(1) “Clarksburg Quadrangle, California,” 1967 (Photo revised 1980); and
(2) “Courtland Quadrangle, California,” 1978.

c) Boundaries. The Merritt Island viticultural area is located in Yolo County, California, six miles south of the City of Sacramento. The boundaries of the Merritt Island viticultural area, using landmarks and points of reference found on the appropriate U.S.G.S. maps, are as follows:

(1) Starting at the most southerly point, the intersection of Sutter Slough with the Sacramento River.
(2) Then west along the course of Sutter Slough for 0.54 miles until it intersects Elk Slough.
(3) Then northeast along the course of Elk Slough for 9.58 miles to the community of Clarksburg and the intersection of Sacramento River.
(4) Then southeasterly along the course of the Sacramento River for 7.8 miles to the beginning point.


§ 9.69 Yakima Valley.

(a) Name. The name of the viticultural area described in this section is “Yakima Valley.”

(b) Approved maps. The approved maps for determining the boundary of the Yakima Valley viticultural area are two U.S.G.S. maps. They are entitled:

(1) “Walla Walla, Washington,” scaled 1:250,000, edition of 1953, limited revision 1963; and

(c) Boundaries. The Yakima Valley viticultural area is located in Benton and Yakima Counties, Washington. The beginning point is found on the “Yakima, Washington,” U.S.G.S. map at the Wapato Dam located on the Yakima River.

(1) Then east following the crest of the Rattlesnake Hills across Elephant Mountain, Zillah Peak, High Top (elevation 3031 feet), and an unnamed mountain (elevation 3629 feet) to the Bennett Ranch;
(2) Then due east approximately 0.2 mile to the boundary of the Hanford Atomic Energy Commission Works;
(3) Then southeast following the boundary of the Hanford AEC Works along the Rattlesnake Hills to the Yakima River;
(4) Then southeast across the top of Red Mountain to the peak of Badger Mountain;
(5) Then due south for approximately 4.9 miles to the 1000 foot contour line immediately south of the Burlington Northern Railroad (indicated on map as the Northern Pacific Railroad);
(6) Then west following the 1000 foot contour line to its intersection with U.S. Highway 97 immediately west of Hembre Mountain;
(7) Then west following the Toppenish Ridge, across an unnamed mountain (elevation 2172 feet), an unnamed mountain (elevation 2363 feet), to the peak of Toppenish Mountain (elevation 3609 feet);
(8) Then northwest in straight line for approximately 9.3 miles to the lookout tower at Fort Simcoe Historical State Park;
(9) Then north in a straight line for approximately 11.7 miles to an unnamed peak, (elevation 3372 feet);
and
(10) Then east following Ahtanum Ridge, crossing unnamed peaks of 2037 feet elevation, 2511 feet elevation, 2141 feet elevation, to the Wapato Dam at the point of beginning.


§ 9.70 Northern Sonoma.

(a) Name. The name of the viticultural area described in this section is “Northern Sonoma.”

(b) Approved Maps. The nine United States Geological Survey maps used to determine the boundary of the Northern Sonoma viticultural area are titled:

(1) Sonoma County, California, scale 1:100 000, 1970;
(2) Asti Quadrangle, California, scale 1:24 000, 1959, photorevised 1978;
(3) Jimtown Quadrangle, California—Sonoma County; scale 1:24 000, 1955, photorevised 1975;
(4) Camp Meeker Quadrangle, California—Sonoma Co., scale 1:24 000, 1954, photorevised 1971;
(5) Valley Ford Quadrangle, California, scale 1:24 000, 1954, photorevised 1971;