lo-	
cations.	
lesting	.106(b)(7)
Flammable Materials, Trucks Used	.178(c)(2)
Flanges (see also Abrasive Wheel Ma-	.215
chinery)	
Flash Welding Equipment	.255(d)
Fire Curtains	.255(d)(2)
Ventilation	.255(d)(1)
Float Scaffolds	.28(u)
Flooding, Tank Areas	.106(b)(5)(vi)
Floor Loading	.22(d)
Floor Openings (Holes)	.23(a)
Manlifts	.68(b)(5), .68(7)
Floors.	··//·//
Covers, Hinged	.23(a)(3)(i)
,	/ / . /

Subject term	Section No.
Open-Sided	23(c)
Spray Bootho	107(b)(2)
Elow Costingo	106(b)
Flow Coalings	.120(D)
Fluidized Beas	.107(1)(7)
Fluorine Compounds, weiding (see	.252(0)(5)
also Air Contaminants)	400
Foam Extinguishing Systems, Fixed	.163
Food Handling	.141(n)
Foot Pedals, Power Presses	.217(b)(4)
Foot Protection	.136
Footwalks	
Cranes	.179(d)
Forging Hammers	.218(a)(3)
Foot-Operated Devices	.218(b)(2)
Gravity	.218(e)
Air Lifts	.218(e)(1)
Board Drop Hammers	.218(e)(2)
Keys	.218(b)(1)
Power-Driven	.218(d)
Cylinder Draining	.218(d)(3)
Pressure Pipes	.218(d)(4)
Safety Cylinder Heads	.218(d)(1)
Shutoff Valves	.218(d)(2)
Forging Machine Area	.30(b)
Forging Machines	.218
Forging Presses	.218(f)
Definitions of Forging and Hot	.211(e)
Metal.	(-)
Gravity Hammers	.218(e)
Air Lift Hammers	218(e)(1)
Board Drophammers	218(e)(2)
Hammers General	218(b)
Foot Operated Devices	218(b)(2)
Keys (Die Keys and Shims)	218(b)(1)
Other Forge Facility Equipment	.210(D)(1)
Convoyoro	.210(j)
Crinding	.210(j)(3)
	.218(j)(5)
Saws	218(j)(2)
Shot Blast	.218(j)(4)
Other Forging Equipment	.218(1)
Boltheading	.218(I)(1)
Rivet Making	.218(I)(2)
Power-Driven Hammers	.218(d)
Cylinder Draining	.218(d)(3)
Pressure Pipes	218(d)(4)
Safety Cylinder Heads	.218(d)(1)
Shutoff Valves	.218(d)(2)
Requirements, General	.218(a)
Forging Hammers	.218(a)(3)
Hammers	.218(a)(3)
Inspections	.218(a)(2)
Lead Use	.218(a)(1)
Maintenance	.218(a)(2)
Trimming Presses	.218(g)
Cold Trimming Presses	.218(g)(2)
Hot Trimming Presses	.218(g)(1)
Upsetters	.218(h)
Lockouts	.218(h)(2)
Forklifts (see also Powered Industrial	- ( )( )
Trucks).	
Logging Operations	.266(f)(4)
Powered Industrial Trucks	178
Pulp, Paper, and Paperboard Mills	.261(c)(1)
Fork Trucks (see also Powered Indus-	.178
trial Trucks)	
Formaldebyde	1048
Communication of Hazarde	1048(m)
Emergencies	10/18(k)
Employee Information and Train	10/18(n)
ing	. 1040(11)
ing.	
·	1040(4)
Exposure Monitoring	.1048(0)
Husiana Bratast	.1048(J)
mygiene Protection	.1048(1)

Subject term	Section No.
Medical Surveillance	.1048(I)
Methods of Compliance	.1048(f)
Permissible Exposure Limit (PEL)	.1048(c)
Protective Equipment and Clothing	.1048(h)
Recordkeeping	.1048(o)
Regulated Areas	.1048(e)
Respiratory Protection	.1048(g)
Fuel-Gas Systems(see also Oxygen-	.253
Fuel Gas Welding and Cutting)	
Fuels (see also Refueling).	170/0
Handling and Storage	.178(1)
and Eucion Apparatus)	
Gaging Devices	110(b)(19)
Gantry Cranes (see also Overhead	.179
and Gantry Cranes)	
Garages, Undercoating Operations	.107(k)
Garnett Machines	.262(f)
Gas Cylinder Inspection	.101(a)
Gaseous Agent Extinguishing Sys-	.162
tems; Fixed.	100(-)
Scope and Application	.162(a)
Specific Requirements	.162(0)
drogen)	
Gasoline Powered Trucks	178(b)(8) 178(9)
Gears	.219(f)
Gill Boxes	.262(k)
Gin Pole Derricks (see also Derricks)	.181(a)(6)
Gloves, Rubber Insulating	.137
Glue Spreaders	.213(r)
Goggles (see also Eye Protection; Eye	.133, .252(b)(2)(i)(B)
and Face Protection)	
Grain Handling Facilities	.2/2
Application	.272(D)
Engulfment Hazard	.272(u) 272(a)(2)
Enguiment nazaru	272(a)(2)
	272(h)(1)
Entry into Grain Storage Struc-	.272(a)
tures.	(0)
Entry into Flat Storage Structures	.272(h)
Lifeline	.272(h)(1)
Walking Down Grain	.272(h)(2)(ii)
Hot Work Permit	.272(f)
I raining	.272(e)
Written Housekeeping Plan	.2/2(J)
Gravity Hammers Grinders (see also Abrasive Wheel	.218(e)
Machinery)	
Grinding Forging Equipment	218(i)(5)
Grinding Machines (see also Abrasive	.210(j)(0)
Wheel Machinery)	
Cylindrical	.215(b)(4)
Flanges	.215(a)(3)
Surface Grinders	.215(b)(5)
Swing Frame Grinders	.215(b)(6)
Top Grinding	.215(b)(8)
Work Rest	.215(a)(4)
Branch Pinos	04(b)(3)
Enclosure Design	94(b)(5)
Enclosure Design	94(h)(4)
Hoods	.94(b)(3), (5)
Grinding, Top	.215(b)(8)
Grounding.	- ( - / ( - /
Bulk Oxygen Systems	.104(b)(7)(iv)
Electric Power Generation, Trans-	.269(n)
mission, and Distribution.	
Electrostatic Spraying	.107(h)(5),
	.107(i)(5)-(7)
Fiammable and Combustible Liq-	.106(e)(6)(ii), .106
uius.	(I)(3)(IV) 204(f)
General	.304(1)

Subject term	Section No.
Hand Spraving	107(i)(5)-(7)
Ignition Sources	107(c)(9)
Liquofied Hydrogon Systems	103(c)(4)(iv)
Liquelled Hydrogen Systems	103(0)(4)(10)
Liquid Transier	.107(e)(9)
Spray Bootris	.107(1)(10)
Spraying Operations	.107(C)(9), .107
	(e)(9), .107(i)(5)-
	(7)
Telecommunications	.268(m)
Welding	.254(c)(2),
	.254(d)(3),
	.255(b)(9),
	.255(c)(6)
Woodworking Tools	.243(a)(5)
Guarding (See Also Term to which it	.211222
Applies).	
Abrasive Wheels, Portable	.243(c)
Floor Openings (Holes)	.23(a)
Hatchways	.23(a)(3)
Ladderways	23(a)(2)
Live Parts	303(q)(2)
	303(h)(2)
Materials Handling and Storage	176(a)
Open-Sided Eleors	22(0)
Diatforme	.23(0)
Platforms	.23(0)
Powered Platforms	.00(e)(3)
Powered Tools, Portable	.243
Railings	.23(e)
Runways	.23(C)
Resistance Welding	.255(a)(4),
	.255(b)(4)
Sawmills	.265(c)(18)(i)
Skylight	.23(a)(4)
Spraying Equipment	.107(h)(10)
Stairways	.23(a)(1), (d)
Telecommunications Manholes	.268(o)(1)
Wall Openings (Holes)	.23(b)
Guarding of Portable Powered Tools	.243
Explosive Actuated Fastening	.243(d)
Tools.	
General Requirements	.243(d)(1)
Inspection, Maintenance, and	.243(d)(2)
Tool Handling.	
Loads and Easteners Re-	243(d)(3)
quirements for	
Operating Requirements	243(d)(4)
Pneumatic Powered Tools and	2/3(h)
Honor	.240(0)
Airbosos	2/2/b)(2)
Tool Betainer	242(b)(2)
Portable Abrasive Wheels	243(0)(1)
Cup Wheele	.243(0)
Cup Wileels	.243(0)(2)
Excluded Machinery	.243(C)(b)
General Requirements	.243(C)(1)
Mounting and inspections of	.243(C)(5)
Abrasive Wheels.	
Other Portable Grinders	.243(c)(4)
Vertical Portable Grinders	.243(c)(3)
Portable Powered Tools	.243(a)
Portable Circular Saws	.243(a)(1)
Switches and Controls	.243(a)(2)
Lawnmowers, Power	.243(e)
General Requirements	.243(e)(1)
Riding Rotary Mowers	.243(e)(4)
Walk-Behind and Riding Ro-	.243(e)(2)
tary Mowers.	
Walk-Behind Rotary Mowers	.243(e)(3)
Guardrails.	- \ - / \ - /
Definitions	.21(f)(10), 21(f)(21)
	21(a)(7)
Electric Power Generation Trans-	269(r)(3)
mission and Distribution	.=00(1)(0)
Exit Route Design and Construc-	36(h)(1)
tion Requirements	
uon nequirements.	1

