avoided by good manufacturing practice:

Volatile matter (at 135 °C), not more than 3 percent.
Matter extractable by alcoholic HCl (0.1 ml of concentrated hydrochloric acid per 50 ml of 96 percent ethyl alcohol), not more than 1 percent.
2-Amino anthraquinone, not more than 0.2 percent.
Organically combined chlorine in pure dye, 13.0–14.8 percent.
Lead (as Pb), not more than 20 parts per million.
Arsenic (as As), not more than 3 parts per million.
Total color, not less than 97 percent.

(c) Uses and restrictions. D&C Blue No. 9 may be safely used for coloring cotton and silk surgical sutures, including sutures for ophthalmic use, subject to the following restrictions:

(1) The dyed suture shall conform in all respects to the requirements of the United States Pharmacopeia XX (1980).
(2) The quantity of the color additive does not exceed 2.5 percent by weight of the suture.
(3) When the sutures are used for the purposes specified in their labeling, the color additive does not migrate to the surrounding tissue.
(4) If the suture is a new drug, a new-drug application approved pursuant to section 505 of the act is in effect for it.

(d) Labeling. The label of the color additive shall conform to the requirements of §70.25 of this chapter.

§ 74.1205 Certification. All batches of FD&C Green No. 3 shall be certified in accordance with regulations in part 80 of this chapter.

[47 FR 52144, Nov. 19, 1982]

§ 74.1205 D&C Green No. 5.

(a) Identity. (1) The color additive D&C Green No. 5 is principally the disodium salt of 2,2′-[9,10-dihydro-9,10-dioxo-1,4-anthraclenediyldimino]bis-[5-methylbenzenesulfonic acid] (CAS Reg. No. 4403-90-1).
(2) Color additive mixtures for use in drugs made with D&C Green No. 5 may contain only those diluents that are suitable and those that are listed in part 73 of this chapter for use in color additive mixtures for coloring drugs.

(b) Specifications. (1) D&C Green No. 5 for use in coloring surgical sutures shall conform to the following specifications and shall be free from impurities other than those named to the extent that such impurities may be avoided by current good manufacturing practice:

- Sum of volatile matter (at 135 °C) and chlorides and sulfates (calculated as sodium salts), not more than 20 percent.
- Water insoluble matter, not more than 0.2 percent.
- 1,4-Dihydroxyanthraquinone, not more than 0.2 percent.
- 2-Amino-m-toluenesulfonic acid, not more than 0.2 percent.
- Subsidiary colors, not more than 5 percent.
- Lead (as Pb), not more than 10 parts per million.
- Arsenic (as As), not more than 3 parts per million.
- Total color, not less than 80 percent.

(2) D&C Green No. 5 for use in coloring drugs shall conform to the following specifications and shall be free from impurities other than those named to the extent that such other impurities may be avoided by current good manufacturing practice:

- Sum of volatile matter (at 135 °C) and chlorides and sulfates (calculated as sodium salts), not more than 20 percent.
Water-insoluble matter, not more than 0.2 percent.
1,4-Dihydroxyanthraquinone, not more than 0.2 percent.
Sulfonated toluidines, total not more than 0.2 percent.
p-Toluidine, not more than 0.0015 percent.
Sum of monosulfonated D&C Green No. 6 and Ext. D&C Violet No. 2, not more than 3 percent.
Lead (as Pb), not more than 20 parts per million.
Arsenic (as As), not more than 3 parts per million.
Mercury (as Hg), not more than 1 part per million.
Total color, not less than 80 percent.

(c) Use and restrictions. (1) D&C Green No. 5 may be safely used to color nylon 66 (the copolymer of adipic acid and hexamethylenediamine) and/or nylon 6[poly-(e-caprolactam)]nonabsorbable surgical sutures for use in general surgery, subject to the following restrictions:
   (i) The quantity of color additive does not exceed 0.6 percent by weight of the suture.
   (ii) When the sutures are used for the purposes specified in their labeling, there is no migration of the color additive to the surrounding tissue.
   (iii) If the suture is a new drug, an approved new drug application, under section 505 of the act, is in effect for it.
(2) D&C Green No. 5 may be safely used for coloring drugs generally, including drugs intended for use in the area of the eye, in amounts consistent with current good manufacturing practice.
(d) Labeling. The label of the color additive shall conform to the requirements of § 70.25 of this chapter.
(e) Certification. All batches of D&C Green No. 5 shall be certified in accordance with regulations promulgated under part 80 of this chapter.

§ 74.1208 D&C Green No. 8.
(a) Identity. (1) The color additive D&C Green No. 8 is principally the trisodium salt of 8-hydroxy-1,3,6-pyrenetrisulfonic acid.
(2) Color additive mixtures for use in externally applied drugs made with D&C Green No. 8 may contain only those diluents that are suitable and that are listed in part 73 of this chapter for use in color additive mixtures for coloring externally applied drugs.
(b) Specifications. D&C Green No. 8 shall conform to the following specifications and shall be free from impurities other than those named to the extent that such impurities may be avoided by current good manufacturing practice:
   (1) Volatile matter (at 135 °C), not more than 2.0 percent.
   (2) Water-soluble matter, not more than 0.3 percent.
   (3) Matter insoluble in carbon tetrachloride, not more than 0.2 percent.
   (4) 1-Hydroxy-4-[(4-methylphenyl)amino]-9,10-anthracenedione, not more than 5.0 percent.
   (5) Lead (as Pb), not more than 20 parts per million.
   (6) Arsenic (as As), not more than 3 parts per million.
   (7) Mercury (as Hg), not more than 1 part per million.
   (8) Total color, not less than 96.0 percent.

(c) Use and restrictions. The color additive D&C Green No. 8 may be safely used for coloring externally applied drugs in amounts consistent with current good manufacturing practice.
(d) Labeling. The label of the color additive shall conform to the requirements of § 70.25 of this chapter.
(e) Certification. All batches of D&C Green No. 8 shall be certified in accordance with regulations promulgated under part 80 of this chapter.