

**Food and Drug Administration, HHS**

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201(p) of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (the act), for which an approved application or abbreviated application under section 505 of the act and part 314 of this chapter is required for marketing. In the absence of an approved new drug application or abbreviated new drug application, such product is also misbranded under section 502 of the act.

(c) Clinical investigations designed to obtain evidence that any drug product labeled, represented, or promoted for OTC use as a smoking deterrent is safe and effective for the purpose intended must comply with the requirements and procedures governing the use of investigational new drugs set forth in part 312 of this chapter.

(d) After May 7, 1991, any such OTC drug product containing cloves, coriander, eucalyptus oil, ginger (Jamaica), lemon oil (terpeneless), licorice root extract, menthol, methyl salicylate, quinine ascorbate, silver nitrate, and/or thymol initially introduced or initially delivered for introduction into interstate commerce that is not in compliance with this section is subject to regulatory action. After December 1, 1993, any such OTC drug product containing lobeline (in the form of lobeline sulfate or natural lobelia alkaloids or *Lobelia inflata* herb), povidone-silver nitrate, silver acetate, or any other ingredients initially introduced or initially delivered for introduction into interstate commerce that is not in compliance with this section is subject to regulatory action.

[58 FR 31241, June 1, 1993]

**§ 310.545 Drug products containing certain active ingredients offered over-the-counter (OTC) for certain uses.**

(a) A number of active ingredients have been present in OTC drug products for various uses, as described below. However, based on evidence currently available, there are inadequate data to establish general recognition of the safety and effectiveness of these ingredients for the specified uses:

(1) *Topical acne drug products.*

Alcloxa  
Alkyl isoquinolinium bromide  
Aluminum chlorohydrate  
Aluminum hydroxide

Benzocaine  
Benzoic acid  
Boric acid  
Calcium polysulfide  
Calcium thiosulfate  
Camphor  
Chloroxylenol  
Cloxyquin  
Coal tar  
Dibenzothiophene  
Estrone  
Magnesium aluminum silicate  
Magnesium sulfate  
Phenol  
Phenolate sodium  
Phenyl salicylate  
Povidone-iodine  
Pyrimidine maleate  
Resorcinol (as single ingredient)  
Resorcinol monoacetate (as single ingredient)  
Salicylic acid (over 2 up to 5 percent)  
Sodium borate  
Sodium thiosulfate  
Tetracaine hydrochloride  
Thymol  
Vitamin E  
Zinc oxide  
Zinc stearate  
Zinc sulfide

(2) *Anticaries drug products—(i) Approved as of May 7, 1991.*

Hydrogen fluoride  
Sodium carbonate  
Sodium monofluorophosphate (6 percent rinse)  
Sodium phosphate

(ii) *Approved as of October 7, 1996.*

Calcium sucrose phosphate  
Dicalcium phosphate dihydrate  
Disodium hydrogen phosphate<sup>1</sup>  
Phosphoric acid<sup>1</sup>  
Sodium dihydrogen phosphate  
Sodium dihydrogen phosphate monohydrate  
Sodium phosphate, dibasic anhydrous reagent<sup>1</sup>

(3) *Antidiarrheal drug products—(i) Approved as of May 7, 1991.*

Aluminum hydroxide  
Atropine sulfate  
Calcium carbonate  
Carboxymethylcellulose sodium  
Glycine  
Homatropine methylbromide  
Hyoscyamine sulfate  
Lactobacillus acidophilus  
Lactobacillus bulgaricus

<sup>1</sup>These ingredients are nonmonograph except when used to prepare acidulated phosphate fluoride treatment rinses identified in § 355.10(a)(3) of this chapter.

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Opium, powdered  
Opium tincture  
Paregoric  
Phenyl salicylate  
Scopolamine hydrobromide  
Zinc phenolsulfonate

(ii) *Approved as of April 19, 2004; April 18, 2005, for products with annual sales less than \$25,000.*

Attapulgite, activated  
Bismuth subnitrate  
Calcium hydroxide  
Calcium polycarboxophil  
Charcoal (activated)  
Pectin  
Polycarboxophil  
Potassium carbonate  
Rhubarb fluidextract

(4) *Antiperspirant drug products—(i) Ingredients—Approved as of May 7, 1991.*

Alum, potassium  
Aluminum bromohydrate  
Aluminum chloride (alcoholic solutions)  
Aluminum chloride (aqueous solution) (aerosol only)  
Aluminum sulfate  
Aluminum sulfate, buffered (aerosol only)  
Sodium aluminum chlorohydroxy lactate

(ii) *Approved as of December 9, 2004; June 9, 2005, for products with annual sales less than \$25,000.*

Aluminum sulfate buffered with sodium aluminum lactate

(5) [Reserved]

(6) *Cold, cough, allergy, bronchodilator, and antiasthmatic drug products—(i) Antihistamine drug products—(A) Ingredients.*

Methapyrilene hydrochloride  
Methapyrilene fumarate  
Thenyldiamine hydrochloride

(B) *Ingredients.*

Phenyltoloxamine dihydrogen citrate  
Methapyrilene hydrochloride  
Methapyrilene fumarate  
Thenyldiamine hydrochloride

(ii) *Nasal decongestant drug products—(A) Approved as of May 7, 1991.*

Allyl isothiocyanate  
Camphor (lozenge)  
Creosote, beechwood (oral)  
Eucalyptol (lozenge)  
Eucalyptol (mouthwash)  
Eucalyptus oil (lozenge)  
Eucalyptus oil (mouthwash)  
Menthol (mouthwash)  
Peppermint oil (mouthwash)  
Thenyldiamine hydrochloride

