of meat and other products, for sport, or for exhibition.

*Milking cow.* A female dairy cow that has given birth and is being used for milk production.

*Mortgage.* Any mortgage, lien or other security or interest that is recorded under State law or identified in the indemnity claim form filed under §50.12 and held by any person other than the one claiming indemnity.

*Net salvage.* The amount received for animals destroyed because of tuberculosis, after deducting freight, trucking, yardage, commission, slaughtering charges, and similar costs to the owner.

*Owner.* Any person who has a legal or rightful title to livestock whether or not they are subject to a mortgage.

*Permit.* A permit for movement of livestock directly to slaughter, listing the disease status and identification of the animal, where consigned, cleaning and disinfection requirements, and proof of slaughter certification.

*Person.* Any individual, corporation, company, association, firm, partnership, society, or joint stock company, or any organized group of any of the foregoing.

*Quarantined feedlot.* A confined area under the direct supervision and control of a State livestock official who shall establish procedures for the accounting of all livestock entering or leaving the area. The quarantined feedlot shall be maintained for finish feeding of livestock in drylot with no provision for pasturing and grazing. All livestock leaving such feedlot must only move directly to slaughter in accordance with established procedures for handling quarantined livestock.

*Reactor cattle, bison, and captive cervids.* Cattle, bison, and captive cervids are classified as reactors for tuberculosis in accordance with the "Uniform Methods and Rules Bovine Tuberculosis Eradication," based on a positive response to an official tuberculin test.

*Registered livestock.* Livestock for which individual records of ancestry are maintained, and for which individual registration certificates are issued and recorded by a recognized breed association whose purpose is the improvement of the breed.

*State.* Any State, territory, the District of Columbia, or Puerto Rico.

*State animal health official.* The individual employed by a State who is responsible for livestock and poultry disease control and eradication programs in that State.

*State representative.* A veterinarian or other person who is employed in livestock sanitary work of a State or a political subdivision of a State and who is authorized by the State or political subdivision to perform the function involved under a memorandum of understanding with the Department.

*Tuberculosis.* The contagious, infectious, and communicable disease caused by *Mycobacterium bovis.*

*Veterinarian in Charge.* The veterinary official of APHIS who is assigned by the Administrator to supervise and perform official animal health work of APHIS in the State concerned.


Subpart A—General Indemnity

§ 50.2 Applicability of this subpart; cooperation with States.

(a) The provisions of this subpart apply to all payments made by the Department for the destruction of animals because of tuberculosis, except as specifically provided in subpart B of this part.

(b) The Administrator cooperates with the proper State authorities in the eradication of tuberculosis and pays Federal indemnities for the destruction of cattle, bison, captive cervids, or swine affected with or exposed to tuberculosis.

[67 FR 48751, Jul 26, 2002]

§ 50.3 Payment to owners for animals destroyed.

(a) The Administrator is authorized to agree on the part of the Department to pay indemnity to owners of the following animals:
(1) Cattle, bison, or captive cervids destroyed because the animals are infected with or exposed to tuberculosis;

(2) Cattle, bison, or captive cervids that have been classified as suspect for tuberculosis, except that the payment of indemnity for the destruction of suspect cattle, bison, and captive cervids will be withheld until the tuberculosis status of the suspect animal has been determined and, if the cattle, bison, or captive cervid is found to be infected with tuberculosis, until all cattle, bison, and captive cervids 12 months of age or older in the claimant’s herd have been tested for tuberculosis under APHIS or State supervision; and

(3) Other livestock destroyed because they are classified as exposed to tuberculosis by the designated tuberculosis epidemiologist by reason of an association with an affected herd of cattle, bison, or captive cervids.

In each case, the joint State-Federal indemnity paid, together with the amount for net salvage the owner receives, may not exceed the appraised value of the animal, as determined in accordance with §50.9. Additionally, the Department will in no case pay more than $3,000 for an animal that is destroyed.

[67 FR 7591, Feb. 20, 2002]

§ 50.6 Identification of animals to be destroyed because of tuberculosis.

(a) Livestock to be destroyed because of tuberculosis must be identified as follows:

(1) Livestock classified as reactors for tuberculosis must be identified within 15 days after being classified as reactors, except that the veterinarian in charge may extend the time limit for identification to 30 days when he or