§ 1042.104 Exhaust emission standards for Category 3 engines.

(a) Duty-cycle standards. Exhaust emissions from your engines may not exceed emission standards, as follows:

(1) Measure emissions using the test procedures described in subpart F of this part. Note that while no PM standards apply for Category 3 engines, PM emissions must be measured for certification testing and reported under §1042.205. Note also that you are not required to measure PM emissions for other testing.

(2) NO\textsubscript{X} standards apply based on the engine’s model year and maximum in-use engine speed as shown in the following table:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Emission standards</th>
<th>Model year</th>
<th>Maximum in-use engine speed</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Less than 130 RPM</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tier 1</td>
<td>2004–2010\textsuperscript{a}</td>
<td>17.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tier 2</td>
<td>2011–2015</td>
<td>14.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tier 3</td>
<td>2016 and later</td>
<td>3.4</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

\textsuperscript{a} Applicable standards are calculated from n (maximum in-use engine speed, in RPM, as specified in §1042.140). Round the standards to one decimal place.

\textsuperscript{b} Tier 1 NO\textsubscript{X} standards apply as specified in 40 CFR part 94 for engines originally manufactured in model years 2004 through 2010. They are shown here only for reference.
(3) The HC standard for Tier 2 and later engines is 2.0 g/kW-hr. This standard applies as follows:
   (i) Alcohol-fueled engines must comply with HC standards based on THCE emissions.
   (ii) Natural gas-fueled engines must comply with HC standards based on NMHC emissions.
   (iii) Diesel-fueled and all other engines not described in paragraph (a)(3)(i) or (ii) of this section must comply with HC standards based on THC emissions.

(4) The CO standard for Tier 2 and later engines is 5.0 g/kW-hr.

(b) Averaging, banking, and trading. Category 3 engines are not eligible for participation in the averaging, banking, and trading (ABT) program as described in subpart H of this part.

(c) Mode caps. Measured NO\textsubscript{X} emissions may not exceed the cap specified in this paragraph (c) for any applicable duty-cycle test modes with power greater than 10 percent maximum engine power. Calculate the mode cap by multiplying the applicable NO\textsubscript{X} standard by 1.5 and rounding to the nearest 0.1 g/kW-hr. Note that mode caps do not apply for pollutants other than NO\textsubscript{X} and do not apply for any modes of operation outside of the applicable duty cycles in §1042.505. Category 3 engines are not subject to not-to-exceed standards.

(d) Useful life. Your engines must meet the exhaust emission standards of this section over their full useful life, expressed as a period in years or hours of engine operation, whichever comes first.
   (1) The minimum useful life value is 3 years or 10,000 hours of operation.
   (2) Specify a longer useful life in hours for an engine family under either of two conditions:
      (i) If you design, advertise, or market your engine to operate longer than the minimum useful life (your recommended hours until rebuild indicates a longer design life).
      (ii) If your basic mechanical warranty is longer than the minimum useful life.

(e) Applicability for testing. The duty-cycle emission standards in this section apply to all testing performed according to the procedures in §1042.505, including certification, production-line, and in-use testing. See paragraph (g) of this section for standards that apply for certain other test procedures, such as some production-line testing.

(f) Domestic engines. Engines installed on vessels excluded from 40 CFR part 1043 because they operate only domestically may not be certified for use with residual fuels.

(g) Alternate installed-engine standards. NO\textsubscript{X} emissions may not exceed the standard specified in this paragraph (g) for test of engines installed on vessels when you are unable to operate the engine at the test points for the specified duty cycle, and you approximate these points consistent with the specifications of section 6 of Appendix 8 to the NO\textsubscript{X} Technical Code (incorporated by reference in §1042.910). Calculate the alternate installed-engine standard by multiplying the applicable NO\textsubscript{X} standard by 1.1 and rounding to the nearest 0.1 g/kW-hr.

[75 FR 22997, Apr. 30, 2010]

§ 1042.107 Evaporative emission standards.

(a) There are no evaporative emission standards for diesel-fueled engines, or engines using other nonvolatile or non-liquid fuels (for example, natural gas).

(b) If an engine uses a volatile liquid fuel, such as methanol, the engine's fuel system and the vessel in which the engine is installed must meet the evaporative emission requirements of 40 CFR part 1045 that apply with respect to spark-ignition engines. Manufacturers subject to evaporative emission standards must meet the requirements of 40 CFR 1045.112 as described in 40 CFR part 1060 and do all the following things in the application for certification:
   (1) Describe how evaporative emissions are controlled.
   (2) Present test data to show that fuel systems and vessels meet the evaporative emission standards we specify in this section if you do not use design-based certification under 40 CFR 1060.240. Show these figures before and after applying deterioration factors, where applicable.

[73 FR 59193, Oct. 8, 2008]