§ 25.1310  Power source capacity and distribution.

(a) Each installation whose functioning is required for type certification or under operating rules and that requires a power supply is an “essential load” on the power supply. The power sources and the system must be able to supply the following power loads in probable operating combinations and for probable durations:

1. Loads connected to the system with the system functioning normally.
2. Essential loads, after failure of any one prime mover, power converter, or energy storage device.
3. Essential loads after failure of—
   (i) Any one engine on two-engine airplanes; and
   (ii) Any two engines on airplanes with three or more engines.
4. Essential loads for which an alternate source of power is required, after any failure or malfunction in any one power supply system, distribution system, or other utilization system.

(b) In determining compliance with paragraphs (a)(2) and (3) of this section, the power loads may be assumed to be reduced under a monitoring procedure consistent with safety in the kinds of operation authorized. Loads not required in controlled flight need not be considered for the two-engine-inoperative condition on airplanes with three or more engines.

[Amdt. 25–123, 72 FR 63405, Nov. 8, 2007]

§ 25.1316  Electrical and electronic system lightning protection.

(a) Each electrical and electronic system that performs a function, for which failure would prevent the continued safe flight and landing of the airplane, must be designed and installed so that—

1. The function is not adversely affected during and after the time the airplane is exposed to lightning; and
2. The system automatically recovers normal operation of that function in a timely manner after the airplane is exposed to lightning.

(b) Each electrical and electronic system that performs a function, for which failure would reduce the capability of the airplane or the ability of the flightcrew to respond to an adverse operating condition, must be designed and installed so that the function recovers normal operation in a timely manner after the airplane is exposed to lightning.


§ 25.1317  High-intensity Radiated Fields (HIRF) Protection.

(a) Except as provided in paragraph (d) of this section, each electrical and electronic system that performs a function whose failure would prevent the continued safe flight and landing of the airplane must be designed and installed so that—

1. The function is not adversely affected during and after the time the airplane is exposed to HIRF environment I, as described in appendix L to this part;
2. The system automatically recovers normal operation of that function, in a timely manner, after the airplane is exposed to HIRF environment I, as described in appendix L to this part, unless the system’s recovery conflicts with other operational or functional requirements of the system; and
3. The system is not adversely affected during and after the time the