passage is determined under the authorities of the administering agency.

§ 102–36.195 What type of excess personal property may we furnish to our project grantees?
You may furnish to your project grantees any property, except for consumable items, determined to be necessary and usable for the purpose of the grant. Consumable items are generally not transferable to project grantees. GSA may approve transfers of excess consumable items when adequate justification for the transfer accompanies such requests. For the purpose of this section, “consumable items” are items which are intended for one-time use and are actually consumed in that one time; e.g., drugs, medicines, surgical dressings, cleaning and preserving materials, and fuels.

§ 102–36.200 May we acquire excess personal property for cannibalization purposes by the grantees?
Yes, subject to GSA approval, you may acquire excess personal property for cannibalization purposes. You may be required to provide a supporting statement that indicates disassembly of the item for secondary use has greater benefit than utilization of the item in its existing form and cost savings to the government will result.

§ 102–36.205 Is there a limit to how much excess personal property we may furnish to our grantees?
Yes, you must monitor transfers of excess personal property so the total dollar amount of property transferred (in original acquisition cost) does not exceed the dollar value of the grant. Any transfers above the grant amount must be approved by an official at an administrative level higher than the officer administering the grant.

Subpart D—Disposition of Excess Personal Property
§ 102–36.210 Why must we report excess personal property to GSA?
You must report excess personal property to promote reuse by the government to enable federal agencies to benefit from the continued use of property already paid for with taxpayers’ money, thus minimizing new procurement costs. Reporting excess personal property to GSA helps assure that the information on available excess personal property is accessible and disseminated to the widest range of reuse customers.

§ 102–36.215 How do we report excess personal property?
Report excess personal property as follows:
(a) Electronically submit the data elements required on the Standard Form 120 (SF 120), Report of Excess Personal Property, in a format specified and approved by GSA; or
(b) Submit a paper SF 120 to the regional GSA Personal Property Management office.

§ 102–36.220 Must we report all excess personal property to GSA?
(a) Generally yes, regardless of the condition code, except as authorized in §102–36.145 for direct transfers or as exempted in paragraph (b) of this section. Report all excess personal property, including excess personal property to which the government holds title but is in the custody of your contractors, cooperatives, or project grantees.
(b) You are not required to report the following types of excess personal property to GSA for screening:

1. Property determined appropriate for abandonment/destruction (see §102–36.305).
3. Foreign excess personal property (see §102–36.380).
4. Scrap, except aircraft in scrap condition.
5. Perishables, defined for the purposes of this section as any personal property subject to spoilage or decay.
6. Trading stamps and bonus goods.
8. Controlled substances.
10. Property dangerous to public health and safety.