Handing Materials, General         175(0)         Liguefed Hydrogen Systems         1303(2)(10)           Manualy, Propelled Mobile Ladder Stands and Scaftold; Towner Apparatos.         100         100         100           Machanical PowerTransmission Apparatos.         219(b), 219(c), 219(b), 219(c), 229(c), 228(	Subject term	Section No.	Subject term	Section No.
Manilits         68(0)[0](0)         Liquids         100 (h) (r)           Manually Propelled Mobile Ladar         29(a)         100 (h) (r)           Mathemance.         219(k), 219(a)         219(k), 219(a)           Power Transmission         68(a) (k) (n)         68(a) (k) (n)           Mathemance.         219(k), 219(a)         700(a)           Mathemance.         24(a)         24(a)           Pulp, Paper, and Paperboard Mills         25(a) (k) (n)         Camers         22(a)           28(a) (20)         26(a) (20)         Garcing Tasks         28(a) (20)           Bernovable         25(a) (20)         13 Carcinogens         1003(e) (1)           Carpanether' Bracks Earlols         28(a) (7)         24 Acatylaminofluorene         1003(e) (1)           Guardials, Scalids         28(a) (7)         24 Acatylaminofluorene         1003(e) (1)           Guardials, Scalids         28(a) (7)         24 Acatylaminofluorene         1003(e) (1)           Guardials, Scalids         28(a) (2)         24(a) (2)         1003(e) (1)           Masors' Adjustable Multiple         28(a) (2)         28(b) (7)         1.3-butadiene         1003(e) (1)           Duringer Scalidids         28(b) (1)         24(b) (2)         24(b) (2)         1003(e) (1)	Handling Materials, General	.176(a)	Liquefied Hydrogen Systems	.103(c)(2)(iii)
Manualy Propeled Mobile Ladder         29(a)(3)         Liquids         Puic, Paper, and Paperboard Mills         261(c)(2)           Mechanical Power Transmission Apparatus.         219(b), 219(e), 219(b), 219(e),         Textiles         241(c)           Powered Piatforms for Building Maintenance.         266(c)(3).         Cranes         179(c)(3).           Pubp, Paper, and Paperboard Mills         261(c)(2).         179(c)(3).         261(c)(2).           Pubp, Paper, and Paperboard Mills         261(c)(2).         Cranes         179(c)(3).           Sammilis         23(a)(3)         Handraits         179(c)(3).           Removable         23(a)(3)         Hazards         130(c)(2).           Sammilis         226(c)(2)         2-Acetylaminofluorene         1003(e)(1).           Quadraits, Scaffolds.         226(c)(1)         A-Aminodpheryl         1003(e)(1).           Guadraits, Scaffolds.         28(n)(1).         Benzene         1003(e)(1).           Maxins, Yadustable Multiple-         28(n)(1).         Benzene         1003(e)(1).           Maxins, Yadustable Multiple-         28(n)(1).         Benzene         1003(e)(1).           Maxins, Yadustable Multiple-         28(n)(2).         28(n)(1).         1.3-Batadiane         1003(e)(1).           Maxins, Yadustable Multiple-	Manlifts	.68(b)(8)(i), (10)(iv)	Liquefied Petroleum Gases	.110
Stands and Scattolds (Towers).         Pub. Paper, and Paperboard Mile         105(Q)           Mechanical Power-Transmission         219(b), 219(c)         Textilies         28(Co)           Powered Platforms for Building         66(f)(3)(t), 66(f)(3)(t), 66(f)(3)(t), 7(5(0)(6)         Textilies         28(Co)           Pubp, Paper, and Paperboard Mile         28(Co)         24(h)         719(4)(a), 719(4)(a)           Pubp, Paper, and Paperboard Mile         28(t)(7)         Handrails         219(p)(4)           Samoult         22(c)         Textilies         2219(p)(4)           Samoult         22(c)         24(a)(1)(1), Handrails         24(a)(1)(1), Handrails         22(a)(1)(1), Handrails         22(a)(1)(1), Handrails         22(a)(1)(1), Handrails         22(a)(1)(1), Handrains         22(a)(1)(1), Handrails         <	Manually Propelled Mobile Ladder	29(a)(3)	Liquids	106(h)(4)
Mechanical         Powere Transmission         219(b), 219(e),         Service Stations         1000000000000000000000000000000000000	Stands and Scaffolds (Towers)	.20(0)(0)	Pulp Paper and Paperboard Mills	261(c)(2) (d)
Apparatus.         219(k)         219	Mechanical Power-Transmission	219(b) 219(a)	Service Stations	106(a)(1)
Population         Production         Product	Apparatus	210(k) 210(c)/E)	Toxtilos	262(00)
Develot         Plantase         177(90)           Maintenance.         177(90)           Maintenance.         177(90)           Pulp, Paper, and Paperboard Mils         25(16)(10)           Samilis         25(16)(10)           Removable         25(16)(10)           Samilis         25(6)(12)           Quarticalis, Scaffolds.         25(6)(12)           Satafisting, Satefy Requirements         22(2)           Caranes         1003(e)(1)           Quarticalis, Scaffolds.         28(6)(17)           Satafisting, Satefy Requirements         28(6)(17)           Carane Anse Satfolds         28(6)(17)           Benzieme         1003(e)(1)           Principper Seatfolds         28(6)(17)           Benzieme Anse Satfolds         28(6)(2)           Supension         28(6)(2)           Supension         28(6)(2)           Supension         28(6)(2)           Supension         28(6)(2)           Supension         28(6)(2)           Supension         28(0)(2)           Supension         28(0)(2)           Supension         28(0)(2)           Supension         28(0)(2)           Supension         28(0)(2) <tr< td=""><td>Apparatus.</td><td>.219(K), .219(0)(5)</td><td></td><td>.202(00)</td></tr<>	Apparatus.	.219(K), .219(0)(5)		.202(00)
Maintenance.	Powered Platforms for Building	.00(e)(3),	Handrais	.24(1)
Bel(h5)(n(G), Pulp, Paper, and Paperboard Mills         Def(h5)(n(G), 25(n)(h(f),	Maintenance.	.66(f)(3)(l)(K),	Craries	.179(0)(3),
Pulp, Paper, and Paperboard Mills         (!!)(s)(ii)(K)         Mobile Ladder Stands         22(9)(4)           Pulp, Paper, and Paperboard Mills         25(10)(10), 25(10), 25(10)(10), 25(10)(10), 25(10)(10), 25(10)(10), 25(10)(10), 25(10)(10), 25(10)(10), 25(10)(10), 25(10), 25(10)(10), 25(10)(10), 25(10)(10), 25(10)(10), 25(10)(10), 25(10)(10), 25(10)(10), 25(10)(10), 25(10)(10), 25(10)(10), 25(10)(10), 25(10)(10), 25(10)(10), 25(10), 25(10), 25(10), 25(10), 25(10)		.66(t)(5)(I)(G),		.179(4)(II)
Puip, Paper, and Paperboard Mills         261(h), (k)(7), 261(12(13),		(f)(5)(ii)(K)	Mobile Ladder Stands	.29(1)(4)
261 (k)(10), Sawnils         Hardening Lanks         126(a)(10), 23(a)(3)         1200           Removable         23(a)(3)         Hatzways Guarding         120(a)(1), 1200           Sawnils         25(c)(2)         2-Acatylaminofluorene         1003(e)(1)           Guardraik, Scaffolds.         28(a)(17)         Abbestos         1003(e)(1)           Scaffold, Stable Multiple         28(a)(17)         Abbestos         1003(e)(1)           Masons' Adjustable Multiple         28(a)(17)         Benzdine Paradise         1003(e)(1)           Outrigger Scaffolds         28(a)(17)         Benzdine Paradise         1003(e)(1)           Outrigger Scaffolds         28(a)(12)         28(a)(12)         1003(e)(1)           Data Scaffold         28(a)(12)         28(a)(10)         23(a)Othorobenzuline (and Its 1003(e)(1)         1003(e)(1)           Supension         Saffold         28(a)(17)         Saffold         1003(e)(1)           Supension         Saffold         28(a)(17)         Saffold         1003(e)(1)           Supension         Saffold         28(a)(17)         Saffold         1003(e)(1)           Supension         Saffold         28(a)(17)         Labels, on Shiperd Con- taing.         1200(a)           Guarding Scaffolds         28(b)(17) <td< td=""><td>Pulp, Paper, and Paperboard Mills</td><td>.261(h), (k)(7),</td><td>Hangers</td><td>.219(p)(4)</td></td<>	Pulp, Paper, and Paperboard Mills	.261(h), (k)(7),	Hangers	.219(p)(4)
Bernovable         261(12-13)         Hatzmays Guarding         228(a)(3)           Sammilis         226(0)(2)         226(0)(2)         13 Carcinogens         1003(e)(1)           Satafloids.         22(c)         24Arminodipheryl         1003(e)(1)           Satafloids.         22(c)         24Arminodipheryl         1003(e)(1)           Satafloids.         28(a)(17)         28(a)(17)         28(a)(17)         28(a)(17)           Satafloids.         28(a)(17)         28(a)(17)         28(a)(17)         28(a)(17)           Mater Satafloids.         28(a)(17)         28(a)(17)         28(a)(17)         28(a)(17)           Mater Satafloids.         28(a)(17)         28(a)(17)         28(a)(17)         28(a)(17)           Mater Satafloids.         28(a)(17)         28(a)(17)         28(a)(17)         28(a)(17)           Paster Satafloid.         28(a)(17)         28(a)(17)         28(a)(17)         28(a)(17)           Paster Satafloid.         28(a)(17)         28(a)(17)         28(a)(17)         28(a)(17)           Satafloid.         28(a)(12)         28(a)(12)         28(a)(17)         28(a)(17)           Satafloid.         28(a)(12)         28(a)(17)         28(a)(17)         28(a)(17)         28(a)(17)         28(a)(12)		.261(k)(10),	Hardening Lanks	.126(a)(1)(i), (ii)
Removable         22(a)(3)         Hazard Communication         1200           Saxmills         22(c)         13 Carcinogens         1003(e)(1)           Walking-Working, Satfolds         22(c)         14 Carcinogens         1003(e)(1)           Sattolding, Satfolds         22(c)         14 Carcinogens         1003(e)(1)           Carpenter's Bracket Scattolds         28(a)(17)         Asbestos         1003(e)(1)           Mason's Adjustable Multiple         28(b)(7)         Bioadome Pathogens         1003(e)           Mason's Adjustable Multiple         28(b)(1)         1.3-Butadlee         1003(e)           Outrigger Scattolds         28(b)(2)         28(b)(2)         28(b)           Singripoin Sraftolds         28(b)(2)         28(b)(2)         3.3'Olchiorobenzidine         1003(e)(1)           Swinging Scatfolds         28(b)(2)         28(b)(2)         3.3'Olchiorobenzidine         1003(e)(1)           Supension         28(b)(2)         28(b)(1)         1003(e)(1)         1200(i)           Swinging Scatfolds         28(b)(1)         28(b)(1)         1200(i)         1200(i)           Supension         28(b)(1)         28(b)(1)         1200(i)         1200(i)           Guide Posts         172(e)(6)         172(e)(6)         1200(i)		.261(12-13)	Hatchways Guarding	.23(a)(3)
Sawmills         265(d)(2)         13 Carcinogens         .1003(e)(1)           Guardrais, Scatfolds.         .22(c)         2.4ex()aminotioneen         .1003(e)(1)           Scatfolds.         .22(c)         2.4ex()aminotioneen         .1003(e)(1)           Scatfolds.         .22(c)         2.4ex()aminotioneen         .1003(e)(1)           Horse Scatfolds         .22(c)         2.4ex()aminotioneen         .1003(e)(1)           Horse Scatfolds         .22(c)         2.4ex()(17)         Benzene         .1003(e)(1)           Massons' Adjustable Multiple-         .22(c)(2)         .1003(e)(1)         .1003(e)(1)         .1003(e)(1)           Paisterers', Decorators', & 22(c)(2)         .24(c)(2)         .24(c)(2)         .22(c)(2)         .22(c)(2)           Single-Point Adjustable Suspension.         .28(c)(1)         .23(c)(1)         .23(c)(1)         .1003(e)(1)           Suspension.         .28(c)(1)         .28(c)(1)         .28(c)(1)         .1003(e)(1)         .1200(i)           Suspension.         .28(c)(1)         .28(c)(1)         .1003(e)(1)         .1200(i)         .1003(e)(1)           Suspension.         .28(c)(1)         .28(c)(1)         .28(c)(1)         .1003(e)(1)         .1200(i)           Guards Corbie Scaffolds.         .28(c)(1)         .	Removable	.23(a)(3)	Hazard Communication	.1200
Walking-Working Surfaces         22(c)         2-Acetylaminoliuorene         1003(e)(1)           Guardrails, Scaftolds         28(a)(17)         Asbestos         1003(e)(1)           Carpenters' Bracket Scaftolds         28(b)(7)         Benzidine         1003(e)(1)           Interfor Hung Scaffolds         28(b)(7)         Benzidine         1003(e)(1)           Point Suspension.         28(b)(7)         Bioactome Pathogens         1003(e)(1)           Outrigger Scaffolds         28(b)(7)         Bioactome Pathogens         1003(e)(1)           Single-Point Algustable Suspension         28(b)(1)         23(b)(15)         3.3'Dichlorobenzille (and Its stats).         1003(e)(1)           Swinging Scaffolds         28(b)(1)         28(b)(1)         28(b)(1)         1003(e)(1)         1003(e)(1)           Swinging Scaffolds         28(b)(1)         28(b)(1)         28(b)(1)         1003(e)(1)         1003(e)(1)           Swinging Scaffolds         28(b)(1)         28(b)(1)         28(b)(1)         1003(e)(1)         1003(e)(1)           Supension         28(b)(1)         28(b)(1)         1200(h)         1200(h)         1200(h)           General Scaffolds         28(b)(7)         28(b)(1)         1200(h)         1200(h)         1200(h)         1200(h)	Sawmills	.265(d)(2)	13 Carcinogens	.1003(e)(1)
Guardais, Scaffolds.         28(a)(17)         Adminodiphenyl         1003(e)(1)           Scaffolds.         28(a)(17)         Benzene         1003(e)(1)           Massos' Adjustable Multiple- Point Suspension.         28(a)(17)         Benzene         1003(e)(1)           Outrigger Scaffolds         28(a)(17)         Benzene         1003(e)(1)           Massos' Adjustable Multiple- Point Suspension.         28(a)(17)         Biodotome Pathogens         1003(e)(1)           Displement         28(a)(17)         Benzene         1003(e)(1)           Single-Point Adjustable Sus- pension Scatfold.         28(a)(17)         Castinican of Hazards         1003(e)(1)           Suspension.         28(a)(15)         Casthold.         1003(e)(1)         1200(b)           Suspension.         28(a)(2)         5         1003(e)(1)         1200(b)           Suspension.         28(a)(17)         28(b)(15)         1003(e)(1)         1200(b)           Guards (see also Guardralis).         28(a)(17)         28(b)(15)         1003(e)(1)         1200(b)           Guards (see also Guardralis).         181(b)(1)         1200(c)         1200(b)         1200(c)           Guards (see also Guardralis).         1173(e)(6)         1173(e)(6)         1200(c)(1)         1200(c)(1) <td< td=""><td>Walking-Working Surfaces</td><td>.22(c)</td><td>2-Acetylaminofluorene</td><td>.1003(e)(1)</td></td<>	Walking-Working Surfaces	.22(c)	2-Acetylaminofluorene	.1003(e)(1)
Scaffolding, Safety Prequirements         226(a)(17)         Asbestos	Guardrails, Scaffolds		4-Aminodiphenyl	.1003(e)(1)
Carpenters' Bracket Scaffolds         28(k)(5)         Benzene	Scaffolding, Safety Requirements	.28(a)(17)	Asbestos	.1001(j)
Horse Scaffolds         28(m)(7)         Berzidine	Carpenters' Bracket Scaffolds	.28(k)(5)	Benzene	.1051(l)
Interior Hung Scaffolds	Horse Scaffolds	.28(m)(7)	Benzidine	.1003(e)(1)
Masons' Adjustable Multiple Point Suspension. Qutrigger Scaffolds28(i)(15)1.3-Butadiene bis-Choromethyl Ether1003(e)(1)Plasters', Decorators', & Large Area Scaffolds. Single-Point Adjustable Mul- tiple-Point Suspension. Scaffold.28(i)(2). 28(4)Classification of Hazards11220(d)Stone Setters' Adjustable Mul- tiple-Point Suspension. Scaffold.28(i)(5)3.3'-Dichorobenziline (and Its1003(e)(1)Stone Setters' Adjustable Mul- tiple-Point Suspension. Staffold.28(i)(2). (5)3.3'-Dichorobenziline (and Its1003(e)(1)Stuppension. Tubuar Weided Frame Scaffolds toids.28(i)(7)28(i)(7)1003(e)(1)1200(h)Window-Jack Scaffolds toids.28(i)(7)Ethyleneimine ting.1003(e)(1)Window-Jack Scaffolds toids.28(i)(7)Ethyleneimine ting.1200(h)Window-Jack Scaffolds toids.28(h)(7)-(9)Hormation and Training tables and Other Forms pde Con- talners.1200(h)Guards (see also Guardraiis). Derricks178(e)(6)Labels, on Solid Materials1200(h)Mainfits Guide Posts Guarding of Portable Powered Tools and Claaring.178(e)(6)MethylChoromethyl Ether tables.1003(e)(1)Hand and Portable Powered Tools and Equipment, General. Compressed Air Used for Cleaning.241 to 244Nittresc Classification of tables.1200(g) Scafey Datable Mul- tables.1200(g) Scafey Datable.1200(g) Scafey Datable Powered tools and Equipment, General. Compressed Air Used for Cleaning.241 to 244Nittresc Cleaning. table-Appthylamine <td>Interior Hung Scaffolds</td> <td>.28(p)(7)</td> <td>Bloodborne Pathogens</td> <td>.1030(g)</td>	Interior Hung Scaffolds	.28(p)(7)	Bloodborne Pathogens	.1030(g)
Point Suspension.     28(e)(5)     Cadmium     1027(m)       Plasterers', Decorators', A     28(e)(2), 28(4)     Classification of Hazards     1027(m)       Single-Point Adjustable Suspension Scafold.     28(i)(5)     3.3'-Dichlorobenzidine (and Its J003(e)(1)     1003(e)(1)       Stone Setters' Adjustable Multiple-Point     28(a)(2), (5)     3.3'-Dichlorobenzidine (and Its J003(e)(1)     1200(i)       Swinging Scafolds, Two-Point     28(a)(2), (5)     ing     1200(i)     1200(i)       Swinging Scafolds, Two-Point     28(a)(2), (5)     ing     1200(i)     1200(i)       Swinging Scafolds.     .28(c)(14)     Hazard Communication Program, I200(i)     1200(i)     1200(i)       Swinging Scafolds     .28(c)(17)     Written.     1003(e)(1)     1200(i)       Wood Pole Scaffolds     .28(c)(7)     Written.     1200(i)     1200(i)       Wood Pole Scaffolds     .28(c)(7)     Labels, on Shipped Containes.     1200(i)       User Size Scafolds     .28(c)(7)(6)     Methyler Chloromethyl Ether     1003(e)(1)       Derricks     .178(e)(6)     Methyler Chloromethyl Ether     1003(e)(1)       Guide Posts     .217(d)(4)     Multi-Employer Workplaces     1200(i)(3)       Guide Posts     .217(d)(4)     Multi-Employer Workplaces     1200(a)(2)       Guide Posts     .241     .242(a) </td <td>Masons' Adjustable Multiple-</td> <td>.28(f)(15)</td> <td>1,3-Butadiene</td> <td>.1051(l)</td>	Masons' Adjustable Multiple-	.28(f)(15)	1,3-Butadiene	.1051(l)
Outrigger Scaffolds	Point Suspension.		bis-Chloromethyl Ether	.1003(e)(1)
Plasterers', Decorators', & 28(o)(2), 28(4)       Classification of Hazards	Outrigger Scaffolds	.28(e)(5)	Cadmium	.1027(m)
Large Area Scaffolds.26(i)(5)Coke Oven Emissions11029(i)Store Setters' Adjustable Mul- tiple-Point28(i)(6)3.3'Dichloroberzdine (and Its1003(e)(1)Store Setters' Adjustable Mul- tiple-Point28(n)(8)4-Dimethylaminoazobenzene1003(e)(1)Swinging Scaffolds.28(n)(8)4-Dimethylaminoazobenzene1200(i)Swinging Scaffolds.28(g)(2), (5)ing.1200(i)Tube and Coupler Scaffolds28(g)(2), (5)ing.1200(i)Tubuar Welded Frame Scaf- folds.28(g)(2), (5)Ethyleneimine1200(i)Window-Jack Scaffolds28(r)(3)28(g)(2), (5)ing.1200(i)Derricks28(g)(2), (5)ing.1200(i)1200(i)Derricks28(g)(2), (5)ing.1200(i)1200(i)Mondow-Jack Scaffolds28(r)(3)Labels, on Shipped Con- 179(e)(6)1200(i)(1)1200(i)(1)Manifits.68(b)(7)(7)(9)Methyler Chlorade Emission of 1200(i)(2)1200(i)(4)Muttigre, Classification of Guide Posts.178(e)4.4-Methylenedianiline1055(k)Guide Posts.217(d)(4)Muttures, Classification of 1200(i)(2)1200(i)(3)Guide Posts.217(d)(4)Muttures, Classification of 1200(i)(2)1200(i)(3)Guide Posts.217(d)(4)Muttures, Classification of 1200(i)(2)1200(i)(3)Guide Posts.217(d)(4)Muttures, Classification of 1200(i)(2)1200(i)(2)Hand and Portable Powered Tools and Classification of 1200(a).241Trade Scorets<	Plasterers', Decorators', &	.28(0)(2), .28(4)	Classification of Hazards	.1200(d)
Single-PointJustable Suspension28(i)(5)3.3°-Dichlorobenzidine(and Its Salts)Stone Setters' Adjustable Multiple-PointSuspension28(h)(8)4-Dimethylaminoazobenzene1003(e)(1)Swinging Scaffolds, Two-PointSuspension28(g)(2), (5)ing.1200(h)Swinging Scaffolds, Two-Point28(g)(7)Ethyleneimine1003(e)(1)Tube and Coupler Scaffolds28(c)(14)Ethyleneimine1003(e)(1)Tube and Coupler Scaffolds28(c)(14)Window-Jack Scaffolds28(c)(14)1200(h)Window-Jack Scaffolds28(b)(15)ing.1200(h)Guards (see also Guardralis).181(j)(1)Labels and Other Forms of Warming1200(h)Derricks-179(e)(5)Labels, on Shipped Containers.1200(h)(1)Manifits-68(b)(7)-(9)Methylenecilaniline1003(e)(1)Moving Parts-179(e)(6)Labels, on Shipped Containers.1200(h)(1)Guide Posts-179(e)(6)Hethylenecilaniline1003(e)(1)Guide Posts-179(e)(6)Multi-Employer Workplaces1200(c)(2)Guide Posts-181(a)(20)Multi-Employer Workplaces1200(c)(2)Guarding of Portable Powered Tools and Cquipment (see241Tracke Scretes1200(g)Definitions-242242(b)Safety Data Sheets1200(g)Mand Portable Powered Tools-242(h)Safety Data Sheets1200(g)And Portable Powered Tools-242(h)Hazardous Chemicals.1450Hand And Portable Powered Tools-242(h)Safety	Large Area Scaffolds.		Coke Oven Emissions	.1029(l)
pension Scaffold, Stone Setters' Adjustable Mul- tiple-Point28(h)(8)4-Dimethylaminoazobenzene (12000)1003(e)(1) (12000)Swinging Scaffolds, Two-Point Suspension.28(g)(2), (5)ing.1003(e)(1) (12000)1200(n)Tube and Coupler Scaffolds. Tubular Welded Frame Scaf- folds.28(g)(2), (5)ing.1003(e)(1) (1200(n)Window-Jack Scaffolds. Window-Jack Scaffolds.28(g)(7)Hazard Communication Program, Witten.1200(n)Guards (see also Guardinis). Derricks.181(g)(1)Labels, on Shipped Con- tainers.1200(f)(1)Derricks.181(g)(1)Labels, on Solid Materials.1200(f)(1)Guide Posts.179(e)(5)Labels, on Solid Materials.1200(g)(3)Guide Posts.178(e).241 Multi-Employer Workplaces.1200(g)(3)Guide Posts.181(a)(7)alpha-Naphthylamine.1003(e)(1)Guide Posts.241Trace Scerets.1200(g)(3)Guarding of Portable Powered Tools and Equipment, Cher). Leaning241.241N-Nitrosoidmethylamine.1003(e)(1)Hand and Portable Powered Tools and Equipment, General. Cleaning242242(a)Safety Data Sheets.1200(g)Hand Soraying Equipment, Hand Soraying Equipment, Hand Soraying Equipment, Hand Soraying Equipment, Handolds, Manilits.242(a).242(a).242(a).114Labels, and Aberdaron Cleaning241(a).242(a).242(a).1200(g)Labels, and Application.102.102.102Hand Tools.242(a) <td>Single-Point Adjustable Sus-</td> <td>.28(i)(5)</td> <td>3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine (and Its</td> <td>.1003(e)(1)</td>	Single-Point Adjustable Sus-	.28(i)(5)	3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine (and Its	.1003(e)(1)
Stone Setters' Adjustable Mul- tiple-Point28(h)(8)4-Dimethylaminozobenzene Effective Dates1003(e)(1) 1200(h)Swinging Scaffolds, Two-Point Suspension.28(g)(2), (5)ing.1200(h)Swinging Scaffolds, Tubbe and Coupler Scaffolds Tubbe and Coupler Scaffolds28(c)(14)Ethyleneimine1003(e)(1)Tubbe and Coupler Scaffolds folds.28(c)(14)28(c)(14)1200(h)1200(h)Window-Jack Scaffolds Derricks28(r)(3)Labels and Other Torms of Warn- tainers.1200(h)1200(h)Guards (see also Guardrails). Derricks-181(j)(1)Labels, on Shipped Con- tainers.1200(h)Hoisting Ropes-178(e)(6)Labels, on Shipped Con- tainers.1200(h)Manilits-178(e)(6)Methylene Choride1052(k)Trucks-178(e)(6)Methylene Choride1052(k)Gude Posts Guy Derricks-217(d)(4)Mixtures, Classification of 1200(h)1200(e)(1)Hand and Portable Powered Tools and Equipment, General. Conpressed Air Used for Cleaning of Portable Powered Tools and Equipment, General. Compressed Air Used for Cleaning of Portable Powered Tools and Equipment, General. Compressed Air Used for Cleaning, General Requirements242(a) 242(b)242(b)242(b)Zetardous-1220(i) Multi-Employer Workplaces1003(e)(1) 1003(e)(1)Hand Soragu and Handing of242(a) 242(a)-242(b)-242(b)Bead-Man Controls-242(a) 243(a)(2)-242(b)-1200(b) 242(c)Hand Soragu and Handing of242(c) <td>pension Scaffold.</td> <td></td> <td>Salts).</td> <td></td>	pension Scaffold.		Salts).	
tiple-PointSuspension1200(j)Scaffold,28(g)(2), (5)Effective Dates1200(j)Swinging Scaffolds, Tuo-Point28(g)(2), (5)Ethyleneimine1003(e)(1)Tube and Coupler Scaffolds28(c)(14)Hazard Communication Program, Window-Jack Scaffolds1003(e)(1)Window-Jack Scaffolds28(r)(3)Labels, on Shipped Con- tainers.1200(h)Guards (see also Guardrails).28(b)(15)ing.1200(h)Derricks.179(e)(5)Labels, on Solid Materials1200(h)Moving Parts.179(e)(6)Methyl Chioromethyl Ether.1003(e)(1)Trucks.178(e)(6).181(a)(20)Mutti-Employer Workplaces.1200(d)(3)Guide Posts.178(e)(2).181(a)(20)Mutti-Employer Workplaces.1200(g)(3)Guide Posts.121(d)(4)Mixtures, Classification of.1220(g)(2)Guide Posts.121(d)(4)Mutti-Employer Workplaces.1200(g)(3)Guarding of Portable Powered Tools.241 to .244N-Nitrosoidmethylamine.1003(e)(1)Hand and Portable Powered Tools.241Trade Secrets.1200(g)Mand Spraying Equipment,.242(a)Safety Data Sheets.1200(g)Hand Portable Powered Tools.242(a)Safety Management (see Chemicals, Highly, Proces)Ind Tools.242(a)Safety Management (see Chemicals, Highly, Proces)Labed, wan Controls.242(a)Safety Management (see Chemicals, Highly, Proces)Labad Kee also Materials.242(a)Safety Management (see Chemicals, Highly, Proces)<	Stone Setters' Adjustable Mul-	.28(h)(8)	4-Dimethylaminoazobenzene	.1003(e)(1)
ScaffoldTurbeTurbe28(g)(2), (5)EmployeeInformation and Training. ing.1200(ħ)Turbue and Coupler Scaffolds28(c)(14)Hazard Communication Program, Window-Jack Scaffolds.28(c)(14)Hazard Communication Program, Window-Jack Scaffolds.28(c)(14)Hazard Communication Program, Window-Jack Scaffolds28(d)(7)Guards (see also Guardrails)28(b)(15)Labels and Other Forms of Warn- 179(e)(6).28(b)(15).28(b)(15).200(ħ)Derricks.181(j)(1)Labels, on Shipped Con- tainers1200(ħ).1200(ħ).1200(ħ)Monitis.68(b)(7)-(9)Methylene Chioride.1200(ħ).1200(ħ)Monitis.179(e)(6)Methylene Chioride.1003(e)(ħ).1200(ħ)Guide Posts.179(e)(6)Methylene Chioride.1003(e)(ħ).1200(b)(h)Guy Dericks.181(a)(20)Multi-Employer Workplaces.1200(b)(c)Hand and Portable Powered Tools and Cols portable Tools and Equip- ment, Other)241 to .244N-Nitrosodimethylamine.1003(e)(1)Definitions.241.242(b)Safety Data Sheets.1200(a)And Protable Powered Tools and Equipment, General242(b).242(b).242(c).242(c)Hand And Portable Powered Tools and Equipment, General242(c).242(c).242(c).242(c)Hand Protable Powered Tools and Equipment, Generation, Trans- mission, and Distribution242(c).242(c).242(c).242(c)Dead-Man Controls.242(c).242(c).242(c).242(	tiple-Point Suspension		Effective Dates	.1200(j)
Swinging Scaffolds, Two-Point Suspension.28(g)(2), (5)ing. Ethyleneimine	Scaffold.		Employee Information and Train-	.1200(h)
Suspension Tube and Coupler Scaffolds tolds.28(c)(14) 28(c)(14)Hazard Communication Program, Window-Jack Scaffolds 28(d)(7)1003(e)(1) Hazard Communication Program, Writen.1200(e)Window-Jack Scaffolds (Window-Jack Scaffolds (Wood Pole Scaffolds Derricks.28(r)(3) 28(b)(15)Information and Training ing1200(f)Guards (see also Guardrails). Derricks.181(j)(1) (15)Labels, on Shipped Con- tainers1200(f)(1) 1200(f)(1)Moning Parts Trucks.179(e)(6) (24)(24)Methylene Chloride (1055(k).1200(f)(1) 1200(f)(1)Guide Posts Guy Derricks.179(e)(6) (24) PostsMethylene Chloride (103(e)(1).1200(g)(3) 1200(g)(3)Guide Posts Guidgen Pin Other Hand-Held Equipment (See Guarding of Portable Powered Tools and Equipment, General. Compressed Air Used for Cleaning241 to .244N-Nitrosodimethylamine (242(b)).1200(g) Scope and Application Stafety Data Sheets Stafety Management (see Chemicals, Highly, Process Stafety Management (see Chemicals, Harardous Chemicals, General Requirements Hand Spraying Equipment, Hand Tools Leaning242(b)242(b)Acetylene Acetylene.119 App. AHand Spraying Equipment Electric Power Generation, Trans- mission, and Distribution. Pup. Paper, and PaperboardMills Loging Operations.242(c)Acetylene Acetylene.102Handholds, Maniffs Handholds, Maniffs.266(e) Bulk Oxygen Systems and Storage).114.104Handholds, Maniffs Handholds, Maniffs.266(e) Bulk Oxygen Systems.104Handhilds, Maniffs	Swinging Scaffolds, Two-Point	.28(q)(2), (5)	ing.	
Tube and Coupler Scaffolds.28(c)(14)Hazard Communication Program, Written1200(e)Tubular Welded Frame Scaf- folds28(d)(7)Written1200(h)Window-Jack Scaffolds.28(r)(3)Labels and Other Forms of Warn- ing1200(f)Guards (see also Guardrails)28(b)(15)Labels, on Shipped Con- tainers1200(f)(1)Derricks.181(i)(1)Labels, on Solid Materials.1200(f)(1)Moving Parts.1776(e)(5)Labels, on Solid Materials.1200(f)(1)Guide Posts.217(f)(4)Methylene Chloride.1052(k)Guide Posts.217(d)(4)Mixtures, Classification of.1200(d)(3)Guide Posts.217(d)(4)Mixtures, Classification of.1200(d)(3)Guide Posts.181(a)(7)alpha-Napthylamine.1003(e)(1)Hammers, Forging (see Forging Hammers)181(a)(7)alpha-Napthylamine.1003(e)(1)Hand and Portable Powered Tools and.241 to .244N-Nitrosodimethylamine.1003(e)(1)Definitions.241Trade Secrets.1200(g)Definitions.242(b)Safety Data Sheets.1200(g)Loganign, Guarding of Portable Powered Tools.242(b)Safety Management (see Chemicals, Hazardous Chemicals, Highly, ProcessGeneral Requirements.242(a)Safety Management (see Chemicals, Hazardous Chemicals, Highly, ProcessGuarding of Controls.242(a)Safety Management (see Chemicals, Hazardous Materials.Loging (see Forging Hammer).242(a)Safety Management (see Chemicals, Hazardous Chemicals, Hazard	Suspension.		Ethyleneimine	.1003(e)(1)
Tubular Welded Frame Scafloids.28(d)(7)Written1200(h)Mindow-Jack Scaffolds.28(r)(3).28(r)(3).1200(h).1200(h)Wood Pole Scaffolds.28(r)(3).28(r)(7).12bels and Other Forms of Warming1200(f)(1)Derricks.181(i)(1).181(i)(7).12bels, on Shipped Containes1200(f)(1)Moring Parts.1779(e)(6).12bels, on Solid Materials.1200(f)(1)Moving Parts.179(e)(6)Methylene Choride.1052(k)Trucks.178(e).217(d)(4)Mittures, Classification of.1200(e)(2)Guide Posts.217(d)(4)Mittures, Classification of.1200(e)(2)Guy Derricks.181(a)(20)Multi-Employer Workplaces.1200(e)(2)Hammers, Forging (see Forging Hammers)241 to .244Nitrosodimethylamine.1003(e)(1)Hand and Portable Powered.241 to .244Nitrosodimethylamine.1003(e)(1)Definitions.241.242Welding.252(c)(1)(iv)and Equipment, General242(a)Safety Data Sheets.1200(b)Compressed Air Used for Cleaning242(a)Safety Management (see Chemicals, Hazardous).119 App. AHand Tools.242(a)Safety Management (see Chemicals, Hazardous).1102Hand Tools.242(a)Safety Management (see Chemicals, Hazardous).102Hand Tools.242(a)Safety Management (see Chemicals, Hazardous).102Hand Tools.242(a)Safety Management (see Chemicals, Hazardous).102	Tube and Coupler Scaffolds	.28(c)(14)	Hazard Communication Program,	.1200(e)
folds.Information and Training1200(h)Window-Jack Scaffolds.28(h)(15)Labels and Other Forms of Warn- tainers.1200(f)Guards (see also Guardrails)181(j)(1)Labels, on Shipped Con- tainers1200(f)(1)Derricks.179(e)(5)Labels, on Solid Materials.1200(f)(1)Manilits.179(e)(6)Methyl Chloromethyl Ether.1003(e)(1)Trucks.178(e)4,4-Methylenedianiline.1050(k)Gude Posts.217(d)(4)Mixtures, Classification of.1200(g)(3)Gudgeon Pin.181(a)(20).181(a)(20)Multi-Employer Workplaces.1200(e)(2)Gudgeon Pin.181(a)(7)alpha-Naphhlyamine.1003(e)(1)Hardmers, Forging (see Forging Hammers)181(a)(7)alpha-Naphhlyamine.1003(e)(1)Hand and Portable Powered Tools and Compressed Air Used for Cleaning241 to .244N-Nitrosodimethylamine.1003(e)(1)Definitions.241.242Welding.252(c)(1)(iv)Hand And Portable Powered Tools and Equipment (see Electrostatic Hand Spraying Equipment)242Welding.252(c)(1)(iv)Hand Tools.242(a)Safety Data Sheets.1200(i)Hand Tools.242(a)Safety Management (see Chemicals, Hazardous.102Hand Tools.242(a)Safety Management (see Chemicals, Hazardous.102Hand Tools.242(a)Safety Management (see Chemicals, Hazardous.102Hand Tools.243(a)(2)Acetylere.102Dead-Man Controls.243(a)(2)<	Tubular Welded Frame Scaf-	.28(d)(7)	Written.	
Window-Jack Scaffolds28(r)(3)Labels and Other Forms of Wam- ing.1200(f)Guards (see also Guardrails). Derricks.181(j)(1)Labels, on Shipped Con- tainers1200(f)(1)Hoisting Ropes.179(e)(5)Labels, on Solid Materials.1200(f)(4)Manilits.179(e)(6)Methyl Choromethyl Ether.1003(e)(1)Moving Parts.178(e).4-Methylenedianiline.1052(k)Trucks.178(e).217(d)(4)Mixtures, Classification of.1200(d)(3)Guide Posts.178(e).181(a)(20)Multi-Employer Workplaces.1200(e)(2)Guarding of Portable Powered Tools and Claaring of Portable Powered.241 to .244N-Nitrosodimethylamine.1003(e)(1)Hand and Portable Powered Tools and Equipment, General. Cleaning. General Requirements.241Trade Secrets.1200(b)Amoressed Air Used for Cleaning. General Requirements.242(a).242(b)Safety Data Sheets.1200(b)Hand Protection.242(a).138.1450.252(c)(1/(w)Hand Protection.242(a).138.142ardous Chemicals, Highly, Process Lockout/Tagout)102Hand Protection.242(a).243(a)(2)Acetylene.102Hand Portection.243(a)(2)Acetylene.102Hand Portection.243(a)(2)Acetylene.102Hand Portection.243(a)(2)Acetylene.102Hand Portection.243(a)(2)Acetylene.102Hand Portection.243(a)(2)Acetylene.102<	folds.		Information and Training	.1200(h)
Wood Pole Scaffolds28(b)(15)ing.Guards (see also Guardrails)181(j)(1)Labels, on Shipped Con- tainers1200(f)(4)Moining Ropes.179(e)(5)Labels, on Solid Materials.1200(f)(4)Manifits.66(b)(7)-(9)Methyl Chloromethyl Ether.1030(e)(1)Moving Parts.178(e)4,4-Methylenedianiline.1050(k)Trucks.1778(e)4,4-Methylenedianiline.1050(k)Guide Posts.217(d)(4)Mixtures, Classification of.1200(e)(2)Guy Derricks.181(a)(20).181(a)(20).181(a)(20)Hammers, Forging (see Forging Hammers)181(a)(7)alpha-Naphhylamine.1003(e)(1)Hand and Portable Powered Tools and Cother Hand-Held Equipment (see Guarding of Portable Powered Tools.241 to .244N-Nitrosofimethylamine.1003(e)(1)Hand and Portable Powered Tools and Equipment, General. Compressed Air Used for Cleaning242Welding.2252(c)(1)(iv)Definitions.242.242(b)Safety Data Sheets.1200(b)Hand Protection.242(b)Hazardous Chemicals, Occupational.1450Hand Protection.242(a) .138Safety Management (see Chemicals, Hazardous Chemicals, Control of (see Lockout/Tagout)102Hand Tools.242(a) .243(a)(2)Acetylene.102Dead-Man Controls.243(a)(2) .266(e)Acetylene.102Laber (see also Materials Handling and Storage)266(e)Bulk Oxygen Systems.104Handhiolds, Manifits.266(e)Bulk Oxygen	Window-Jack Scaffolds	.28(r)(3)	Labels and Other Forms of Warn-	.1200(f)
Guards (see also Guardrails).Labels, on Shipped Con- tainers.1200(f)(1)Derricks.179(e)(5)Labels, on Shipped Con- tainers1200(f)(4)Moving Parts.179(e)(5)Labels, on Shipped Con- tainers1200(f)(4)Moving Parts.179(e)(6)Methyl Chloromethyl Ether.1003(e)(1)Trucks.178(e).4.4-Methylenecianiline.1050(k)Guide Posts.217(d)(4)Mixtures, Classification of.1200(f)(2)Guide Posts.181(a)(20)Multi-Employer Workplaces.1200(e)(2)Guide Posts.181(a)(7)alpha-Naphthylamine.1003(e)(1)Hand and Portable Powered Tools and Guarding of Portable Powered.241 to .244N-Nitrosodimethylamine.1003(e)(1)Hand and Portable Powered Tools.241Trade Secrets.1200(a)Definitions.241.242Welding.252(c)(1)(iv)Itand and Portable Powered Tools.242Welding.252(c)(1)(iv)and Equipment, General.242(b)Trade Secrets.1200(a)Cleaning, General Requirements.242(b)Safety Management (see Chemicals, Hazardous Chemicals, Highly, Process General Requirements.242(a)Hand Tools.242.242(a)Safety Management (see Chemicals, Hazardous Chemicals, Highly, Process and Handling of102Labels, on Shipped Con242(a).242(b)Acetylene.102Labels, on Shipped Con242(a)Safety Management (see Chemicals, Hazardous Chemicals, Highly, Process and Handling of.<	Wood Pole Scaffolds	.28(b)(15)	ing.	
Derricks.181()(1)tainers.Hoisting Ropes.179(e)(5)Labels, on Solid Materials.1200(f)(4)Manifts.179(e)(5)Methyl Chloromethyl Ether.1003(e)(1)Moving Parts.179(e)(6)Methylene Chloride.1052(k)Trucks.1778(e)4,4-Methylene Chloride.1050(k)Guide Posts.217(d)(4)Mixtures, Classification of.1200(d)(3)Guy Derricks.181(a)(20)Multi-Employer Workplaces.1200(e)(2)Hammers, Forging (see Forging Hammers)181(a)(7)alpha-Napthylamine.1003(e)(1)Hand and Portable Powered Tools and.241 to .244N-Nitrosodimethylamine.1003(e)(1)Other Hand-Held Equipment (see Guarding of Portable Powered Tools.241Trade Secrets.1200(g)Definitions.242Welding.252(c)(1)(iv).1200(b)Definitions.242(b)Safety Data Sheets.1200(g)Cleaning,.242(b)Hazardous Chemicals, Occupational.1450Cleaning,.242(a)Safety Management (see Chemicals, Highy Process.119 App. AHand Spraying Equipment)242(a)Safety Management (see Chemicals, Highy Process.119 App. AHand Tools.242(a)Safety Management (see Chemicals, Highy Process.119 App. ALeckout/Tagout)242Hazardous Sharafus.102Lead-Man Controls.243(a)(2)Acetylene.102Lead-Man Controls.243(a)(2)Acetylene.102Logging Operations.242(b)Blasting Agents.104	Guards (see also Guardrails).		Labels, on Shipped Con-	.1200(f)(1)
Hoisting Ropes.179(e)(5)Labels, on Solid Materials.1200(f)(4)Manilits.68(b)(7)-(9)Methyl Chloromethyl Ether.1003(e)(1)Moving Parts.178(e)(6)Methylenedianiline.1052(k)Trucks.178(e)(2)Mixtures, Classification of.1200(d)(3)Guide Posts.217(d)(4)Mixtures, Classification of.1200(d)(3)Guy Derricks.181(a)(20)Multi-Employer Workplaces.1200(e)(2)Hand and Portable Powered Tools and.241 to .244N-Nitrosodimethylamine.1003(e)(1)Hand and Portable Powered Tools and.241 to .244N-Nitrosodimethylamine.1003(e)(1)Other Hand-Held Equipment (see.241 to .244N-Nitrosodimethylamine.1003(e)(1)Hand and Portable Powered Tools.241Trade Secrets.1200(g)Trade Secrets.1200(b).1200(b).1200(b)Definitions.241.242Welding.252(c)(1)(iv)And Portable Powered Tools.242(b)Safety Data Sheets.1200(b)Cleaning242(b)Exposure in Laboratories hazardous.119 App. AHand Portable Powered Tools.242(a)Safety Management (see Chemicals, Highy, Process.119 App. AGeneral Requirements.242(a)Safety Management (see Chemicals, Highy, Process.119 App. AHand Tools.242(a)Safety Management (see Chemicals, Highy, Process.119 App. ALogging Operations.266(e)Bulk (Arygen Systems.102Logging Operations.261(c)(13)Blasting Agents.109<	Derricks	.181(j)(1)	tainers.	
Manlifts.68(b)(7)-(9)Methylene Chloride.1003(e)(1)Moving Parts.179(e)(6)Methylene Chloride.1052(k)Guide Posts.217(d)(4)Mixtures, Classification of.1200(d)(3)Gudgeon Pin.181(a)(20)Multi-Employer Workplaces.1200(e)(2)Guy Derricks.181(a)(7)alpha-Naphthylamine.1003(e)(1)Hammers, Forging (see Forging Hammers)181(a)(7)alpha-Naphthylamine.1003(e)(1)Hand and Portable Powered Tools and Other Hand-Held Equipment (see Guarding of Portable Powered Tools; Portable Tools and Equip- ment, Other)241 to .244N-Nitrosodimethylamine.1003(e)(1)Definitions.241.242Welding.1200(a)Mand And Portable Powered Tools and Equipment, General. Cleaning,.242Welding.252(c)(1)(iv)And Protection.242(b)Safety Data Sheets.1200(i)Hand Portection.242(b)Hazardous Chemicals, Highly, Process.119 App. AHand Portection.243(a)(2)Acetylene.102Hand Tools.243(a)(2)Acetylene.102Dead-Man Controls.243(a)(2)Acetylene.102Lingt Quipg Operations.266(e)Blaking Agents.109Logging Operations.261(c)(13)Blasting Agents.104Logging Operations.266(e)Bulk Oxygen Systems.104Amoronia, Anhydrous, Storage and Storage)111.006Handholds, Manlifts.68(c)(4)Compressed Gases, General Re- quirements.101 </td <td>Hoisting Ropes</td> <td>.179(e)(5)</td> <td>Labels, on Solid Materials</td> <td>.1200(f)(4)</td>	Hoisting Ropes	.179(e)(5)	Labels, on Solid Materials	.1200(f)(4)
Moving Parts.179(e)(6)Methylene Chloride.1052(k)Trucks.178(e)4.4-Methylene Chloride.1052(k)Guide Posts.217(d)(4)Mixtures, Classification of.1200(d)(3)Gudgeon Pin.181(a)(20)Multi-Employer Workplaces.1200(e)(2)Guy Derricks.181(a)(7)alpha-Naphthylamine.1003(e)(1)Hammers, Forging (see Forging Hammers)241 to .244N-Nitrosodimethylamine.1003(e)(1)Hand and Portable Powered Tools and Other Hand-Held Equipment (see.241 to .244N-Nitrosodimethylamine.1003(e)(1)Other Hand-Held Equipment (see.241.241 to .244N-Nitrosodimethylamine.1003(e)(1)Definitions.241.241.1200(a).1200(a)Methylene Choride.242Welding.220(b).1200(b)Mand Portable Powered Tools.241.242Welding.252(c)(1)(w)Hand and Portable Powered Tools.242(b)Exposure in Laboratories hazardous.1200(b)Mand Portable Powered Tools.242(a)Safety Management (see Chemicals, Nighly, Process.119 App. AGeneral Requirements.242(a)Safety Management (see Chemicals, Highly, Process.119 App. AHand Spraying Equipment, Itada.261(c)(13)Blasting Agents.102Haardous Energy, Control of (see.263(i).261(c)(13)Blasting Agents.102Logoing Operations.261(c)(13)Blasting Agents.104Logging Operations.266(e)Bulk Oxygen Systems.104Logging Operations <td>Manlifts</td> <td>.68(b)(7)-(9)</td> <td>Methyl Chloromethyl Ether</td> <td>.1003(e)(1)</td>	Manlifts	.68(b)(7)-(9)	Methyl Chloromethyl Ether	.1003(e)(1)
Trucks.178(e)4.4-Mitrylenedianiline.1050(k)Guide Posts.217(d)(4)Mixtures, Classification of.1200(d)(3)Gudgeon Pin.181(a)(20)Multi-Employer Workplaces.1200(e)(2)Guy Derricks.181(a)(7)alpha-Naphthylamine.1003(e)(1)Hammers, Forging (see Forging Hammers)241 to .244N-Nitrosodimethylamine.1003(e)(1)Hand and Portable Powered Tools and.241 to .244N-Nitrosodimethylamine.1003(e)(1)Other Hand-Held Equipment (see.241 to .244N-Nitrosodimethylamine.1003(e)(1)Definitions.241 to .244N-Nitrosodimethylamine.1003(e)(1)Definitions.241.241.1200(a)Definitions.241Trade Secrets.1200(b)Land Portable Powered Tools.242Welding.252(c)(1)(iv)And Portable Powered Tools.242(a)Safety Data Sheets.1200(b)Compressed Air Used for Cleaning242(a)Safety Management (see Chemicals, Occupational Hazardous Chemicals, Occupational Hazardous Chemicals, Occupational Hazardous Chemicals, Occupational Hazardous Shermicals, Occupational Lackout/Tagout)119 App. AHand Tools.242(a)Safety Management (see Chemicals, Hazardous Shermicals, Cocupational Hazardous Shermicals, Cocupational Lockout/Tagout)102Hand Tools.242(a)Safety Management (see Chemicals, Hazardous Shermicals, Cocupational Hazardous Shermicals, Anhydrous, Storage and Handling of102Lectric Power Generation, Trans- mission, and Distribution261(c)(13) <td>Moving Parts</td> <td>.179(e)(6)</td> <td>Methylene Chloride</td> <td>.1052(k)</td>	Moving Parts	.179(e)(6)	Methylene Chloride	.1052(k)
Guide Posts.217(d)(4)Mixtures, Classification of.1200(d)(3)Guidgeon Pin.181(a)(20Multi-Employer Workplaces.1200(e)(2)Guy Derricks.181(a)(7)alpha-Naphthylamine.1003(e)(1)Harmers, Forging (see Forging Hammers)241 to .244N-Nitrosodimethylamine.1003(e)(1)Hand and Portable Powered Tools and.241 to .244N-Nitrosodimethylamine.1003(e)(1)Other Hand-Held Equipment (seebeta-Propiolactone.1003(e)(1)Mand and Portable Powered Tools.241Trade Secrets.1200(b)Definitions.241Trade Secrets.1200(b)Image: Analysis and Equipment, General242Welding.252(c)(1)(iv)And Protection.242(b)Hazardous Chemicals, Highly, Process.119 App. AHand Portection.242(b)Hazardous Chemicals, Lighly, Process.119 App. AHand Portection.243(a)(2)Acetylene.102Hand Tools.243(a)(2)Acetylene.102Leactive Power Generation, Transmission, and Distribution261(c)(13)Blasting Agents.109Logging Operations.266(e)Bulk Oxygen Systems.104Logging Operations.266(e)Bulk Oxygen Systems.104Amencio, America Manding.266(e)Bulk Oxygen Systems.104Logging Operations.266(e)Bulk Oxygen Systems.104America Manding See Also Materials Handling.201.201.201America Manding See.201.201.201 <td>I rucks</td> <td>.178(e)</td> <td>4,4-Methylenedianiline</td> <td>.1050(k)</td>	I rucks	.178(e)	4,4-Methylenedianiline	.1050(k)
Gudgeon Pin       .181 (a)(20)       Multh-Exployer Workplaces       .1200(e)(2)         Guy Derricks       .181 (a)(7)       alpha-Naphthylamine       .1003(e)(1)         Hammers, Forging (see Forging Hammers).       .241 to .244       N-Nitrosodimethylamine       .1003(e)(1)         Hand and Portable Powered Tools and Other Hand-Held Equipment (see Guarding of Portable Powered Tools; Portable Tools and Equipment, General.       .241 to .244       N-Nitrosodimethylamine       .1003(e)(1)         Definitions       .241       .241       N-Nitrosodimethylamine       .1003(e)(1)         Hand and Portable Tools and Equipment, General.       .241       .242       .241       .1200(a)         Definitions       .241       .242       Welding       .220(b)       .252(c)(1)(iv)         Hand and Portable Powered Tools       .242       Welding       .252(c)(1)(iv)       .1450         Compressed Air Used for Cleaning.       .242(b)       Exposure in Laboratories hazardous       .1420(b)       .1420(b)         Hand Spraying Equipment, Isee Electro Tools       .242(a)       Safety Management (see Chemicals, Highly, Process       .119 App. A         Dead-Man Controls       .242(a)       .243(a)(2)       .242(b)       Lazardous Energy, Control of (see Lockout/Tagout).       .102         Hand Tools       .242(a)       .266(c) <t< td=""><td>Guide Posts</td><td>.217(d)(4)</td><td>Mixtures, Classification of</td><td>.1200(d)(3)</td></t<>	Guide Posts	.217(d)(4)	Mixtures, Classification of	.1200(d)(3)
Guy Derricks       .181(a)(7)       alpha-Naphthylamine       .1003(e)(1)         Hammers, Forging (see Forging Hammers).       .241 to .244       beta-Naphthylamine       .1003(e)(1)         Hand and Portable Powered Tools and Other Hand-Held Equipment (see Guarding of Portable Powered Tools, Portable Tools and Equipment, Other).       .241 to .244       N-Nitrosodimethylamine       .1003(e)(1)         Definitions       .241 to .244       N-Nitrosodimethylamine       .1003(e)(1)         Jefinitions       .241 to .244       N-Nitrosodimethylamine       .1003(e)(1)         Definitions       .241       N-Nitrosodimethylamine       .1003(e)(1)         Jefinitions       .241       N-Nitrosodimethylamine       .1003(e)(1)         Jefinitions       .241       Yata Sects       .1200(a)         Jefinitions       .241       Trade Secrets       .1200(b)         Jefinitions       .242       Welding       .252(c)(1)(iv)         and Portable Powered Tools       .242(a)       Safety Management (see Chemicals, Highy, Process       .119 App. A         General Requirements       .242(a)       Safety Management (see Chemicals, Highy Process       .119 App. A         Haad Poots       .242(a)       .243(a)(2)       Acetylene       .102         Lead-Man Controls       .242(a)       .269(i)	Gudgeon Pin	.181(a)(20)	Multi-Employer Workplaces	.1200(e)(2)
Harmers, Forging (see Forging Hammers).       1003(e)(1)         Hand and Portable Powered Tools and Other Hand-Held Equipment (see Guarding of Portable Powered Tools, Portable Tools and Equipment, Other).       .241 to .244       N-Nitrosodimethylamine       .1003(e)(1)         Definitions       .241 to .244       N-Nitrosodimethylamine       .1003(e)(1)         Mand and Portable Powered Tools       .241       Safety Data Sheets       .1200(a)         Definitions       .241       Trade Secrets       .1200(b)         and Equipment, General.       .242       Welding       .252(c)(1)(iv)         and Equipment, General.       .242(b)       Hazardous Chemicals, Highly, Process       .119 App. A         General Requirements       .243(a)(2)       Acetylene       .102         Hand Tools       .243(a)(2)       Acetylene       .102         Electric Power Generation, Transmission, and Distribution.       .243(a)(2)       Acetylene       .102         Logging Operations       .266(e)       Bulk Oxygen Systems       .104         Anancholds, Manlifts       .68(c)(4)       Compressed Gases, General Requirements       .102         Logging Operations       .261(c)(13)       Blasting Agents       .109         Logging Operations       .68(c)(4)       Compressed Gases, General Requirements       .104	Guy Derricks	.181(a)(7)	alpha-Naphthylamine	.1003(e)(1)
mers).       4-Nitrospinenyl       1003(e)(1)         Hand and Portable Powered Otols and Other Hand-Held Equipment (see Guarding of Portable Powered Tools; Portable Tools and Equipment, Other).       241 to .244       N-Nitrosodimethylamine       1003(e)(1)         Definitions       .241 to .244       N-Nitrosodimethylamine       1003(e)(1)         Mand and Portable Powered Tools and Equipment, Other).       Safety Data Sheets       .1020(a)       1200(a)         Definitions       .241       Trade Secrets       .1200(a)       .240(b)       1200(b)       .242(b)       .242(b)       .242(b)       .242(b)       .242(b)       .242(b)       .242(c)       .1450       .252(c)(1)(iv)       .1450         Hand Aportable Powered Tools       .242(a)       .242(b)       Exposure in Laboratories hazardous       .1450       .252(c)(1)(iv)       .1450         Mand Portable Powered Tools       .242(a)       Safety Management (see Chemicals, Highly, Process       .119 App. A         Hand Protection       .138       Hazardous Chemicals, Occupational       .119 App. A         Hand Spraying Equipment (see Electro Power Generation, Transmission, and Distribution.       .242(a)       .242(a)       .242(a)       .242(a)       .102         Leckout/Tagout).       .266(e)       .268(i)       Amonia, Anhydrous, Storage and Handling of.       .101	Hammers, Forging (see Forging Ham-		beta-Napthylamine	.1003(e)(1)
Hand and Portable Powered Tools and Other Hand-Held Equipment (see Guarding of Portable Powered Tools; Portable Tools and Equip- ment, Other).       .241 to .244       N-Nitrosodimethylamine       1003(e)(1)         Definitions       .241       Safety Data Sheets       .1200(a)         Definitions       .241       Trade Secrets       .1200(b)         And Portable Powered Tools and Equipment, General. Compressed Air Used for Cleaning.       .241       Trade Secrets       .1200(b)         And Protection       .242(b)       Exposure in Laboratories hazardous       .1450         Hand Spraying Equipment, See trostatic Hand Spraying Equipment.       .242(a)       Safety Management (see Chemicals, Haardous Energy, Control of (see Lockout/Tagout).       .119 App. A         Dead-Man Controls       .242(a)       .243(a)(2)       Acetylene       .102         Lettic Power Generation, Trans- mission, and Distribution.       .261(c)(13)       Blasting Agents       .109         Logging Operations       .266(e)       Bulk Oxygen Systems       .104         Amendolds, Manlifts       .68(c)(4)       Compressed Gases, General Re- quirements       .101         Amendring (see also Materials Handling and Storage).       .111       .001	mers).		4-Nitrobiphenyl	.1003(e)(1)
Other Hand-Held Equipment (see Guarding of Portable Powered Tools; Portable Tools and Equip- ment, Other).       beta-Propiolactone       1003(e)(1)         Definitions       241       Safety Data Sheets       1200(g)         Mand and Portable Powered Tools and Equipment, General. Compressed Air Used for Cleaning.       241       Trade Secrets       1200(j)         242       Welding       252(c)(11(iv)       1450         Hand Protection       .242(b)       Hazardous Chemicals, Highly, Process       .119 App. A         Hand Protection       .243(a)(2)       Acetylene       .102         Hand Tools       .243(a)(2)       Acetylene       .102         Liectric Power Generation, Trans- mission, and Distribution.       .243(a)(2)       Acetylene       .102         Logging Operations       .266(c)       Bulk Oxygen Systems       .104         Amendolds, Manlifts       .68(c)(4)       Compressed Gases, General Re- quirements.       .104         Logging Operations       .68(c)(4)       Compressed Gases, General Re- quirements.       .104	Hand and Portable Powered Tools and	.241 to .244	N-Nitrosodimethylamine	1003(e)(1)
Guarding of Portable Powered Tools; Portable Tools and Equip- ment, Other).       Purpose of Standard       1200(a)         Definitions       241       Scope and Application       1200(b)         Hand and Portable Powered Tools and Equipment, General. Compressed Air Used for Cleaning.       241       Trade Secrets       1200(b)         242(b)       Exposure in Laboratories hazardous Hazardous Chemicals, Occupational       1450         Hand Aprotection       138       Hazardous Chemicals, Highly, Process Safety Management (see Chemicals, Hand Protection       119 App. A         Hand Spraying Equipment (see Elec- trostatic Hand Spraying Equipment).       242(a)       Safety Management (see Chemicals, Haardrous Energy, Control of (see Lockout/Tagout)       102         Bead-Man Controls       243(a)(2)       Acetylene       102         Dead-Man Controls       266(e)       Bulk Oxygen Systems       104         Logging Operations       266(e)       Bulk Oxygen Systems       104         Logging Querations       68(c)(4)       Combustible Liquids       106         HandBits       HandInolds, Manlifts       106       101         Ammonia, Anhydrous, Storage and Storage).       101       106	Other Hand-Held Equipment (see		beta-Propiolactone	.1003(e)(1)
Tools; Portable Tools and Equipment, Other).       Safety Data Sheets       .1200(g)         Definitions       .241       Trade Secrets       .1200(b)         Hand and Portable Powered Tools and Equipment, General.       .242       Welding       .252(c)(1)(iv)         and Equipment, General.       .242(b)       Exposure in Laboratories hazardous       .1450         Compressed Air Used for Cleaning.       .242(a)       Safety Management (see Chemicals, Highly, Process)       .119 App. A         Hand Protection       .138       Hazardous Energy, Control of (see Lockout/Tagout).       .110       .111         Hand Tools       .243(a)(2)       Acetylene       .102       .111         Dead-Man Controls       .243(a)(2)       Acetylene       .102       .111         Ledging Operations       .266(e)       Bulk Oxygen Systems       .109       .104         Logging Operations       .266(e)       Bulk Oxygen Systems       .104       .106         Handholds, Manlifts       .68(c)(4)       Compressed Gases, General Requipment       .101         Ammonia, Anhydrours       .102       .102       .106         Logging Operations       .266(e)       Bulk Oxygen Systems       .104         Additiong and Storage).       .111       .102       .106	Guarding of Portable Powered		Purpose of Standard	.1200(a)
ment, Other).       241       Scope and Application       .1200(b)         Definitions       .241       Trade Secrets       .1200(i)         Hand and Portable Powered Tools       .242       Welding       .252(c)(1)(iv)         and Equipment, General.       .242(b)       Hazardous Chemicals, Occupational       .1450         Compressed Air Used for       .242(b)       Exposure in Laboratories hazardous       .1450         General Requirements       .242(a)       Safety Management (see Chemicals, Highly, Process       .119 App. A         Hand Protection       .138       Hazardous Energy, Control of (see Lockout/Tagout)       .110         Hand Tools       .242       Hazardous Metrials       .242         Dead-Man Controls       .242       .243(a)(2)       Acetylene       .102         Electric Power Generation, Transmission, and Distribution.       .266(e)       Bulk Oxygen Systems       .104         Pulp, Paper, and Paperboard Mills       .266(e)       Bulk Oxygen Systems       .104         Logging Operations       .266(e)       Combustible Liquids       .106         Handholds, Manlifts       .68(c)(4)       Combustible Liquids       .101         Ammoria, Anhydrous       .102       .106       .104         Logging Operations       .68(c)	Tools; Portable Tools and Equip-		Safety Data Sheets	.1200(g)
Definitions       .241       Trade Secrets       1200(i)         Hand and Portable Powered Tools       .242       Welding       .252(c)(1)(iv)         and Equipment, General.       .242       Welding       .252(c)(1)(iv)         Cleaning.       .242(b)       Hazardous Chemicals, Occupational       .1450         Cleaning.       .242(a)       Safety Management (see Chemicals, Highly, Process       .19 App. A         Hand Protection       .138       Hazardous)       .19 App. A         Hand Spraying Equipment (see Electrostatic Hand Spraying Equipment).       .242(a)       Safety Management (see Chemicals, Hand Tools       .242(a)         Dead-Man Controls       .242       Hazardous Energy, Control of (see Lockout/Tagout).       .102         Electric Power Generation, Transmission, and Distribution.       .261(c)(13)       Blasting Agents       .102         Pulp, Paper, and Paperboard Mills       .261(c)(13)       Blasting Agents       .104         Logging Operations       .68(c)(4)       Computative flags       .104         Ammoria, Anhydrous, Storage       .101       .106       .101         And Storage).       .111       .201       .102       .104	ment, Other).		Scope and Application	.1200(b)
Hand and Portable Powered Tools and Equipment, General. Compressed Air       .242       Welding       .252(c)(1)(iv)         Hazardous Chemicals, Occupational Exposure in Laboratories hazardous       .242(b)       Laboratories hazardous       .1450         General Requirements       .242(a)       Safety Management (see Chemicals, Hazardous Chemicals, Highly, Process       .119 App. A         Hand Protection       .138       Hazardous Energy, Control of (see Lockout/Tagout).       .110         Hand Tools       .242(a)       Acetylene       .102         Electric Power Generation, Trans- mission, and Distribution.       .243(a)(2)       Acetylene       .102         Pulp, Paper, and Paperboard Mills       .261(c)(13)       Blasting Agents       .109         Logging Operations       .266(e)       Bulk Oxygen Systems       .104         Amdroids, Manlifts       .68(c)(4)       Compressed Gases, General Requirementer       .101         Quirements.       .111       .001       .101	Definitions	.241	Trade Secrets	1200(i)
and Equipment, General. Compressed Air Used for Cleaning.       .242(b)       Hazardous Chemicals, Occupational Exposure in Laboratories hazardous Hazardous Chemicals, Highly, Process       .1450         General Requirements       .242(b)       Safety Management (see Chemicals, Hazardous)       .119 App. A         Hand Protection       .138       Hazardous Energy, Control of (see Lockout/Tagout).       .119 App. A         Hand Tools       .242       Hazardous Energy, Control of (see Lockout/Tagout).       .102         Bead-Man Controls       .243(a)(2)       Acetylene       .102         Electric Power Generation, Trans- mission, and Distribution.       .269(i)       Anmyonia, Anhydrous, Storage and Handling of.       .109         Logging Operations       .266(e)       Bulk Oxygen Systems       .104         Handholds, Manlifts       .68(c)(4)       Combustible Liquids       .101         Amotiong (see also Materials Handling and Storage).       .111       .001       .001	Hand and Portable Powered Tools	.242	Welding	.252(c)(1)(iv)
Compressed Air Used for Cleaning.       .242(b)       Exposure in Laboratories hazardous Hazardous Chemicals, Highly, Process       .119 App. A         Hand Protection       .138       Hazardous)       .119 App. A         Hand Protection       .138       Hazardous)       .119 App. A         Hand Spraying Equipment (see Elec- trostatic Hand Spraying Equipment).       .242(a)       Safety Management (see Chemicals, Hazardous)       .119 App. A         Bead-Man Controls       .242       Hazardous Energy, Control of (see Lockout/Tagout)       .102         Electric Power Generation, Trans- mission, and Distribution.       .269(i)       Acetylene       .102         Pulp, Paper, and Paperboard Mills       .261(c)(13)       Blasting Agents       .109         Logging Operations       .266(e)       Bulk Oxygen Systems       .104         Handling (see also Materials Handling and Storage).       .111       .001       .001	and Equipment, General.		Hazardous Chemicals, Occupational	.1450
Cleaning.       242(a)       Hazardous Chemicals, Highly, Process       119 App. A         General Requirements       .242(a)       Safety Management (see Chemicals, Highly, Process       119 App. A         Hand Protection       .138       Hazardous       Electric Chemicals, Highly, Process       119 App. A         Hand Spraying Equipment (see Electrostatic Hand Spraying Equipment).       .138       Hazardous Energy, Control of (see       102         Dead-Man Controls       .242       Hazardous Materials.       .102         Electric Power Generation, Transmission, and Distribution.       .269(i)       Amornia, Anhydrous, Storage and Handling of.       .109         Logging Operations       .266(e)       Bulk Oxygen Systems       .104         Handholds, Manlifts       .68(c)(4)       Compressed Gases, General Requirements       .101         Ammoria, Ashydroura       .111       .001       .101	Compressed Air Used for	.242(b)	Exposure in Laboratories hazardous	
General Requirements       .242(a)       Safety Management (see Chemicals, Hard Protection       .138         Hand Protection       .138       Hazardous)         Hand Spraying Equipment (see Elec- trostatic Hand Spraying Equipment).       Hazardous Energy, Control of (see Lockout/Tagout).         Hand Tools       .242       Hazardous Materials.         Dead-Man Controls       .243(a)(2)       Acetylene       .102         Electric Power Generation, Trans- mission, and Distribution.       .269(i)       Ammonia, Anhydrous, Storage and Handling of.       .109         Pulp, Paper, and Paperboard Mills       .266(e)       Bulk Oxygen Systems       .104         Logging Operations       .266(e)       Combustible Liquids       .106         Handholds, Manilifts       .68(c)(4)       Compressed Gases, General Re- quirements.       .101         And Storage).       .111       .111       .101	Cleaning.		Hazardous Chemicals, Highly, Process	.119 App. A
Hand Protection       138       Hazardous)         Hand Spraying Equipment (see Electrostatic Hand Spraying Equipment).       Hazardous Energy, Control of (see Lockout/Tagout)         Hand Tools       .242       Hazardous Materials.         Dead-Man Controls       .243(a)(2)       Acetylene       .102         Electric Power Generation, Transmission, and Distribution.       .269(i)       And Handling of.       .109         Logging Operations       .266(e)       Bulk Oxygen Systems       .104         Handlinds, Manlifts       .68(c)(4)       Combustible Liquids       .106         Handling (see also Materials Handling and Storage).       .111       .106       .101         Quirements.       .111       .106       .106       .106	General Requirements	.242(a)	Safety Management (see Chemicals,	
Hand Spraying Equipment (see Electrostatic Hand Spraying Equipment).       Hazardous Énergy, Control of (see Lockout/Tagout).         Hand Tools       .242         Dead-Man Controls       .243(a)(2)         Acetylene       .102         Electric Power Generation, Transmission, and Distribution.       .269(i)         Pulp, Paper, and Paperboard Mills       .261(c)(13)         Logging Operations       .266(e)         Handholds, Manlifts       .68(c)(4)         Compressed Gases, General Regulation of Storage).       .101         and Storage).       .111         Amerging Abudeure       .111	Hand Protection	.138	Hazardous)	
trostatic Hand Spraying Equipment). Hand Tools	Hand Spraying Equipment (see Elec-		Hazardous Energy, Control of (see	
Hand Tools     .242     Hazardous Materials.     .102       Dead-Man Controls     .243(a)(2)     Acetylene     .102       Electric Power Generation, Transmission, and Distribution.     .269(i)     Ammonia, Anhydrous, Storage and Handling of.     .101       Pulp, Paper, and Paperboard Mills     .261(c)(13)     Blasting Agents     .109       Logging Operations     .266(e)     Bulk Oxygen Systems     .104       Handholds, Manlifts     .68(c)(4)     Combustible Liquids     .106       Handling (see also Materials Handling and Storage).     .111     .001       Ammonia, Storage).     .111     .102	trostatic Hand Spraying Equipment).		Lockout/Tagout)	
Dead-Man Controls       .243(a)(2)       Acetylene       .102         Electric Power Generation, Transmission, and Distribution.       .269(i)       Ammonia, Anhydrous, Storage and Handling of.       .111         Pulp, Paper, and Paperboard Mills       .261(c)(13)       Blasting Agents       .109         Logging Operations       .266(e)       Bulk Oxygen Systems       .104         Handholds, Manlifts       .68(c)(4)       Combustible Liquids       .106         Manding (see also Materials Handling and Storage).       .111       .101       .101         Ammonia, Anhydrous, DOT Middiage       .101       .101       .102	Hand Tools	.242	Hazardous Materials	
Electric Power Generation, Transmission, and Distribution.       .269(i)       Ammonia, Anhydrous, Storage and Handling of.       .111         Pulp, Paper, and Paperboard Mills Logging Operations       .261(c)(13)       Blasting Agents       .109         Handholds, Manlifts       .68(c)(4)       Combustible Liquids       .106         Handholds, Materials Handling and Storage).       .111       .101         Ammonia, Anhydrous, Storage       .261(c)(13)       Blasting Agents       .109         Logging Operations       .266(e)       Bulk Oxygen Systems       .104         Handholds, Manlifts       .68(c)(4)       Combustible Liquids       .106         DOT Markingon       .111       .101       .101	Dead-Man Controls	.243(a)(2)	Acetylene	.102
mission, and Distribution. Pulp, Paper, and Paperboard Mills Logging Operations	Electric Power Generation, Trans-	.269(i)	Ammonia, Anhydrous, Storage	.111
Pulp, Paper, and Paperboard Mills     .261(c)(13)     Blasting Agents     .109       Logging Operations     .266(e)     Bulk Oxygen Systems     .104       Handholds, Manlifts     .68(c)(4)     Combustible Liquids     .106       Handling (see also Materials Handling and Storage).     111     DOT Mortinga     .101	mission, and Distribution.	.,	and Handling of.	
Logging Operations	Pulp, Paper, and Paperboard Mills	.261(c)(13)	Blasting Agents	.109
Handholds, Manlifts     .68(c)(4)     Combustible Liquids     .106       Handling (see also Materials Handling and Storage).     .68(c)(4)     Compressed Gases, General Re- quirements.     .101       DOT Marking     111     DOT Marking     .1201	Logging Operations	.266(e)	Bulk Oxygen Systems	.104
Handling (see also Materials Handling and Storage). 111 Compressed Gases, General Re- quirements. DOT Marking 1201	Handholds, Manlifts	.68(c)(4)	Combustible Liquids	.106
and Storage). quirements.	Handling (see also Materials Handling	. / . /	Compressed Gases, General Re-	.101
Ammonia Anhydroup 111 DOT Markinga 1201	and Storage).		quirements.	-
Animonia, Aninyurous   .111 DOT Markings	Ammonia, Anhydrous	.111	DOT Markings	.1201
Compressed Gases101(b) Explosives and Blasting Agents109	Compressed Gases	.101(b)	Explosives and Blasting Agents	.109

