otherwise reveal in tariffs the inland division of a through rate.

§ 520.5 Standard tariff terminology.
(a) Approved codes. The Standard Ter-
minology Appendix contains codes for
rate bases, container sizes, service,
etc., and units for weight, measure and
distance. They are intended to provide
a standard terminology baseline for
tariffs to facilitate retriever efficiency.
Tariff publishers may use additional
codes, if they are clearly defined in
their tariffs.
(b) Geographic names. Tariffs should
employ locations (points) that are pub-
lished in the National Imagery and
Mapping Agency (“NIMA”) gazetteer
or the Geographic Names Information
System (“GNIS”) developed by the U.S.
Geological Survey. Ports published or
approved for publication in the World
Port Index (Pub. No. 150) should also be
used in tariffs. Tariff publishers may
use geographic names that are cur-
rently in use and have not yet been in-
cluded in these publications.

§ 520.6 Retrieval of information.
(a) General. Tariffs systems shall
present retrievers with the ability to:
(1) Search for commonly understood
tariff objects (e.g., commodities, ori-
gins, destinations, etc.) without re-
stricting such search to a specific tar-
iff;
(2) Search a tariff for a rate on the
basis of origin, destination and com-
modity;
(3) Employ a tariff selection option;
or
(4) Select an object group (e.g., rules,
locations, groups, etc.) within a par-
ticular tariff.
(b) Search capability. Tariffs shall pro-
vide the capability to search for tariff
matter by non-case sensitive text
search. Text search matches for com-
modity descriptions should result in a
commodity or commodity index list.
(c) Commodities and TRIs. Retrieval
selection of a specific commodity from
a commodity index list shall display
the commodity description and provide
an option for searching for a rate (e.g.,
on the basis of origin/destination) or a
TRI list, if multiple TRIs are in effect
for the commodity.
(d) Object groups. Retriever selection
of a specific object group shall result in
a list of the objects within the group or
present a text search mechanism to
allow location of an object within the
group. For example, selection of the
rules object group would present a list
of the rules or a text search mechanism
for locating specific terms or phrases
within the rules.
(e) Basic ocean freight. The minimum
rate display for tariffs shall consist of
the basic ocean freight rate and a list
of all assessorial charges that apply for
the retriever-entered shipment param-
eters. If other rules or charges may be
applicable to a shipment under certain
circumstances, the tariff shall so indi-
cate.
(f) Displays. All displays of individual
tariff matter shall include the publica-
tion date, effective date, amendment
code (as contained in appendix A of
this part) and object name or number.
When applicable, a thru date or expira-
tion date shall also be displayed. Use of
“S” as an amendment code shall be ac-
companied by a Commission issued spe-
cial use number.

§ 520.7 Tariff limitations.
(a) General. Tariffs published pursu-
ant to this part shall:
(1) Be clear and definite;
(2) Use English as the primary tex-
tual language;
(3) Not contain cross-references to
any other rate tariffs, except:
(i) A tariff of general applicability
maintained by that same carrier or
conference,
(ii) The individual tariffs of members
of a non-conference agreement to enter
into time/volume rates may cross-ref-
ence the tariffs of other members for
purposes of said time/volume rates, and
(iii) Multiple common tariffs of a
conference agreement to enter into
time/volume rates may cross-reference
their own multiple conference tariffs
for purposes of said time/volume rates;
and
(4) Not duplicate or conflict with any
other tariff publication.