Thymol  
Thymol (lozenge)  
Thymol (mouthwash)  
Turpentine oil

(B) *Approved as of August 23, 1995.*

Bornyl acetate (topical)  
Cedar leaf oil (topical)  
Creosote, beechwood (topical)  
Ephedrine (oral)  
Ephedrine hydrochloride (oral)  
Ephedrine sulfate (oral)  
Racephedrine hydrochloride (oral/topical)

(C) *Approved as of April 11, 2007; October 11, 2007, for products with annual sales less than \$25,000. Any ingredient(s) labeled with claims or directions for use for sinusitis or for relief of nasal congestion associated with sinusitis.*

(iii) *Expectorant drug products.*

Ammonium chloride  
Antimony potassium tartrate  
Beechwood creosote  
Benzoin preparations (compound tincture of benzoin, tincture of benzoin)  
Camphor  
Chloroform  
Eucalyptol/eucalyptus oil  
Horehound  
Iodides (calcium iodide anhydrous, hydriodic acid syrup, iodized lime, potassium iodide)  
Ipecac  
Ipecac fluidextract  
Ipecac syrup  
Menthol/peppermint oil  
Pine tar preparations (extract white pine compound, pine tar, syrup of pine tar, compound white pine syrup, white pine)  
Potassium guaiacolsulfonate  
Sodium citrate  
Squill preparations (squill, squill extract)  
Terpin hydrate preparations (terpin hydrate, terpin hydrate elixir)  
Tolu preparations (tolu, tolu balsam, tolu balsam tincture)  
Turpentine oil (spirits of turpentine)

(iv) *Bronchodilator drug products—(A) Approved as of October 2, 1987.*

Aminophylline  
Belladonna alkaloids  
Euphorbia pilulifera  
Metaproterenol sulfate  
Methoxyphenamine hydrochloride  
Pseudoephedrine hydrochloride  
Pseudoephedrine sulfate  
Theophylline, anhydrous  
Theophylline calcium salicylate  
Theophylline sodium glycinate

(B) *Approved as of January 29, 1996. Any combination drug product containing theophylline (e.g., theophylline*

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and ephedrine, or theophylline and ephedrine and phenobarbital).

(C) Approved as of June 19, 1996. Any ingredient(s) in a pressurized metered-dose inhaler container.

(D) Approved as of October 29, 2001. Any oral bronchodilator active ingredient (e.g., ephedrine, ephedrine hydrochloride, ephedrine sulfate, racephedrine hydrochloride, or any other ephedrine salt) in combination with any analgesic(s) or analgesic-antipyretic(s), anticholinergic, antihistamine, oral antitussive, or stimulant active ingredient.

(7) *Dandruff/seborrheic dermatitis/psoriasis drug products.*

Alkyl isoquinolinium bromide  
Allantoin  
Benzalkonium chloride  
Benzethonium chloride  
Boric acid  
Calcium undecylenate  
Captan  
Chloroxylenol  
Colloidal oatmeal  
Cresol, saponated  
Ethohexadiol  
Eucalyptol  
Juniper tar  
Lauryl isoquinolinium bromide  
Menthol  
Mercury oleate  
Methylbenzethonium chloride  
Methyl salicylate  
Phenol  
Phenolate sodium  
Pine tar  
Povidone-iodine  
Resorcinol  
Sodium borate  
Sodium salicylate  
Thymol  
Undecylenic acid

(8) *Digestive aid drug products—(i) Approved as of May 7, 1991.*

Bismuth sodium tartrate  
Calcium carbonate  
Cellulase  
Dehydrocholic acid  
Dihydroxyaluminum sodium carbonate  
Duodenal substance  
Garlic, dehydrated  
Glutamic acid hydrochloride  
Hemicellulase  
Homatropine methylbromide  
Magnesium hydroxide  
Magnesium trisilicate  
Ox bile extract  
Pancreatin  
Pancrelipase  
Papain  
Peppermint oil

Pepsin  
Sodium bicarbonate  
Sodium citrate  
Sorbitol

(ii) *Approved as of November 10, 1993.*

Alcohol  
Aluminum hydroxide  
Amylase  
Anise seed  
Aromatic powder  
Asafetida  
Aspergillus oryza enzymes (except lactase enzyme derived from *Aspergillus oryzae*)  
Bacillus acidophilus  
Bean  
Belladonna alkaloids  
Belladonna leaves, powdered extract  
Betaine hydrochloride  
Bismuth subcarbonate  
Bismuth subgallate  
Black radish powder  
Blessed thistle (*cnicus benedictus*)  
Buckthorn  
Calcium gluconate  
Capsicum  
Capsicum, fluid extract of  
Carbon  
Cascara sagrada extract  
Catechu, tincture  
Catnip  
Chamomile flowers  
Charcoal, wood  
Chloroform  
Cinnamon oil  
Cinnamon tincture  
Citrus pectin  
Diastase  
Diastase malt  
Dog grass  
Elecampane  
Ether  
Fennel acid  
Galega  
Ginger  
Glycine  
Hydrastis canadensis (golden seal)  
Hectorite  
Horsetail  
Huckleberry  
Hydrastis fluid extract  
Hydrochloric acid  
Iodine  
Iron ox bile  
Johnswort  
Juniper  
Kaolin, colloidal  
Knotgrass  
Lactic acid  
Lactose  
Lavender compound, tincture of  
Linden  
Lipase  
Lysine hydrochloride  
Mannitol  
Mycozyme  
Myrrh, fluid extract of

