exporter seeks to obtain facility payment guarantee coverage;
(24) A statement of how this project may encourage privatization of the agricultural sector, or benefit private farms or cooperatives, in the emerging market. Include in the statement the share of private sector ownership of the project;
(25) The exporter’s signature.
(b) Application fee. The exporter shall pay the application fee specified in the program announcement at the time the application is submitted. An application will not be considered without payment of the specified fee. The application fee is nonrefundable.
(c) Letter of preliminary commitment. CCC will determine whether, in its judgment, the project in connection with which the exporter seeks a facility payment guarantee is likely to increase exports of U.S. agricultural commodities or products to an emerging market; and whether the project is likely to benefit primarily U.S. agricultural commodities or products as opposed to commodities or products originating in other countries. If necessary, CCC may seek additional information from an applicant prior to making its determination. If CCC determines that an application meets these standards and appears to represent, in CCC’s judgment, the best use of available resources, CCC will respond to the applicant with a letter of preliminary commitment indicating CCC’s interest in issuing a facility payment guarantee conditioned on its approval of the exporter’s final application.

§ 1493.250 Final application and issuance of a facility payment guarantee.

(a) Final application. An exporter who has received a letter of preliminary commitment may, within six months of the date of such letter, submit a final application to CCC for a facility payment guarantee which shall include the following information:
(1) A cover sheet with the title: “Application for a Facility Payment Guarantee—Final Commitment.”
(2) A letterhead statement from the importer’s bank or other documentation confirming the importer has the financial ability to comply with the initial payment requirement in §1493.230(c);
(3) Written evidence of a firm sale signed by the exporter and the importer, specifying at minimum, the following information: Goods or services to be exported, quantities of such items, delivery terms (e.g., FOB, CFR, CIF), delivery period(s), contract value, payment terms, and date of sale. A sales contract may be contingent upon obtaining a facility payment guarantee;
(4) A description of any changes in the information submitted in the preliminary application; and
(5) The exporter’s signature;
(b) Additional information. CCC shall have the right to request the exporter to furnish any other information and documentation it deems pertinent to the evaluation of the exporter’s final application for a final commitment. CCC may request from the exporter an independent engineering study or economic feasibility study relating to the project.
(c) Final commitment letter. After making a favorable determination on the exporter’s submissions, CCC will issue a final commitment letter indicating the applicable exposure fee rate and stating that CCC is prepared to issue a facility payment guarantee upon receiving full payment of the exposure fee within an allotted time. The letter will also indicate the key terms and coverage of the guarantee to be issued. CCC will also inform exporters in writing when it denies their request for a facility payment guarantee.
(d) Exposure fee. The exposure fee is calculated by multiplying the requested guaranteed value (up to the maximum established by CCC’s final commitment letter) by the exposure fee rate. Once the facility payment guarantee is issued to the exporter, CCC will ordinarily not refund the exposure fee. If CCC does not issue a facility payment guarantee, or issues a guarantee for only part of the coverage requested, CCC will make a full or pro rata refund of the exposure fee, as appropriate.
(e) Issuance of the facility payment guarantee. Upon receipt of the exposure
fee, CCC will issue a facility payment guarantee.

§ 1493.260 Facility payment guarantee.

(a) CCC’s maximum obligation. CCC will agree to pay the exporter or the exporter’s assignee an amount not to exceed the guaranteed value stipulated on the face of the facility payment guarantee, plus eligible interest, in the event that the foreign bank fails to pay under the foreign bank letter of credit or related obligation. The exact amount of CCC’s liability in the event of default will be determined in accordance with §1493.310(b).

(b) Calculation of maximum guarantee coverage. CCC will determine the maximum amount of its obligation under a facility payment guarantee by calculating:

(1) Net contract value equal to the contract value minus:

(i) The value of goods that are not U.S. goods; and

(ii) The cost of services that are not U.S. services (except those services the exporter requests CCC to determine are vital to the success of the project and approved to be included in the net contract value);

(2) Facility base value equal to net contract value minus:

(i) The amount to be paid in accordance with the initial payment requirement in §1493.230(c); and

(ii) The amount of discounts and allowances; and

(3) Maximum guaranteed value equal to:

(i) A principal amount determined by multiplying the facility base value (as determined in §1493.260(b)(2)) by the guaranteed percentage specified in the program announcement; and

(ii) Interest on such principal amount at the rate specified in the applicable program announcement, not to exceed the investment rate of the most recent Treasury 52-week bill auction in effect at that time.

(c) Value and cost. For the purposes of this section:

(1) Value means declared customs value of the goods; or, in the absence of specific information regarding declared customs value, the fair market wholesale value of the imported goods in the United States at the time they were acquired by the participant; and

(2) Cost means actual amount paid by the exporter for the services in an arms-length transaction; or in the absence of an arms-length transaction, the fair market value of the services at the time the services were provided.

(d) U.S. content test. (1) CCC will issue a guarantee only if the following items collectively represent less than 50 percent of the net contract value in §1493.260(b)(1):

(i) The value of imported components (except for raw materials) that are assembled, processed, or manufactured into U.S. goods included in the net contract value;

(ii) The cost of services that are not U.S. services (including freight on foreign flag carriers and transportation insurance registered with foreign agents) that, at the request of the exporter, CCC determines are vital to the success of the project and approves their inclusion in the net contract value;

(2) For purpose of this subsection, minor or cosmetic procedures (e.g., affixing labels, cleaning, painting, polishing) do not qualify as assembling, processing or manufacturing;

(3) For purpose of this subsection, local services which involve costs for hotels, meals, transportation, and other similar services incurred in the emerging market are not U.S. services.

(e) Period of guarantee coverage. The payment guarantee will apply to the period beginning on the date(s) of export(s) and will continue during the credit term specified in the facility payment guarantee. For goods, the period of coverage will also apply from the date on which interest begins to accrue, if earlier than the date of export. The final payments of principal and interest by the foreign bank must come due within the period of guarantee coverage.

(f) Terms of the CCC facility payment guarantee. The terms of CCC’s coverage will be set forth in the facility payment guarantee and will include the provisions of this subpart, which may be supplemented by any program announcement(s) or notice(s) to participants in effect at the time the facility