(D) Extended Echo Ranging and Improved Extended Echo Ranging (EER/IEER) Systems—up to 530 deployments over the course of 5 years (an average of 106 per year); 

(E) Demolitions—up to 250 over the course of 5 years (an average of 50 per year); and 

(F) Missile exercises (A–S MISSILEX)—up to 10 exercises over the course of 5 years (an average of 2 per year).

(d) The taking of marine mammals may also be authorized in an LOA for the activities and sources listed in §218.100(c) should the amounts (i.e., hours, dips, number of exercises) vary from those estimated in §218.100(c), provided that the variation does not result in exceeding the amount of take indicated in §218.102.


§ 218.101 Effective dates.

Amended regulations are effective February 1, 2012, through August 3, 2015.

[77 FR 4924, Feb. 1, 2012]

§ 218.102 Permissible methods of taking.

(a) Under Letters of Authorization issued pursuant to §§ 216.106 and 218.107 of this chapter, the Holder of the Letter of Authorization (hereinafter “Navy”) may incidentally, but not intentionally, take marine mammals within the area described in §218.100(b), provided the activity is in compliance with all terms, conditions, and requirements of these regulations and the appropriate Letter of Authorization.

(b) The activities identified in §218.100(c) must be conducted in a manner that minimizes, to the greatest extent practicable, any adverse impacts on marine mammals and their habitat.

(c) The incidental take of marine mammals under the activities identified in §218.100(c) is limited to the species listed in this paragraph (4), (5), and (6) of this section (c) by the indicated method of take and the indicated number of times (estimated based on the authorized amounts of sound source operation), but with the following allowances for annual variation in activities:

1. In any given year, annual take, by harassment, of any species of marine mammal may not exceed the amount identified in paragraphs (b)(4) and (b)(5) of this section, for that species by more than 25% (a post-calculation/estimation of which must be provided in the annual LOA application);

2. In any given year, annual take by harassment of all marine mammal species combined may not exceed the estimated total of all species combined, indicated in paragraphs (b)(4) and (b)(5) of this section, by more than 10%; and

3. Over the course of the effective period of this subpart, total take, by harassment, of any species may not exceed the 5-year amounts indicated in paragraphs (b)(4) and (b)(5) of this section by more than 10%. A running calculation/estimation of takes of each species over the course of the years covered by the rule must be maintained.

4. Level B Harassment:

(i) Mysticetes:

(A) Humpback whale (Megaptera novaeangliae)—4,025 (an average of 805 annually);

(B) Fin whale (Balaenoptera physalus)—910 (an average of 182 annually);

(C) Blue whale (Balaenoptera musculus)—650 (an average of 130 annually);

(D) Sei whale (Balaenoptera borealis)—1,625 (an average of 325 annually);

(E) Minke whale (Balaenoptera acutorostrata)—2,225 (an average of 445 annually);

(F) Bryde’s whale (Balaenoptera edeni)—2,285 (an average of 457 annually); and

(G) Unidentified Baleanopterid whales—360 (an average of 72 annually).

(ii) Odontocetes:

(A) Sperm whales (Physeter macrocephalus)—4,120 (an average of 824 annually);

(B) Killer whale (Orcinus orca)—1,150 (an average of 230 annually);

(C) Pygmy or dwarf sperm whales (Kogia breviceps or Kogia sima)—33,530 (an average of 6,706 annually);

(D) Blainville’s beaked whales (Mesoplodon densirostris)—3,830 (an average of 770 annually);
§ 218.103 Prohibitions.

No person in connection with the activities described in §218.100 may:

(a) Take any marine mammal not specified in §218.102(c);

(b) Take any marine mammal specified in §218.102(c) other than by incidental take as specified in §§218.102(c)(1) and (c)(2);

(c) Take a marine mammal specified in §218.102(c) if such taking results in more than a negligible impact on the species or stocks of such marine mammal; or

(d) Violate, or fail to comply with, the terms, conditions, and requirements of these regulations or a Letter of Authorization issued under §§216.106 and 218.107 of this chapter.

§ 218.104 Mitigation.

(a) When conducting training and utilizing the sound sources or explosives identified in §218.100(c), the mitigation measures contained in a Letter of Authorization issued under §§216.106 and 218.107 of this chapter must be implemented. These mitigation measures include, but are not limited to:

(1) Personnel Training:

(i) All commanding officers (COs), executive officers (XOs), lookouts, Officers of the Deck (OODs), junior OODs (JOODs), maritime patrol aircraft aircrews, and Anti-submarine Warfare (ASW)/Mine Warfare (MIW) helicopter crews shall complete the NMFS-approved Marine Species Awareness Training (MSAT) by viewing the U.S. Navy MSAT digital versatile disk (DVD). All bridge lookouts shall complete both parts one and two of the MSAT; part two is optional for other personnel.

(ii) Navy lookouts shall undertake extensive training in order to qualify as a watchstander in accordance with the Lookout Training Handbook (Naval Education and Training Command [NAVEDTRA] 12968–D).

(iii) Lookout training shall include on-the-job instruction under the supervision of a qualified, experienced lookout. Following successful completion of this supervised training period, lookouts shall complete the Personal Qualification Standard Program, certifying