(b) **Timing of designation.** The Exchange must permit an applicant or enrollee to designate an authorized representative:

1. At the time of application; and
2. At other times and through methods as described in §155.405(c)(2).

(c) **Duties.** (1) The Exchange must permit an applicant or enrollee to authorize his or her representative to:

i. Sign an application on the applicant or enrollee’s behalf;

ii. Submit an update or respond to a redetermination for the applicant or enrollee in accordance with §155.330 or §155.335;

iii. Receive copies of the applicant’s or enrollee’s notices and other communications from the Exchange; and

iv. Act on behalf of the applicant or enrollee in all other matters with the Exchange.

(2) The Exchange may permit an applicant or enrollee to authorize a representative to perform fewer than all of the activities described in paragraph (c)(1) of this section, provided that the Exchange tracks the specific permissions for each authorized representative.

(d) **Duration.** The Exchange must consider the designation of an authorized representative valid until:

1. The applicant or enrollee notifies the Exchange that the representative is no longer authorized to act on his or her behalf using one of the methods available for the submission of an application, as described in §155.405(c).

The Exchange must notify the authorized representative of such change; or

2. The authorized representative informs the Exchange and the applicant or enrollee that he or she no longer has legal authority to act on behalf of the applicant or enrollee.

(e) **Compliance with State and Federal law.** The Exchange must require an authorized representative to comply with applicable state and federal laws concerning conflicts of interest and confidentiality of information.

(f) **Signature.** For purposes of this section, designation of an authorized representative must be through a written document signed by the applicant or enrollee, or through another legally binding format, as described in §155.227(a)(2), and must be accepted through all of the modalities described in §155.405(c).

(78 FR 42313, July 15, 2013)

§155.230 General standards for Exchange notices.

(a) **General requirement.** Any notice required to be sent by the Exchange to individuals or employers must be written and include:

1. An explanation of the action reflected in the notice, including the effective date of the action.

2. Any factual findings relevant to the action.

3. Citations to, or identification of, the relevant regulations supporting the action.

4. Contact information for available customer service resources.

5. An explanation of appeal rights, if applicable.

(b) **Accessibility and readability requirements.** All applications, forms, and notices, including the single, streamlined application described in §155.405 and notice of annual redetermination described in §155.335(c), must conform to the standards outlined in §155.205(c).

(c) **Re-evaluation of appropriateness and usability.** The Exchange must reevaluate the appropriateness and usability of applications, forms, and notices, including the single, streamlined application described in §155.405 and notice of annual redetermination described in §155.335(c), must conform to the standards outlined in §155.205(c).

(d) **Electronic notices.** (1) The individual market Exchange must provide required notices either through standard mail, or if an individual or employer elects, electronically, provided that the requirements for electronic notices in 42 CFR 435.918 are met, except that the individual market Exchange is not required to implement the process specified in 42 CFR 435.918(b)(1) for eligibility determinations for enrollment in a QHP through the Exchange and insurance affordability programs that are effective before January 1, 2015.

(2) The SHOP must provide required notices either through standard mail, or if an employer or employee elects, electronically, provided that the requirements for electronic notices in 42
§ 155.240 Payment of premiums.

(a) Payment by individuals. The Exchange must allow a qualified individual to pay any applicable premium owed by such individual directly to the QHP issuer.

(b) Payment by tribes, tribal organizations, and urban Indian organizations. The Exchange may permit Indian tribes, tribal organizations and urban Indian organizations to pay aggregated QHP premiums on behalf of qualified individuals, including aggregated payment, subject to terms and conditions determined by the Exchange.

(c) Payment facilitation. The Exchange may establish a process to facilitate through electronic means the collection and payment of premiums to QHP issuers.

(d) Required standards. In conducting an electronic transaction with a QHP issuer that involves the payment of premiums or an electronic funds transfer, the Exchange must comply with the privacy and security standards adopted in accordance with §155.260 and use the standards and operating rules referenced in §155.270.

§ 155.260 Privacy and security of personally identifiable information.

(a) Creation, collection, use and disclosure. (1) Where the Exchange creates or collects personally identifiable information for the purposes of determining eligibility for enrollment in a qualified health plan; determining eligibility for other insurance affordability programs, as defined in 155.20; or determining eligibility for exemptions from the individual responsibility provisions in section 5000A of the Code, the Exchange may only use or disclose such personally identifiable information to the extent such information is necessary to carry out the functions described in §155.200 of this subpart.

(2) The Exchange may not create, collect, use, or disclose personally identifiable information while the Exchange is fulfilling its responsibilities in accordance with §155.200 of this subpart unless the creation, collection, use, or disclosure is consistent with this section.

(3) The Exchange must establish and implement privacy and security standards that are consistent with the following principles:

(i) Individual access. Individuals should be provided with a simple and timely means to access and obtain their personally identifiable information in a readable form and format;

(ii) Correction. Individuals should be provided with a timely means to dispute the accuracy or integrity of their personally identifiable information and to have erroneous information corrected or to have a dispute documented if their requests are denied;

(iii) Openness and transparency. There should be openness and transparency about policies, procedures, and technologies that directly affect individuals and/or their personally identifiable information;

(iv) Individual choice. Individuals should be provided a reasonable opportunity and capability to make informed decisions about the collection, use, and disclosure of their personally identifiable information;

(v) Collection, use, and disclosure limitations. Personally identifiable information should be created, collected, used, and/or disclosed only to the extent necessary to accomplish a specified purpose(s) and never to discriminate inappropriately;

(vi) Data quality and integrity. Persons and entities should take reasonable steps to ensure that personally identifiable information is complete, accurate, and up-to-date to the extent necessary for the person’s or entity’s intended purposes and has not been altered or destroyed in an unauthorized manner;

(vii) Safeguards. Personally identifiable information should be protected with reasonable operational, administrative, technical, and physical safeguards to ensure its confidentiality, integrity, and availability and to prevent unauthorized or inappropriate access, use, or disclosure; and,

(viii) Accountability. These principles should be implemented, and adherence assured, through appropriate monitoring and other means and methods.