§ 522.956 Florfenicol and flunixin.

(a) Specifications. Each milliliter (mL) of solution contains 300 milligrams (mg) florfenicol and 16.5 mg flunixin (27.37 mg flunixin meglumine).

(b) Sponsor. See No. 000061 in § 510.600(c) of this chapter for use as in paragraph (d) of this section.

(c) Tolerances. See §§ 556.283 and 556.286 of this chapter.

(d) Conditions for use in cattle—(1) Amount. 40 mg florfenicol/kg body weight (BW) and 2.2 mg flunixin/kg BW (equivalent to 2 mL/15 kg BW or 6 mL/100 lbs) once, by subcutaneous injection.

(2) Indications for use. For treatment of bovine respiratory disease (BRD) associated with Mannheimia haemolytica, Pasteurella multocida, Histophilus somni, and Mycoplasma bovis, and control of BRD-associated pyrexia in beef and non-lactating dairy cattle.

(3) Limitations. Federal law restricts this drug to use by or on the order of a licensed veterinarian. Animals intended for human consumption must not be slaughtered within 38 days of treatment. Do not use in female dairy cattle 20 months of age or older. Use of florfenicol in this class of cattle may cause milk residues. A withdrawal period has not been established in preruminating calves. Do not use in calves to be processed for veal.


§ 522.960 Flumethasone implantation or injectable dosage forms.

§ 522.960a Flumethasone suspension.

(a) Chemical name. 6a,9a-Difluoro-11β,17,21-trihydroxy-16α-methylpregna-1,4-diene-3,20-dione.

(b) Specifications. Flumethasone suspension is sterile and each milliliter of the drug contains: 2 milligrams of flumethasone acetate; 20 milligrams of propylene glycol; 9 milligrams of benzyl alcohol (as preservative); 8 milligrams of sodium chloride; 0.02 milligram of polysorbate-80; 0.1 milligram of citric acid; and water for injection q.s.

(c) Sponsor. See No. 000856 in § 510.600(c) of this chapter.

(d) Conditions of use. (1) It is recommended in the various disease states involving synovial structures (joints) of horses where excessive synovial fluid of inflammatory origin is present and where permanent structural changes do not exist. Such conditions include arthritis, carpitis, and osselets.

(2) The drug is administered intraarticularly at a dosage level of 6 to 10 milligrams per injection. The dosage level is dependent upon the size of the involved synovial structure and the degree of severity of the condition under treatment. The dosage is limited to a single injection per week in any one synovial structure.

(3) Clinical and experimental data have demonstrated that corticosteroids administered orally and parenterally to animals during the last trimester of pregnancy may induce the first stage of parturition and may precipitate premature parturition followed by dystocia, fetal death, retained placentia, and metritis. The drug is not to be used in horses intended for slaughter for food purposes.

(4) For use only by or on the order of a licensed veterinarian.


§ 522.960b Flumethasone acetate injection.

(a) Chemical name. 6a,9a-Difluoro-16α-methylprednisolone 21-acetate.

(b) Specifications. Flumethasone injection is sterile and contains per cubic centimeter: 2 milligrams of flumethasone acetate; 20 milligrams of propylene glycol; 9 milligrams of benzyl alcohol (as preservative); 8 milligrams of sodium chloride; 1 milligram of polysorbate 80; 0.1 milligram of citric acid; and water for injection q.s.

(c) Sponsor. See No. 000856 in § 510.600(c) of this chapter.

(d) Conditions of use. (1) It is recommended in certain acute and chronic canine dermatoses of varying etiology to help control the pruritus, irritation, and inflammation associated with these conditions.

(2) The drug is administered intramuscularly at the following recommended daily dosage: