

(b) *Classification*. Class I (general controls). The device is exempt from the premarket notification procedures in subpart E of part 807 of this chapter subject to § 866.9.

[47 FR 50823, Nov. 9, 1982, as amended at 65 FR 2312, Jan. 14, 2000]

§ 866.5425 Alpha-2-glycoproteins immunological test system.

(a) *Identification*. An *alpha-2-glycoproteins immunological test system* is a device that consists of the reagents used to measure by immunochemical techniques the *alpha-2-glycoproteins* (a group of plasma proteins found in the *alpha-2* group when subjected to electrophoresis) in serum and other body fluids. Measurement of *alpha-2-glycoproteins* aids in the diagnosis of some cancers and genetically inherited deficiencies of these plasma proteins.

(b) *Classification*. Class I (general controls). The device is exempt from the premarket notification procedures in subpart E of part 807 of this chapter subject to § 866.9.

[47 FR 50823, Nov. 9, 1982, as amended at 65 FR 2312, Jan. 14, 2000]

§ 866.5430 Beta-2-glycoprotein I immunological test system.

(a) *Identification*. A *beta-2-glycoprotein I immunological test system* is a device that consists of the reagents used to measure by immunochemical techniques the *beta-2-glycoprotein I* (a serum protein) in serum and other body fluids. Measurement of *beta-2-glycoprotein I* aids in the diagnosis of an inherited deficiency of this serum protein.

(b) *Classification*. Class I (general controls). The device is exempt from the premarket notification procedures in subpart E of part 807 of this chapter subject to § 866.9.

[47 FR 50823, Nov. 9, 1982, as amended at 65 FR 2312, Jan. 14, 2000]

§ 866.5440 Beta-2-glycoprotein III immunological test system.

(a) *Identification*. A *beta-2-glycoprotein III immunological test system* is a device that consists of the reagents used to measure by immunochemical techniques the *beta-2-*

glycoprotein III (a serum protein) in serum and other body fluids. Measurement of *beta-2-glycoprotein III* aids in the diagnosis of an inherited deficiency of this serum protein and a variety of other conditions.

(b) *Classification*. Class I (general controls). The device is exempt from the premarket notification procedures in subpart E of part 807 of this chapter subject to § 866.9.

[47 FR 50823, Nov. 9, 1982, as amended at 65 FR 2312, Jan. 14, 2000]

§ 866.5460 Haptoglobin immunological test system.

(a) *Identification*. A *haptoglobin immunological test system* is a device that consists of the reagents used to measure by immunochemical techniques the *haptoglobin* (a protein that binds hemoglobin, the oxygen-carrying pigment in red blood cells) in serum. Measurement of *haptoglobin* may aid in the diagnosis of hemolytic diseases (diseases in which the red blood cells rupture and release hemoglobin) related to the formation of hemoglobin-haptoglobin complexes and certain kidney diseases.

(b) *Classification*. Class II (special controls). The device is exempt from the premarket notification procedures in subpart E of part 807 of this chapter subject to § 866.9.

[47 FR 50823, Nov. 9, 1982, as amended at 63 FR 59227, Nov. 3, 1998]

§ 866.5470 Hemoglobin immunological test system.

(a) *Identification*. A *hemoglobin immunological test system* is a device that consists of the reagents used to measure by immunochemical techniques the different types of free hemoglobin (the oxygen-carrying pigment in red blood cells) in blood, urine, plasma, or other body fluids. Measurements of free hemoglobin aid in the diagnosis of various hematologic disorders, such as sickle cell anemia, Fanconi's anemia (a rare inherited disease), aplastic anemia (bone marrow does not produce enough blood cells), and leukemia (cancer of the blood-forming organs).

(b) *Classification*. Class II (performance standards).