§ 868.1500 Enflurane gas analyzer.
(a) Identification. An enflurane gas analyzer is a device intended to measure the concentration of enflurane anesthetic in a gas mixture.
(b) Classification. Class II (performance standards).

§ 868.1575 Gas collection vessel.
(a) Identification. A gas collection vessel is a container-like device intended to collect a patient’s exhaled gases for subsequent analysis. It does not include a sampling pump.
(b) Classification. Class I (general controls). The device is exempt from the premarket notification procedures in subpart E of part 807 of this chapter subject to the limitations in § 868.9.


§ 868.1620 Halothane gas analyzer.
(a) Identification. A halothane gas analyzer is a device intended to measure the concentration of halothane anesthetic in a gas mixture. The device may use techniques such as mass spectrometry or absorption of infrared or ultraviolet radiation.
(b) Classification. Class II (performance standards).

§ 868.1640 Helium gas analyzer.
(a) Identification. A helium gas analyzer is a device intended to measure the concentration of helium in a gas mixture during pulmonary function testing. The device may use techniques such as thermal conductivity, gas chromatography, or mass spectrometry.
(b) Classification. Class II (performance standards).

§ 868.1670 Neon gas analyzer.
(a) Identification. A neon gas analyzer is a device intended to measure the concentration of neon in a gas mixture exhaled by a patient. The device may use techniques such as mass spectrometry or thermal conductivity.
(b) Classification. Class II (performance standards).

§ 868.1690 Nitrogen gas analyzer.
(a) Identification. A nitrogen gas analyzer is a device intended to measure the concentration of nitrogen in respiratory gases to aid in determining a patient’s ventilatory status. The device may use techniques such as gas chromatography or mass spectrometry.
(b) Classification. Class II (performance standards).

§ 868.1720 Oxygen gas analyzer.
(a) Identification. An oxygen gas analyzer is a device intended to measure the concentration of oxygen in respiratory gases by techniques such as mass spectrometry, polarography, thermal conductivity, or gas chromatography. This generic type of device also includes paramagnetic analyzers.
(b) Classification. Class II (performance standards).

§ 868.1730 Oxygen uptake computer.
(a) Identification. An oxygen uptake computer is a device intended to compute the amount of oxygen consumed by a patient and may include components for determining expired gas volume and composition.
(b) Classification. Class II (performance standards).

§ 868.1750 Pressure plethysmograph.
(a) Identification. A pressure plethysmograph is a device used to determine a patient’s airway resistance and lung volumes by measuring pressure changes while the patient is in an airtight box.
(b) Classification. Class II (performance standards).

§ 868.1760 Volume plethysmograph.
(a) Identification. A volume plethysmograph is an airtight box,