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Nettle  
 Nickel-pectin  
 Nux vomica extract  
 Orthophosphoric acid  
 Papaya, natural  
 Pectin  
 Peppermint  
 Peppermint spirit  
 Phenacetin  
 Potassium bicarbonate  
 Potassium carbonate  
 Protease  
 Prolase  
 Rhubarb fluid extract  
 Senna  
 Sodium chloride  
 Sodium salicylate  
 Stem bromelain  
 Strawberry  
 Strychnine  
 Tannic acid  
 Trillium  
 Woodruff

(iii) Charcoal, activated

(9) [Reserved]

(10) *External analgesic drug products—*

(i) *Analgesic and anesthetic drug products.*

Aspirin  
 Chloral hydrate  
 Chlorobutanol  
 Cyclomethycaine sulfate  
 Eugenol  
 Hexylresorcinol  
 Methapyrilene hydrochloride  
 Salicylamide  
 Thymol

(ii) *Counterirritant drug products.*

Chloral hydrate  
 Eucalyptus oil

(iii) *Male genital desensitizer drug products.*

Benzyl alcohol  
 Camphorated metacresol  
 Ephedrine hydrochloride

(iv) *Diaper rash drug products.* Any ingredient(s) labeled with claims or directions for use in the treatment and/or prevention of diaper rash.

(v) *Fever blister and cold sore treatment drug products.*

Allyl isothiocyanate  
 Aspirin  
 Bismuth sodium tartrate  
 Camphor (exceeding 3 percent)  
 Capsaicin  
 Capsicum  
 Capsicum oleoresin  
 Chloral hydrate  
 Chlorobutanol  
 Cyclomethycaine sulfate

Eucalyptus oil  
 Eugenol  
 Glycol salicylate  
 Hexylresorcinol  
 Histamine dihydrochloride  
 Menthol (exceeding 1 percent)  
 Methapyrilene hydrochloride  
 Methyl nicotinate  
 Methyl salicylate  
 Pectin  
 Salicylamide  
 Strong ammonia solution  
 Tannic acid  
 Thymol  
 Tripeleminamine hydrochloride  
 Trolamine salicylate  
 Turpentine oil  
 Zinc sulfate

(vi) *Insect bite and sting drug products.*

Alcohol  
 Alcohol, ethoxylated alkyl  
 Benzalkonium chloride  
 Calamine  
 Ergot fluidextract  
 Ferric chloride  
 Panthenol  
 Peppermint oil  
 Pyrilamine maleate  
 Sodium borate  
 Trolamine salicylate  
 Turpentine oil  
 Zinc oxide  
 Zirconium oxide

(vii) *Poison ivy, poison oak, and poison sumac drug products.*

Alcohol  
 Aspirin  
 Benzethonium chloride  
 Benzocaine (0.5 to 1.25 percent)  
 Bithionol  
 Calamine  
 Cetalkonium chloride  
 Chloral hydrate  
 Chlorobutanol  
 Chlorpheniramine maleate  
 Creosote, beechwood  
 Cyclomethycaine sulfate  
 Dexpanthenol  
 Dipiperodon hydrochloride  
 Eucalyptus oil  
 Eugenol  
 Glycerin  
 Glycol salicylate  
 Hectorite  
 Hexylresorcinol  
 Hydrogen peroxide  
 Impatiens biflora tincture  
 Iron oxide  
 Isopropyl alcohol  
 Lanolin  
 Lead acetate  
 Merbromin  
 Mercuric chloride  
 Methapyrilene hydrochloride

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Panthenol  
Parethoxycaine hydrochloride  
Phenyltoloxamine dihydrogen citrate  
Povidone-vinylacetate copolymers  
Pyrilamine maleate  
Salicylamide  
Salicylic acid  
Simethicone  
Sulfur  
Tannic acid  
Thymol  
Trolamine salicylate  
Turpentine oil  
Zirconium oxide  
Zyloxin

(11) [Reserved]

(12) *Laxative drug products—(i)(A) Bulk laxatives.*

Agar  
Carrageenan (degraded)  
Carrageenan (native)  
Guar gum

(i)(B) *Bulk laxatives—Approved as of March 29, 2007.*

Granular dosage forms containing psyllium (hemicellulose), psyllium hydrophilic mucilloid, psyllium seed, psyllium seed (blond), psyllium seed husks, plantago husks, or plantago seed including, but not limited to, any granules that are:

- (1) Swallowed dry prior to drinking liquid,
- (2) Dispersed, suspended, or partially dissolved in liquid prior to swallowing,
- (3) Chewed, partially chewed, or unchewed, and then washed down (or swallowed) with liquid, or
- (4) Sprinkled over food.

