§ 1311.210

(13) The pharmacy application must maintain an audit trail of all actions related to the following:
   (i) The receipt, annotation, alteration, or deletion of a controlled substance prescription.
   (ii) Any setting or changing of logical access control permissions related to the dispensing of controlled substance prescriptions.
   (iii) Auditable events as specified in §1311.215.

(14) The pharmacy application must record within each audit record the following information:
   (i) The date and time of the event.
   (ii) The type of event.
   (iii) The identity of the person taking the action, where applicable.
   (iv) The outcome of the event (success or failure).

(15) The pharmacy application must conduct internal audits and generate reports on any of the events specified in §1311.215 in a format that is readable by the pharmacist. Such an internal audit may be automated and need not require human intervention to be conducted.

(16) The pharmacy application must protect the stored audit records from unauthorized deletion. The pharmacy application shall prevent modifications to the audit records.

(17) The pharmacy application must back up the controlled substance prescription records daily.

(18) The pharmacy application must retain all archived records electronically for at least two years from the date of their receipt or creation and comply with all other requirements of §1311.305.

§ 1311.210 Archiving the initial record.

(a) Except as provided in paragraph (c) of this section, a copy of each electronic controlled substance prescription record that a pharmacy receives must be digitally signed by one of the following:
   (1) The last intermediary transmitting the record to the pharmacy must digitally sign the prescription immediately on receipt.
   (2) If the last intermediary digitally signs the record, it must forward the digitally signed copy to the pharmacy.
   (3) If a pharmacy receives a digitally signed prescription that includes the individual practitioner’s digital signature, the pharmacy application must do the following:
      (1) Verify the digital signature as provided in FIPS 186-3, as incorporated by reference in §1311.08.
      (2) Check the validity of the certificate holder’s digital certificate by checking the certificate revocation list. The pharmacy may cache the CRL until it expires.
      (3) Archive the digitally signed record. The pharmacy record must retain an indication that the prescription was verified upon receipt. No additional digital signature is required.

§ 1311.215 Internal audit trail.

(a) The pharmacy application provider must establish and implement a list of auditable events. The auditable events must, at a minimum, include the following:
   (1) Attempted unauthorized access to the pharmacy application, or successful unauthorized access to the pharmacy application where the determination of such is feasible.
   (2) Attempted or successful unauthorized modification or destruction of any information or records required by this part, or successful unauthorized modification or destruction of any information or records required by this part where the determination of such is feasible.
   (3) Interference with application operations of the pharmacy application.
   (4) Any setting of or change to logical access controls related to the dispensing of controlled substance prescriptions.
   (5) Attempted or successful interference with audit trail functions.
   (6) For application service providers, attempted or successful annotation, alteration, or destruction of controlled substance prescriptions or logical access controls related to controlled substance prescriptions by any agent or employee of the application service provider.