§ 422.314 Special rules for beneficiaries enrolled in MA MSA plans.

(a) Establishment and designation of medical savings account (MSA). A beneficiary who elects coverage under an MA MSA plan—
   (1) Must establish an MA MSA with a trustee that meets the requirements of paragraph (b) of this section; and
   (2) If he or she has more than one MA MSA, designate the particular account to which payments under the MA MSA plan are to be made.

(b) Requirements for MSA trustees. An entity that acts as a trustee for an MA MSA must—
   (1) Register with CMS;
   (2) Certify that it is a licensed bank, insurance company, or other entity qualified, under sections 408(a)(2) or 408(h) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, to act as a trustee of individual retirement accounts;
   (3) Agree to comply with the MA MSA provisions of section 138 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986; and
   (4) Provide any other information that CMS may require.

(c) Deposit in the MA MSA. (1) The payment is calculated as follows:
   (i) The monthly MA MSA premium is compared with \( \frac{1}{12} \) of the annual capitation rate applied under this section for the area, the difference is the amount to be deposited in the MA MSA for each month for which the beneficiary is enrolled in the MSA plan.
   (ii) If the monthly MA MSA premium is less than \( \frac{1}{12} \) of the annual capitation rate applied under this section for the area, CMS will pay the amount determined under section 1833(a)(3)(B) of the Act directly to the FQHC at a minimum on a quarterly basis, less the amount the FQHC would receive for the MA enrollee from the MA organization (which includes the cost sharing amount the FQHC may charge an enrollee, as established in the contract between the FQHC and the MA organization); and
   (b) CMS will not reduce the amount of the monthly payments under this section as a result of the application of paragraph (a) of this section.

[70 FR 4729, Jan. 28, 2005, as amended at 70 FR 52027, Sept. 1, 2005]

§ 422.318 Special rules for coverage that begins or ends during an inpatient hospital stay.

(a) Applicability. This section applies to inpatient services in a “subsection (d) hospital” as defined in section 1886(d)(1)(B) of the Act, a psychiatric hospital described in section 1886(d)(1)(B)(ii) of the Act, a rehabilitation hospital described in section 1886(d)(1)(B)(i) of the Act, a rehabilitation hospital described in section 1886(d)(1)(B)(ii) of the Act, a distinct part rehabilitation unit described in the matter following clause (v) of section 1886(d)(1)(B) of the Act, or a long-term care hospital (described in section 1886(d)(1)(B)(iv)).

(b) Coverage that begins during an inpatient stay. If coverage under an MA plan offered by an MA organization begins while the beneficiary is an inpatient in one of the facilities described in paragraph (a) of this section—
   (1) Payment for inpatient services until the date of the beneficiary’s discharge is made by the previous MA organization or original Medicare, as appropriate;
   (2) The MA organization offering the newly-elected MA plan is not responsible for the inpatient services until the date after the beneficiary’s discharge; and
   (3) The MA organization offering the newly-elected MA plan is paid the full

§ 422.316 Special rules for payments to Federally qualified health centers.

If an enrollee in an MA plan receives a service from a Federally qualified health center (FQHC) that has a written agreement with the MA organization offering the plan concerning the provision of this service (including the agreement required under section 1857(e)(3) of the Act and as codified in § 422.527)—