(ii) *Saline laxative.*

Tartaric acid

(iii) *Stool softener.*

Poloxamer 188

(iv)(A) *Stimulant laxatives—Approved as of May 7, 1991.*

Aloin  
Bile salts/acids  
Calcium pantothenate  
Calomel  
Colocynth  
Elaterin resin  
Frangula  
Gamboge  
Ipomea  
Jalap  
Ox bile  
Podophyllum resin  
Prune concentrate dehydrate  
Prune powder  
Rhubarb, Chinese  
Sodium Oleate

(iv)(B) *Stimulant laxatives—Approved as of January 29, 1999.*

Danthron  
Phenolphthalein

(C) *Stimulant laxatives—Approved as of November 5, 2002.*

Aloe ingredients (aloe, aloe extract, aloe flower extract)

Cascara sagrada ingredients (casanthranol, cascara fluidextract aromatic, cascara sagrada bark, cascara sagrada extract, cascara sagrada fluidextract).

(13) [Reserved]

(14) *Oral health care drug products (nonantimicrobial).*

Antipyrine  
Camphor  
Cresol  
Dibucaine  
Dibucaine hydrochloride  
Eucalyptol  
Lidocaine  
Lidocaine hydrochloride  
Methly salicylate  
Myrrh tincture  
Pyrilamine maleate  
Sorbitol  
Sugars  
Tetracaine  
Tetracaine hydrochloride  
Thymol

(15) *Topical otic drug products—(i) For the prevention of swimmer's ear and for the drying of water-clogged ears, approved as of May 7, 1991.*

Acetic acid

(ii) *For the prevention of swimmer's ear, approved as of August 15, 1995.*

Glycerin and anhydrous glycerin  
Isopropyl alcohol

(16) *Poison treatment drug products.*

Ipecac fluidextract  
Ipecac tincture  
Zinc sulfate

(17) *Skin bleaching drug products.*

Mercury, ammoniated

(18) *Skin protectant drug products—(i)(A) Ingredients—Approved as of May 7, 1991.*

Allantoin (wound healing claims only)  
Sulfur  
Tannic acid  
Zinc acetate (wound healing claims only)

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(B) *Ingredients—Approved as of June 4, 2004; June 6, 2005, for products with annual sales less than \$25,000.*

Beeswax  
Bismuth subnitrate  
Boric acid  
Cetyl alcohol  
Glyceryl stearate  
Isopropyl palmitate  
Live yeast cell derivative  
Shark liver oil  
Stearyl alcohol

(ii) *Astringent drug products.*

Acetone  
Alcohol  
Alum, ammonium  
Alum, potassium  
Aluminum chlorhydroxy complex  
Aromatics  
Benzalkonium chloride  
Benzethonium chloride  
Benzocaine  
Benzoic acid  
Boric acid  
Calcium acetate (except calcium acetate monohydrate when combined with aluminum sulfate tetradecahydrate to provide an aluminum acetate solution as described in § 347.20(b) of this chapter)  
Camphor gum  
Clove oil  
Colloidal oatmeal  
Cresol  
Cupric sulfate  
Eucalyptus oil  
Eugenol  
Ferric subsulfate (Monsel's Solution)  
Honey  
Isopropyl alcohol  
Menthol  
Methyl salicylate  
Oxyquinoline sulfate  
P-t-butyl-m-cresol  
Peppermint oil  
Phenol  
Polyoxyethylene laurate  
Potassium ferrocyanide  
Sage oil  
Silver nitrate  
Sodium borate  
Sodium diacetate  
Talc  
Tannic acid glycerite  
Thymol  
Topical starch  
Zinc chloride  
Zinc oxide  
Zinc phenolsulfonate  
Zinc stearate  
Zinc sulfate

(iii) *Diaper rash drug products.*

Aluminum hydroxide  
Cocoa butter

Cysteine hydrochloride  
Glycerin  
Protein hydrolysate  
Racemethionine  
Sulfur  
Tannic acid  
Zinc acetate  
Zinc carbonate

(iv) *Fever blister and cold sore treatment drug products.*

Bismuth subnitrate  
Boric acid  
Pyridoxine hydrochloride  
Sulfur  
Tannic acid  
Topical starch  
Trolamine  
Zinc sulfate

(v) *Insect bite and sting drug products—(A) Ingredients—Approved as of November 10, 1993.*

Alcohol  
Alcohol, ethoxylated alkyl  
Ammonia solution, strong  
Ammonium hydroxide  
Benzalkonium chloride  
Camphor  
Ergot fluid extract  
Ferric chloride  
Menthol  
Peppermint oil  
Phenol  
Pyrilamine maleate  
Sodium borate  
Trolamine  
Turpentine oil  
Zirconium oxide

(B) *Ingredients—Approved as of June 4, 2004; June 6, 2005, for products with annual sales less than \$25,000.*

Beeswax  
Bismuth subnitrate  
Boric acid  
Cetyl alcohol  
Glyceryl stearate  
Isopropyl palmitate  
Live yeast cell derivative  
Shark liver oil  
Stearyl alcohol

(vi) *Poison ivy, poison oak, and poison sumac drug products—(A) Ingredients—Approved as of November 10, 1993.*

Alcohol  
Anion and cation exchange resins buffered  
Benzethonium chloride  
Benzocaine  
Benzyl alcohol  
Bismuth subnitrate  
Bithionol  
Boric acid  
Camphor

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Cetalkonium chloride  
 Chloral hydrate  
 Chlorpheniramine maleate  
 Creosote  
 Dipiperodon hydrochloride  
 Diphenhydramine hydrochloride  
 Eucalyptus oil  
 Ferric chloride  
 Glycerin  
 Hectorite  
 Hydrogen peroxide  
 Impatiens biflora tincture  
 Iron oxide  
 Isopropyl alcohol  
 Lanolin  
 Lead acetate  
 Lidocaine  
 Menthol  
 Merbromin  
 Mercuric chloride  
 Panthenol  
 Parethoxycaine hydrochloride  
 Phenol  
 Phenyltoloxamine dihydrogen citrate  
 Povidone-vinylacetate copolymers  
 Salicylic acid  
 Simethicone  
 Tannic acid  
 Topical starch  
 Trolamine  
 Turpentine oil  
 Zirconium oxide  
 Zyxloxin