Subject term	Section No.	_
Flammable Liquids	.106	
Forklifts Used	.178(c)(2)	
Hazard Communication	.1200	
Hazardous Wastes	.120	
Hydrogen	103	
Liquefied Petroleum Gases	110	
Nitroue Ovide	105	
	103	
Oxygen	.104	
Process Safety Management,	.119	
Highly Hazardous Chemicals.		
Spray Finishing Using Flammable	.107	
and Combustible Materials.		
Hazardous Waste Operations and		
Emergency Response		
Compliance Guidelines	.120 App. C	
Decontamination	.120(k)	
Decontamination Procedures	.120(k)(1)	
Emergency Response by Employ-	.120(I)	
ees at Uncontrolled Hazardous	.,	
Waste Sites.		
Elements of an Emergency	120(1)(2)	
Besponse Plan		
Handling Emergency Inci-	120(1)(3)	
donte Procoduros	.120(1)(0)	
Generation Descentes to Her	100(=)	
Emergency Response to Haz-	.120(q)	
ardous Substance Releases.	100())(0)	
Elements of an Emergency	.120(q)(2)	
Response Plan.		
Plan, Emergency Response	.120(q)(1)	
Training for	.120(q)(6)	He
Engineering Controls, Work Prac-	.120(g)	- 1
tices, and PPE.		I
for Substances Regulated in	.120(q)(1)	He
Subparts G and Z.		He
Totally Encapsulating Chem-	.120(g)(4)	
ical Protective Suits		
Handling Drums and Containers	120(i)	
Laboratory Waste Packs	120(i)(6)	He
Sampling of Drum and Containor	120(i)(7)	110
Contonte	.120()(7)	
Contents. Chipping and Transport	100(i)(8)	
Shipping and Transport	.120(j)(8)	
Shock-Sensitive wastes	.120(j)(5)	
Tank and Vault Procedures	.120(J)(9)	
Illumination	.120(m)	
Laboratory Waste Packs	.120(j)(6)	
Medical Surveillance	.120(f)	
Content of Medical Examina-		
tions and.		
Consultations	.120(f)(4)	
Examination by a Physician	.120(f)(5)	
and Costs.		
Frequency of Examinations	.120(f)(3)	
Information Provided to the	.120(f)(6)	
Physician		
Physician's Written Opinion	120(f)(7)	
Pocordkooning	120(f)(R)	
Manitarian	.120(I)(0)	110
Monitoring	.120(n)	не
Initial Entry	.120(n)(2)	'
Monitoring of High Risk Em-	.120(h)(4)	He
ployees.		
Periodic Monitoring	.120(h)(3)	Hir
New Technology Programs	.120(o)	Hc
Personal Protective Equipment,	.120(g)	
Engineering Controls and Work		
Practices.		
Totally-Encapsulating Chem-	.120(g)(4)	Ho
ical Protective Suits.	- (3/(*/	Ho
Personal Protective Equipment	120 App A	1
Test Methods		Ho
Protection Levels of Protection	120 App B	. 10
and Protective Geor		
And Frotective Gedt.	120(i)(4)	Ц~
Releases Emergency Reserves	120(j)(4)	H0
neleases, Emergency Response	.120(q)	-10
to mazaroous Substance.	i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i	

