§ 1039.627 What are the incentives for equipment manufacturers to use cleaner engines?

This section allows equipment manufacturers to generate additional allowances under the provisions of § 1039.625 by producing equipment using engines at or above 19 kW certified to specified levels earlier than otherwise required.

(a) For early-compliant engines to generate offsets for use under this section, the following general provisions apply:

(1) The engine manufacturer must comply with the provisions of §1039.104(a)(1) for the offset-generating engines.
(2) Engines you install in your equipment after December 31 of the years specified in §1039.104(a)(1) do not generate allowances under this section, even if the engine manufacturer generated offsets for that engine under §1039.104(a).
(3) Offset-generating engines must be certified to the following standards under this part 1039:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>If the engine’s maximum power is:</th>
<th>And you install</th>
<th>Certified early to the</th>
<th>You may reduce the number of engines in the same power category that are required to meet the</th>
<th>In later model years by:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(i) kW &gt; 19</td>
<td>One engine</td>
<td>Emissions standards in §1039.101</td>
<td>Standards in Tables 2 through 7 of §1039.102</td>
<td>One engine</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(ii) 56 ≤ kW &lt; 130</td>
<td>Two engines</td>
<td>NOx, standards in §1039.102(e)(1), and NMHC standard of 0.19 g/kW-hr, a PM standard of 0.02 g/kW-hr, and a CO standard of 5.0 g/kW-hr.</td>
<td>Standards in Tables 2 through 7 of §1039.102</td>
<td>One engine</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(iii) 130 ≤ kW &lt; 560</td>
<td>Two engines</td>
<td>NOx, standards in §1039.102(e)(2), an NMHC standard of 0.19 g/kW-hr, a PM standard of 0.02 g/kW-hr, and a CO standard of 3.5 g/kW-hr.</td>
<td>Standards in Tables 2 through 7 of §1039.102</td>
<td>One engine</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(b) Using engine offsets. (1) You may use engine offsets generated under paragraph (a) of this section to generate additional allowances under §1039.625, as follows:
(1) For each engine offset, you may increase the number of available allowances under §1039.625(b) for that power category by one engine for the years indicated.
(2) For engines in 56–560 kW power categories, you may transfer engine offsets across power categories within this power range. Calculate the number of additional allowances by scaling the number of generated engine offsets according to the ratio of engine power for offset and allowance engines. Make this calculation for all your offset engines for which you will transfer offsets under this paragraph (b)(1)(i), then round the result to determine the total number of available power-weighted allowances. For example, if you generate engine offsets for 75 500-kW engines, you may generate up to 37,500 kW-engines of power-weighted allowances. You may apply this to 375 100-kW engines or any other combination that totals 37,500 kW-engines.
(2) You may decline to use the offsets. If you decline, the engine manufacturer may use the provisions of §1039.104(a)(1).

(c) Limitation on offsets for engines above 560 kW. For engines above 560 kW, you must track how many engines you install in generator sets and how many you install in other applications under the provisions of this section. Offsets from generator-set engines may be used only for generator-set engines. Offsets from engines for other applications may be used only for other applications besides generator sets.

(d) Reporting. When you submit your first annual report under §1039.625(c), include the following additional information related to the engines you use to generate offsets under this section:
(1) The name of each engine family involved.
(2) The number of engines from each power category.
(3) The maximum engine power of each engine.
(4) For engines above 560 kW, whether you use engines certified to the standards for generator-set engines.
(e) In-use fuel. If the engine manufacturer certifies using ultra low-sulfur diesel fuel, you must take steps to ensure that the in-use engines in the family will use diesel fuel with a sulfur concentration no greater than 15 ppm. For example, selling equipment only into applications where the operator commits to a central-fueling facility with ultra low-sulfur diesel fuel throughout its lifetime would meet this requirement.


§ 1039.630 What are the economic hardship provisions for equipment manufacturers?

If you qualify for the economic hardship provisions specified in 40 CFR 1068.255, we may approve your hardship application subject to the following additional conditions:
(a) You must show that you have used up the allowances to produce equipment with exempted engines under §1039.625.
(b) You may produce equipment under this section for up to 12 months total (or 24 months total for small-volume manufacturers).

§ 1039.635 What are the hardship provisions for engine manufacturers?

If you qualify for the hardship provisions specified in 40 CFR 1068.245, we may approve your hardship application for up to one model year total (or two model years total for small-volume manufacturers). If you qualify for the hardship provisions specified in 40 CFR 1068.250 for small-volume manufacturers, we may approve a period of delayed compliance for up to two model years total.

§ 1039.640 What special provisions apply to branded engines?

The following provisions apply if you identify the name and trademark of another company instead of your own on your emission control information label, as provided by §1039.135(c)(2):
(a) You must have a contractual agreement with the other company that obligates that company to take the following steps:
(1) Meet the emission warranty requirements that apply under §1039.120. This may involve a separate agreement involving reimbursement of warranty-related expenses.
(2) Report all warranty-related information to the certificate holder.
(b) In your application for certification, identify the company whose trademark you will use and describe the arrangements you have made to meet your requirements under this section.
(c) You remain responsible for meeting all the requirements of this chapter, including warranty and defect-reporting provisions.

§ 1039.645 What special provisions apply to engines used for transportation refrigeration units?

Manufacturers may choose to use the provisions of this section for engines used in transportation refrigeration units (TRUs). The operating restrictions and characteristics in paragraph (f) of this section define engines that are not used in TRUs. All provisions of this part apply for TRU engines, except as specified in this section.
(a) You may certify engines under this section with the following special provisions:
(1) The engines are not subject to the transient emission standards of subpart B of this part.
(2) The steady-state emission standards in subpart B of this part apply for emissions measured over the steady-state test cycle described in paragraph (b) of this section instead of the otherwise applicable duty cycle described in §1039.505.
(b) Measure steady-state emissions using the procedures specified in §1039.505, except for the duty cycles, as follows:
(1) The following duty cycle applies for discrete-mode testing: