§ 418.102 Condition of participation: Medical director.

The hospice must designate a physician to serve as medical director. The medical director must be a doctor of medicine or osteopathy who is an employee, or is under contract with the hospice. When the medical director is not available, a physician designated by the hospice assumes the same responsibilities and obligations as the medical director.

(a) Standard: Medical director contract. (1) A hospice may contract with either of the following—
   (i) A self-employed physician; or
   (ii) A physician employed by a professional entity or physicians group. When contracting for medical director services, the contract must specify the physician who assumes the medical director responsibilities and obligations.

(b) Standard: Initial certification of terminal illness. The medical director or physician designee reviews the clinical information for each hospice patient and provides written certification that it is anticipated that the patient’s life expectancy is 6 months or less if the illness runs its normal course. The physician must consider the following when making this determination:
   (1) The primary terminal condition;
   (2) Related diagnoses(s), if any;
   (3) Current subjective and objective medical findings;
   (4) Current medication and treatment orders; and
   (5) Information about the medical management of any of the patient’s conditions unrelated to the terminal illness.

(c) Standard: Recertification of the terminal illness. Before the recertification period for each patient, as described in §418.22(a), the medical director or physician designee must review the patient’s clinical information.

(d) Standard: Medical director responsibility. The medical director or physician designee has responsibility for the medical component of the hospice’s patient care program.

§ 418.104 Condition of participation: Clinical records.

A clinical record containing past and current findings is maintained for each hospice patient. The clinical record must contain correct clinical information that is available to the patient’s attending physician and hospice staff. The clinical record may be maintained electronically.

(a) Standard: Content. Each patient’s record must include the following:
   (1) The initial plan of care, updated plans of care, initial assessment, comprehensive assessment, updated comprehensive assessments, and clinical notes.
   (2) Signed copies of the notice of patient rights in accordance with §418.52 and election statement in accordance with §418.24.
   (3) Responses to medications, symptom management, treatments, and services.
   (4) Outcome measure data elements, as described in §418.54(e) of this subpart.
   (5) Physician certification and recertification of terminal illness as required in §§418.22 and 418.25 and described in §§418.102(b) and 418.102(c) respectively, if appropriate.
   (6) Any advance directives as described in §418.52(a)(2).
   (7) Physician orders.

(b) Standard: Authentication. All entries must be legible, clear, complete, and appropriately authenticated and dated in accordance with hospice policy and currently accepted standards of practice.

(c) Standard: Protection of information. The clinical record, its contents and the information contained therein