Subject term	Section No.	
BCBA (Besource Conservation	120(n)	
and Becovery Act) Operations	.120(p)	
Conducted under.		
Scope, Applications, and Defini-	.120(a)	
tions.		
Safety and Health Program	.120(b)	
Contractors and Subcontrac-	.120(b)(1)(iv)	
tors.		
Sanitation at Temporary Work-	.120(n)	
places. Site Characterization and Applyoia	120(a)	
Site Control	120(c)	
Elements of Site Control Sys-	120(d)(3)	
tem.		
Training	.120(e)	
Certification Training	.120(e)(6)	
Curriculum Guidelines	.120 App. E	
Elements to Be Covered	.120(e)(2)	
Emergency Response	.120(e)(7)	
Equivalent training	.120(e)(9) 120(o)(3)	
Management and Supervisor	120(e)(3)	
Training	.120(0)(4)	
Qualifications for Trainers	.120(e)(5)	
Refresher Training	.120(e)(8)	
Uncontrolled Sites, Emergency	.120(I)	
Responses.		
Work Practices, Engineering Con-	.120(g)	
trols, and PPE.	1000	
Healthcare Professions and Related	1030	
Pathogons		
Hearing Conservation Program	95(c)	
Heating.	.00(0)	
Dip Tanks	.125(q)	
Bulk Plants	.106(f)(2)(ii)	
Service Stations	.106(g)(6)	
Helicopters	.183	
Approach Distance	.183(0)	
Approaching Helicopter	.183(p)	
Communications	193(D)	
Ground Lines	183(1)	
Hooking and Unhooking Loads	.183(i)	
Hooks, Cargo	.183(d)	
Housekeeping	.183(g)	
Loose Gear and Objects	.183(f)	
Load Safety	.183(h)	
Personnel	.183(q)	
Personal Protective Equipment	.183(e)	
(PPE). Signal Systems	183(n)	
Slings and Tag Lines	183(c	
Static Charge	183(i)	
Visibility	.183(m)	
Weight Limitation	.183(k)	
Hepatitis B (see also Bloodborne	.1030	
Pathogens)		
Hexavalent Chromium (see Chromium		
[VI])	00(-)(0)()	
Hoist Limit Switches	.23(a)(3)(1)	
Cranes	179(e)(5) 170(h)	
Powered Platforms	.66(f)(4), 66(d)(6)	
Rope Guards	.179(e)(5)	
Holding Brakes	.179(f)(2)	
Holes (see also Floor Openings	.23	
[Holes]; Wall Openings [Holes])		
Hooks.	470/11/0	
Cranes	.179(h)(4)	
Derricks	.181(J)(2)	
HOLSE SCALIOIUS	.20(11)	
Flammable Liquids	107(e)(6)	
. ammabio Liquius		

Subject term	Section No
Liquefied Petroleum Gases	.110(b)(9)
Semiconductors	109(a)(12)
Sprinklor Systems	150(c)(5)
	.159(0)(5)
Standpipe and Hose Systems	.158(C)(3)
Welding and Cutting	.253(e)
Hot Metal, Forging and	.211(e)
Hot Sources	.107(c)(3)
Hot Work Permit (see Authorization)	- (-/(-/
Confined Spaces Permit Pequired	146(f)(14)
Croin Handling Eacilities	070(f)
	.272(1)
Process Salety Management of	.119(K)
Highly Hazardous Chemicals.	
Welding, Cutting, and Brazing	.252(a)(2)
Hours of Transfer, Explosives	.109(f)(5
Housekeeping	.141(a)(3)
Acrylonitrile	1045(k)
Arconio Inorganio	1019(k)
Albertee	1001(k)
Aspesios	.1001(K)
Bloodborne Pathogens	.1030(d)(4)
Cadmium	.1027(k)
Chromium (VI)	.1026(j)
DBCP (1,2-Dibromo-3-	.1044(k)
Chloropropane)	. ,
Formaldehyde	1048(i)
Crain Handling Escilition	070(i)
	.272(j)
Helicopters	.183(g)
Industrial Plants	.106(e)(9)
Lead	.1025(h)
Materials Handling and Storage	.176(c
4.4-Methylenedianiline	.1050(l)
Processing Plants, Flammable and	.106(h)(8)
Compustible Liquids	
Conitation	141(0)(2)
	.141(a)(3)
Storage Areas	.176(C)
Walking-Working Surfaces	.22(a)
Hydraulic Barkers	261(e)(14)
Hydraulic Equipment	217(b)(11)
Hydraulically Designed Sprinkler Sys-	.159(c)(11)
tems	
Hydrogen	.103
Definitions	103(a)(1)
Casagua Hydrogon Systema	102(b)
Design	.103(D)
Design	.103(D)(1)
Containers	.103(b)(1)(i)
Equipment Assembly	.103(b)(1)(iv)
Marking	.103(b)(1)(v)
Piping, Tubing, and Fittings	.103(b)(1)(iii)
Safety Belief Devices	103(b(1)(ii)
Testing	103(b)(1)(vi)
Location	102(b)(2)
	100(b)(2)
General	.103(b)(2)(l)
Specific Requirements	.103(D)(2)(II)
Design Consideration at Specific	103(b)(3)
Locations.	
Outdoor Locations	.103(b)(3)(i)
Separate Buildings	.103(b)(3)(ii)
Special rooms	103(b)(3)(iiii)
Maintenance	103(b)(5)
Operating Instructions	102(b)(d)
	.103(b)(4)
Liquened Hydrogen Systems	.103(C)
Design	.103(C)(1)
Bonding and Grounding	.103(c)(1)(x)
Containers	.103(c)(1)(i)
Electrical Systems	.103(c)(1)(ix)
Equipment Assembly	.103(c)(1)(vi)
Liquefied Hydrogen Vapor-	103(c)(1)(viii)
izers	
12013. Marking	102(a)(1)()
	.103(c)(1)(III)
Piping, Tubing, and Fittings	.103(c)(1)(v)
Safety Relief Devices	.103(c)(1)(iv)
Supports	.103(c)(1)(ii)
Testing	103(c)(1)(vii)
Location of Liquefied Hydrogen	.103(c)(2)
Storage	

Subject term	Section No.
Handling of Liquefied Hydro-	.103(c)(2)(ii)
Than Separate Buildings and Special Booms	
Specific Requirements	.103(c)(2)(i)
Design Considerations at Specific	.103(c)(3)
Outdoor	.103(c)(3)(i)
Separate Buildings	.103(c)(3)(ii)
Operating Instructions	103(c)(3)(iii)
Attendant	.103(c)(4)(ii)
Grounding	.103(c)(4)(iv)
Security	.103(c)(4)(iii)
Written Instructions	.103(c)(4)(I)
Scope	103(a)(2)
Gaseous Hydrogen Systems	103(a)(2)(i)
Liquefied Hydrogen Systems	.103(a)(2)(ii)
Testing	.103(c)(1)(vii)
Location of Liquefied Hydrogen	.103(c)(2)(II)
Hydrogen Inside Buildings Other	
Than Separate Buildings and	
Special Rooms.	
Specific Requirements	.103(c)(2)(i)
Locations	.103(0)(3)
Outdoor	.103(c)(3)(i)
Separate Buildings	.103(c)(3)(ii)
Special Rooms	.103(c)(3)(iii)
Operating Instructions	.103(c)(4)
Grounding	103(c)(4)(ll)
Security	.103(c)(4)(iii)
Written Instructions	.103(c)(4)(i)
Maintenance	.103(c)(5)
Scope	103(a)(2)
Liquefied Hydrogen Systems	103(a)(2)(ii)
Hydrostatic Tests (see also Testing).	
Fire Extinguishers	.157(f)
Piping	.106(c)(7)
Bulk Plants	106(f)(6)
Dip Tanks	.125(e)
Industrial Plants	.106(e)(6)
Powder Coatings	.107(l)(1)
Processing Plants	.106(n)(7) 106(a)(8)
Spraving Operations	107(c)
Combustible Residues	.107(c)(5)
Conformance	.107(c)(1)
Electrical Wiring	.107(c)(4), .107(6)
Grounaing Hot Sources	107(c)(9)
Lamps	.107(c)(7), (8)
Separation Minimum	.107(c)(2)
Storage Tanks	.106(b)(6)
Illumination (see Lighting)	6
Abrasive Wheel Machinery	.215(b)(12)
Access to Employee Exposure and Medical Records.	.1020(c)(13)
Accident Prevention Signs and Tags.	.145(d)(10)
Acetylene	.102(a), .102(b), .102(c)
Air Receivers	.169(a)(2)
Ammonia, Anhydrous	.111(b)(1), .111(2), .111(7), .111(8),
Ave Melding and Cutting	.111(11), .111(d)(1), .111(4)
Arc Welding and Cutting	.254(b)(1)
	Subject term           Handling of Liquefied Hydro- gen Inside Buildings Other Than Separate Buildings and Special Rooms.           Specific Requirements           Design Considerations at Specific Locations.           Outdoor           Separate Buildings           Special Rooms.           Operating Instructions           Attendant           Grounding           Security           Written Instructions           Maintenance           Scope           Gaseous Hydrogen Systems Testing           Liquefied Hydrogen Systems Testing           Location of Liquefied Hydrogen Storage Handling of Liquefied Hydrogen Inside Buildings and Special Rooms.           Specific Requirements           Design Considerations at Specific Locations.           Outdoor           Separate Buildings           Special Rooms.           Operating Instructions           Attendant           Grounding           Security           Written Instructions           Maintenance           Scope           Gaseous Hydrogen Systems           Liquefied Hydrogen Systems           Liquefied Hydrogen Systems           Liquefied Hydrogen Systems           Liquefied Hydrogen Systems

#### Subject term Section No. Bakery Equipment ..... .263(i)(24), .263(k)(2) Compressed Gases (General Re-.101(a), .101(b), quirements). .101 (c) Crawler Locomotive, and Truck .180(b)(2), Cranes. .180(c)(1), .180(e)(2) Derricks ... .181(b)(2) Dipping and Coating Operations ... .124(b)(4) Existing Installations (Mandatory) .66 App. D(b)-(d) Explosives and Blasting Agents ... .109(i)(1), (6) .133(b)(1), (2) .156(e)(3), .156(4), Eye and Face Protection ..... Fire Brigades .. .156(5) Fixed Ladders .27(b)(6) 106(b)(1), .106(2), .162(d)(3), Flammable Liquids ...... .162(4), .162(g)(1), .162(i)(3), .162(j)(6) Foot Protection ... .136(b)(1), (2) Forging Machines ..... .218(d)(4), .218(e)(1), .218(j), .218(j)(3) Hazard Communication ..... .1200 Hazardous Waste Operations and .120(a)(3) Emergency Response. Head Protection ... .135(b)(1) .103(b)(1), .103(3), Hydrogen .103(c)(1) Logging Operations .... .266(d)(3), .266(e)(2), .266(f)(3), .266(4), .266(5) .68(b)(1), .68(2), Manlifts .. .68(3), .68(4), .68(c)(3), .68(4) Means of Egress Compliance with .35 Alternate Exit-Route Codes. Means of Egress Coverage and .34 Definitions. Means of Egress Design and Con-.36 struction Requirements for Exit Routes. Means of Egress Maintenance, .37 Safeguards, and Operational Features for Exit Routes. Mechanical Power Presses .217(b)(12) Mechanical Power-Transmission .219(c)(5) Apparatus. Nitrous Oxide .105 .95(h)(2), .95(5), .95 App. B, .95 App. D, .95 App. I Occupational Noise Exposure ..... Other Working Surfaces ... .30(a)(3) Overhead and Gantry Cranes ..... .179(b)(6), (c)(2) Oxygen ... .104(b)(4), .104(5), .104(6) .253(b)(1), .253(4), Oxygen-Fuel Gas Welding and Cutting. .253(c)(2), .253(d)(1), .253(4), .253(e)(4), .253(5), .253(6), .253(f)(6) .178(a)(2), .178(3), Powered Industrial Trucks .. .178(f)(1), .178(2) Process Safety Management of .119 Highly Hazardous Chemicals.

Subject term	Section No.	
Pulp, Paper, and Paperboard Mills	.261(a)(3) and (4), .261(b)(1) and (2), .261(b)(6), .261(c)(2) and (3), .261(c)(2) and (3), .261(c)(2) and (10), .261(c)(16), .261(c)(16), .261(d)(1), .261(e)(3), .261(e)(7) and (9), .261(f)(4) and (5), .261(g)(1) and (g)(10), .261 (g)(11), .261(15) and (18), .261(i)(2) and (4), .261(i)(2) and (5) and (4), .261(i)(2) and (5) and (4), .261(i)(2) and (5) and	
Respiratory Protection	.134(c), .134(d)(1) and (4)	
Sawmills	.265(c)(2), (c)(15), (c)(18) and (20), .265(d)(2)	
Slings Spray Finishing Using Flammable and Combustible Materials.	.184 .107(d)(1), .107(j)(1), .107(l)(3)	
Storage and Handling of Liquefied Petroleum Gases.	.110(b)(3) and (8), .110(b)(10) and (11), .110(b)(13), .110(b)(20), .110(c)(2)	
Telecommunications	.268(f)(1), .268(i)(1), .268(j)(4), .268(i)(1), .268(i)(1), .268(s)(1)	
Textiles	.142(1)(1) .262(c)(6) .67(c)(5)	
Ventilation	.94(a)(2)to(6), .94(b)(3) and (4), .94(c)(2) and (3), .94(c)(5)to(7)	
General Requirements.	.252, (a)(1), .252(b)(2), .252(d)(1)	
Indoor Storage. Flammable and Combustible Liq- uids.	.106(b)(4), .106(d)(4) and (5), .106(e)(5), .106(g)(1)(iii), .106(h)(4)(i)	
Rooms Industrial Plants. Flammable and Combustible Liq-	.106(d)(4) .106(e)	
uids. Electrical Systems Fire Protection Housekeeping Incidental Storage Ignition Sources Maintenance Repairs, Equipment Tank Loading	$\begin{array}{c} .106(e)(7)\\ .106(e)(5)\\ .106(e)(9)\\ .106(e)(2)\\ .106(e)(6)\\ .106(e)(9)\\ .106(e)(9)\\ .106(e)(8)\\ .106(e)(4) \end{array}$	

Subject term	Section No.	Subject term	Section No.
Unit Physical Operations	.106(e)(3)	Disclosure to Former Employee of	.1096(o)
Information Collection Requirements	.110(f)(4) .8	Exceptions from Posting Require- ments.	.1096(g)
(OMB Control Numbers).		Exemptions for Radioactive Mate- rials Packaged for Shipment.	.1096(h)
Sanitation Labor Camps	.141(a)(5) .142(j)	Exposure of Individuals to Radi- ation in Restricted Areas.	.1096(b)
Inspection (See Also Term to Which It Applies)		Exposure to Airborne Radioactive Material.	.1096(c)
Acrylonitrile	.1045(k)(2) 1001(x)(3)	Immediate Evacuation Warning Signal	.1096(f)
1,3-Butadiene	.1051 App. A	Instruction of Personnel, Posting	.1096(i)
Coke Oven Emissions	.1029(f)(3)	Nuclear Regulatory Commission	.1096(p)
Compressed Gas Cylinders	.101(a)	Licensees.	4000(1)
(Lockout/Tagout).	.147(C)(6)	Precautionary Procedures and Personal Monitoring.	.1096(d)
Cotton Dust	.1043(m)(2)	Records	.1096(n)
Cranes.	190(d)	Reports of Overexposure and Ex-	.1096(m)
Gantry	.179(i)	tions	
Ropes	.179(m)	Storage of Radioactive Materials	.1096(j)
Locomotive	.180(d)	Waste Disposal	.1096(k)
Overnead Ropes	.179(J) 179(m)	Jacks Definitions	241(d)
Truck	180(d)	Fixed Truck	.178(k)(3)
Derricks	.181(d)	Loading	.244(a)(1)
Diving, Pre-dive procedures	.421(g)	Marking	.244(a)(1)
Electric Power Generation, Trans-	.269(a)(2)(III)	Maintenance	244(a)(2)
Electrical Protective Devices	.137(a)(3)	Jointers	.213(i)
Ethylene Oxide	.1047 App. A	Blades	.213(s)(12)
Fire Brigades	.156(b)(1)	Keys, Projecting	.219(h)
Fire Extinguishers	157(e)	Kiers	.262(q)
Flammable Liquids	.106(C)(1) 106(b)(5)(vi)	Kilns Kitchens Labor Camps	.265(f) 142(i)
Formaldehvde	.1048(i)	Labels	.172(1)
Gas Cylinders	.101(a)	Acrylonitrile	.1045(p)(3)
Grain Handling Facilities	.272(m)(1)	Arsenic, Inorganic	.1018(p)(2)(ii)
Hazardous Waste Operations and	.120(b)(4),	Asbestos	.1001(j)(5)
Emergency Response.	.120(p)(1),	Bioodborrie Fatriogens Benzene	.1030(g)(1)
Ionizing Radiation	.1096(f)(3)	Cadmium	.1027(m)(3)
Live-Line Tools	.269(j)	Chromium (VI)	.1026(l)(1)(iii)
Laboratories	.1450 App. A	Coke Oven Emissions	.1029(I)(3)
Ladders, Fixed	.27(f) 25(b)(1)	1 2-Dibromo-2-Chloropropago	.1043(j)(2)(V)
Logging Operations	.266(e)(1)	DOT Markings. Placards. and La-	.1201
Manlifts	.68(e)	bels.	
Methylene Chloride	.1052 App. A	Electrical Specific Purpose Equip-	.306(g)(1)
Methylenedianiline	.1050(e)(8)	ment and Installations.	1047(1)(0)
Powered Platforms	.217(e) 66(a) 66(b)	Etriylene Oxide	1047(j)(2) 1048(b)(2)(ii)(B)
Process Safety Management of	.119(j)(4)	Hazard Communication	.1200(f)
Highly Hazardous Chemicals.	0,( )	Induction and Dielectric Heating	.306(g)(1)(iv)
Pulp, Paper, and Paperboard Mills	.261(g)(21)	Equipment.	
Respirators	.134(t)	Ionizing Radiation	.1096(e)
Scaffolding	.179(III) 28(c) 28(e) 28(d)	Laboratories	1025(m)(1)(iii)
Slings	.184(d)	Methylenedianiline	.1050(k)(2)(ii)
Stairs, Fixed Industrial	.24(b)	Vinyl Chloride	.1017(l)(3)
Telecommunications	.268(j)(1)	Labeling, Hazardous Chemicals	.1200
Textiles	.262(c)(5)	Labor Camps, Temporary	.142
Welding Cutting and Brazing	.94(a)(4) 252(d)(1)(vii)	ties	.142(1)
	.255(e)	Beds, Cots, or Bunks	.142(b)(3)
Woodworking Machines	.213(s)	Communicable Diseases Report-	.142(l)
Instruction Signs, Maniitts	.08(C)(7) 107(b)(5)	ing. Facilities	(b)
Interior Hung Scaffolds	.28(p)	First Aid	.142(k)
Ionizing Radiation	.1096	Furnishings	.142(b)
Caution Signs, Labels, and Sig- nals.	.1096(e)	Floors	.142(b)(4), .142(b)(5)

Subject term	Section No.
Grounds	.142(a)(3)
Heating, Cooking, and Water	.142(b)(11)
Insect Control	.142(i)
Kitchens, Dining Halls, and Feed-	.142(i)
ing Facilities.	1 40/6
Lighting	.142(1)
Refuse Disposal	.142(h)
Rodent Control	.142(j)
Openings	.142(D)(8)
Sewage Disposal	.142(e)
Shelters	.142(b)
Site	.142(a) 142(a)(2)
Sleeping Room Requirements	.142(b)(2), (b)(3)
Space	.142(b)(2), (b)(9)
Stoves	.142(b)(10)
Washing, Bathing, and Hand	.142(u) .142(f)
Washing.	
Waste Disposal	.142(h)
Windows and Exterior Openings	.142(c) 142(b)(7)
windows and Extends Openings	.142(b)(7),
Laboratories, Occupational Exposures	.1450
to Hazardous Chemicals in (see	
Exposure in Laboratories)	
Laboratories and Production Facilities,	.1030(e)
HIV and HBV Research	
Ladder-Jack Scaffolds	.28(q)
Work Platforms. Mobile)	.29(1)
Ladders	
Cranes	.179(d)(4),
Electric Power Generation, Trans-	.269(h)
mission, and Distribution.	
Fixed	.27
Manlitts Portable Metal	.68(b)(12) 26
Portable Wood	.25
Sawmills	.265(c)(10)
Telecommunications	.268(h)
Cages	.27 .27(c)(3), .27(d)(1)
Clearances	.27(c)
Cleats	.27(b)(1)
Design	.27(a) 27(a)(2)
Deterioration	.27(b)(7)
Electrolytic Action	.27(b)(5)
Extensions	.27(d)(3)
rastenings Grab Bars	.∠7(D)(3) 27(c)(5) (d)(4)
Ladder Extensions	.27(d)(3)
Landing Platforms	.27(d)(2)
Maintenance	.27(f)
Bungs	.27(e)
Safety Devices	.27(d)(5)
Side Rails	.27(b)(2)
Splices	.27(b)(4)
Wells	.27(d)(0)
Ladders, Portable Metal	.26
Care	.26(c)(2)
Electrical Safety-Related Work	.333(c)(7)
Extension Ladders	.26(a)(2), (4)
General Requirements	.26(a)(1)
Platform Ladders	.26(a)(5)

Subject term	Section No.
Other all and all and	00(-)(0)
Stepladders	.26(a)(3)
Straight Ladders	.26(a)(2), (4)
Use	.26(C)(3)
Ladders, Portable Wood	.25
Care	.25(d)(1)
Rung Ladders	.25(c)(3)
Sectional	.25(c)(3)(iv)
Single	.25(c)(3)(ii)
Trestle	.25(c)(3)(v)
Two-Section	.25(c)(3)(iii)
Side-Rolling Ladders	.25(c)(5)
Special Purpose Ladders	.25(c)(4)
Masons'	.25(c)(4)(iii)
Painters'	.25(c)(4)(ii)
Stepladders	.25(c)(2)
Trolley Ladders	.25(c)(5)
Materials	.25(b)
Use	.25(d)(2)
Ladderway Guarding	.23(a)(2)
Lamps(see also Lighting)	.107(c)(7),
	.107(c)(8),
	.305(j)(1)
Landings, Manlifts	.68(b)(6), .68(b)(10)
Lathers' Scaffolds (see also Plasterers'	.28(0)
Scaffolds)	
Lathes	.213(o)
Laundry Facilities, Labor Camps	.142(f)
Laundry Machinery and Operations	.264
Miscellaneous Machines and	.264(c)(4)
Equipment.	
Operating Rules	.264(d)
Markers	.264(d)(1)(iii)
Mechanical Safeguards	.264(d)(2)
Point-of-Operation Guards	.264(c)
Starching and Drying Machines	.264(c)(2)
Washroom Machines	.264(c)(1)
Lavatories	.141(d)(2)
Lawn Mowers, Power	.243(e)
Forging Machines	.218(a)(1)
General Requirements	.243(e)(1)
Riding Rotary	.243(e)(2),
	.243(e)(4)
Walk-Behind	.243(e)(2),
	.243(e)(3)
Lead	.1025, .252(C)(7)
Communication of Hazards	.1025(m)(l)
Exposure Monitoring	.1025(0)
Housekeeping	.1025(h)
Hygiene Facilities and Practices	.1025(i)
Indoors	.252(c)(7)(ii),
	.252(c)(7)(iii)
iviedical Removal Protection	.1025(K)
Medical Surveillance	.1025(j)
Methods of Compliance	.1025(e)
Observation of Monitoring	.1025(0)
Permissible Exposure Limit(PEL)	.1025(C)
Protective Work Clothing and	.1025(g)
Equipment.	4005()
Recordkeeping	.1025(n)
Respiratory Protection	.1025(f)
Ventilation	.252(C)(7)(III)
Leakage, Bulk Oxygen Systems	.104(D)(2)(III)
Levers, Hand-Operated	.217(D)(5)
Chicken Lodders	00(+)(0)
Confined Cases	.20(I)(2)
Contined Spaces	.252(D)(4)(IV)
Crawling Boards	.∠d(l)(2)
Electric Power Generation, Trans-	.∠o9(g)(≥)(III)
mission, and Distribution.	070/h)/1)
Grain Handling Facilities	.2/2(N)(1),
Demorred Diotform	.2/2(g)(2)
Pulp Paper and Paperbaard Mills	.00(u)(9), App. C
Fulp, Faper, and Paperboard MIIIS	.201(y)(2)(II),
	.201()(3)(1)

Subject term	Section No.
Scaffolding	.28(g)(9), .28(j)(4), .28(u)(6)
Welding, Cutting and Brazing	.252(b)(4)(iv)
Container Areas	.110(d)(16)
Cranes	.179(c)(4), (g)(7)
About.	.303(g)(1)(V), .303(h)(3)(ii)
Electrical Safety-Related Work Practices.	.333(c)(4)
Hazardous Waste Operations	.120(m) .142(g)
Machinery, Basement Areas	.219(c)(5)
Manlifts	.68(b)(6)(iii), .68(14)
Pulp, Paper, and Paperboard Mills	.261(b)(2),
	.261(c)(10),
Sawmills	.261(k)(21) 265(c)(5)(iii)
	.265(c)(9),
	.263(c)(23)(iii)
Spray Booths	.107(b)(10) 178(b)
Lighting Receptacles	
Cranes	.179(g)(7)
drogen)	
Liquefied Petroleum Gases, Storage and Handling of.	.110
Appliances, Requirements for	.110(b)(20)
Attendants, During Transfer of Liq-	.110(b)(14)
Basic Rules	.110(b)
Approval of Equipment and	.110(b)(2)
Systems. Construction of Containers	110(b)(3)
Odorizing Gases	.110(b)(1)
Requirements for Construc-	.110(b)(3)
tion and Original Testing of	
Buildings	
Engines, Portable, in Build- ings.	.110(e)(12)
Engines, Stationary, in Build- ings.	.110(e)(11)
Industrial Trucks Inside Build- ings.	.110(e)(13)
Piping Gas into Buildings	.110(b)(13)
Containers Other Than DOT	.110(d)(9)
Containers.	
Containers, Awaiting Use or Resale, Storage of.	.110(f)
Cylinder Systems	.110(c)
Drains	.110(d)(11)
Electrical Equipment and	.110(b)(17),
Other Sources of Ignition.	.110(b)(18)
Equipment, Approval of	.110(e)(11), (e)(12)
Fire Protection	.110(d)(14), .110(f)(7),
	.110(h)(14)
Gaging Devices, Liquid-Level Garaging LP-Gas-Fueled Ve-	.110(b)(19) .110(e)(14)
Ignition (see Sources of) Liquefied Petroleum Gas	.110(b)(17) .110(h)
Service Stations.	
Liquid-Level Gaging Devices	.110(b)(19) 110(b)(14)
Loading or Unloading Points	.110(b)(15)
and Operations of Trucks. Location of Containers and	.110(b)(6)
Regulated Equipment.	