(B) *Ingredients—Approved as of June 4, 2004; June 6, 2005, for products with annual sales less than \$25,000.*

Beeswax  
 Bismuth subnitrate  
 Boric acid  
 Cetyl alcohol  
 Glyceryl stearate  
 Isopropyl palmitate  
 Live yeast cell derivative  
 Shark liver oil  
 Stearyl alcohol

(19) [Reserved]

(20) *Weight control drug products.*

Alcohol  
 Alfalfa  
 Alginic acid  
 Anise oil  
 Arginine  
 Ascorbic acid  
 Bearberry  
 Biotin  
 Bone marrow, red  
 Buchu  
 Buchu, potassium extract  
 Caffeine  
 Caffeine citrate  
 Calcium  
 Calcium carbonate  
 Calcium caseinate  
 Calcium lactate

Calcium pantothenate  
 Carboxymethylcellulose sodium  
 Carrageenan  
 Cholecalciferol  
 Choline  
 Chondrus  
 Citric acid  
 Cnicus benedictus  
 Copper  
 Copper gluconate  
 Corn oil  
 Corn syrup  
 Corn silk, potassium extract  
 Cupric sulfate  
 Cyanocobalamin (vitamin B<sub>12</sub>)  
 Cystine  
 Dextrose  
 Docusate sodium  
 Ergocalciferol  
 Ferric ammonium citrate  
 Ferric pyrophosphate  
 Ferrous fumarate  
 Ferrous gluconate  
 Ferrous sulfate (iron)  
 Flax seed  
 Folic acid  
 Fructose  
 Guar gum  
 Histidine  
 Hydrastis canadensis  
 Inositol  
 Iodine  
 Isoleucine  
 Juniper, potassium extract  
 Karaya gum  
 Kelp  
 Lactose  
 Lecithin  
 Leucine  
 Liver concentrate  
 Lysine  
 Lysine hydrochloride  
 Magnesium  
 Magnesium oxide  
 Malt  
 Maltodextrin  
 Manganese citrate  
 Mannitol  
 Methionine  
 Methylcellulose  
 Mono- and di-glycerides  
 Niacinamide  
 Organic vegetables  
 Pancreatin  
 Pantothenic acid  
 Papain  
 Papaya enzymes  
 Pepsin  
 Phenacetin  
 Phenylalanine  
 Phosphorus  
 Phytolacca  
 Pineapple enzymes  
 Plantago seed  
 Potassium citrate  
 Pyridoxine hydrochloride (vitamin B<sub>6</sub>)  
 Riboflavin

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Rice polishings  
 Saccharin  
 Sea minerals  
 Sesame seed  
 Sodium  
 Sodium bicarbonate  
 Sodium caseinate  
 Sodium chloride (salt)  
 Soybean protein  
 Soy meal  
 Sucrose  
 Thiamine hydrochloride (vitamin B<sub>1</sub>)  
 Thiamine mononitrate (vitamin B<sub>1</sub> mono-nitrate)  
 Threonine  
 Tricalcium phosphate  
 Tryptophan  
 Tyrosine  
 Uva ursi, potassium extract  
 Valine  
 Vegetable  
 Vitamin A  
 Vitamin A acetate  
 Vitamin A palmitate  
 Vitamin E  
 Wheat germ  
 Xanthan gum  
 Yeast

(21) *Ophthalmic drug products.* (i) *Ophthalmic anesthetic drug products.*

Antipyrine  
 Piperocaine hydrochloride

(ii) *Ophthalmic anti-infective drug products.*

Boric acid  
 Mild silver protein  
 Yellow mercuric oxide

(iii) *Ophthalmic astringent drug products.*

Infusion of rose petals

(iv) *Ophthalmic demulcent drug products.*

Polyethylene glycol 6000

(v) *Ophthalmic vasoconstrictor drug products.*

Phenylephrine hydrochloride (less than 0.08 percent)

(22) *Topical antifungal drug products.*

(i) *Diaper rash drug products.* Any ingredient(s) labeled with claims or directions for use in the treatment and/or prevention of diaper rash.

(ii) *Ingredients.*

Alcloxa  
 Alum, potassium  
 Aluminum sulfate  
 Amyltricresols, secondary  
 Basic fuchsin

Benzethonium chloride  
 Benzoic acid  
 Benzoxiquine  
 Boric acid  
 Camphor  
 Candicidin  
 Chlorothymol  
 Coal tar  
 Dichlorophen  
 Menthol  
 Methylparaben  
 Oxyquinoline  
 Oxyquinoline sulfate  
 Phenol  
 Phenolate sodium  
 Phenyl salicylate  
 Propionic acid  
 Propylparaben  
 Resorcinol  
 Salicylic acid  
 Sodium borate  
 Sodium caprylate  
 Sodium propionate  
 Sulfur  
 Tannic acid  
 Thymol  
 Tolindate  
 Triacetin  
 Zinc caprylate  
 Zinc propionate

(iii) Any ingredient(s) labeled with claims or directions for use on the scalp or on the nails.

