§ 558.630 Tylosin and sulfamethazine.

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(b) Indications for use. To aid in the control of chronic respiratory disease caused by Mycoplasma gallisepticum.

c) Limitations. As tylosin phosphate; withdraw 5 days before slaughter; administer in feed to chickens 0 to 5 days of age, follow with second administration in feed for 24–48 hours at 3 to 5 weeks of age.

(iii) Chickens—(a) Amount per ton. Tylosin, 4–50 grams.

(1) Indications for use. For increased rate of weight gain and improved feed efficiency. 

(2) Limitations. As tylosin phosphate.

(iv) Laying chickens—(a) Amount per ton. Tylosin, 20–50 grams.

(b) Indications for use. For improved feed efficiency.

(c) Limitations. As tylosin phosphate.

(v) Replacement chickens—(a) Amount per ton. Tylosin, 1,000 grams.

(b) Indications for use. To aid in the control of chronic respiratory disease caused by Mycoplasma gallisepticum.

(c) Limitations. As tylosin phosphate; withdraw 5 days before slaughter; administer in feed to chickens 0 to 5 days of age, follow with second administration in feed for 24 to 48 hours at 3 to 5 weeks of age.

(vi) Swine—(a) Amount per ton. Tylosin, 10–100 grams.

(1) Indications for use. For increased rate of weight gain and improved feed efficiency.

(2) Limitations. As tylosin phosphate; continuous use as follows: Grams per ton; 20–100, prestarter or starter; 20–40, grower; 10–20, finisher.

(b) Amount per ton. Tylosin, 40 or 100 grams.

(1) Indications for use. For control of swine dysentery associated with Brachyspira hyodysenteriae, and for control of porcine proliferative enteropathies (ileitis) associated with Lawsonia intracellularis.

(2) Limitations. Use 100 grams per ton for at least 3 weeks followed by 40 grams per ton until market weight; as tylosin phosphate.

(c) Amount per ton. Tylosin, 40–100 grams.

(1) Indications for use. For the treatment and control of swine dysentery associated with Brachyspira hyodysenteriae and for the control of porcine proliferative enteropathies (PPE, ileitis) associated with Lawsonia intracellularis.

(2) Limitations. Administer as tylosin phosphate in feed for 2 to 6 weeks, immediately after treatment with tylosin tartrate in drinking water as in § 520.2640(d)(3) of this chapter.

(d) Amount per ton. Tylosin, 100 grams.

(1) Indications for use. Maintaining weight gains and feed efficiency in presence of atrophic rhinitis.

(2) Limitations. As tylosin phosphate.

(vi) Pyrantel tartrate in accordance with § 558.485.

(e) Amount per ton. Tylosin 100 grams.

(1) Indications for use. For the control of porcine proliferative enteropathies (PPE, ileitis) associated with Lawsonia intracellularis.

(2) Limitations. As tylosin phosphate, administer for 21 days.

(2) Tylosin may also be used in combination with:

(i) Decoquinate and monensin as in § 558.195.

(ii) Hygromycin B as in § 558.274.

(iii) Melengestrol acetate alone or in combination with certain ionophores as in § 558.342.

(iv) Monensin as in § 558.355.

(v) Narasin as in § 558.363.

(vi) Pyrantel tartrate as in § 558.485.

(vii) Ractopamine alone or in combination as in § 558.500.

(viii) Salinomycin as in § 558.550.

(ix) Zilpaterol alone or in combination as in § 558.665.

[40 FR 13959, Mar. 27, 1975]

EDITORIAL NOTE: For Federal Register citations affecting § 558.630, see the List of CFR Sections Affected, which appears in the Finding Aids section of the printed volume and at www.fdsys.gov.

§ 558.630 Tylosin and sulfamethazine.

(a) Specifications. Type A medicated articles containing equal amounts of tylosin phosphate and sulfamethazine, available in concentrations of 4, 5, 10, 20, or 40 grams each, per pound.

(b) Approvals. See sponsor numbers in § 510.600(c) of this chapter for use as in paragraph (e)(2) of this section.

(1) No. 000996: 10 or 40 grams per pound each for use as in paragraph (e)(2)(i) of this section.

(2) [Reserved]
Food and Drug Administration, HHS

§ 558.635 Virginiamycin.

(a) Approvals. Type A medicated articles.

(1) 1.1 percent activity (5 grams per pound), 2.2 percent activity (10 grams per pound), 4.4 percent activity (20 grams per pound), 11 percent activity (50 grams per pound), and 50 percent activity (227 grams per pound) used as in paragraph (d) of this section; and 30 percent activity (136.2 grams per pound) for the manufacture of Type C medicated feed for cattle used as in paragraph (d)(3); to 066104 in § 510.600(c) of this chapter.

(2) 2.2 percent activity (10 grams per pound) to 054771 and 017790 in § 510.600(c) of this chapter for use as in paragraphs (d)(1)(iv) and (d)(1)(v) of this section.

(b) Related tolerances. See § 556.750 of this chapter.

(c) Special considerations. (1) Not for use in breeding swine over 120 pounds.

(2) Dilute Type A article with at least 10 pounds of a feed ingredient prior to final mixing in 1 ton of Type C feed.

(d) Conditions of use—(1) Swine. It is used as follows:

(i) 100 grams per ton for 2 weeks, for treatment of swine dysentery in non-breeding swine over 120 pounds.

(ii) 100 grams per ton for 2 weeks, 50 grams per ton thereafter, for treatment and control of swine dysentery in swine up to 120 pounds.

(iii) 25 grams per ton, as an aid in control of dysentery in swine up to 120 pounds. For use in animals or on premises with a history of swine dysentery but where symptoms have not yet occurred.

(iv) 10 grams per ton from weaning up to 120 pounds for increased rate of weight gain and improved feed efficiency, followed by 5 grams per ton to market weight for increased rate of weight gain and improved feed efficiency. For continuous use from weaning to market weight.

(v) 10 grams per ton from weaning up to 120 pounds for increased rate of