Subject term	Section No.
Motor Fuel, Liquefied Petro-	.110(e)
Odorizing Gases	.110(b)(1)
Regulating Containers and	.110(b)(6),
Equipment.	.110(c)(5), 110(e)(9)
Scope	.110(i)
Service Stations	.110(ĥ)
Sources of Ignition, Electrical	.110(b)(17)
Storage	.110
Storage of Containers Await-	.110(f)
ing Use or Resale.	
Other Than DOT Con-	.110(a)
tainers.	
Tank Car Loading	.110(b)(15)
Transfer of Liquids	.110(b)(14)
Truck Loading or Unloading	.110(b)(15) 110(b)(15)
Points and Operations.	.110(b)(13)
Trucks Conversion	.178(d), .178(q)(12)
Liquid Fuels.	
Handling and Storage	.178(f)
Liquid Heaters Spray	107(e)(7)
Liquid Transfer	
Ammonia, Anhydrous	.111(b)(12), (f)(6)
Flammable Liquids	.106(e)(2)(iv),
	.106(e)(3)(VI),
	106(r)(3)(vi),
	.106(h)(4),
	.107(e)(4),
	.107(e)(9)
Liquefied Petroleum Gases	.110(b)(14)
Crawler Locomotives and Truck	.180(h)
Cranes.	
Attaching	.180(h)(2)
Moving	180(h)(4)
Size	.180(h)(1)
Derricks	.181
Attaching	.181(i)(2)
Boom Securing	.181(i)(6)
Moving	181(i)(4)
Size	.181(i)(1)
Winch Heads	.181(i)(5)
Overhead and Gantry Cranes	.179(n)
Attaching	.179(n)(2)
Moving	179(n)(4)
Size	.179(n)(1)
Load Ratings	
Cranes	.180(c)
Derricks	.181(C) 179(b)(5)
Loading	.179(0)(3)
Bulk Plants	.106(f)(3)
Explosives	.109(e)(3)
Industrial Plants	.106(e)(4)
Liquetied Petroleum Gases	.110(D)(15) 106(b)(5)
Scaffolds	.29(a)(2)
Lockout/Tagout	- (-/(-/
Bakery Equipment	.263(k)(12)(i)
Confined Spaces, Permit-Required	.146(f)(8)
Control Sequence	.147 147(d)
Employee Training and Com-	.147(c)(7)
munication.	x-7x 7
Energy Control Program	.147(c)(1)

Subject term	Section No.
Release Procedures, from	.147(e)
Lockout/ I agout. Scope, Application and Pur-	.147(a)
Testing or Positioning of Ma- chines, Equipment or Com- ponents.	.147(f)
Training	.147(c)(7)
Electric Power Generation, Trans- mission, and Distribution. Electrical Safety-Related Work Practices	.269(d), .269(m) .333(b)(1), (2)
Definitions	.399
Forging Machines	.218(h)(2)
Grain Handling Facilities	.272(i)(2)(i), .272(e)(1)(ii)
Inspection, Periodic	.147(c)(6)
Process Safety Management of	.119(f)(4), .119
Highly Hazardous Chemicals.	App.C10
Pulp, Paper, and Paperboard Mills	.261(b)(1)
Locomotives and Truck Cranes)	.180
Logging Operations	.266
Chain Saws	.266(e)(2)
Chipping	.266(h)(4)
Environmental Conditions	.266(d)(5) 266(d)(10)
First Aid	.266(d)(2),
	.266(i)(7), .266
	App. A, .266 App.
Hand and Portable Powered Tools	266(e)
Harvesting	.266(h)
Bucking	.266(h)(3)
Felling	.266(h)(2)
Limbing	.200(1)(3) 266(h)(6)
Machines for Moving Materials	.266(f)
Designated Operator	.266(f)(2)
EXPLANT EXPLAN	.266(f)(6)
Guarding	.266(f)(8)
Brakes	.266(f)(7)
Machine Access	.266(t)(5)
Personal Protective Equipment	.266(d)(1)
Seat Belts	.266(d)(3)
Storage	.266(h)(8)
Certification	.200(I) 266(i)(10)
Content	266(i)(3)
Designated Trainer	.266(i)(8)
First-Aid	.266(I)(7), .266 App.
Frequency	.266(i)(2)
Meetings	.266(i)(11)
Vehicles	.266(g)
Inspection	.200(y)(2) 266(g)(3)
Maintenance	.266(g)(1)
Work Areas	.266(d)(6)
Log Handling (See Also Sawmills)	.265(d)
Longsnoring	. 16(a) 262(n)
Low Pressure Tanks	.106(b)(1)(iv)
LP-Gases(see Liquefied Petroleum	
Gases, Storage and Handling of).	065(a)(07) 005
Lumber Handling	.205(C)(27), .265 (C)(28)
Lunchrooms	.141(g)
Asbestos	.1001(i)(3),
Areania Inerronia	.1001(f)(5),
Arsenic, inorganic	.1018(m)(3), .1018(m)(5)

Subject term	Section No.
Cadmium	.1027(j)(4), 1027(p)(2)(vi)
Coke Oven Emissions DBCP (1,2-Dibromo-3-	.1029(i)(3), (i)(5) .1044(l)(3)
Chloropropane).	
Lead	.1025(i)(4)
Location	.141(g)(1),
	.141(g)(2)
Methylenedianiline	.1050(j)(3)
Waste Disposal Containers	.141(g)(3)
Abrasivo Whool Machinony	.211222
Anchoring Fixed Machinery	.213 212(h)
Bakeries	.263(c)
Barrels	.212(a)(4)
Blades Exposure	.212(a)(5)
Calenders	.216
Containers	.212(a)(4)
Definitions	.211
Drums	.212(a)(4)
Forging Machines	.218
Machines, General Requirements for	.212
All Anoboring Fixed Machinen	010/h)
Machine Guarding	.212(D) 212(a)
Mills	.212(a) 216
Point of Operation	212(a)(3)
Power Presses	.217
Power Transmission Equipment	.219
Types	.212(a)(1)
Woodworking Machinery	.213
Machines	
Abrasive Wheels	.215
Definitions	.211
Forging	.218
Laundry	.264
Logging Operations	.200(1)
Power Transmission Mechanical	.210
Presses Mechanical	217
Textiles	.262
Woodworking	.213
Magazines, Explosives	.109(c)(2)
Class I	.109(c)(3)
Class II	.109(c)(4)
Maintenance (see also Term to Which	
It Applies)	
13 Carcinogens (4-Nitrobiphenyl, etc.)	.1003(c)(5)
Acetylene Generators	.253(f)(7)
Arc Welding and Cutting	.254(d)(9)
Building Maintenance Powered	.66
Platforms.	
Bulk Oxygen Systems	.104(b)(10)
Cranes	.179(l), .180(f)
Derricks	.181(f)
Dip Tanks	.125(e)(4)
Employee Alarm Systems	.165(0)
Exposure records	.1020(0)(1)
Fire Prevention Plans	.137(6)
Flanges	215(c)(9)
Forging Machines	.218(a)(2)
Gaseous Hydrogen Systems	.103(b)(5)
Industrial Plants	.106(e)(9)
Jacks	.244(a)(2)
Ladders, Fixed	.27(f)
Liquefied Hydrogen Systems	.103(c)(5)
Logging Operations	.266(g)(1)
Mechanical Power Presses	217(e)
Medical Records	.1020(d)(1)
Powder Coatings	.107(g), (l)(4)
Processing Planta	.1/8(Q)
FIDCESSING FIAMUS	

Subject term	Section No.	Subject term	Section No.
Records, Medical and Exposure	.1020(d)(1)	Materials Handling and Storage	170()
Resistance Welding	.255(e)	Aisles and Passageways	.176(a)
Standpipe and Hose System	.158(e)	Clearance Limit Signs	.176(e)
Sprinkler Systems	.159(c)(2)	Cranes, Crawler Locomotives, and	.180
Woodworking Machinery Require-	.213(s)	Trucks.	
ments.		Electric Power Generation, Trans-	.269(k)
Manifolding Gas Cylinders	.253(c)	mission, and Distribution.	
Fuel-Gas	.253(c)(1)	Guarding Openings	.176(q)
Operating Procedures	.253(c)(5)	Handling Materials. General	.176
Oxygen	.253(c)(2), (3)	Hazardous Materials, Retention of	.1201
Portable Outlet Headers	.253(c)(4)	DOT Markings	
Manholes.		Hazardous Waste Operations	120(i) (n)(6)
Electric Power Generation. Trans-	.269(t)(2)	Housekeeping	176(c)
mission, and Distribution.		Mechanical Equipment Lise of	176(a)
Telecommunications	.268(0)	Socuro Storago	176(b)
Guarding Floor and Wall Openings	.23(a)(6)	Poworod Industrial Trucks	179
Manlifts	68	Pulp Bapar and Baparbaard Milla	.170 .061(a) (d) (m)
Belts	68(c)(1)(ii)	Pulp, Paper, and Paperboard Mills	176(f)
Brakes	68(c)(1)(i)	Talacommunications	.170(1)
Clearances	68(b)(11)	relecommunications	.268(K)
Design	68(b)(3)	Maximum Allowable Concentration	050()(5)(")
Exit Protection	69(b)(9)	Fluorine	.252(C)(5)(II)
Floor Openings	68(b)(5) (7)	Welding Contamination	.252(c)(1)(iii)
Guardraila	.00(b)(0), (7)	Mechanical Handling Equipment.	
Guarda	.00(D)(0)(I), (IU)(IV)	Clearances	.176(a)
	.00(D)(7), (9)	Powered Industrial Trucks	.177(e), .178
manunolos	.00(0)(4)	Mechanical Power Presses	.217
Inspections	.68(e)	Definitions	.211(d)
Instruction Signs	.68(C)(7)	Design, Construction, Setting and	.217(d)
Ladders	.68(b)(12)	Feeding Dies.	
Landings	.68(b)(6)	Guide Post Hazards	.217(d)(4)
Lighting	.68(b)(6), .68(b)(III),	Unitized Tooling	.217(d)(5)
	.68(b)(14)	Dies	.217(d)
Machinery	.68(c)	Guarding and Construction	217(b)
Mechanical Requirements	.68(c)	Air Counterbalance Cylinders	217(b)(9)(iii)-(v)
Operating Rules	.68(d)	Air Controlling Equipment	217(b)(10)
Platforms	.68(c)(3)	Brakes Friction	217(b)(2)
Speed	.68(c)(2)	Electrical Controls	217(b)(8)
Standards Sources	.68(b)(4)	Foot Pedals	217(b)(d)
Steps	.68(c)(3)	Full Povolution Clutches	217(b)(4)
Stops	.68(c)(5), (6)	Hazarda to Porconnol from	217(b)(3)
Warning Signs	.68(c)(7)	Brokop or Folling Moching	.217(0)(1)
Weather Protection	.68(b)(15)	Broken of Failing Machine	
Marine Service Stations	.106(g)(4)	Components.	017(b)(11)
Marine Terminals	.16(b)	Hydraulic Equipment	.217(0)(11)
Marking Physical Hazards, Safety	.144	Levers, Hand-Operated	.217(0)(5)
Color Codes		Part Revolution Clutches	.217(D)(7)
Sawmills	.265(c)(11)	Pressure vessels	.217(D)(12),
Markings (see also Signs and Tags,			.217(b)(9)(I),
Specifications for Accident Preven-			.21/(D)(II)
tion; Marking Physical Hazards,		I readles, Foot Pedals	.217(b)(4)
Safety Color Codes).		Trips, Two-Hand	.217(b)(6)
Bulk Oxygen Systems	.104(b)(8)(viii)	Inspection, Maintenance, and	.217(e)
Compressed Gas Cylinders	.253(b)(1)	Modification of Presses.	
Electric Equipment		Modifications	.217(e)(2)
General	.303(e)	Records	.217(e)(1)
Hazardous Locations	.307(b)(2)(ii)	Training Maintenance Per-	.217(e)(3)
Explosives	109(d)(2)(ii)	sonnel.	
Eve and Face Protection	133(a)(4)	Operation of Power Presses	.217(f)
Coocous Hydrogon Systems	102(b)(1)(y)	Clearances Work Area	217(f)(3)
Hazardaya Materiala Retention of	1201	Instructions to Operators	217(f)(2)
DOT Markinga	.1201	Overloading	217(f)(A)
DOT Markings.	102(a)(1)(!!!)	Point of Operation Safeguarding	217(1)(4)
Liquelleu Hydrogen Systems	110(C)(T)(III)	Hand Feeding Tools	217(c)(4)
Liquetiea Petroieum Gases	. i iu(b)(5), (C)	Power Proce Quardian and Quar	.= 17(0)(4) 017(b)
Luad Hatings	400(-)(0)	rower riess Guarding and Con-	.~ I / (U)
Cranes	.180(C)(2)	Struction (see Mechanical Power	
Derricks	.181(c)	Press Guarding and Construc-	
Powered Industrial Trucks	.178(a)(3)	tion).	
Physical Hazards	.144	Requirements, General	.217(a)
Sawmills	.265(c)(11)	Excluded Machines	.217(a)(5)
Mason's Adjustable Multiple Point Sus-	.28(f)	Mechanical Power-Transmission	
pension Scaffolds		Guarding	
Masons' Ladders	.25(c)(4)(iii)	Definitions in 1910.219	.211(f)
Matching Machines	.213(n)	Mechanical Power-Transmission Appa-	.219
Material Safety Data Sheets, Chemical	.1200	ratus.	
Hazards Information		Approved Materials	.219(0)
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		F.F	- 1 - 7

Subject term	Section No.
Guards for Horizontal Over-	.219(o)(3)
Guards for Horizontal Over- head Rope and Chain Drives.	.219(o)(4)
Guardrails and Toeboards	.219(o)(5)
Minimum Requirements	.219(0)(1)
Wood Guards	.219(0)(2)
Bearings and Facilities for Oiling	.219(j)
Belt, Rope, and Chain Drives	.219(e) 219(o)(6)
Cone-Pulley Belts	219(e)(5)
Horizontal Belt and Rope	.219(e)(1)
Overhead Horizontal Belts	.219(e)(2)
Vertical and Inclined Belts	.219(e)(3)
Vertical Belts	.219(e)(4)
Poles, Perches, and Fasteners.	.219(1)
Belt Shippers and Shipper	219(1)(2)
Poles.	.210(1)(2)
Care of Equipment	.219(p)
Bearings	.219(p)(3)
General Care	219(p)(0)
Hangers	219(n)(4)
Lubrication	.219(p)(7)
Pulleys	.219(p)(5)
Shafting	.219(p)(2)
Chains	.219(f)
Collars and Couplings	219(k), .219(l)
Collars	.219(i)(1)
Couplings	.219(i)(2)
Couplings	.219(i)
Cutoff Couplings	.219(k)
Eriction Drives, Guarding	.219(e) 219(a)
Gears Sprockets and Chains	219(g)
Gears	.219(f)(1)
Hand-Operated Gears	.219(f)(2)
Openings for Oil	.219(f)(4)
Sprockets and Chains	.219(f)(3)
Guarding of Clutches Cutoff Cou-	.219(y) 219(k)
plings, and Clutch Pulleys.	.210(10)
Guards	.219(k)(1)
Engine Rooms	.219(k)(2)
Keys, Setscrews, and Other Pro-	.219(h)
Jections. Prime-Mover Guards	219(b)
Cranks and Connecting Rods	.219(b)(2)
Extension Piston Rods	.219(b)(3)
Flywheels	.219(b)(1)
Tail Rods or Extension Piston Rods.	.219(b)(3)
Projections, Keys, Setscrews, and	.219(h)
Pullevs	.219(d)
Broken Pulleys	.219(d)(3)
Guarding Pulleys	.219(d)(1)
Location of Pulleys	.219(d)(2)
Speeds, Pulley	.219(d)(4)
Toxtilo Industry Doquiro	.219(a) 210(a)(3)
ments for	.213(a)(3)
Setscrews	.219(h)
Shafting	.219(c)
Basements, Power-Trans-	.219(c)(5)
mission Apparatus Located	
IN. Guarding Horizontal Shofting	219(c)(2)
Guarding Vertical and Inclined	.219(c)(2)
Shafting.	- \ - / \ - /

Subject term	Section No.
Inclined Shafting	.219(c)(3)
Installation	.219(c)(1)
Projecting Shaft Ends	.219(c)(4)
Power-Transmission Appa-	.219(c)(5)
ratus in Basements, Rooms	
or Towers, Locks,	
Vertical Shafting	219(c)(3)
Sprockets	219(f)
Standard Guarda Canaral Ba	210(m)
Standard Guards, General Re-	.219(11)
quirements for.	
Materials	.219(m)(1)
Methods of Manufacture	.219(m)(2)
Textile Industry, General Require-	.219(a)(3)
ments for the.	
Medical Evaluations	
13 Carcinogens	.1003(a)
Acrylonitrile	1045(n)
Arsonio Inorganio	1018(n)
Ashestes	1001(1)
Aspesios	.1001(1)
Benzene	.1028(1)
Bloodborne Pathogens	.1030(f)(1), (3)
1,3-Butadiene	.1051(k)(5)-(7)
Cadmium	.1027(l)
Chromium (VI)	.1026(k)
Coke Oven Emissions	.1029(j)
Cotton Dust	.1043(ĥ)
DBCP (1.2-Dibromo-3-	1044(m)
Chloropropapo)	
Ethylong Ovide	1047(i)
	.1047(1)
Formaidenyde	.1048(1)
Hazardous Waste Operations and	.120(f)
Emergency Response.	
Laboratories	.1450(g)
Lead	.1025(j), App. C
Methylene Chloride	.1052(q)(4), (j)
4 4-Methylenedianiline	1050(m)
Respiratory Protection	134(e)
Vipyl Chlorido	1017(k)
Medical Removal	.1017(k)
	1000(i)(0) (0)
Benzene	.1028(1)(8), (9)
Cadmium	.1027(1)(11)-(12),
	App. A
Formaldehyde	.1048(l)(8), (9)
Lead	.1025(k), (n)(3),
	App.B, App. C
Methylenedianiline	.1050(m)(9), (n)(5)
Methylene Chloride	1052(i)(11)-(13)
Modical Sonvicos and First Aid	151
Evo Eluching	151(0)
Eye Flushing	.151(C)
First Aid	.151(b)
First Aid Kits	.151 App. A
Hazardous Waste Operations and	
Emergency Response.	
Medical Surveillance	.120(f)
Medical Personnel Advice and	.151(a)
Consultation.	. /
Labor Camps Temporary	142(k)
Logging Operations	266(d)(2) (i)(7)
Logging Operations	200(0)(2), (1)(7),
<b>-</b> 1	App. A, App. B
Telecommunications	.268(c)(3)
Textiles	.262(pp)
Welding, Cutting, and Brazing	.252(c)(13)
Mercantile Occupancies	.106(d)(5)(iv)
Mercury	.252(c)(10)
Metal Cutting (see Cutting: Welding)	
Metal Ladders Portable (see also Lad-	26
dere Portable Metal)	.20
Mothods of Compliance	
Apple interite	1045(m)
Acryionitrile	.1045(g)
Arsenic, Inorganic	.1018(g)
Asbestos	.1001(f)
Benzene	.1028(f)
Bloodborne Pathogens	.1030(d)
1.3-Butadiene	.1051(f)
,, = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = =	

Subject term	Section No.
Cadmium	.1027(f)
Chromium (VI)	.1026(f)
Coke Oven Emissions	.1029(f)
Cotton Dust	.1043(e)
DBCP (1,2-Dibromo-3-	.1044(g)
Ethylene Oxide	1047(f)
Formaldehyde	1048(f)
l ead	1025(e)
Methylene Chloride	1052(f)
4 4-Methylenedianiline	1050(g)
Vinvl Chloride	1017(f)
Methyl Chloromethyl Ether (see also	10
13 Carcinogens)	
Methylene Chloride	1052
Employee Information and Train-	1052(1)
ing	
Exposure Monitoring	1052(d)
Hazard Communication	1052(k)
Hygiene Facilities	1052(i)
Medical Surveillance	1052(i)
Methods of Compliance	1052(f)
Permissible Exposure Limit(PEL)	1052(c)
Protective Work Clothing and	1052(b)
Equipment	
Becordkeeping	1052(m)
Begulated Areas	1052(e)
Respiratory Protection	1052(d)
4 4-Methylenedianiline	1050
Communication of Hazards	1050(k)
Emergency Situations	1050(d)
Exposure Monitoring	1050(e)
Housekeening	1050(l)
Hygiene Eacilities and Practices	1050(i)
Medical Surveillance	1050(m)
Methods of Compliance	1050(m)
Observation of Monitoring	1050(g)
Permissible Exposure Limit (PEL)	1050(c)
Protoctive Work Clothing and	1050(C)
Foliective Work Clothing and	.1030(1)
Becordkeening	1050(n)
Regulated Areas	1050(f)
Respiratory Protection	1050(l)
Microwaye Transmission	268(n) - 269(c)(1)
Mill Boll Heights	216(a)(4)
Mills Pulp Paper and Paperboard	261
(see Pulp Paper and Paperboard	.201
Mills)	
Mills and Calenders in the Bubber and	216
Plastics Industries	.210
Calender Safety Controls	216(c)
Definitions	211(c)
Location Protection	216(d)
Bequirements General	216(a)
Auxiliary Equipment	216(a)(3)
Mill Boll Heights	216(a)(d)
Mill Safety Controls	216(b)
Auxilian/ Equipment	.210(b) 216(b)(2)
Roll Heighte Mill	.210(D)(3)
Sofety Controle Mill	.210(a)(4)
Auxilian/ Equipmont	.210(b) 216(b)(2)
Sofety Trip Control	.210(b)(3)
Stepping Limite	.210(D)(1)
Suppling Limits	.216(0)
Trip and Emorganov Switches	.210(0)
Mille Bubber and Blastics Industry	.210(8)
Definitions	211(c)
Logation Protection	.211(0) 216(d)(1)
Poll Heighte	.210(u)(1)
noli neigriis	.210(a)(4)
Salety Controls	.∠10(D) 016(b)(2)
Auxiliary Equipment	.∠16(D)(3)
Satety I rip Control	.∠16(D)(1)
Suppling Limits	(1)(1), (2)
Switches, I rip and Emergency	.∠1b(e)

Subject term	Section No.
Mixing	
Blasting Agents	.109(g)(2), (3), (h)(3), (4)
Explosives	.109(h)(3), (4)
Molding Machines	.213(n)
Monitoring	
Benzene	.1028(e)
1,3-Butadiene	.1051(d)
Coke Oven Emissions	1027(u)
Cotton Dust	.1043(d)
Electric Power Generation, Trans-	.269(e)(11)
mission, and Distribution.	
Grain Handling Facilities	.272(q)(4)(ii),
Motor Fuelo	.2/2(I)(1)
Motor Vehicles	.110
Ammonia. Anhydrous	.111(f)
Motorized Hand Trucks (see also Pow-	.178
ered Industrial Trucks)	
Multi-Piece Rim Wheels, and Single	.177
Piece, Servicing	1001
alpha-inaphthylamine (see also 13 Car-	.1004
beta-Naphthylamine (see also 13 Car-	.1009
cinogens).	7
tories Definition and Requirements	./
for.	
Alternative Test Standard	.7(d)
Fees	.7(f)
Implementation	.7(e)
Laboratory Requirements	.7(b)
OSHA Recognition, Procedures for.	.7, App. A
Test Standards	.7(c)
Needle Beam Scaffolds	.28(n)
4-Nitrobiphenyl (see also 13 Carcino-	.1003
Vens).	1016
Carcinogens).	
Nitrous Oxide	.105
Noise Exposure (see Occupational	.95
Noise Exposure)	
Non-ionizing Radiation	.97
Definitions	.97(a)
Padiation Protection Guide	.57(a)(1)
Scope	.97(a)(4)
Warning Symbol	.97(a)(3)
Nonpotable Water	.120(n)(2)
Noxious Gases, Storage Areas	.178(i)
Nozzles	<b></b>
Abrasive Blasting	.94(a)(2)(iii), .244(b)
Standnine	158(c)(4)
Occupational Health and Environ-	Subpart G
mental Control.	
Occupational Noise Exposure	.95
Access to Information and Train-	.95(l)
ing Materials.	(b)(1)
Administrative Controls	.(u)(1) 95(n)
Mandatory Appendices A R	.95(n)(1)
C, D, and E.	
Informational Appendices F	.95(n)(2)
Audiometric Testing Program	.95(a)
Audiometric Test Requirements	.95(h)
Sound Exceeding the Limits in	.95(b)(1)
Table G-16.	
Employee Notification	.95(e)
Engineering Controls	.95(b)(1)
Exemptions	.95(0)

Subject term	Section No.
Hearing Conservation Program Hearing Protector Attenuation Hearing Protectors Monitoring Observation of Monitoring Personal Protective Equipment Protection Against Effects of Noise Exposures Listed in Table G-16.	.95(c) .95(j) .95(i) .95(d) .95(d) .95(b)(1), (c), (i), (j) .95(a)
Recordkeeping Exposure Measurements Audiometric Tests Record Retention Access to Records Transfer of Records Training Program	.95(m) .95(m)(1) .95(m)(2) Ov .95(m)(3) .95(m)(4) .95(m)(5) .95(k)
Odorizing Gases OMB Control Numbers (Information Collection Requirements). Open-Sided Floors	.110(b)(1) .8 .23(c)
Openings (see also Floor Openings [Holes], Wall Openings [Holes]) Tanks: Inside Organic Peroxide Coatings (see also Dual Component Coatings). Outdoor Storage	.23 Ov Ox .106(b)(4)(iv) .107(m)
Flammable Liquids Outlet Headers, Welding Protective Equipment Outrigger Scaffolds Outside Storage Trucks	.106(d)(6) .253(c)(4) .253(e)(4) .28(e) .178(c)(2)(ix),
Ovens Direct-Fire Direct Re-circulating Electrical Heating Equipment General Requirements Indirect Re-circulating Location Mechanical Parts Overflow Pipes, Dip Tanks	.178(c)(2)(X) .263(l) .263(l)(10) .263(l)(11) .263(l)(8) .263(l)(9) .263(l)(9) .263(l)(15) .263(l)(11) .263(l)(1) .263(l)(3) .125(b)
Overhead Cranes (see Overhead and Gantry Cranes). Overhead and Gantry Cranes. Access to Crane	.179 .179(c)(2) .179(l)(3)
Brakes Bridge Bumpers Cabs Clearances from Obstruction Effective Dates Electric Equipment	.179(f) .179(e)(2) .179(c) .179(b)(6) .179(b)(2) .179(g)
Fire Extinguishers Footwalks and Ladders General Requirements, Application Guards	.179(c)(3), .179(o)(3) .179(d) .179(b)(1) .179(e)(5), .179(e)(6)
Handrails	.179(d)(3), .179(d)(4)(ii) .179(h)
Hoisting Rope Guards Inspections Ladders and Stairways Lighting Load Handling Maintenance Modifications Moving Parts, Guards Rail Clamps Rail Sweeps Rated Loads	.179(e)(5) .179(j), .179(m) .179(d)(4) .179(c)(4) .179(n) .179(l) .179(b)(3) .179(e)(6) .179(b)(4) .179(e)(4)
Markings, Hated Load Test, Rated Load Repairs	.179(b)(5) .179(k)(2) .179(l)(3)