(iv) *Ingredients.*

Camphorated metacresol  
 Chloroxylenol  
*m*-cresol  
 Nystatin

(23) *Internal analgesic drug products—*  
 (i) *Approved as of November 10, 1993.*

Aminobenzoic acid  
 Antipyrine  
 Aspirin, aluminum  
 Calcium salicylate  
 Codeine  
 Codeine phosphate  
 Codeine sulfate  
 Iodoantipyrine  
 Lysine aspirin  
 Methapyrilene fumarate  
 Phenacetin  
 Pheniramine maleate  
 Pyrilamine maleate  
 Quinine  
 Salsalate  
 Sodium aminobenzoate

(ii) *Approved as of February 22, 1999.*

Any atropine ingredient  
 Any ephedrine ingredient

(24) *Orally administered menstrual drug products—*(i) *Approved as of November 10, 1993.*



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Alcohol  
 Alfalfa leaves  
 Aloes  
 Asclepias tuberosa  
 Asparagus  
 Barosma  
 Bearberry (extract of uva ursi)  
 Bearberry fluidextract (extract of bearberry)  
 Blessed thistle (cnicus benedictus)  
 Buchu powdered extract (extract of buchu)  
 Calcium lactate  
 Calcium pantothenate  
 Capsicum oleoresin  
 Cascara fluidextract, aromatic (extract of cascara)  
 Chlorprophenpyridamine maleate  
 Cimicifuga racemosa  
 Codeine  
 Collinsonia (extract stone root)  
 Corn silk  
 Couch grass  
 Dog grass extract  
 Ethyl nitrite  
 Ferric chloride  
 Ferrous sulfate  
 Gentiana lutea (gentian)  
 Glycyrrhiza (licorice)  
 Homatropine methylbromide  
 Hydrangea, powdered extract (extract of hydrangea)  
 Hydrastis canadensis (golden seal)  
 Hyoscyamine sulfate  
 Juniper oil (oil of juniper)  
 Magnesium sulfate  
 Methapyrilene hydrochloride  
 Methenamine  
 Methylene blue  
 Natural estrogenic hormone  
 Niacinamide  
 Nutmeg oil (oil of nutmeg)  
 Oil of erigeron  
 Parsley  
 Peppermint spirit  
 Pepsin, essence  
 Phenacetin  
 Phenindamine tartrate  
 Phenyl salicylate  
 Piscidia erythrina  
 Pipsissewa  
 Potassium acetate  
 Potassium nitrate  
 Riboflavin  
 Saw palmetto  
 Senecio aureus  
 Sodium benzoate  
 Sodium nitrate  
 Sucrose  
 Sulferated oils of turpentine  
 Taraxacum officinale  
 Theobromine sodium salicylate  
 Theophylline  
 Thiamine hydrochloride  
 Triticum  
 Turpentine, venice (venice turpentine)  
 Urea

(ii) *Approved as of February 22, 1999.*

Any atropine ingredient  
 Any ephedrine ingredient

(25) *Pediculicide drug products—(i) Approved as of November 10, 1993.*

Benzocaine  
 Benzyl alcohol  
 Benzyl benzoate  
 Chlorophenothane (dichlorodiphenyl trichloroethane)  
 Coconut oil soap, aqueous  
 Copper oleate  
 Docusate sodium  
 Formic acid  
 Isobornyl thiocynoacetate  
 Picrotoxin  
 Propylene glycol  
 Sabadilla alkaloids  
 Sulfur, sublimed  
 Thiocynoacetate

(ii) *Approved as of June 14, 1994.* The combination of pyrethrum extract (formerly named pyrethrins) and piperonyl butoxide in an aerosol dosage formulation.

(26) *Anorectal drug products—(i) Anticholinergic drug products.*

Atropine  
 Belladonna extract

(ii) *Antiseptic drug products.*

Boric acid  
 Boroglycerin  
 Hydrastis  
 Phenol  
 Resorcinol  
 Sodium salicylic acid phenolate

(iii) *Astringent drug products.*

Tannic acid

(iv) *Counterirritant drug products.*

Camphor (greater than 3 to 11 percent)  
 Hydrastis  
 Menthol (1.25 to 16 percent)  
 Turpentine oil (rectified) (6 to 50 percent)

(v) *Keratolytic drug products.*

Precipitated sulfur  
 Sublimed sulfur

(vi) *Local anesthetic drug products.*

Diperodon  
 Phenacaine hydrochloride

(vii) *Other drug products.*

Collinsonia extract  
 Escherichia coli vaccines  
 Lappa extract  
 Leptandra extract  
 Live yeast cell derivative  
 Mullein

(viii) *Protectant drug products.*

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Bismuth oxide  
Bismuth subcarbonate  
Bismuth subgallate  
Bismuth subnitrate  
Lanolin alcohols

(ix) *Vasoconstrictor drug products.*

Epinephrine undecylenate

(x) *Wound healing drug products.*

Cholecalciferol  
Cod liver oil  
Live yeast cell derivative  
Peruvian balsam  
Shark liver oil  
Vitamin A

(xi) *Combination drug products.* Any combination drug product containing hydrocortisone and pramoxine hydrochloride.

