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or other nonfarming uses, and the producers on the farm demonstrate that
the land remains devoted to commercial agricultural production or is likely
to be returned to the previous agricultural use.

§ 1412.46 Succession-in-interest.

(a) A succession in interest to a DCP or ACRE program contract is required
if there has been a change in the operation of a farm, such as:
(1) A sale of land;
(2) A change of operator or producer, including a change in a partnership
that increases or decreases the number of partners or changes who are partners;
(3) A foreclosure, bankruptcy, or involuntary loss of the farm;
(4) A change in producer shares to reflect changes in the producer’s share of
the crop(s) that were originally approved on the contract; or
(5) An other change determined by the Deputy Administrator to be a suc-
cession that will not adversely affect nor defeat the purpose of the program.

(b) A succession in interest to the contract is not permitted if CCC deter-
mines that the change:
(1) Results in a violation of the landlord-tenant provisions specified in
§1412.55; or
(2) Adversely affects or otherwise defeats the purpose of the program.

(c) If a producer who is entitled to receive direct and counter-cyclical payments dies, becomes incompetent, or is otherwise
unable to receive the payment, CCC will make the payment in accordance with part 707 of this title.

(d) A producer or owner of an enrolled farm must inform the county
committee of changes in interest in base acres on the farm not later than:
(1) August 1 of the fiscal year in which the change occurs if the change
requires a reconstitution be completed in accordance with part 718 of this title or
(2) September 30 of the fiscal year in which the change occurs if the change
does not require a reconstitution be completed in accordance with part 718 of this title.

(e) In any case in which either a direct or counter-cyclical payment has previously been made to a predecessor, such payment will not be paid to the successor, unless such payment has been refunded in full by the predecessor, in accordance with §1412.41(d).

(f) The failure of the party eligible to succeed to the contract to do so will be considered a contract violation.

§ 1412.47 Planting flexibility.

(a) Any crop may be planted and harvested on base acreage on a farm, except as limited elsewhere in this section. Any crop may be planted on DCP cropland in excess of the base acreage on a farm.

(b) Base acreage may be hayed or grazed at any time.

(c) Planting perennial fruits, vegetables (except mung beans, and pulse crops), or wild rice, as determined by the Deputy Administrator, is prohibited on base acreage of a farm enrolled in a DCP or ACRE program contract.

(d) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (c) of this section, perennial fruits, vegetables, and wild rice may be planted on base acreage of a farm enrolled in a contract, and non-perennial fruits, vegetables, and wild rice may be harvested on base acreage of a farm enrolled in a contract if:
(1) A producer double-crops fruits, vegetables, or wild rice with a covered commodity or peanuts in any region described in paragraph (e) of this section, in which case direct and counter-cyclical payments will not be reduced for the planting or harvesting of the fruit, vegetable, or wild rice;
(2) The farm has a history of planting fruits, vegetables, or wild rice, as determined by CCC, in which case the payment acres for the farm will be reduced on an acre-for-acre basis; or
(3) The producer has a history of planting a specific fruit, specific vegetable, or wild rice, as determined by