### 29 CFR Ch. XVII (7-1-13 Edition)

Subject term	Section No.
Rope Inspection	.179(m)
Stairways	.179(d)(4)
Stops, Bumpers, Rail Sweeps,	.179(e)
Testing	179(k)
Teebearde	170(d)/2)
	.179(0)(3)
Trolley Bumpers	.179(e)(3)
Trolley Stops	.179(e)(1)
Warning Devices	.179(i)
Wind Indicators	.179(b)(4)
Overhead Lines	
Crawler Locomotive, and Truck	.180(j)
Cranes.	6,
Derricks	181(i)(5)
Electrical Safety-Polated Work	333(0)(3)
Drastiana	.333(0)(3)
	000())(0)
Electric Power Generation, Trans-	.269(q)(2)
mission, and Distribution.	
Telecommunications	.268(n)(9)
Overspray Collectors	.107(b)(6)
Oxygen	104
Bulk Oxygon Systoms	104(b)
Definitions	104(b)(1)
	.104(b)(1)
Distance Between Systems	.104(b)(3)
and Exposures. Combustible Liquid Storage	.104(b)(3)(vii)
Above-Ground. Combustible Liquid Storage	.104(b)(3)(viii)
Below-Ground. Combustible Structures, Prox-	.104(b)(3)(ii)
imity to.	
Fire Resistive Structures	.104(3)(iii)
Flammable Gas Storage	104(b)(3)(ix)
Elammable Liquid Storage	104(b)(3)(i)
Above-Ground	.104(D)(3)(V)
Elammable Liquid Storage	104/b)(3)(vi)
Plaininable Liquid Storage	.104(b)(3)(vi)
Below-Ground.	
General	.104(b)(3)(I)
Highly Combustible Materials	.104(b)(3)(x)
Openings	.104(b)(3)(iv)
Slow-Burning Materials	.104(b)(3)(xi)
Ventilation	104(b)(3)(xii)
Equipment Assembly and Installa-	104(b)(8)
tion	.104(0)(0)
	101(1)(0)(1)
Cleaning	.104(D)(8)(I)
Electrical Wiring	.104(b)(8)(ix)
Installation	.104(b)(8)(iv)
Joints	.104(b)(8)(ii)
Placarding	.104(b)(8)(viii)
Security	104(b)(8)(vi)
Testing	104(b)(0)(vi)
Vonting	104(b)(0)(V)
	.104(b)(8)(VII)
Liquid Oxygen Vaporizers	.104(b)(7)
Grounding	.104(b)(7)(iv)
Heating	.104(b)(7)(iii)
Mounts and Couplings	.104(b)(7)(i)
Belief Devices	104(b)(7)(ii)
Location	104(b)(2)
Accessibility	104(b)(2)(ii)
Accessibility	.104(b)(2)(1)
Congested Areas	.104(b)(3)(xiii)
Dikes	.104(b)(2)(v)
Elevation	.104(b)(2)(iv)
Exceptions	.104(b)(3)(xviii)
General	.104(b)(2)(i)
Leakage	.104(b)(2)(iii)
Maintenance	104(b)(10)
Operating Instructions	104(b)(10)
Disistry Tubics	.104(D)(9)
Piping, Tubing, and Fittings	.104(D)(5)
Safety Relief Devices	.104(b)(6)
DOT Containers	.104(b)(6)(ii)
ASME Containers	.104(b)(6)(iii)
Insulation	.104(b)(6)(iv)
Reliability	104(b)(6)(v)
Storage Containers	104(b)(4)

Subject term	Section No.	Subject term	Section No.
Construction—Gaseous	104(b)(4)(iii)	Coke Oven Emissions	1029(h)
Construction Liquid	104(b)(4)(ii)	Compliance Guidelines for Hazard	Subpart I App B
Equidationa and Supports	104(b)(4)(i)	Assessment and RRE Selection	oubpart i App. D
Toulidations and Supports	.104(b)(4)(l)	Assessment and FFE Selection,	
Oxygen-Fuel Gas weiding and Culling	.253	Non-mandatory.	10100
Cylinders	.253(D)	Cotton Dust	.1043(f)
Cylinders, Storage of	.253(D)(2)	DBCP (1,2-Dibromo-3-	.1044(J)
Fuel-Gas Cylinder Storage	.253(b)(3)	Chloropropane).	
Manifolding	.253(c)	Electrical Protective Equipment	.137
Operating Procedures	.253(b)(5)	Electrical Safety-Related Work	.333(c)(2), .335(a)
Oxygen Storage	.253(b)(4)	Practices, Use of PPE.	
Outlet Headers	.253(c)(4)	Electric Power Generation,	.269(g)
Piping Systems	.253(d)	Transmission, and Distribu-	
Pressure Relief Devices	.252(e)(2)	tion.	
Protective Equipment, Hose, and	.253(e)	Eye	.133
Regulators.		Shade Number Guide (Weld-	.252(b)(2)
Shutoff Valve	.253(c)(4)(ii),	ing, Cutting, Brazing).	
	.253(c)(4)(iv),	Face	.133
	.253(d)(3)(iii),	Ethylene Oxide	.1047(g)
	.253(d)(vi),	Face Protection	.133
	.253(e)(4)(iii)	Fire Brigades	.156(e)
Oxygen Manifolds		Foot Protection	.136
High Pressure	.253(c)(2)	Formaldehyde	.1048(d)
Low Pressure	.253(c)(3)	General Requirements	.132
Painters' Stepladders	.25(c)(4)	Hazardous Waste Operations	.120(g)
Paints.	- (-)( )	Hand Protection	.138
Color Code	144	Head Protection	135
Paper and Paperboard Mills (see also	261	Lead	1025(a)
Pulp Paper and Paperboard Mills)		Logging Operations	266(d)(1)
Passageways Working Surfaces	22(b)	Methylene Chloride	1052(b)
Pormissible Exposure Limits	1000	4 4-Mothylonodianilino	1052(ii)
Acodonitrilo	1045(c)	Noiso Exposuro	.1030(I) 05(b)(1)
Achyloninine	1001(c)	Rule Bapar and Baparboard Milla	.95(b)(1)
Aspesios Inorgania	1018(a)	Fulp, Faper, and Faperboard Millis	.201(y)(2),
Arsenic, morganic	1028(a)		.201(1)(4),
1.2 Putodiopo	1051(c)	Deferences for Eurther Information	Subport L App A
Cadmium	1007(c)	Relefences for Further Information	
Charmium ()(I)	1027(0)	Fit Testing Dressdurge for	104 Amm A
Chromium (VI)	.1026(C)	Fil Testing Procedures for	.134 App. A
Coke Oven Emissions	.1029(c)	Respiratory Protection.	
Confined Spaces, Permit-Required	.146(b)	Information for Employees	.134 App. D
Cotton Dust	.1043(c)	Using Respirators When	
DBCP (1,2-Dibromo-3-	.1044(C)	Not Required Under the	
Chloropropane).		Standard.	
Electric Power Generation, Trans-	.269(x)	OSHA Respirator Medical	.134 App. C
mission, and Distribution.		Evaluation Questionnaire.	
Ethylene Oxide	.1047(c)	Respirator Cleaning Proce-	.134 App. B-2
Formaldehyde	.1048(c)	dures.	
Hazardous Waste Operations and	.120(a)(3),	User Seal Check Procedures	.134 App. B-1
Emergency Response.	.120(c)(5),	Sawmills	.265(c)(17)(ii)
	.120(c)(7),	Telecommunications	.268(e), (i)
	.120(e)(3),	Textiles	.262(qq)(1)
	.120(f)(2)-(3),	Welding	.252255
	.120(g), .120(h),	Booths	.252(b)(2)(iii)
	.120(n)(6)-(7),	Cable	.252(b)(1)(ii)
	.120(p)(1)	Clothing	.252(b)(3)
Laboratories	.1450(c)	Eye Protection	.252(b)(2)
Lead	.1025(c)	Helmets	.252(b)(2)
Methylene Chloride	.1052(c)	Railing	.252(b)(1)(i)
4.4-Methylenedianiline	.1050(c)	Shade Numbers. Lenses	.252(b)
Process Safety Management of	.119(d)(1)	Pest Control (see Bodent and Pest	(-)
Highly Hazardous Chemicals		Control)	
Respiratory Protection	134(b)	Physical Hazards Markings (see also	144
Ventilation	94(b)(2)	Color Codes Safety for Marking	
Vinvl Chloride	1017(c)	Physical Hazards)	
Personal Protective Equipment	Subpart I	Physician's Written Opinion (see also	
Abrasivo Blasting	04(a)(5)	Modical Evaluations)	
Applasive Diasuriy	.54(d)(5)	Applopitrilo	1045(p)(0)
Acryionitrile	.1045(J)		.1045(R)(6)
Arsenic, Inorganic	.1018(J)	Arsenic, Inorganic	.1018(n)(6)
Asbestos	.1001(h)	Asbestos	.1001(l)(7)
-	.1028(h)	Benzene	.1028(i)(7)
Benzene		Codmium	1027(1)(10)(15)(i)
Benzene Bloodborne Pathogens	.1030(c)(2), (c)(3),	Caumum	
Benzene Bloodborne Pathogens	.1030(c)(2), (c)(3), (d)(2)	Coke Oven Emissions	.1029(j)(5)
Benzene Bloodborne Pathogens 1,3-Butadiene	.1030(c)(2), (c)(3), (d)(2) .1051(i)	Coke Oven Emissions Cotton Dust	.1029(j)(5) .1043(h)(5)
Benzene Bloodborne Pathogens 1,3-Butadiene Cadmium	.1030(c)(2), (c)(3), (d)(2) .1051(i) .1027(i)	Coke Oven Emissions Cotton Dust DBCP (1,2-Dibromo-3-	.1029(j)(5) .1043(h)(5) .1044(m)(5)

Subject term	Section No.
Ethylene Oxide	.1047(i)(4)
Fire Brigades	.156(b)(2)
Formaldehyde	.1048(I)(7)
Hazardous Waste Operations and	.120(f)(7)
Emergency Response.	
Laboratories	.1450(g)(4)
Lead	.1025(n)(2)
Methylenedianiline	.1050(m)(8)
Respiratory Protection, Medical	.134(6)
Piers and Wharves (see also	
Wharves)	
Trucks Used	FGV.178(c)(2)(x)
Pipes.	
Dip Tanks	.125(b)
Flammable Liquids	.107(e)(6)
Overflow	.125(b)
Piping (see Piping, Fittings, and Tub-	
Ing; Piping, Valves, and Tubing).	
Ammonia Anhydrous	111(b)(7)
Bulk Oxygen Systems	104(b)(5)
Gaseous Hydrogen Systems	.103(b)(1)(ii). (iii)
Liquefied Hydrogen Systems	.103(c)(1)(iv), (v)
Liquefied Petroleum Gases	.110(b)(8)
Safety Relief Devices	.103(b)(1)(ii),
	(c)(1)(iv)
Piping Systems, Oxygen-Fuel	.253(d)
Fittings	.253(d)(1)
Pointing	.253(d)(3)
Pining	253(d)(4)
Piping Joints	.253(d)(2)
Pressure Relief Devices	.253(e)(2)
Protective Equipment	.253(e)(3), (4)
Signs	.253(d)(4)
Station Outlets	.253(e)(4)
Testing	.253(d)(5)
Flammable and Combustible Lig-	106(c)
uids.	.100(0)
Corrosion Protection	.106(c)(5)
Design	.106(c)(1)
Joints	.106(c)(3)
Materials	.106(c)(2)
Supports	.106(c)(4)
Valvos	.106(c)(7) 106(c)(6)
Liquefied Petroleum Gases	110(b)(7)
Processing Plants	.106(h)(4)(ii)
Pits	.23(a)(5)
Drains	.110(d)(11)
Planing Machines	.213(n)
Plasterers' Scattolds	.28(0)
bor and Plastics Industry	
Auxiliary Equipment	216(a)(3)
Platform Lift Trucks (see also Powered	.178
Industrial Trucks).	
Platforms, Scaffolds (see also Listings	
Under Specific Type Scaffold).	22()
Guarding	.23(C)
Pneumatic Powered Tools	243(b)
Airhoses	.243(b)(2)
Portable	.243(b)(1)
Point of Operation Guarding	.212(a)(3), .217(c)
Polishing (see Grinding, Polishing, and	
Buffing).	
Portable Fire Extinguishers (see also	.157
Fire Extinguisners, Portable).	26
ders, Portable Metal).	
,	

Subject term	Section No.
Portable Stepladders (see Stepladders,	
Portable). Portable Tank Storage (see Tanks, Storage Bortable)	
Portable Tanks (see Tanks, Storage, Portable)	
Portable Tools (see also Powered Tools Hand and Portable)	.244
Portable Tools and Equipment Other	244
Abrasive Blast Cleaning Nozzles	.244 244(b)
Jacks Loading and Marking	244(a)(1)
Operation and Maintenance	244(a)(2)
Portable Welding Machines (see Weld- ing Machines Portable)	(\(\)(_)
Portable Wood Ladders (see also Lad- ders. Portable Wood).	.25
Powder Coatings	.107(l)
Power Presses, Mechanical (see Me- chanical Power Presses).	.217
Definitions	.211(d)
Powered Industrial Trucks (see also Forklifts).	
Approval Labels	.178(a)(3), .178(a)(7)
Batteries, Changing and Charging	.178(g)
Combustible Dusts	.178(c)(2)(vi)
Converted Industrial Trucks	.178(d), .178(q)(12)
Design and Construction	.178(a)(2)
Designated Locations	.178(c)
Designations, Trucks	.178(b)
Dockboards (Bridge Plates)	.178(j)
Fire Protection	.178(a)(1)
Front End Attachments, on Trucks	.178(a)(5)
Fuel Handling and Storage	.1/8(f)
Gases and Fumes, Control of Noxious.	.178(1)
Grain Handling, Combustible Dust	.178(C)(2)(VI)
Hazardous Materiais	.178(C)(2)
Lighting for Operating Areas	.178(n)
Maintenance of Industrial Truske	.178(0)
Maintenance, of Industrial Trucks	.178(q) 178(a)(c)
Markings, Namepiales and	.170(d)(0) 179(a)(4)
Operation of the Truck	179(a)(4)
Densira Maintenance of	.170(p)
Safaty Guarda	.170(q) 178(o)
Stability of Poworod Industrial	179 App A
Trucks.	179/I)
Avoidance of Dunlicative	178(1)(5)
Training.	178(1)(6)
Dates	178(1)(7)
Refresher Training and Eval- uation.	.178(l)(4)
Training Program Implemen- tation.	.178(l)(2)
Training Program Content	.178(I)(3)
Traveling	.178(n)
Truck Operations	.178(m)
Trucks and Railroad Cars	.178(k)
Powered Platforms, Manlifts, and Vehi- cle-Mounted Work Platforms Subpart	
F. Powered Platforms for Building Mainte-	.66
Application	66(b)
Existing Installations	.00(D) 66(b)(2)
EXISTING INStallations	.00(D)(Z)
	.00(D)(T) 66(c)
Definitions	.00(0) 66(d)
Fall Protection	.00(0) 66(f)(5)
Inspection and Tasts	.00(1)(0)
Hoist Inspection	.00(g) 66(d)(6)

Subject term	Section No.
Installations and Alterations	66(a)(1)
Maintenance la section and	.00(g)(1)
Maintenance, Inspection and	.66(g)(5)
Replacement, Suspension	
Wire Rope.	
Maintenance Inspections and	.66(g)(3)
Tests.	
Periodic Inspections and	.66(g)(2)
Tests.	
Special Inspection of Gov-	66(g)(4)
ernors and Secondary	(9)(1)
Brakes	
Maintenance	66(h)
Building Eaco Guiding Mom-	.00(h) 66(h)(6)
bara	.00(1)(0)
Dels.	CC(h)(0)
Cleaning	.66(n)(2)
General Maintenance	.66(n)(1)
Inoperative Safety Devices	.66(h)(7)
Periodic Re-shackling of Sus-	.66(h)(4)
pension Wire Ropes and	
Rope Connections.	
Periodic Re-socketing of Wire	.66(h)(3)
Rope Fastenings.	
Roof Systems	.66(h)(5)
Powered Platform Installations	()(-)
Affected Parts of Buildings	66(e)
Building Maintenance	66(e)(10)
Cable Stabilization	66(e)(8)
Electrical Requirements	.00(e)(0) 66(c)(11)
Electrical Requirements	.00(e)(11)
Elevaled Track	.00(e)(0)
Emergency Planning	.66(e)(9)
Equipment Stops	.66(e)(4)
General Requirements	.66(e)(1)
Maintenance Access	.66(e)(5)
Roof Guarding	.66(e)(3)
Tie-Down Anchors	.66(e)(7)
Tie-In Guides	.66(e)(2)
Powered Platform Installations-	.66(f)
Equipment.	
Construction Requirements	.66(f)(2)
General Requirements	.66(f)(1)
Hoisting Machines	66(f)(4)
Suspended Equipment	66(f)(5)
Button-Guide Stabilized Plat-	66(f)(5)(vi)
forme	.00(1)(0)(1)
Concerci Deguiremente	CC(4)(F)(i)
General Requirements	.00(1)(5)(1)
Ground-Rigged Working Plat-	.00(1)(3)(IV)
forms.	
Intermittently Stabilized Plat-	.66(f)(5)(v)
forms.	
Single Point Suspended	.66(f)(5)(iii)
Working Platforms.	
Supported Equipment	.66(f)(6)
Suspension Methods	.66(f)(3)
Carriages	66(f)(3)(i)
Lockout	66(f)(3)(i)
	66(f)(3)(ii)
Two- and Four-Point Suc-	66(f)(5)(ii)
nonded Working Platforms	.00(1)(3)(11)
pended working Flationis.	00(1)(7)
Suspension wire Ropes and Rope	.00(1)(7)
Connections.	
Resnackling Hoists	.66(h)(4)
Operations	.66(1)
Training	.66(i)(1)
Use	.66(i)(2)
Personal Fall Protection	.66(j)
Scope	.66(a)
Appendix A Advisory Guidelines	.66 App. A
Assurance	.66 App. A 2
Building Anchors (Intermittent	66 App A 5
Stabilization Systems)	.00 App. A 0
Docian Roquiromente	66 App A 2
Conorol Meintennes	.00 App. A 3
General Waintenance	.00 App. A 9
intermittent Stabilization Sys-	.00 App. A 7
tems.	

Subject term	Section No.
Otabilizas Titul au site	CC Ann A C
Stabilizer Lie Length	.00 App. A 6
Suspension and Securing of	.66 App. A 11
Powered Platforms (Equiva-	
lency).	00 4 4 4
Lie-In Guides	.66 App. A 4
I raining	.00 App. A 10
Use of the Appendix	.00 App. A 1
Appendix P Exhibite (Advisor)	.oo App. A 8
Appendix C Deserved Fall Amount	.00 App. B
Sustom	.00 App. C
Mandatony (Section I)	66 App C
Non-Mandatory (Section II)	.00 App. C
Appendix D Existing Installations	.00 App. 0
Mandatory	66 Ann D
Powered Tools Hand and Portable	App. D
Abrasive Wheels	243(c)
Compressed Air Cleaning	242(h)
Definitions	241
Employees	242(a)
Explosive Actuated Eastening	243(d)
Guarding	243
Lawn Mowers Power	243(e)
Pneumatic Powered	.243(b)
Woodworking	243(a)
Presses (see also Mechanical Power	10(u)
Presses)	
Cold Trimming	.218(g)(2)
Forging	.218(f)
Hvdraulic Forging	.218(f)(2)
Trimming	.218(a)
Pressure Gages, Air Receivers	.169(b)(3)
Pressure Vessels	106(b)(1)(v)
	.130(5)(1)(1), .217(b)(12)
Chemical Plants	.106(i)(3)
Distilleries	.106(i)(3)
Pulp, Paper, and Paperboard Mills	.261(g)(16). (17)
Refineries	.106(i)(3)
Pressures (see Safety Relief Devices)	
Prime Mover Guards	.219(b)
Primers, Ammunition	.109(i)(4)
Process Safety Management of Highly	.119
Hazardous Chemicals (see also	
Chemicals).	
Application	.119(a)
Changes, to Management of Proc-	.119(1)
ess Chemicals. Technology	- \ /
Equipment, and Procedures	
Chemicals, List of Highly Haz-	.119, App. A
ardous Chemicals, Toxic and	
Reactive, Thresholds.	
Compliance Audits	.119(o)
Contactors	.119(h)
Contract Employer Respon-	.119(h)(3)
sibilities.	
Employer Responsibilities	.119(h)(2)
Emergency Planning and Re-	.119(n)
sponse.	. /
Employee Participation	.119(c)
Hot Work Permit	.119(k)
Incident Investigation	.119(m)
Inspection and Testing	.119(j)(4)
Mechanical Integrity	.119(j)
Operating Procedures	.119(f)
Pre-startup Safety Review	.119(i)(1)
Process Hazard Analysis	.119(e)
Process Safety Information	.119(d)
Trade Secrets	.119(p)
Training	.119(g)
Training, Documentation of	.119(g)(3)
Training for Process Mainte-	.119(i)(3)
nance Activities.	- 0/(-/
Processing Plants, Flammable and	.106(h)
Combustible Liquids.	. /

Subject term	Section No.	
Subject term           Application           Buildings           Fire Protection           Housekeeping           Ignition Sources           Liquid Handling           Loading           Location           Maintenance           Professional Engineer (PE).           Manually Propelled Mobile Ladder           Stands and Scaffolds (Towers).           Powered Platforms for Building           Maintenance.           Safety Requirements for Scaffolding.           Profile Lathes           Projections           beta-Propiolactone (see also 13 Carcinogens).           Protective Clothing (see Clothing, Protective; Personal Protective Equip-	Section No. .106(h)(1) .106(h)(3) .106(h)(6) .106(h)(8) .106(h)(7) .106(h)(4) .106(h)(5) .106(h)(5) .106(h)(2) .106(h)(8) .29(b)(5), (d)(3) .66(c)(2) .28(b)(16), .28(c)(4), .28(d)(11), .28(e)(3) .213(o) .219(h) .1013	
ment). Protective Equipment, Piping (see also Personal Protective Equipment)	.253(e)	
Personal Protective Equipment). Hoses and Connections Pressure-Reducing Regulations Stations Outlet Pulleys	.253(5) .253(6) .253(4) .219(d), (k), (p)(5)	
Pulp, Paper, and Paperboard Mills Barking Devices Belt Conveyors Bleaching Chemical Processes Cranes Finishing Room Hand Tools	261 261(c)(12) 261(c)(15) 261(c)(15) 261(h) 261(c)(8) 261(c)(8) 261(1) 261(c)(13)	Rad
Handling of Pulpwood and Pulp Chips. Hydraulic Barkers	.261(c), (d)	Rad Rail
Machine Room Materials Handling Mechanical Pulp Processes	.261(k) .261(m) .261(i)	Rail Rail
Personal Protective Equipment Lifelines	.261(d)(1) .261(g)(4)(i), (15)(iii), (j)(5)(ii)	Ran Rate
Respirators Pulpwood	.261(g)(2)(i)	Rate
Removal Rag and Old Paper Safe Practices Emergency Lighting Emergency Showers	.201(c) .261(c) .261(f) .261(b) .261(b)(2), (c)(10), (k)(21) .261(g)(18)(i) .261(g)(1)	Rec
Pressure Vessels Signs	.261(g)(17)	
Conveyors Traffic Standards Sources Stock Preparation Chocking Rolls Clearances Piling Traffic Warning Signs Pumps, Gasoline (see also Service Stations).	.201(c)(16) .261(a)(3), (4) .261(a)(3), (4) .261(1) .261(c), (d) .261(d)(4) .261(d)(2) .261(d)(3) .261(c)(9) .106(g)(3), (4)	
Qualified Employees, Qualified Person.	.109(k), .119	
Acrylonitrile Air Contaminants	.1045 App. B .1000(e)	

Subject term	Section No.
Arc Welding and Cutting	254(d)(9)(i)
DBCP (1.2-Dibromo-3-	.1044 App. B
Chloropropane).	·
Electrical	
General	.303(g)(2)(i), (h)(2),
Seene	(h)(5)(ii)
Selection and use of work	333(h)(2)
practices.	.333(c)(2),
•	.333(c)(3)(ii),
	.333(c)(10)
Special Systems	.308(a)(1), (a)(6),
Specific Burness Equipment	(g)(1)(II)
and Installations	306(c)(5)
Training	.332(b)(3)
Use of Equipment	.334(c)(1)
Wiring Design and Protection	.304(e)(2), (f)(1)
Wiring Methods, Components,	.305(a)(2),
and Equipment for General	.305(a)(3),
Use).	.305(d)(1), 305(d)(2)
Electric Power Generation. Trans-	.269(a)(1).
mission, and Distribution.	.269(a)(2),
	.269(g)(2),
	.269(k)(2),
	.269(I)(1),
Ethylopo Oxido	.269(p)(4)
Explosives and Blasting Agents	109(f)(3)(iv)(c)
Hazardous Waste Operations and	.120(c)(2)
Emergency Response.	. , , , ,
Hydrogen	.103(f)(4)(ii)
Methylene Chloride	.1052 App. A
Maintenance	.66 Арр. Б, Арр. С
Sawmills	.265(c)(24)
Radial Saws	.213(h)
Radiation.	
Non-ionizing	.97
Rail Clamps	.179(D)(4), .180(I)(1) 179(c)(4)
Railroad Cars	.176178(k)(2)-(4)
Explosives	.109(f)
Ramps.	
Rated Load Markings.	170/1-)(5)
Derricks	.179(D)(5) 181(c)(1)
Rated Load Test	.101(0)(1)
Crawler, Locomotive, and Truck	.180(e)(2)
Cranes.	
Overhead and Gantry Cranes	.179(k)(2
Recordkeeping.	1001(m)
Acrylonitrile	.1045(a)
Arsenic, Inorganic	.1018(q)
Benzene	.1028(k)
Bloodborne Pathogens	.1030(h)
1,3-Butadiene	.1051(m)
Chromium (VI)	1027(II) 1026(m)
Coke Oven Emissions	.1029(m)
Commercial Diving	.440
Cotton Dust	.1043(k)
Cranes	
Crawler, Locomotive and Truck,	190(d)(6)
Inspection Records	.180(a)(b) 180(a)
Production-Crane "Rated	180(e)(2)
Load Test".	
Overhead and Gantry	.179(k)(2), (m)(1),
-	(2)
Derricks	.181(g)
DBCP (1,2-Dibromo-3-	.1044(p)
chioropropane).	l i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i

Subject term	Section No.
Ethylene Oxide	.1047(k)
Formaldehvde	.1020(0)(1)
Hazardous Waste Operations and	.120(f)(8)
Emergency Response. Injury and Illness Records (see	
1904)	140/()/(1) (0)
Labor Camps	.142(I)(1), (2) .1025(e)
Manlifts	.68(e)(3)
Mechanical Power Presses	.217(e)(1)
Medical Records	.1020(d)(1) 1052(m)
4,4-Methylenedianiline	.1050(n)
Noise	.95(m)
Power Presses Inspection	.217(e)(1)
Welding Equipment. Resistance	.255(e)
Welding.	(-)
Refineries, Chemical Plants, and Dis- tilleries.	.106(i)
Application	.106(j)
Fire Protection	.106(I)(5)
Process Unit Location	.106(i)(3)
Storage Tanks	.106(i)(1)
Wharves	.106(i)(2)
Refrigerated Containers. Ammonia, Anhydrous	.111(d)
Refueling.	100/0/0
Cranes	.180(i)(4)
Trucks	.178(p)(2)
Refuse.	
Disposal	.142(h)
Receptacles	.141(a)(4)
13 Carcinogens	1003(d)
Arsenic. Inorganic	.1018(f)
Asbestos	.1001(e)
Benzene	.1028(d)
1,3-Butadiene	.1051(e)
Cadmium	.1027(e) 1026(e)
Coke Oven Emissions	.1029(d)
Cotton Dust	.1043(e)
DBCP (1,2-Dibromo-3-	.1044(e)
Chloropropane).	4047(-)
Etnylene Oxide	.1047(e) 1048(e)
Lead	.1025(e)
Methylene Chloride	.1052(e)
4,4-Methylenedianiline	.1050(f)
Vinyl Chloride	.1017(e)
vices)	
Remote Gas Pumping Systems	.106(a)(3)(v)
Reporting Requirements: All items that must be reported to OSHA	
Residue Disposal (see Waste Dis-	
posal).	
Resistance Welding	.255
Flash Welding Equipment	.300(0)(2) 255(d)
Guarding	.255(a)(4), (b)(4)
Installation	.255(a)(1)
Maintenance	.255(e)
Portable Welding Machines	.255(C)
Capacitor Discharge Welding	.200(D) 255(b)(2)
Foot Switches	.255(b)(6)
Grounding	.255(b)(9)
Interlocks	.255(b)(3)
Shields	.255(b)(5)

