be delineated. For arthrography, slowly inject 1.0 to 5 mL directly into the joint to be delineated. For discography, slowly inject 0.5 to 1.0 mL directly into the disc to be delineated. For sialography, slowly inject 0.5 to 1.0 mL into the duct to be delineated. For delineation of fistulous tracts, slowly inject quantity necessary to fill the tract. For delineation of peritoneal hernias, inject 0.5 to 1.0 mL per pound of body weight directly into the peritoneal cavity.

(2) Indications for use. For visualization in excretion urography, including renal angiography, uretography, cystography, and urethography; angiocardiology, peripheral arteriography, and venography; selective coronary arteriography; cerebral angiography; lymphography; arthrography; discography; and sialography; and as an aid in delineating peritoneal hernias and fistulous tracts.

(3) Limitations. Federal law restricts this drug to use by or on the order of a licensed veterinarian.

§ 522.650 Dihydrostreptomycin sulfate injection.

(a) Specifications. Each milliliter contains dihydrostreptomycin sulfate equivalent to 500 milligrams of dihydrostreptomycin.

(b) Sponsors. See Nos. 054771 and 055529 in §510.600(c) of this chapter.

(c) Related tolerance. See §556.200 of this chapter.

(d) Conditions of use—(1) Amount. Administer 5 milligrams per pound of body weight by deep intramuscular injection every 12 hours, for 3 to 5 days or until the urine is free of leptospira for at least 72 hours as measured by darkfield microscopic examination.

(2) Indications for use. Treatment of leptospirosis in dogs and horses due to <i>Leptospira canicola</i>, <i>L. icterohemorrhagiae</i>, and <i>L. pomona</i>; in cattle due to <i>L. pomona</i>; and in swine due to <i>L. pomona</i> and <i>L. grippotyphosa</i>.

(3) Limitations. Discontinue use 30 days before slaughter for food. Not for use in animals producing milk because use of the drug will contaminate the milk. Federal law restricts this drug to use by or on the order of a licensed veterinarian.


§ 522.690 Dinoprost solution.

(a) Specifications. Each milliliter (mL) of solution contains dinoprost tromethamine equivalent to 5 milligrams (mg) dinoprost.

(b) Sponsors. See Nos. 054771 and 059130 in §510.600(c) of this chapter.

(c) Special considerations. (1) Federal law restricts this drug to use by or on the order of a licensed veterinarian.

(2) Women of child-bearing age, asthmatics, and persons with bronchial and other respiratory problems should exercise extreme caution when handling this product. Dinoprost tromethamine is readily absorbed through the skin and can cause abortion and bronchospasms. Accidental spillage on the skin should be washed off immediately with soap and water.

(d) Conditions of use—(1) Horses—(1) Amount. 1 mg per 100 pounds of body weight as a single intramuscular injection.

(ii) Indications. For its luteolytic effect to control timing of estrus in estrus cycling mares and in clinically anestrous mares that have a corpus luteum.

(iii) Limitations. Not for use in horses intended for food.

(2) Beef cattle and nonlactating dairy heifers—(A) Amount. 25 mg as an intramuscular injection twice at a 10- to 12-day interval.

(B) Indications. For treatment of pyometra (chronic endometritis).

(B) Indications. For its luteolytic effect to control timing of estrus and ovulation in estrous cycling cattle that have a corpus luteum.

(B) Indications. For treatment of pyometra (chronic endometritis).

(iii) Nonlactating cattle—(A) Amount. 25 mg as a single intramuscular injection during the first 100 days of gestation.

(B) Indications. For its abortifacient effect in nonlactating cattle.

(iv) Lactating dairy cattle—(A) Amount. 25 mg as a single intramuscular injection.