(27) *Topical antimicrobial drug products*—(i) *First aid antiseptic drug products.*

Ammoniated mercury  
Calomel (mercurous chloride)  
Merbromin (mercurochrome)  
Mercufenol chloride (ortho-chloromercuriphenol, ortho-hydroxyphenylmercuric chloride)  
Mercuric chloride (bichloride of mercury, mercury chloride)  
Mercuric oxide, yellow  
Mercuric salicylate  
Mercuric sulfide, red  
Mercury  
Mercury oleate  
Mercury sulfide  
Nitromersol  
Para-chloromercuriphenol  
Phenylmercuric nitrate  
Thimerosal  
Vitromersol  
Zyloxin

(ii) *Diaper rash drug products.*

Para-chloromercuriphenol  
Any other ingredient containing mercury

(28) *Vaginal contraceptive drug products*—(i) *Approved as of October 22, 1998.*

Dodecaethylene glycol monolaurate (polyethylene glycol 600 monolaurate)  
Laureth 10S  
Methoxypolyoxyethyleneglycol 550 laurate  
Phenylmercuric acetate  
Phenylmercuric nitrate  
Any other ingredient containing mercury

(ii) *Approved as of November 5, 2002.*  
Octoxynol 9

(29) *Sunscreen drug products.*—(i) *Ingredients.*

Diethanolamine methoxycinnamate

Digalloyl trioleate  
Ethyl 4-[bis(hydroxypropyl)] aminobenzoate  
Glyceryl aminobenzoate  
Lawsone with dihydroxyacetone  
Red petrolatum

(ii) Any ingredients labeled with any of the following or similar claims. Instant protection or protection immediately upon application.

Claims for “all-day” protection or extended wear claims citing a specific number of hours of protection that is inconsistent with the directions for application in 21 CFR 201.327.

(30) [Reserved]

(b) Any OTC drug product that is labeled, represented, or promoted for the uses specified and containing any active ingredient(s) as specified in paragraph (a) of this section is regarded as a new drug within the meaning of section 210(p) of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (the Act), for which an approved new drug application under section 505 of the Act and part 314 of this chapter is required for marketing. In the absence of an approved new drug application, such product is also misbranded under section 502 of the Act.

(c) Clinical investigations designed to obtain evidence that any drug product labeled, represented, or promoted for the OTC uses and containing any active ingredient(s) as specified in paragraph (a) of this section is safe and effective for the purpose intended must comply with the requirements and procedures governing the use of investigational new drugs set forth in part 312 of this chapter.

(d) Any OTC drug product that is not in compliance with this section is subject to regulatory action if initially introduced or initially delivered for introduction into interstate commerce after the dates specified in paragraphs (d)(1) through (d)(39) of this section.

(1) May 7, 1991, for products subject to paragraphs (a)(1) through (a)(2)(i), (a)(3)(i), (a)(4)(i), (a)(6)(i)(A), (a)(6)(ii)(A), (a)(7) (except as covered by paragraph (d)(3) of this section), (a)(8)(i), (a)(10)(i) through (a)(10)(iii), (a)(12)(i)(A), (a)(12)(ii) through (a)(12)(iv)(A), (a)(14) through (a)(15)(i), (a)(16) through (a)(18)(i)(A), (a)(18)(ii) (except as covered by paragraph (d)(22) of this section), (a)(18)(iii), (a)(18)(iv),

(a)(18)(v)(A), and (a)(18)(vi)(A) of this section.

(2) February 10, 1992, for products subject to paragraph (a)(20) of this section.

(3) December 4, 1992, for products subject to paragraph (a)(7) of this section that contain menthol as an anti-pruritic in combination with the anti-dandruff ingredient coal tar identified in §358.710(a)(1) of this chapter. This section does not apply to products allowed by §358.720(b) of this chapter after April 5, 2007.

(4) February 28, 1990, for products subject to paragraph (a)(6)(iii) of this section, except those that contain ipecac.

(5) September 14, 1993, for products subject to paragraph (a)(6)(iii) of this section that contain ipecac.

(6) December 9, 1993, for products subject to paragraph (a)(6)(i)(B) of this section.

(7) March 6, 1989, for products subject to paragraph (a)(21) of this section, except those that contain ophthalmic anti-infective ingredients listed in paragraph (a)(21)(ii).

(8) June 18, 1993, for products subject to paragraph (a)(21) of this section that contain ophthalmic anti-infective ingredients.

(9) June 18, 1993, for products subject to paragraph (a)(10)(iv) of this section.

(10) June 18, 1993, for products subject to paragraph (a)(22)(i) of this section.

(11) November 10, 1993, for products subject to paragraphs (a)(8)(ii), (a)(10)(v) through (a)(10)(vii), (a)(18)(ii) (except products that contain ferric subsulfate as covered by paragraph (d)(22) of this section and except products that contain calcium acetate monohydrate as covered by paragraph (d)(39) of this section) through (a)(18)(v)(A), (a)(18)(vi)(A), (a)(22)(ii), (a)(23)(i), (a)(24)(i), and (a)(25) of this section.

(12) March 2, 1994, for products subject to paragraph (a)(22)(iii) of this section.

(13) August 5, 1991, for products subject to paragraph (a)(26) of this section, except for those that contain live yeast cell derivative and a combination of hydrocortisone and pramoxine hydrochloride.

(14) September 2, 1994, for products subject to paragraph (a)(26)(vii) and (a)(26)(x) of this section that contain live yeast cell derivative.

(15) September 23, 1994, for products subject to paragraph (a)(22)(iv) of this section.

(16) June 14, 1994, for products subject to paragraph (a)(25)(ii) of this section.