Subject term	Section No.
Safety Pins	255(b)(8)
Stop Buttops	255(b)(7)
Thermal Protection	.200(D)(7)
Posistoro	.233(a)(2)
Cranos	170(a)(4)
Pospirators (soo also Gas Mask Can-	.179(9)(4)
interes)	.134
Abrasivo Blasting	94(a)(1)(ii)(a)(5)
Abia Sumplu	.94(a)(1)(1), (a)(3)
Air Suppiy	.94(a)(b), .134(u)
Employer Flovided	.134(d)(Z)
Fire Brigades	.100(1)
Inspection	.134(1)
Positive-Pressure	.100(1)(2)
Pulp, Paper, and Paperboard Mills	.261(g)(2),
	.261(g)(6),
	.261(g)(10),
	.261(g)(15)(ii)
Textiles	.262(qq)(2)
Welding	.252(c)(4), (5), (7),
	(8), (9), (10)
Respiratory Protection (see also Res-	.134
pirators).	
13 Carcinogens	.1003(d)(1)
Acrylonitrile	.1450(i)
Ammonia, Anhydrous	.111(b)(10)
Arsenic. Inorganic	.1018(h)
Asbestos	.1001(a)
Air Quality	94(a)(6) 134(d)
Air Supply	94(a)(6), 134(d)
Benzene	1028(a)
1 3-Butadiene	1051(b)
Cadmium	1027(a)
Coko Ovon Emissions	1020(g)
Cotton Duot	.1029(y)
DDCD (1.0 Dibrome 0	.1043(1)
DBCP (1,2-Dibromo-3-	.1044(1)
Chioropropane).	1017/*)
Ethylene Oxide	.1047(g)
Fire Brigades	.156(1)
Fit Testing	.134(f), .1025(f)(3),
	.1048(g)(3)
Formaldehyde	.1048(g)
Chromium (VI)	.1026(g)
Lead	.1025(f)
Methylene Chloride	.1052(g)
4,4-Methylenedianiline	.1050(h)
Permissible Practices	.134(a)(1)
Respirators	.134(a)(2), (b), (c)
Use	.134(e)(5)
Vinyl Chloride	.1017(g)
Rim Wheels, Multi-Piece and Single	.177
Piece, Servicing.	
Definitions	.177(b)
Employee Training	.177(c)
Safe Operating Procedure	.177(f)
Single Piece Wheel Rims, Safe	.177(g)
Operating Procedures.	
Scope	.177(a)
Tire Chart, Ordering from OSHA	.177 App. B
Tire Servicing Equipment	.177(d)
Wheel Component Accessibility	177(e)
Ring Test	215(d)(1)
Rinsaws	213(c)
Podent and Post Control	.210(0)
Labor Camps Temporary	1/12(i)
Sanitation	1/1(a)(5)
Polling Sooffolds (see Work Platforms	. i + i (a)(J)
Mobilo)	
Roll Over Protection	
Holl-Over Protection.	000(-)(4)(1)
Electric Power Generation, Trans-	.269(p)(1)(IV)
mission, and Distribution.	
Logging Operations	.266(f)(3)(i)
Telecommunications	.268(j)(2)(i)
Roofing Brackets	.28(s)
Catch Platforms	.28(s)(3)

Subject term	Section No.
Construction Supports	.28(s)(1) .28(s)(2)
Rope Inspections Cranes	.179(m), .180(g)
Derricks	.181(g)
Cranes	.179(m), .180(q)
Hoists	.179(h)(2)
Inspections	.179(m), .180(g)
Running	.179(m)(1)
Idle Bones	.181(g) 181(g)(3)
Limited Travel	.181(a)(2)
Nonrotating Ropes	.181(g)(4)
Running Powered Platforms	.181(g)(1) .66(f)(7), (g)(5),
Datas I am Manag	(h)(3), (4)
Rotary Lawn Mowers	.243(e)(1), (4)
hicle-Mounted Work Platforms)	.07
Rubber Industry (see also Mills, Rub-	
ber and Plastics Industry).	
Auxiliary Equipment	.216(a)(3), (b)(3)
Mills and Calenders	.216
Rung Ladders, Portable Running Ropes	.25(c)(3)
Cranes	.179(m)(1), .180(a)(1)
Derricks	.181(g)(1)
Cranes	179(a)(6)
Runway Protection	.23(c)
Safety Belts (see also Lifelines; Safety	
Straps)	
Powered Platforms	.66(f)(5)(ii),
	.66(f)(ii)(L), .66(f)(ii)(M), .66(f)(iii)(B), .66(j),
Pulp Bapar and Baparbaard Milla	.66App. C
Scaffolding	28(i)(4), (15) 28(i)(4) (n)(8)
Councilianty	(s)(3), (t)(2), (u)(6)
Telecommunications	.268(g)(1)
Welding	.252(b)(4)(iv)
Safety Devices	07(-1)(5)
Safety Guard Design Abrasive Wheel	.27(0)(5)
Machinery	215(a)(2), 215(b)(10)-(12)
Safety Instruction Signs Safety Relief Devices.	.145(c)(3), (d)(6)
Ammonia, Anhydrous	.111(a)(2),
	111(b)(0),
	.111(b)(9), (d)(4).
	.111(f)(3), .111(f)(5)
Bulk Oxygen Systems	.104(b)(6), (7)(ii)
Compressed Gases	.101(c)
Flammable Liquids	.107(e)(8)
Liquefied Hydrogen Systems	103(c)(1)(ii)
Liquefied Petroleum Gases	.110(b)(10).
4	.110(c)(7),
	.110(d)(4),
	.110(e)(7),
Non DOT Contriners	.110(h)(4)
NON-DUT Containers	.110(0)(4) 107(a)(8)
Welding/Cutting Oxygen-Fuel Gas	253(c)(3) (d)(3)
Safety Straps	.268(g)(2)
Safety-Toe Footwear (see Foot Protec-	
tion)	010(=) 0.10(-)(0)
Sanuing Machines	.∠13(p), .243(a)(3) 141

Subject term	Section No.
Subject term	Section No.
Application	.141(a)(1)
Change Rooms	.141(e)
Clothes Drying Facilities	.141(f)
Consumption of Food and Bev-	.141(g)
erages on Premises.	
Food Handling	.141(h)
Hazardous Waste Operations,	.120(n)
Temporary Workplaces.	
Housekeeping	.141(a)(3)
Insect Control	.141(a)(5)
Lunchrooms	.141(g)
Toilet Essilition	.141(a)(5)
Vormin Control	141(0)
Washing Facilities	141(d)
Waste Disposal	141(a)(4)
Water Supply	141(b)
Sawmills	.265
Bins, Bunkers, Hoppers, and Fuel	.265(c)(23)
Houses.	
Lighting	.265(c)(23)(iii)
Loading Bins	.265(c)(23)(ii)
Blower Systems	.265(c)(20)
Building Facilities	.265(c)
Docks	.265(c)(4)
Emergency Exits	.265(c)(6)
Fire Escapes	.265(c)(6)
Floors	.265(c)(3)
Lighting	.265(c)(9)
Platforms	.265(C)(4)
Staliways	.200(C)(0)
Lighting	.265(c)(5)(ii) 265(c)(5)(iii)
Tanks	265(c)(8)
Vats	265(c)(8)
Walkways	265(c)(4)
Work Areas	.265(c)(2)
Burners	.265(c)(29)
Chippers	.265(c)(21)
Conveyors	.265(c)(18)
Definitions	.265(b)
Exhaust Systems	.265(c)(20)
Gas Piping and Appliances	.265(c)(15)
General Requirements	.265(a)
Guarding	.265(c)(18(ii),
	(c)(23)(i),
	.265(e)(3)
Hydraulic Systems	.265(c)(13)
Kilns, Dry	.265(f)
Lighting	.265(C)(9)
Log Handling Sorting and Stor	.203(e)
and Store	.200(u)
Barking Devices	.265(d)(4)
Log Decks	.265(d)(3)
Storage Areas	.265(d)(2)
Unloading	.265(d)(1)
Unloading Areas	.265(d)(2)
Lumber	
Loading	.265(c)(28)
Piling	.265(c)(27)
Storage	.265(c)(27)
Marking Physical Hazards	.265(c)(11)
Protective Equipment	.265(c)(17)(iii)
Refuse Removal	.205(C)(2U)(VI)
hopes, cables, Slings, and	.205(C)(24)
Stackers and Unstackers, Me-	.265(c)(26)
cnanicai.	005(a)(01)
	.∠05(C)(31)
Trastlas	.203(C)(19) 265(c)(10)
Vehicles	265(c)(30)
Saws.	
Band	i .213(i), .265(e)(2)(i)

Subject term	Section No.
Band Resaws	.213(i), .265(e)(3)
Chain	.266(e)(2)
Circular	.213(f), .243(a)(1)
Circular Resaws	.213(e), 265(o)(2)(ii)
Cracked	203(e)(3)(ii) 243(a)(4)
Drag	.213(r)
Edgers	.265(e)(5)
Head	.265(e)(2)
Single Circular	.265(e)(2)(iii)
Twin Circular	.265(e)(2)(iv)
whole-Log Sash Gang	.265(e)(2)(V)
Planers	265(e)(6)
Radial	.213(h)
Ripsaws	.213(c)
Swing Cutoff	.213(g)
Table	.213(d)
Trimmer	.265(e)(4)
Scaffolding (see also Scaffolds).	
Satety Requirements	.28
Justings by Names of Castfolds	
Boatswain's Chair	28(i)
Bricklavers' Square	.28(1)
Carpenters' Bracket	.28(k)
Chicken Ladders	.28(t)
Coupler, Mobile	.29(d)
Crawling Boards	.28(t)
Decorators'	.28(0)
Float	.28(u)
Horse	.28(m)
Ladder- lack	.28(p)
Masons' Adjustable Multiple-Point	28(f)
Suspension.	0(.)
Needle Beam	.28(n)
Outrigger	.28(e)
Plasterers'	.28(o)
Powered Platforms	.66
Roofing Brackets	.28(s)
Ship	.28(u)
Single-Point Adjustable Suspen-	.28(1)
Stone Setters' Adjustable Multiple	28(b)
Point Suspension.	.20(1)
Suspension	.28(f), (a), (h), (i)
Swinging	.28(g)
Tube and Coupler	.28(c)
Tube and Coupler, Mobile	.29(d)
Tubular Welded Frame	.28(d), .29(b)
Jubular Welded Sectional Folding	.29(c)
I wo-Point Suspension	.28(g)
Wood Pole	.∠ơ(r) 28(b)
Scaffolds Manual Mobile (see also	29
Work Platforms, Mobile)	
Scientific Diving (see Divina. Sci-	
entific).	
Scissor Lift	.29
Semigantry Cranes (see Gantry	
Cranes).	
Separation Walls (see also Distances	
trom Hazards).	100(i)(5)
Annmonium INITrate	.109(1)(5)
Flammable and Combustible Lie	106(a)
uide	.100(g)
Dispensing Custome	106(a)(3)
Dispensing Systems	.106(g)(7)
Dispensing Systems	
Dispensing Systems Drainage Electrical Equipment	.106(g)(5)
Dispensing Systems Drainage Electrical Equipment Fire Protection	.106(g)(5) .106(g)(9)
Dispensing Systems Drainage Electrical Equipment Fire Protection Handling	.106(g)(5) .106(g)(9) .106(g)(1)

Subject term	Section No.
Ignition Sources	106(a)(8)
Marine Stations	106(g)(d)
Multi-Piece Rim Wheels, Servicing	.177
Storage	.106(g)(1)
Waste Disposal	.106(g)(7)
Liquefied Petroleum Gases	.110(h)
Containers	.110(h)(2)
Accessories	.110(h)(3)
Installation	.110(II)(5) 110(b)(6)
Protecting Fittings	110(h)(7) (9)
Valves	.110(h)(3)
Dispensing Devices	.110(h)(11)
Electrical Systems	.110(h)(13)
Fire Protection	.110(h)(14)
Fittings	.110(n)(7)
Pumps	110(I)(9)
Safety Relief Valves	.110(h)(4)
Truck Unloading	.110(h)(8)
Valves	.110(h)(7)
Setscrews	.219(h)
Sewage Disposal Shafting Guarding.	.142(e)
Horizontal	.219(c)(2)
Inclined	.219(c)(3)
Vertical	.219(c)(3)
Crane Hoists	179/b)(1)
Shelters, Labor Camps (see also Fa-	.142(b)
cilities, Labor Camps).	(-)
Ship Scaffolds (see also Float Scaf- folds).	.28(u)
Side-Rolling Ladders	.25(c)(5)
Signs and Tags, Specifications for Ac-	.145
cident Prevention (see also Mark-	
Ings; Caution Signs and Labels; La-	
13 Carcinogens	1003(a)(2)
Accident Prevention	.145
Classification of Signs Ac-	.145(c)
cording to Use.	
Definitions	.145(b)
Biological Hazards	.145(e)(4), .145(f)(8)
Bloodborne Pathogens	.1030(g)(1)(ll)
Caution Signs and Tags	145(0)(2), 145(d)(4)
	145(f)(6)
Colors	.145(d)(6)
Cotton Dust	.1043(j)
Danger Signs and Tags	.145(c)(1),
	.145(d)(2),
	.145(f)(5)
Design of Signs and Tags	.145(d), .145(f)(4)
Electric Power Generation, Trans-	.269(U)(4)(III)
Flectric Wiring	306(a)
Hazardous Materials Retention of	1201
DOT Markings.	
Instruction Signs, Manlifts	.68(c)(7)
Personal Protective Equipment	.261(c)(16), (9)
Powered Platforms	.66(f)(7)(vi)
Pulp, Paper, and Paperboard	.261(c)(9),
Signals.	.261(C)(16)
Radiation Warning Symbol	.97(a)(3)
Satety Instruction Signs	.145(C)(3),
Slow-Moving Vehicles Emblem for	145(d)(0)
Specifications	145
Telecommunications	.268(d)(1)
Welding	.253(d)(4)
Wording of Signs and Tags	.145(e)
Single-Point Adjustable Suspension Scaffolds.	.28(i)

Subject term	Section No.
Subject term Single-Rung Ladders Mason's Skylight Floor Openings Sleeping Facilities, Temporary Sleeves, Rubber Insulating Slings Alloy Steel Chain Slings Definitions Fiber-Rope Slings, Natural and Synthetic. Inspections Metal Mesh Slings Safe Operating Practices Scope	Section No. .25(c)(3)(ii) .25(c)(4)(iii) .23(a)(4) .120(n)(5) .137 .184 .184(e) .184(b) .184(b) .184(d) .184(d) .184(c) .184(c) .184(a)
Web Slings, Synthetic Wire-Rope Slings Slurries Small Arms Ammunition Primers Smokeless Propellants Storage	.184(i) .184(f) .109(h) .109(j) .109(j)(4) .109(j)(3) .109(j)
Smokeless Propellants Smoking. Dual Component Coatings Explosives Flammable Liquids Powder Coatings Spraying Snagging Machines	.109(j)(3) .107(m)(2) .109(e)(1) .106(d)(7)(iii) .107(l)(4)(iii) .107(g)(7), .107(l)(4)(iii), .107(m)(2) .215(b)(7)
Snagging Machines Sources of Standards (see Standards Sources) Special Industries.	.215(b)(7)
Bakeries Cooperage Forging Hazardous Waste Operations Laundries Logging Operations Plastics Industry Pulp, Paper, and Paperboard Mills Rubber Industry Sawmills Textiles Woodworking Spill Containment	263 .214 .218 .120 .264 .266 .216 .265 .219(a)(3), .262 .213 .106(d)(6)(iii)
Spot and Seam Welding Machines Spray Booths Spray Finishing Using Flammable and Combustible Materials.	.255(b) .107(b) .107
Air Flow Application, Scope Automobile Undercoating in Ga- rages.	.94(c)(6) .107(n) .107(k)
Clean Air Combustible Liquids Storage Curing Apparatus Drying Apparatus Drying, Curing, or Fusion Appa- ratus	.94(c)(7)(i) .107(e) .107(j) .107(j) .107(j)
Dual Component Coatings Electrical and Other Sources of Ig- nition.	.107(m) .107(c) 107(c)(1)
Electrostatic Apparatus, Fixed Electrostatic Apparatus, Fixed Electrostatic Hand Spraying Equipment. Fire Protection	.107(c) .107(h) .107(i) .107(f)
Flammable Liquids Storage Flammable Liquids and Liquids with Flashpoints Greater Than 199.4 °F (93 °C).	.107(e) .107(e)

Subject term	Section No.
Fusion Apparatus	.107(j)
Hand Spraying Equipment, Elec-	.107(i)
trostatic.	
Ignition Sources	.107(c)
Location	94(c)(2)
Maintenance Operations and	107(a)
Make-I In Air	94(c)(7)
Operations and Maintenance	107(a)
	.107(g)
Organic Peroxide Coalings	.107(m)
Peroxide Coatings	.107(m)
Powder Coatings	.107(1)
Protection	.107(f)
Scope	.107(n)
Spray Booths	.107(b), .94(c)(3)
Undercoatings, Automobile, in Ga-	.107(k)
rages.	
Velocity and Air Flow Require-	.94(c)(6)
ments.	
Ventilation	.107(d), .94(c)(5)
Spray Liquid Heaters	107(e)(7)
Spraving Operations	.107(g)
Sprinklor Systems Automatic	150
Acceptance Tests	150(0)(2)
Design	159(0)(3)
	.139(0)(1)
Urainage	.159(C)(7)
Hose Connections	.159(C)(5)
Hydraulically Designed	.159(c)(11)
Maintenance	.159(c)(2)
Protection of Piping	.159(c)(6)
Sprinkler Alarms	.159(c)(9)
Sprinkler Spacing	.159(c)(10)
Water Supply	.159(c)(4)
Sprinklers	
Din Tanks	125(f)
Sprocketo	210(f)
Sprockets	.219(1)
Stability Margin.	100/0/(1)/()/()/
	.180(C)(1)(I)-(IV)
Stainless Steel Cutting	.252(c)(12)
Stairs, Fixed Industrial	.24
Handrails	.24(h)
Length of Stairways	.24(g)
Railings	.24(h)
Rise Angle	.24(e)
Strength	.24(c)
Treads	24(f)
Vertical Clearance	24(i)
Width	24(d)
Standarda Sources	.24(u)
Air Dessivers	100(a)(0)
Air Receivers	.169(a)(2)
Life Safety Code	.39
Standpipe and Hose Systems	.158
Equipment	.158(C)
Hose	.158(c)(3)
Hose Outlets and Connec-	.158(c)(2)
tions.	
Nozzles	.158(c)(4)
Reels and Cabinets	.158(c)(1)
Exception for Class I Standpipe	.158(a)(2)
Systems.	
Protection of Standnings	159(b)
Scope and Application	159(0)
Scope and Application	.150(a)
	.158(e)
Acceptance Lests	.158(e)(1)
Maintenance	.158(e)(2)
Water Supply	.158(d)
Stands, Ladder (see also Scaffolds;	
Work Platforms, Mobile).	
Stationary Derricks (see also Derricks)	.181
Static Sparks	.219(p)(2)(ii)
Steps (see Stairs, Fixed Industrial)	
Stepladdere	
Portable Motal	26(a)(3)
Stopladdore Portable	25(a)(3)
Otiching Mashings	.20(0)(2)
Sticking Machines	.213(n)

Subject term	Section No.	Subject term	Section No.
Stiffled Derricks (see also Derricks)	181	Table Saws	213(d)
Stone Setters' Adjustable Multiple-	28(h)	Tags (see Signs and Tags Specifica-	.210(0)
Point Suspension Scaffolds	.20(11)	tion for Accident Prevention)	
Stopping Limits Mills and Calenders	216(f)	Tagout (see Lockout/Tagout)	
Stops (see also Safety Devices)	.210(1)	Tanks (see also Cargo Tanks-Port-	
Manlifts	68(c)(5) (6)	able Tanks)	
Storage (see also Materials Handling	.00(0)(0), (0)	Hardening	126(a)(1)(i)
Storage: Storage Areas: Tanks			126(a)(1)(ii)
Storage: Tanks Storage Portable)		Tempering	120(a)(1)(ii)
Ammonia Anhydrous	111	Tanks, Din (soo also Din Tanks)	122 126
Ammonium Nitrato	100(i)	Tanks, Dip (see also Dip Tanks)	.120120
Rokon Equipment	.103(1)	Flormoble and Combustible Lig	106/b)
Blacting Agente	.203(U)(0)	Hammable and Combustible Lig-	.100(D)
Buildings	109(g)(5)	ulus. Atmoonharia Tanka	106(b)(1)(iii)
Margantila Occupancias	106(d)(5)	Construction	106(b)(1)(iii)
Office Occupancies	106(d)(5)(iv)	Construction	.100(D)(1) 106(b)(1)(vi)
Washawaa	.100(0)(5)(III)	Dilvie a	.106(b)(1)(VI)
Warenouses	.106(d)(5)(V)		.106(D)(2)(VII)
Calcium Carbide	.253(g)	Ignition Sources	.106(D)(6)
Clothing	.107(g)(4)	Installation.	100(1)(0)
Compressed Gas Cylinders	.253(b)(2)-(4)	Above Ground, Outside	.106(b)(2)
Compressed Gases	.101(b)	Inside Buildings	.106(b)(4)
Containers, Bulk Oxygen	.104(b)(4), (6)	Underground	.106(b)(3)
Electric Power Generation, Trans-	.269(k)(2)	Low Pressure Tanks	.106(b)(1)(iv)
mission, and Distribution.		Materials	.106(b)(1)(i)
Explosives	.109(c), (e)(2), (b)	Pressure Vessels	.106(b)(1)(v)
Flammable and Combustible Liq-	.106(b), (d)	Supports	.106(b)(5)
uids.		Testing	.106(b)(7)
Inside Storage Rooms	.106(d)(4)	Venting	.106(b)(2)(iv),
Storage Inside Buildings	.106(d)(5)	·	.106(b)(2)(v),
Storage Outside Buildings	.106(d)(6)		.106(b)(2)(vi).
Grain Handling Facilities	272(a)-(h)		106(b)(3)(iv)
Hydrogen	103(c)(2)		106(b)(4)(ii)-(iii)
Indoor Booms	106(d)(5)	Telecommunications	268
Ionizing Badiation	1096(i)	Approach Distances	268(b)(7)
Liquefied Petroleum Gases	110	Battery Handling	268(b)(2)
Logo	265(d)	Cable Foult	268(1)
Logging Operations	266(b)(B)	Definitions	268(c)
	.200(11)(0)	Deninicons	.200(5)
Lumper	.205(C)(27)	Employee Protection	.208(0)
Puip, Paper, and Paperboard Millis	.261(C), (d)		.268(m)
Service Stations	.106(g)(1)	Ladders	.268(n)
Small Arms Ammunition	.109(j)	Material Handling and Other	.268(J)
Spray Finishing Using Flammable	.107(e)	Equipment.	
and Combustible Materials.		Graders, Scrapers, Tractors	.268(J)(1)
Storage Areas.		Elevating/Rotating Work Platforms	.268(j)(3)
Aisles and Passageways	.176(a)	Derricks	.268(j)(4)
Bridge Plates	.178(k)(4)	Materials Handling and Storage	.268(k)
Clearance Signs	.176(e)	Microwave Transmission	.268(p)
Clearances	.176(a)	Overhead Lines	.268(n)
Dockboards	.178(j), (k)(4)	Testing Wood Poles	.268(n)(2), (3)
Housekeeping	.176(c)	Outside Work Platforms	.268(n)(7)
Lighting	.178(h)	Energized Power Conductors	.268(n)(10)
Noxious Gases	.178(i)	Personal Climbing Equipment	.268(g)
Bailroad Cars	.178(k)(2), (4)	Safety Straps	.268(g)(2)
Sawmills	265(d)(2)	Pole Climbers	268(g)(2)
Securing	176(b)	Personal Protective Equipment	268(i)
Trucke Highway	178(k)(1) (2) (m)	Head Protection	268(i)(1)
Cterese Betteries (see Better) Chang	.170(K)(1), (3), (11)	Fue Dretection	.200(1)(1)
Storage Batteries (see Battery Chang-		Eye Protection	.208(1)(2)
ing and Charging).		Rubber Insulating Equipment	.208(1)
Storage Bins (see Storage).		Telecommunications Centers	.∠08(D)(1)
Storage Bridge Cranes (see Gantry		I raining	.268(C)
Cranes).		I ree I rimming	.268(q)
Storage, Tanks (see Tanks, Storage;		Electrical Hazards	.268(q)(2)
Tanks, Storage, Portable).		Storm Work	.268(q)(3)
Straight Ladders, Portable Metal	.26(a)(2)	Underground Lines	.268(o)
Surface Grinders	.215(b)(5)	Guarding Manholes	.268(o)(1)
Swing Frame Grinders	.215(b)(6)	Entering Manholes/Vaults	.268(o)(2)
Swing-Head Lathes	.213(0)	Joint Manholes	.268(0)(3)
Swinging Locomotive Cranes	.180(i)(6)	Tanks, Storage, Portable	
Swinging Scaffolds (see also Two-	28(a)	Flammable and Combustible Lig-	106(d)
Point Suspension Scaffolde)		uids	
Switches		Application	106(d)(1)(i)
Eloctrio	305(c)	Capacity	106(d)(2)
	170(a)(5)	Dosign	106(d)(2)
	.1/9(()(5)	Design	.100(u)(2)
The and Emergency	.210(0)	Exceptions	⊥.100(u)(1), (∠)

Subject term	Section No.
Fire Protection	.106(d)(7)
Indoor Storage	.106(d)(4), (5)
Outdoor Storage	.106(d)(6)
Storage Cabinets	.106(d)(3)
Temporary Floor Openings	.23(a)(7)
Temporary Labor Camps (see also	.142
Labor Camps, Temporary).	
Tempering Tanks	.126(a)
Tenoning Machines	.213(k)
Testing.	
Bulk Oxygen	.104(b)(8)(V)
Electric Power Constation Trans-	.179(K), .180(e)
mission and Distribution	.209(0)
Fire Extinguishers	157(e)
Gaseous Hydrogen Systems	.103(b)(1)(vi)
Liquefied Hydrogen Systems	.103(c)(1)(vii)
Piping	.106(c)(7)
Powered Platforms	.66(g)
Sprinkler Systems	.159(c)(3)
Standpipe and Hose Systems	.158(e)
Storage Tanks	.106(b)(7)
Textiles	.262
Acid Carboys	.262(nn)
Bleaching	.262(p)
Caustics	.202(00)
Color-Mixing Boom	262(kk)
Cotton Cards	.262(e)
Cotton Combers	.262(i)
Drawing Frames	.262(j)
Drying Cans	.262(w)
Drying Tumblers	.262(cc)
Dyeing Jigs	.262(u)
Dye Vats	.262(mm)
Extractors	.262(y)
First Aid	.262(pp)
Flat Work Ironers	.262(x)
Folder, Overhead	.262(jj)
Gameit Machines	.202(1)
Hand Bailing Machine	.202(K) 262(hb)
Handling Machine	262(00)
Kiers	.262(a)
Lappers	.262(m)
Looms	.262(n)
Mercerizing Ranges	.262(s)
Nip Guards	.262(dd)(1), (v), (z)
Openers	.262(d)
Padders	.262(v)
Personal Protective Equipment	.262(qq)(1)
Pickers	.262(d)
Power Transmission	.219(a)(3)
Printing Machine	.262(00) 262(i)
Boll Bench	262(j)
Bone Washers	262(hb)
Sanforizing and Palmer Machine	.262(aa)
Shearing Machines	.262(0)
Slashers	.262(h)
Slubbers	.262(j)
Spinning Mules	.262(g)
Standards Sources	.262(a)(2)
Staple Cutters	.262(ff)
Tanks, Open	.262(II)
Tumbler Loundry Masher	.262(t)
Warpers	.202(CC)
Worsted Drawing	262(1)
Toe Protection (see Foot Protection)	.202(1)
Toeboards.	
Cranes	.179(d)(3)
Definition	.21(a)(9)
Power Transmission Apparatus	.219(0)(5)

