§ 882.5820 Implanted cerebellar stimulator.

(a) Identification. An implanted cerebellar stimulator is a device used to stimulate electrically a patient’s cerebellar cortex for the treatment of intractable epilepsy, spasticity, and some movement disorders. The stimulator consists of an implanted receiver with electrodes that are placed on the patient’s cerebellum and an external transmitter for transmitting the stimulating pulses across the patient’s skin to the implanted receiver.

(b) Classification. Class III (premarket approval).

(c) Date premarket approval application (PMA) or notice of completion of a product development protocol (PDP) is required. A PMA or a notice of completion of a PDP is required to be filed with the Food and Drug Administration on or before September 26, 1984. Any implanted cerebellar stimulator that was not in commercial distribution before May 28, 1976, or that has not on or before September 26, 1984 been found by FDA to be substantially equivalent to an implanted cerebellar stimulator that was in commercial distribution before May 28, 1976 shall have an approved PMA or declared completed PDP in effect before beginning commercial distribution.

[44 FR 51730, Sept. 4, 1979, as amended at 49 FR 26574, June 28, 1984]

§ 882.5830 Implanted diaphragmatic/phrenic nerve stimulator.

(a) Identification. An implanted diaphragmatic/phrenic nerve stimulator is a device that provides electrical current to subsurface areas of a patient’s brain to treat severe intractable pain. The stimulator consists of an implanted receiver with electrodes that are placed within a patient’s brain and an external transmitter for transmitting the stimulating pulses across the patient’s skin to the implanted receiver.

(b) Classification. Class III (premarket approval).

(c) Date premarket approval application (PMA) or notice of completion of a product development protocol (PDP) is required. A PMA or a notice of completion of a PDP is required to be filed with the Food and Drug Administration on or before July 7, 1986 for any implanted diaphragmatic/phrenic nerve stimulator that was in commercial distribution before May 28, 1976, or that has on or before July 7, 1986 been found to be substantially equivalent to an implanted diaphragmatic/phrenic nerve stimulator that was in commercial distribution before May 28, 1976. Any other implanted diaphragmatic/phrenic nerve stimulator shall have an approved PMA or a declared completed PDP in effect before being placed in commercial distribution.

[44 FR 51730, Sept. 4, 1979, as amended at 51 FR 12101, Apr. 8, 1986]

§ 882.5840 Implanted intracerebral/subcortical stimulator for pain relief.

(a) Identification. An implanted intracerebral/subcortical stimulator for pain relief is a device that applies electrical current to subsurface areas of a patient’s brain to treat severe intractable pain. The stimulator consists of an implanted receiver with electrodes that are placed within a patient’s brain and an external transmitter for transmitting the stimulating pulses across the patient’s skin to the implanted receiver.

(b) Classification. Class III (premarket approval).

(c) Date premarket approval application (PMA) or notice of completion of a product development protocol (PDP) is required. A PMA or a notice of completion of a PDP is required to be filed with the Food and Drug Administration on or before March 1, 1989, for any implanted intracerebral/subcortical stimulator for pain relief that was in commercial distribution before May 28, 1976, or that has on or before March 1, 1989, been found to be substantially equivalent to an implanted intracerebral/subcortical stimulator for pain relief that was in commercial distribution before May 28, 1976. Any other implanted intracerebral/subcortical stimulator for pain relief shall have an approved PMA or a declared