### SIC code | Industry description | SIC code | Industry description
--- | --- | --- | ---
525 | Hardware Stores | 725 | Shoe Repair and Shoeshine Parlors.
542 | Meat and Fish Markets | 726 | Funeral Service and Crematories.
544 | Candy, Nut, and Confectionery Stores | 729 | Miscellaneous Personal Services.
545 | Dairy Products Stores | 731 | Computer and Data Processing Services.
546 | Retail Bakeries | 732 | Credit Reporting and Collection Services.
549 | Miscellaneous Food Stores | 733 | Mailing, Reproduction, & Stereographic Services.
551 | New and Used Car Dealers | 734 | Computer and Data Processing Services.
552 | Used Car Dealers | 735 | Credit Reporting and Collection Services.
554 | Gasoline Service Stations | 736 | Miscellaneous Personal Services.
557 | Motorcycle Dealers | 737 | Computer and Data Processing Services.
56 | Apparel and Accessory Stores | 738 | Miscellaneous Business Services.
573 | Radio, Television, & Computer Stores | 739 | Miscellaneous Personal Services.
58 | Eating and Drinking Places | 741 | Dance Studios, Schools, and Halls.
591 | Drug Stores and Proprietary Stores | 742 | Producers, Orchestras, Entertainers.
592 | Liquor Stores | 743 | Bowling Centers.
599 | Retail Stores, Not Elsewhere Classified | 745 | Offices Of Osteopathic.
60 | Depository Institutions (banks & savings institutions) | 746 | Offices Of Other Health Practitioners.
61 | Nondepository | 747 | Medical and Dental Laboratories.
62 | Security and Commodity Brokers | 749 | Medical and Dental Laboratories.
63 | Insurance Carriers | 801 | Offices Of Osteopathic.
64 | Insurance Agents, Brokers & Services | 802 | Offices Of Osteopathic.
653 | Real Estate Agents and Managers | 803 | Offices Of Osteopathic.
654 | Title Abstract Offices | 804 | Offices Of Other Health Practitioners.
67 | Holding and Other Investment Offices | 805 | Offices Of Other Health Practitioners.
722 | Photographic Studios, Portrait | 806 | Offices Of Other Health Practitioners.
723 | Beauty Shops | 807 | Medical and Dental Laboratories.
724 | Barber Shops | 808 | Medical and Dental Laboratories.

#### Subpart C—Recordkeeping Forms and Recording Criteria

**NOTE TO SUBPART C:** This subpart describes the work-related injuries and illnesses that an employer must enter into the OSHA records and explains the OSHA forms that employers must use to record work-related fatalities, injuries, and illnesses.

### § 1904.4 Recording criteria.

(a) Basic requirement. Each employer required by this part to keep records of fatalities, injuries, and illnesses must record each fatality, injury and illness that:

1. Is work-related; and
2. Is a new case; and
3. Meets one or more of the general recording criteria of §1904.7 or the application to specific cases of §§1904.8 through 1904.12.

(b) Implementation—(1) What sections of this rule describe recording criteria for recording work-related injuries and illnesses? The table below indicates which sections of the rule address each topic.

<table>
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<tr>
<th>Determination of work-related-ness</th>
<th>See §1904.5.</th>
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<tr>
<td>Determination of a new case</td>
<td>See §1904.6.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>General recording criteria</td>
<td>See §1904.7.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(iv) Additional criteria. (Needlestick and sharps injury cases, tuberculosis cases, hearing loss cases, medical removal cases, and musculoskeletal disorder cases). See §§1904.8 through 1904.12.

(2) How do I decide whether a particular injury or illness is recordable? The decision tree for recording work-related injuries and illnesses below shows the steps involved in making this determination.

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*Source: OSHA, Occupational Safety and Health Administration.*
§ 1904.5 Determination of work-relatedness.

(a) Basic requirement. You must consider an injury or illness to be work-related if an event or exposure in the work environment either caused or contributed to the resulting condition or significantly aggravated a pre-existing injury or illness. Work-relatedness is presumed for injuries and illnesses resulting from events or exposures occurring in the work environment, unless an exception in §1904.5(b)(2) specifically applies.

(b) Implementation. (1) What is the "work environment"? OSHA defines the work environment as "the establishment and other locations where one or more employees are working or are present as a condition of their employment. The work environment includes not only physical locations, but also the equipment or materials used by the employee during the course of his or her work."

(2) Are there situations where an injury or illness occurs in the work environment and is not considered work-related? Yes, an injury or illness occurring in the work environment that falls under one of the following exceptions is not work-related, and therefore is not recordable.