§ 192.197 Control of the pressure of gas delivered from high-pressure distribution systems.

(a) If the maximum actual operating pressure of the distribution system is 60 p.s.i. (414 kPa) gage, or less and a service regulator having the following characteristics is used, no other pressure limiting device is required:

1. A regulator capable of reducing distribution line pressure to pressures recommended for household appliances.

2. A single port valve with proper orifice for the maximum gas pressure at the regulator inlet.

3. A valve seat made of resilient material designed to withstand abrasion of the gas, impurities in gas, cutting by the valve, and to resist permanent deformation when it is pressed against the valve port.

4. Pipe connections to the regulator not exceeding 2 inches (51 millimeters) in diameter.

5. A regulator that, under normal operating conditions, is able to regulate the downstream pressure within the necessary limits of accuracy and to

§ 192.195 Protection against accidental overpressuring.

(a) General requirements. Except as provided in §192.197, each pipeline that is connected to a gas source so that the maximum allowable operating pressure could be exceeded as the result of pressure control failure or of some other type of failure, must have pressure relieving or pressure limiting devices that meet the requirements of §§192.199 and 192.201.

(b) Additional requirements for distribution systems. Each distribution system that is supplied from a source of gas that is at a higher pressure than the maximum allowable operating pressure for the system must—

1. Have pressure regulation devices capable of meeting the pressure, load, and other service conditions that will be experienced in normal operation of the system, and that could be activated in the event of failure of some portion of the system; and

2. Be designed so as to prevent accidental overpressuring.