(17) April 19, 2004, for products subject to paragraph (a)(3)(ii) of this section. April 18, 2005, for products with annual sales less than \$25,000.

(18) August 15, 1995, for products subject to paragraph (a)(15)(ii) of this section.

(19) October 2, 1987, for products subject to paragraph (a)(6)(iv)(A) of this section.

(20) January 29, 1996, for products subject to paragraph (a)(6)(iv)(B) of this section.

(21) April 21, 1994, for products subject to paragraph (a)(8)(iii) of this section.

(22) April 21, 1993, for products subject to paragraph (a)(18)(ii) of this section that contain ferric subsulfate.

(23) August 23, 1995, for products subject to paragraph (a)(6)(ii)(B) of this section.

(24) October 7, 1996, for products subject to paragraph (a)(2)(ii) of this section.

(25) June 19, 1996, for products subject to paragraph (a)(6)(iv)(C) of this section.

(26) February 22, 1999, for products subject to paragraphs (a)(23)(ii) and (a)(24)(ii) of this section.

(27) [Reserved]

(28) October 22, 1998, for products subject to paragraphs (a)(27) and (a)(28)(i) of this section.

(29) January 29, 1999, for products subject to paragraph (a)(12)(iv)(B) of this section.

(30) November 5, 2002, for products subject to paragraph (a)(12)(iv)(C) of this section.

(31) December 31, 2002, for products subject to paragraph (a)(29)(i) of this section.

(32) June 4, 2004, for products subject to paragraphs (a)(18)(i)(B), (a)(18)(v)(B), and (a)(18)(vi)(B) of this section. June 6, 2005, for products with annual sales less than \$25,000.

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(33) October 29, 2001, for products subject to paragraph (a)(6)(iv)(D) of this section.

(34) December 9, 2004, for products subject to paragraph (a)(4)(ii) of this section. June 9, 2005, for products with annual sales less than \$25,000.

(35) [Reserved]

(36) November 5, 2002, for products subject to paragraph (a)(28)(ii) of this section.

(37) September 25, 2003, for products subject to paragraph (a)(26)(xi) of this section.

(38) October 1, 2007, for products subject to paragraph (a)(12)(i)(B) of this section.

(39) September 6, 2010, for products subject to paragraph (a)(18)(ii) of this section that contain calcium acetate monohydrate, except as provided in § 347.20(b) of this chapter.

(40) December 17, 2012, for products subject to paragraph (a)(29)(ii) of this section. December 17, 2013, for products with annual sales less than \$25,000.

[55 FR 46919, Nov. 7, 1990]

EDITORIAL NOTE: For FEDERAL REGISTER citations affecting § 310.545, see the List of CFR Sections Affected, which appears in the Finding Aids section of the printed volume and at [www.fdsys.gov](http://www.fdsys.gov).

EFFECTIVE DATE NOTE: At 61 FR 9571, Mar. 8, 1996, in § 310.545 in paragraph (a)(6)(ii)(B), the entry for “l-desoxyephedrine (topical)” was stayed until further notice.

### **§ 310.546 Drug products containing active ingredients offered over-the-counter (OTC) for the treatment and/or prevention of nocturnal leg muscle cramps.**

(a) Quinine sulfate alone or in combination with vitamin E has been present in over-the-counter (OTC) drug products for the treatment and/or prevention of nocturnal leg muscle cramps, *i.e.*, a condition of localized pain in the lower extremities usually occurring in middle life and beyond with no regular pattern concerning time or severity. There is a lack of adequate data to establish general recognition of the safety and effectiveness of quinine sulfate, vitamin E, or any other ingredients for OTC use in the treatment and/or prevention of nocturnal leg muscle cramps. In the doses used to treat or prevent this condition,

quinine sulfate has caused adverse events such as transient visual and auditory disturbances, dizziness, fever, nausea, vomiting, and diarrhea. Quinine sulfate may cause unpredictable serious and life-threatening hypersensitivity reactions requiring medical intervention and hospitalization; fatalities have been reported. The risk associated with use of quinine sulfate, in the absence of evidence of its effectiveness, outweighs any potential benefit in treating and/or preventing this benign, self-limiting condition. Based upon the adverse benefit-to-risk ratio, any drug product containing quinine or quinine sulfate cannot be considered generally recognized as safe for the treatment and/or prevention of nocturnal leg muscle cramps.

(b) Any OTC drug product that is labeled, represented, or promoted for the treatment and/or prevention of nocturnal leg muscle cramps is regarded as a new drug within the meaning of section 201(p) of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (the act), for which an approved application or abbreviated application under section 505 of the act and part 314 of this chapter is required for marketing. In the absence of an approved new drug application or abbreviated new drug application, such product is also misbranded under section 502 of the act.

(c) Clinical investigations designed to obtain evidence that any drug product labeled, represented, or promoted for OTC use for the treatment and/or prevention of nocturnal leg muscle cramps is safe and effective for the purpose intended must comply with the requirements and procedures governing the use of investigational new drugs set forth in part 312 of this chapter.

(d) After February 22, 1995, any such OTC drug product initially introduced or initially delivered for introduction into interstate commerce that is not in compliance with this section is subject to regulatory action.

[59 FR 43252, Aug. 22, 1994]

### **§ 310.547 Drug products containing quinine offered over-the-counter (OTC) for the treatment and/or prevention of malaria.**

(a) Quinine and quinine salts have been used OTC for the treatment and/or