§ 675.45 Allowable costs, Federal share, and institutional share.

(a) Allowable costs. An institution participating in the Work-Colleges program may use its allocated and reallocated program funds to carry out the following activities:

(1) Support the educational costs of qualified students through self-help payments or credits provided under the work-learning-service program within the limits of part F of title IV of the HEA.

(2) Promote the work-learning-service experience as a tool of postsecondary education, financial self-help, and community service-learning opportunities.

(3) Carry out activities in sections 443 or 446 of the HEA.

(4) Administer, develop, and assess comprehensive work-learning-service programs including—

(i) Community-based work-learning-service alternatives that expand opportunities for community service and career-related work; and

(ii) Alternatives that develop sound citizenship, encourage student persistence, and make optimum use of assistance under the Work-Colleges program in education and student development.

(5) Coordinate and carry out joint projects and activities to promote work-learning-service.

(6) Carry out a comprehensive, longitudinal study of student academic progress and academic and career outcomes, relative to student self-sufficiency in financing their higher education, repayment of student loans, continued community service, kind and quality of service performed, and career choice and community service selected after graduation.

(b) Federal share of allowable costs. An institution, in addition to the funds allocated and reallocated for this program, may use transferred funds provided under its Federal Perkins Loan or its FWS program to pay allowable costs.

(c) Institutional share of allowable costs. An institution must match Federal funds made available for this program on a dollar-for-dollar basis from non-Federal sources. The institution shall keep records documenting the amount and source of its share.

(Authority: 42 U.S.C. 2756b)

§ 675.46 Unallowable costs.

An institution participating in the Work-Colleges program may not use its allocated and reallocated program funds and transferred funds provided under its Federal Perkins Loan or its FWS program to pay costs related to the purchase, construction, or alteration of physical facilities or indirect administrative costs.

(Authority: 42 U.S.C. 2756b)

§ 675.47 Multi-institutional work-colleges arrangements.

(a) An institution participating in the Work-Colleges program may enter into a written agreement with another participating institution to promote the work-learning-service experience.

(b) The agreement described in paragraph (a) of this section must—

(1) Designate the administrator of the program; and

(2) Specify the terms, conditions, and performance standards of the program.

(c) Each institution shall retain responsibility for the proper disbursement of the Federal funds it contributes under an agreement with other eligible institutions.

(Approved by the Office of Management and Budget under control number 1840–0535)

(Authority: 42 U.S.C. 2756b)

§ 675.48 Agreement.

To participate in the Work-Colleges program, an institution shall enter into an agreement with the Secretary. The agreement provides that, among other things, the institution shall—

(a) Assure that it will comply with all the appropriate provisions of the HEA and the appropriate provisions of the regulations;

(b) Assure that it satisfies the definition of “work-college” in §675.41(a);

(c) Assure that it will match the Federal funds according to the requirements in §675.45(c); and
§ 675.49
(d) Assure that it will use funds only to carry out the activities in §675.45(a).
(Approved by the Office of Management and Budget under control number 1840–0535)
(Authority: 42 U.S.C. 2756b)

§ 675.49 Procedures and records.
In administering a Work-Colleges program under this subpart, an institution shall comply with the applicable provisions of 34 CFR part 673 and this part 675.
(Authority: 42 U.S.C. 2756b)

§ 675.50 Termination and suspension.
Procedures for termination and suspension under this subpart are governed by applicable provisions found in 34 CFR part 668, subpart G of the Student Assistance General Provisions regulations.
(Authority: 42 U.S.C. 2756b)

APPENDIX A To PART 675 [RESERVED]

PART 676—FEDERAL SUPPLEMENTAL EDUCATIONAL OPPORTUNITY GRANT PROGRAM

Note: An asterisk (*) indicates provisions that are common to parts 674, 675, and 676. The use of asterisks will assure participating institutions that a provision of one regulation is identical to the corresponding provisions in the other two.

Sec.
676.1 Purpose and identification of common provisions.
676.2 Definitions.
676.3–676.7 [Reserved]
676.8 Program participation agreement.
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676.10 Selection of students for FSEOG awards.
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676.17 [Reserved]
676.18 Use of funds.
676.19 Fiscal procedures and records.
676.20 Minimum and maximum FSEOG awards.
676.21 FSEOG Federal share limitations.

Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1070b—1070b–3, unless otherwise noted.
Source: 52 FR 45778, Dec. 1, 1987, unless otherwise noted.

§ 676.1 Purpose and identification of common provisions.
(a) The Federal Supplemental Educational Opportunity Grant (FSEOG) Program awards grants to financially needy students attending institutions of higher education to help them pay their educational costs.

(b) Provisions in these regulations that are common to all campus-based programs are identified with an asterisk.

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1070b)


§ 676.2 Definitions.
(a) The definitions of the following terms used in this part are set forth in subpart A of the Student Assistance General Provisions, 34 CFR part 668:

*Academic Competitiveness Grant (ACG) Program
*Academic year
*Award year
*Clock hour
*Enrolled
*Expected family contribution (EFC)
*Federal Family Education Loan (FFEL) Program
*Federal Pell Grant Program
*Federal Perkins Loan Program
*Federal PLUS Program
*Federal SLS Program
*Federal Work-Study (FWS) Program
*Full-time student
*HEA National Science and Mathematics Access to Retain Talent Grant (National SMART Grant) Program
*Payment period
*Secretary
*Teacher Education Assistance for College and Higher Education (TEACH) Grant Program
*TEACH Grant
*Undergraduate student

(b) The Secretary defines other terms used in this part as follows:

*Financial need: The difference between a student’s cost of attendance and his or her EFC.

*Institution of higher education (institution): A public or private nonprofit institution of higher education, a proprietary institution of higher education, or a postsecondary vocational institution.

*Need-based employment: Employment provided by an institution itself or by another entity to a student who has