§ 154.1210 Purpose and applicability.
(a) The requirements of this subpart are intended for use in developing response plans and identifying response resources during the planning process. They are not performance standards.
(b) This subpart establishes oil spill response planning requirements for an owner or operator of a facility that handles, stores, or transports animal fats or vegetable oils including—
(1) A fixed MTR facility capable of transferring oil in bulk, to or from a vessel with a capacity of 250 barrels or more; and
(2) A mobile MTR facility used or intended to be used to transfer oil to or from a vessel with a capacity of 250 barrels or more.


§ 154.1216 Facility classification.
(a) The Coast Guard classifies facilities that handle, store, or transport animal fats or vegetable oils as “substantial harm” facilities because they may cause substantial harm to the environment by discharging oil.
(b) The COTP may change the classification of a facility that handles, stores, or transports animal fats or vegetable oils. The COTP may consider the following factors, and any other relevant factors, before changing the classification of a facility:
(1) The type and quantity of oils handled.
(2) The spill history of the facility.
(3) The age of the facility.
(4) The public and commercial water supply intakes near the facility.
(5) The navigable waters near the facility. Navigable waters is defined in 33 CFR part 2.36.
(6) The fish, wildlife, and sensitive environments near the facility.


§ 154.1220 Response plan submission requirements.
(a) The owner or operator of an MTR facility identified in §154.1216 as a substantial harm facility, shall prepare and submit to the cognizant COTP a response plan that complies with this subpart and all sections of subpart F of this part, as appropriate, except §§154.1015, 154.1016, 154.1017, 154.1028, 154.1045 and 154.1047.
(b) The owner or operator of an MTR facility classified by the COTP under §154.1216(b) as a significant and substantial harm facility, shall prepare and submit for review and approval of the cognizant COTP a response plan that complies with this subpart and all sections of subpart F of this part, as appropriate, except §§154.1015, 154.1016, 154.1017, 154.1028, 154.1045 and 154.1047.
(c) In addition to the requirements in paragraph (a) of this section, the response plan for a mobile MTR facility must meet the requirements of §154.1041 subpart F.


§ 154.1225 Specific response plan development and evaluation criteria and other requirements for fixed facilities that handle, store, or transport animal fats or vegetable oils.
(a) The owner or operator of a fixed facility that handles, stores, or transports animal fats or vegetable oils must include information in the response plan that identifies—
(1) The procedures and strategies for responding to a worst case discharge and to an average most probable discharge of an animal fat or vegetable oil to the maximum extent practicable; and
(2) Sources of the equipment and supplies necessary to locate, recover, and mitigate such a discharge.
(b) The owner or operator of a fixed facility must ensure the equipment listed in the response plan will operate in the geographic area(s) where the facility operates. To determine if the equipment will operate, the owner or operator must—
(1) Use the criteria in Table 1 and Section 2 of appendix C of this part; and
(2) Consider the limitations in the area contingency plan for the COTP.
zone where the facility is located, including
(i) Ice conditions;
(ii) Debris;
(iii) Temperature ranges; and
(iv) Weather-related visibility.
(c) The owner or operator of a facility that handles, stores, or transports animal fats or vegetable oils must name the personnel and list the equipment, including those that are specified in §154.1240, that are available by contract or by a method described in §154.1228(a). The owner or operator is not required, but may at their option, refer to the tables in Environmental Protection Agency regulations, 40 CFR 112, Appendix E, Section 10.0, Tables 6 and 7, to determine necessary response resources.
(d) The owner or operator of a facility that handles, stores, or transports animal fats or vegetable oils must ensure that the response resources in paragraph (c) of this section are able to effectively respond to an incident within the amount of time indicated in the following table, unless otherwise specified in §154.1240:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Tier 1 (hrs.)</th>
<th>Tier 2</th>
<th>Tier 3</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Higher volume port area.</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Great Lakes</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>All other river and canal, inland, near-shore, and offshore areas.</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(e) The owner or operator of a facility that handles, stores, or transports animal fats or vegetable oils must—
(1) List in the plan the personnel and equipment that the owner or operator will use to fight fires.
(2) If there is not enough equipment or personnel located at the facility, arrange by contract or a method described in §154.1228(a), or through a cooperative agreement with public firefighting resources, to have the necessary personnel and equipment available to fight fires.
(3) Identify an individual located at the facility who will work with the fire department on fires, involving an animal fat or vegetable oil. The individual—
(1) Verifies that there are enough trained personnel and operating equipment within a reasonable distance to the incident to fight fires.
(2) Can be the qualified individual defined in §154.1020 or an appropriate individual located at the facility.
(3) For a fixed facility, except for facilities that are part of a non-transportation-related fixed onshore facility with a storage capacity of less than 42,000 gallons, the owner or operator must also ensure and identify, through contract or a method described in §154.1228, response resources for an average most probable discharge, including—
(1) At least 1,000 feet of containment boom or two times the length of the longest vessel that regularly conducts operations at the facility, whichever is greater, and the means of deploying and anchoring the boom within 1 hour of the discovery of an incident. Based on site-specific or facility-specific information, the COTP may require the facility owner or operator to make available additional quantities of containment boom within 1 hour of an incident;
(2) Adequate sorbent material located at the facility;
(3) Oil recovery devices and recovered oil storage capacity capable of being at the incident’s site within 2 hours of the discovery of an incident; and
(4) Other appropriate equipment necessary to respond to an incident involving the type of oil handled.
(g) For a mobile facility or a fixed facility that is part of a non-transportation-related onshore facility with a storage capacity of less than 42,000 gallons, the owner or operator must meet the requirements of §154.1041, and ensure and identify, through contract or a method described in §154.1228, response resources for an average most probable discharge, including—
(1) At least 200 feet of containment boom and the means of deploying and anchoring the boom within 1 hour of the discovery of an incident. Based on site-specific or facility-specific information, the COTP may require the facility owner or operator to make available additional quantities of containment boom within 1 hour of the discovery of an incident;
§ 154.1228 Methods of ensuring the availability of response resources by contract or other approved means.

(a) When required in this subpart, the availability of response resources must be ensured by the following methods:

(1) The identification of an oil spill removal organization with specified equipment and personnel available within stipulated response times in specified geographic areas. The organization must provide written consent to being identified in the plan; 
(2) A document which—
   (i) Identifies the personnel, equipment, and services capable of being provided by the oil spill removal organization within stipulated response times in the specified geographic areas; and
   (ii) Sets out the parties' acknowledgment that the oil spill removal organization intends to commit the resources in the event of a response;
   (iii) Permits the Coast Guard to verify the availability of the identified response resources through tests, inspections, and drills;
   (iv) Is referenced in the response plan;
(3) Active membership in a local or regional oil spill removal organization that has identified specified personnel and equipment required under this subpart that are available to respond to a discharge within stipulated response times in the specified geographic areas; 
(4) Certification by the facility owner or operator that specified personnel and equipment required under this subpart are owned, operated, or under the direct control of the facility owner or operator, and are available within stipulated response times in the specified geographic areas; or
(5) A written contractual agreement with an oil spill removal organization. The agreement must identify and ensure the availability of specified personnel and equipment required under this subpart within stipulated response times in the specified geographic areas.

(b) The contracts and documents required in paragraph (a) of this section must be retained at the facility and must be produced for review upon request by the COTP.

§ 154.1240 Specific requirements for animal fats and vegetable oils facilities that could reasonably be expected to cause substantial harm to the environment.

(a) The owner or operator of a facility, classified under §154.1216 as a facility that could reasonably be expected to cause substantial harm to the environment, must submit a response plan that meets the requirements of §154.1035, except as modified by this section.