Subject term	Section No.
Powered Platforms Walking-Working Surfaces Toilet Facilities	.66(f)(5)(i)(G) .23(a)(2), (3)(ii), (e) .141(c) 141(c)
Hazardous Waste	.120(n)(3)
Labor Camps	.142(d)
Lavatories	.141(d)(2)
Minimum Numbers	.141(c)(1), (d)(2)
Towers	.141(d)(3)(V) 141(d)
Tongs, Upsetters	.218(h)(4)
Tooling	.217(d)(5)
Torch Valves, Welding	.252(a)(4)(ii)
Towers, Scaffolds (see Ladder Stands	.141(0)(3)(V)
and Scaffolds; Scaffolds; Work Plat- forms, Mobile).	
Toxic and Hazardous Substances	Subpart Z
Trucks)	.178, .268(J)(1)
Training	.217(e)(3)
13 Carcinogens (4-Nitrobiphenyl, etc.).	.1003(e)(4)
Acrylonitrile	.1045(0)
Requirements.	.67(C)(2)
Asbestos	.1001(i)(7)
Bloodborne Pathogens	.1030(g)(2)
HIV and HBV Research	.1030(e)(5)
I raining Records	.1030(h)(2)
Cadmium	.1027(m)(4)
Chemicals, Occupational Expo- sure in Laboratories.	.1450(f)
Chromium (VI)	.1026(I)(2)
Coke Oven Emissions	.1029(k) 146(a) 146(i)
Commed Spaces, remit-required	.146(k), .146 App. E 1-2, .146 App.
	F (B)
(Lockout/Tagout).	.147(c)(1), (7)
Outside Personnel	.147(f)(2)
Cotton Dust	.1043(i)
Cranes, Overhead and Gantry	.179(n)(3)
DBCP (1,2-Dibromo-3- Chloropropane).	.1044(n)
Diving, Guaincations	App. C
Electric Power Generation, Trans- mission, and Distribution.	.269(a)2)
Control of Hazardous Energy	.269(d)(2)
Live-Line Bare-Hand Work	.269(e)(2) 269(a)(3)
Coal and Ash Handling	.269(v)(11)
Electrical Safety-Related Work Practices.	.332
Emergency Action Plans	.38(e), (f)
Emergency Response Employee Alarm Systems	.120(q)(b) 165(d)(5)
Explosives and Blasting Agents	.105(0)(5)
Operation of Transportation Vehicles.	.109(d)(3), (g)(3)
Bulk Delivery and Mixing Ve- hicles.	.109(h)(4)
Ethylene Oxide	.1047(j)(3)
Fire Detection Systems	.164(c)(4)
Fire Extinguishers, Portable	.157(d), (f), (g)
Overhead and Gantry Cranes	.179(0)(3)
Crawler, Locomotives, and Truck Cranes.	.180(i)(5)

Subject term	Section No.
Fire Extinguishing Systems	.160(b)(2), (b)(10) .39(d)
First Aid	.151
Electric Power Generation, Transmission and Distribu-	.269(b)(1)
Logging	.266 App. B
Telecommunications	.268(c)(3)
Flammable and Combustible Liq- uids.	.106(b)(5)
Forging Machines	.218(a)(2)
Grain Handling Facilities	.1048(II) .272(e)
Contractors	.272(i)(1)
Rescue	.272(g)(5)
Communication)	.1200(n)
Hazardous Waste Operations and	.120(e)
Emergency Response. Treatment Storage and Dis-	120(n)(7)
posal Facilities.	.120(p)(r)
Emergency Response	.120(q)(6)
Use of Hearing Protectors	.95(K) 95(i)(4)
Chromium (VI), Employee Infor-	.1026(I)(2)
mation and Training.	
Laundry Machine and Operations	.264(d)(1)
Liquefied Petroleum Gases, Stor-	.110(b)(16)
age.	
Watch Service	.110(d)(12)
Manlift Personnel Bequirements	.266(I), App. B 68(b)(1)
Mechanical Power Presses	.00(0)(1)
Maintenance Personnel	.217(e)(3), (h)(10)
Operator Training	.217(h)(13)
4' Methylenedianiline	.1052(I) 1050(k)(4)
4-Nitrobiphenyl	.1003(e)(4)
Noise Exposure	.95(k)
Powered Industrial Trucks	.178(l)
Maintenance	
Care and Use	.66 App. C
Operations Training	.66(i)(1)
Process Safety Management of	.119(g)
Contractor Training	.119(h)(3)
Notification of Change in	.119(l)(3)
Process. Process Maintenance Activi-	.119(j)(4)
ties. Badiation Ionizing	1096(i)(2)
Respiratory Protection	.134(k)
Rim Wheels, Servicing	.177(c)
Signs and Tags	.145(c)
Standpipe and Hose Systems	.158(e)(2)
Battery Handling	.268(b)(2)
Cable Fault Locating	.268(I)(1)
Derrick Trucks	.268(j)(4)
Manholes	.268(0)
Temporary Labor Camps (First	.142(k)
Aid).	
Truck Operators (see Powered In-	
austrial Trucks; Explosives and Blasting Agents: Telecommuni-	
cations)	
Vinyl Chloride	.1017(j)
Welding, Cutting, and Brazing	.252(a)(2)
Arc Welding and Cutting	.254(a)(3)
and Cutting.	.233(a)(4)

Subject term	Section No.
Resistance Wolding	255(2)(2)
	.233(a)(3)
I ransmission Pipeline weiding	.252(0)(1)
Construction Standards	.252(d)(1)(v)
Electric Shock	.252(d)(1)(iii)
Field Shop Operations	.252(d)(1)(ii)
Flammable Substances	.252(d)(1)(vi)
Pressure Testing	.252(d)(1)(iv)
X-ray Inspection	.252(d)(1)(vii)
Transportation.	
Blasting Agents	.109(q)(6)
Explosives	.109(d)
Fire Extinguishers	.109(d)(2)(iii)
Markings	.109(d)(2)(ii)
Vehicles	109(d)(2) (3)
Trandoors	23(a)(5)
Trans Air Receivers	169(b)(2)
Troade Staire	24(f)
Treadlos	217(h)(4)
Tree Trimming	.217(0)(4)
Floatricel Line Clearance	260(1) (1)
Electrical Line-Clearance	.209(f), (X)
Electrical Safety-Related Work	.331(C)(1)
Practices.	
Electrical Safety, Definitions	.339
Telecommunications	.268(g)
Trestle Ladders, Portable.	
Metal	.26(a)(4)
Wood	.25(c)(3)(v)
Trimming Presses	.218(g)
Trips, Two-Hand	.217(b)(6)
Trolley Bumpers, Cranes	.179(e)(3)
Trolley Ladders Portable	25(c)(5)
Trolley Stops Cranes	179(e)(1)
Truck Crapos (son also Crawlor Looo-	190
motive and Truck Cranes)	.100
Truele	170(1) (m)
	.170(K), (III)
FORKIITT	.261(C)(1)
Hand	.261(m)(1)
Highway	.178(k), (m)
Powered Industrial	.178
Trucks, Powered Industrial (see also	.178
Powered Industrial Trucks).	
Tube and Coupler Scaffolds	.28(c)
Tube and Coupler Scaffolds, Mobile	.29(d)
Tubing (see Piping, Fittings, and Tub-	
ing).	
Tubular Welded Frame Scaffolds	.28(d)
Tubular Welded Frame Scaffolds Mo-	29(b)
hile	.20(0)
Tubular Welded Sectional Folding	29(c)
Scaffolds	.23(0)
Turping Machines	212(0)
Two Boint Suppopoion Sooffoldo	29(a)
Two Section Bung Loddoro	.20(y)
Independent Charges Tables Flow	.25(C)(3)(III)
Underground Storage Tanks, Flam-	.106(0)(3)
maple Liquids.	400(1-)(0)(1)
Location	.106(b)(3)(i)
Depth and Cover	.106(b)(3)(ii)
Corrosion Protection	.106(b)(3)(iii)
Vents	.106(b)(3)(iv)
Upsetters	.218(h)
Dies Changing	.218(h)(5)
Lockouts	.218(h)(2)
Manual Controls	.218(h)(3)
Supporting Foundations	.218(h)(1)
Tonas	.218(h)(4)
Valves (see also Pining Valves and	
Fittings)	
Air Beceivers	169(b)(3)
Liquefied Potroleum Cases	110(b)(3)
Liquelleu Petroleum Gases	.110(0)(7)
Non-DUT Containers	.110(a)(3)
vaporizers.	
Liquefied Petroleum Gases	.110(b)(11)
Liquid Hydrogen	.103(c)(1)(viii)
Líquid Oxygen	.104(b)(7)

Subject term	Section No.
Vehicle-Mounted Elevating and Rotat- ing Work Platforms.	.67
Definitions Applicable to This Sec- tion.	.67(a)
General Requirements	.67(b)
Specific Requirements	.67(c)
Bursting Safety Factor	.67(c)(4)
Electrical Tests	.67(c)(3)
Extensible and Articulating Boom Platforms.	.67(c)(2)
Ladder Trucks and Tower Trucks	.67(c)(1)
Welding Standards	.67(C)(5)
Maniitis	.08
tion.	.00(a)
General Requirements	.68(D)
France Requirements	.00(C)
Emergency Stop	.00(C)(b)
Hanonolos	.08(C)(4)
Machines, General	.68(c)(1)
Platforms or Steps	.68(c)(3)
Speed	.68(c)(2)
Up Limit Stops	.68(c)(5)
Operating Rules	.68(d)
Proper Use of Manlifts	.68(d)(1)
Periodic Inspection	.68(e)
Frequency	.68(e)(1)
Inspection Record	.68(e)(3)
Items Covered	.68(e)(2)
Vehicles.	000()
Logging Operations	.266(g)
Sawmills	.265(c)(30)
Vehicles, Slow-Moving, Signs	.145(d)(10)
Veneer Machinery	.30(c)
Cutters	.213(q), (s)(13)
Ventilation.	
13 Carcinogens	.1003(c)(4). (d)(4)
Asbestos	.1001(f)(1)
Arsenic, Inorganic	.1018(k)(5)
Bakery Equipment	263(1)(10)
Bloodborne Pathogens	1030(e)(4)(vi)
Cadmium	1027(f)(2) (k)(6)
Chromium (VII)	1026(i)(0), (k)(0)
	Exhibit A-3
Confined Spaces, Permit-Required	.146(c)(5), App. C
Cotton Dust	.1043(e)(4)
Cranes, Overhead and Gantry	.179(e)(4)
1,2-Dibromo-3-Chloropropane	.1044(k)(1). App
Dipping and Coating Operations	.124(b), (i)(4)
Flashpoints Greater Than 199.4	.125(f)
Electric Power Generation. Trans-	.269(e)
mission, and Distribution En-	
closed Spaces	
Explosives and Blasting Agents	.109(c)(3), (i)(2),
Flammable Liquide	(I)(+) 106(a)(21)
riammable Liquius	106(d)(31),
	.106(0)(4),
	.106(e)(2),
	.106(e)(3),
	.106(e)(7),
	.106(f)(2),
	.106(h)(3)
Forging Machines	.218(a)(1)
Formaldehvde	1048 App. A
Grain Handling Facilities Entry into	.272(g)
Grain Storage Structures.	
Hazardous Locations, Definitions Hazardous Waste Operations and	.399 .120(n)(7)
Emergency Response	
Hydrogen	103(b)(3)(ii)
,	(c)(3)(ii)
Laboratorios	1450(b)
Lauuidiunes	.1450(b)

Subject term	Section No.
land	1005(a)(4)
	.1025(e)(4)
Liquetied Petroleum Gases, Stor-	.110(a)(13)
age and Handling.	
Oxygen	.104(b)(3)
Powered Industrial Trucks	.178(c)(2),
	.178(g)(2)
Pulp, Paper, and Paperboard Mills	.261(f)(2),
	.261(g)(20).
	261(b)(2)
Resistance Welding	255(d)(1)
Besniratory Protection	134(a)
Soumillo	26E(a)(7) (d)(0)
Sawining Operations	107(d) (b)(11)
Spray Finishing Operations	.107(u), (1)(11),
	(I)(8)-(9), (K),
	(1)(2), (1)(7)
lelecommunications	
Battery Handling	.268(b)(2)
Ladder Storage, Wooden	.268(h)(4)
Tent Heaters	.268(i)(3)
Underground Lines (Man-	.268(0)
holes, Unvented Vaults).	
Welding, Cutting, and Brazing	.252(b)(4), (c)
Wiring Methods Components and	305(a)(1)
Equipment	
for General Lise	(i)(7)
Vontilation Standard	0/(7)
Abroaiva Plasting	.94
Abrasive biasting	.94(a)
Air Supply and Air Compres-	.94(a)(b)
sors.	0.4( ).(0)
Blast-Cleaning Enclosures	.94(a)(3)
Definitions Applicable to This	.94(a)(1)
Paragraph.	
Dust Hazards from Abrasive	.94(a)(2)
Blasting.	
Exhaust Ventilation Systems	.94(a)(4)
Operational Procedures and	.94(a)(7)
General Safety.	
Personal Protective Equip-	.94(a)(5)
ment.	- (/(-/
Scope	.94(a)(8)
Grinding Polishing and Buffing	94(b)
Operations	.0.(0)
Application	94(b)(2)
Definitions Applicable to This	0.04(b)(2)
Deminitions Applicable to This	.54(0)(1)
Paragraph.	04/b)/4)
Exhaust Systems	.94(D)(4)
Hood and Branch Pipe Re-	.94(D)(3)
quirements.	
Hood and Enclosure Design	.94(b)(5)
Scope	.94(b)(6)
Spray Finishing Operations	.94(c)
Definitions Applicable to This	.94(c)(1)
Paragraph.	
Design and Construction of	.94(c)(3)
Spray Booths.	
Design and Construction of	.94(c)(4)
Spray Booms	
Location and Application	94(c)(2)
Make-I In Air	94(c)(7)
Soono	.04(c)(P)
Velocity and Air Flow Po-	.94(c)(6)
velocity and All flow He-	.94(0)(0)
quirements.	04(-)(5)
Ventilation	.94(C)(5)
venung, Tanks.	100/1-1/01/21/21
Aboveground	.106(D)(2)(IV)-(VI)
Inside	.106(b)(4)(ii)
Portable	.106(d)(2)(ii)
Underground	.106(b)(3)(iv)
Vents (see Venting).	
Vermin Control	.141(a)(5)
Vinyl Chloride	.1017
Emergency Situations	.1017(i)
Hazardous Operations	.1017(h)
Medical Surveillance	.1017(k)

Subject term	Section No.	
Methods of Compliance	.1017(f)	
Monitoring	.1017(d)	
Permissible Exposure Limit (PEL)	.1017(c)	
Regulated Areas	.1017(e)	
Respiratory Protection	.1017(g)	
Communication of Hazards	.1017(l)	
Training	.1017(j)	
Walking-Working Surfaces; Subpart D	.21	
Definitions	.21	
Fixed Industrial Stairs	.24	
Angle of Stairway Rise	.24(e)	
Application of Requirements	.24(a)	
Railings and Handrails	.24(h)	
Stair Strength	.24(c)	
Stair Treads	.24(f)	
Stair Width	.24(0)	
Stairway Platforms	.24(g)	
Where Fixed Steirs Are De	.24(I)	
where Fixed Stairs Are Re-	.24(0)	
Guileu.	07	
Clearance	.27	
Clearance in Back of Grab	.27(c)(5)	
Bar	.27(0)(0)	
Clearance in Back of Ladder	27(c)(4)	
Climbing Side	27(c)(1)	
Hatch Cover	27(c)(7)	
Ladders with Cages or Bas-	27(c)(3)	
kets.	/(0)(0)	
Ladders Without Cages or	.27(c)(2)	
Stop Agroop Distance	27(0)(6)	
Design Requirements	.27(0)(0)	
Design Stresses	27(a)	
Maintenance	27(a)(2)	
Pitch	.27(1) 27(6)	
Specific features	27(b)	
Electrolytic Action	27(b)(5)	
Eastenings	27(b)(3)	
Protection from Deterioration	27(b)(7)	
Bungs and Cleats	27(b)(1)	
Side Bails	27(b)(2)	
Splices.27(b)(4).		
Welding	.27(b)(6)	
Special Requirements	.27(d)	
Cages or Wells	.27(d)(1)	
Grab Bars	.27(d)(4)	
Ladder Extensions	.27(d)(3)	
Landing Platforms	.27(d)(2)	Wal
Ladder Safety Devices	.27(d)(5)	Wal
Floor and Wall Openings, Guard-	.23	War
ing.		
Open-Sided Floors, Platforms,	.23(c)	
and Runways.		War
Protection for Floor Openings	.23(a)	S
Protection for Wall Openings	.23(b)	A
and Holes.	22()	
Railings, Toe Boards, and	.23(e)	
Covers.	00(-1)	
Stairway Railings and Guards	.23(d)	
Aialas and Bassarawaya	.22	
Alsies and Passageways	.22(D)	
Eleon Loading Protection	.22(C)	
Guardraile	22(c)	
Housekeeping	22(a)	
Guarding Floor and Wall Openings	23	
and Holes (see above)	.20	
Ladders Fixed	27	
Ladders Portable Metal	26	
Ladders, Portable Wood	25	
Ladders Mobile Stands	29	
Manually Propelled Mobile Ladder	.29	
Stands and Scaffolds (Towers).		

Subject term	Section No.
Other Working Surfaces	.30
Portable Metal Ladders	.26
Portable Wood Ladders	.25
Scaffolding, Safety Requirements	.28
for.	
Boatswain's Chairs	.28(j)
Bricklayers' Square Scaffolds	.28(I)
Carpenters' Bracket Scaffolds	.28(k)
Chicken Ladders	.28(t)
Crawling Boards	.28(t)
Decorators' Scaffolds	.28(0)
Float or Ship Scatfolds	.28(u)
General Requirements for All	.28(a)
Scallolds.	00(m)
Interior Hung Scaffolds	.20(III) 28(p)
Ladder-lack Scaffolds	28(g)
Large Area Scaffolds	28(o)
Needle Beam Scaffold	28(n)
Outrigger Scaffolds	28(e)
Plasterers', Decorators', and	.28(0)
Large Area Scaffolds.	
Powered Platforms	.66
Roofing Brackets	.28(s)
Scope	.28(v)
Ship Scaffolds	.28(u)
Suspension Scaffolds, Adjust-	.28(i)
able Single-Point Suspen-	
sion Scaffolds, Masons'.	
Adjustable Multiple-Point	.28(f)
Suspension Scaffolds, Stone	.28(h)
Setters' Adjustable Multiple-	
Point. Swinging Scoffolds, Two Boint	$\Omega^{2}(\alpha)$
Suspension	.20(g)
Tube and Coupler Scaffolds	28(c)
Tubular Welded Frame Scaf-	28(d)
folds	.20(u)
Two-Point Suspension Scaf-	28(a)
folds (Swinging).	.20(g)
Window-Jack Scaffolds	.28(r)
Wood Pole Scaffolds. Re-	.28(b)
quirements for.	- ( - )
Scaffolds (Towers), Manually Pro-	.29
pelled Rolling.	
Stairs, Fixed Industrial	.24
Wall Openings, Guarding	.23
Working Surfaces, Other	.30
all Cranes (see Gantry Cranes)	
all Openings (Holes)	.23(b)
arehouses.	100(1)(1)
Ammonium Nitrate	.109(1)(4)
Flammable Liquids	.106(d)(5)(V)
arning Devices and Signs (see also	
Agaidant Browantian)	
Accident Frevention).	1018 App A
Asbestos	1001(i)(4)
Benzene	1028(i)(2)
Bloodborne Pathogens	1030(e)(2) (d)(1)
Cadmium	.1027(m)(2)
Coke Oven Emissions	.1029 App. A
Confined Spaces, Permit-Required	.146(h)(4)-(5)
Cotton Dust	.1043(j)(1)
Cranes	.179(i)
Electric Power Generation, Trans-	.269(v)(11)(x),
mission, and Distribution.	.269(w)(6)
Electrical	
General	.303(g)(2), (h)(5)
Specific Purpose Equipment	.306(c)(8)-(9)
and Installations.	100(a)(1) (-)(5)
Explosives and Blasting Agents	.109(e)(1), (e)(5)
Manlifts	68(c)(7)

Subject term	Section No.
Nonionizing Radiation Pulp, Paper, and Paperboard Mills Sawmills Spray Finishing Using Flammable and Combustible Materials.	.97(a)(3) .261(c)(9) .265(c)(6), (e)(1) .107(j)(4)(v)
Telecommunications Welding, Cutting, Brazing, General Bequirements	.268(d)(1) .252(b)(4)(vii)
Washing Facilities	.141(d), .142(f), \ .120(n)(6)
Waste Disposal	.141(a)(4) 106(f)(7)
Containers	.141(g)(3)
Dip Tanks	.125(e)(4)(ii), .125(e)(4)(iii)
Labor Camps	.142(e), (h)
Service Stations	.106(q)(7)
Spraying	.107(g)(3)
Water Gels	.109(h) 163
Fixed.	
Water Supply. Hazardous Waste Operations	120(n)
Labor Camps	.142(c)
Nonpotable Water	.141(b)(2)
Sprinkler Systems	.141(D)(1) 159(c)(4)
Standpipe and Hose Systems	.158(d)
Weather Protection Manlifts	.68(b)(15)
tors; Arc Welding and Cutting	1
Flash Welding Equipment; Oxygen-	.251255
Fuel Gas Welding and Cutting; Re- sistance Welding: Welding Ma-	
chines, Portable).	
Acetylene Generators	.253(f)
Beryllium	.252(a)(2)(iv)
Cadmium	.252(c)(9)
Calcium Carbide Storage	.253(g) 119(k)
Process Safety Management;	
Hot-Work Permits.	050(0)(11)
Concentrations, Maximum Allow- able.	.252(c)(11) .252(c)(1)(iii)
Confined Spaces	.252(a)(4), (c)(4)
Cutting Containers	.252(c)(2), (c)(4) .252(a)(3)
Contamination	.252(c)(1)(i)
Definitions	.251
Goggles	.252(b)(2)(i)(B)
Shade Number Guide	.252(b)(2)(ii)(H)
Fire Protection	.252(a)(2)(i) 252(a)(2)(iii) (x)
	(xiv)
First Aid Equipment	.252(c)(13)
Hazard Communication	.252(c)(3)
Hoods	.252(c)(3)
Labels Ladders, Fixed	.252(c)(1)(IV) .27(b)(6)
Lead	.252(c)(7)
Liquefied Petroleum Gases	.110(b)(4) .252(c)(10)
Operating Procedures	.253(b)(5)
Piping Systems, Mechanical	.252(0)(2) .252(b)
Helmets	.252(b)(2)(i)(A)
Lifelines	.252(b)(4)(iv)
Prohibited Areas	.252(a)(2)(vi)

Subject term	Section No.
Screens	.252(c)(1)(ii)
Spot and Seam	.255(b)
Stainless Steels	.252(c)(12)
Supervisor Responsibility	.252(a)(2)(xiv)
Transmission Pipelines	.252(d)(1)
Ventilation	.252(c)(2)
X-ray Inspection	.252(d)(1)(vii)
Zinc	.252(c)(6)
Welding Machines, Portable	.255(C)
Cievis	.255(C)(3)
Groupding	.255(0)(1)
Holder Movable	255(c)(5)
Safety Chains	.255(c)(2)
Switch Guards	.255(c)(4)
Wharves	
Bulk Plants	.106(f)(4)
Chemical Plants	.106(i)(2)
Distilleries	.106(i)(2)
Explosives	.109(f)
Marine Service Stations	.106(g)(4)
Hefineries	.106(I)(2)
Wheels, Mulli-Piece Rim, Servicing	.1// 101/i)/E)
Wind Indicators	.181(1)(5) 170(b)(4)
Window-Jack Scaffolds	28(r)
Guardrails	28(r)(3)
Use	.28(r)(1), (2)
Wood Heel Turning Machines	.213(0)
Wood Ladders, Portable (see also	.25, .268(h)
Ladders, Portable Wood).	
Wood Pole Scaffolds	.28(b)
Wood Shapers	.213(m)
Wooden Guards	.219(0)(2)
Woodworking Machinery Requirements	.213
Bandsaws and Band Resaws	.213(i)
Circular Resource	.213(1)
Circular Sawe, Solf-Ecoding	.213(e) 212(f)
Construction of Machinery Gen-	213(a)
eral.	.210(0)
Controls	.213(b)
Cross-Cut Table Saws, Hand-Fed	.213(d)
Definitions	.211(a)
Drag Saws	.213(r)
Glue Spreaders, Roll-Type	.213(r)
Inspection and Maintenance	.213(s)
Woodworking Machines.	
Hand-Fed Crosscut Table Saws	.213(d)
Hand-Fed Ripsaws	.213(c)
Jointers	.213(J)
Machine Controls and Equipment	.213(D)
Maintenance	.213(S)
Miscollanoous Woodworking Ma-	.213(II) 213(r)
chinos	.213(1)
Molding Machines	213(n)
Mortising Machines	213(1)
Planing, Molding, Sticking, and	.213(n)
Matching Machines.	- ( )
Profile and Swing-Head Lathes	.213(o)
and Wood Heel Turning Ma-	
chine.	
Radial Saws	.213(h)
Resaws, Circular	.213(e)
Ripsaws, Hand-Fed	.213(c)
Sanding Machines	.213(p)
Self-Fed Circular Saws	.213(f)
Sticking	.213(n)
Swing Cutoff Saws	.213(g)
Swing Head Lathes	.213(0)
Taponing Machines	.213(0)
Turning Machines Wood Hool	213(0)
arring machines, wood heel	

Subject term	Section No.
Veneer Cutters and Wringers	.213(a)
Wood Heel Turning Machines	.213(0)
Wood Shapers and Similar Equip-	.213(m)
ment.	
Woodworking Machines, Inspec- tion and Maintenance.	.213(s)
Woodworking Machines, Miscella- neous.	.213(r)
Woodworking Tools, Portable Powered	.243(a)
Belt Sanding Machines	.243(a)(3)
Circular Saws	.243(a)(1)
Cracked Saws	.243(a)(4)
Dead-Man Controls	.243(a)(2)
Grounding	.243(a)(5)
Sanding Machines	.243(a)(3)
Work Platforms	.66, .67
Elevating and Rotating	.67
Powered Platforms	.66
Vehicle-Mounted	.67
Application	.67(b)(1)
Design	.67(b)(2)
Work Platforms, Mobile (see also Scaf- folds).	.29(e)
Working Surfaces (see also Walking- Working Surfaces).	.30
Written Programs (see also Emer-	
gency Action Plans; Fire Prevention Plan).	
Acrylonitrile	.1045(a)(2)
Asbestos	.1001(f)(2)
Arsenic, Inorganic	.1018(q)(2)
Benzene	.1028(f)(2)
Bloodborne Pathogens	.1030
Coke Oven Emissions	.1029(f)(6)
Confined Spaces, Permit-Required	.146(c)(4), (d)
Control of Hazardous Energy	.147(c)
(Lockout/Tagout).	

Subject term	Section No.
Cotton Dust	.1043(e)(3), (g)
1,2-Dibromo-3-Chloropropane	.1044(g)(2)
Diving, Commercial Safe Practices Manual.	.440(b)(2)
Electric Power Generation, Trans- mission, and Distribution, En- ergy Control Procedures.	.269(d)(2)
Electrical	204(b)(2)
Assured Equipment Grounding Conductor Pro- gram.	.304(0)(3)
Selection and Use of Work Practices, Lockout and Tag- ging.	.333(b)(2)
Ethylene Oxide	.1047(f)(2)
Grain Handling Facilities	.272(j),
Hazard Communication	.1200(e)
Hazardous Waste Operations and	.120(b), .120(d),
Emergency Response.	.120(l), .120(p),
	.120(q)
Laboratories, Chemical Hygiene Plan.	.1450(e)
Lead	.1025(e)(3)
Methylenedianiline	.1050(g)(2)
Process Satety Management of	119(c)(1), (d), (f)(1)
Hignly Hazardous Chemicals.	(J)(2) 124(a)
Nevy Chlorida	.134(C) 1017(f) (i)
Virigi Chionae Machaniael Disist	.1017(I), (I)
Systems.	.232(U)(2)(II)
Zinc, Welding/Cutting	.252(c)(6)
Contined Spaces	.252(c)(6)(i)
indoors	.252(C)(6)(II), .252(C)(6)(II)