Food and Drug Administration, HHS

(3) Limitations. Administer for not more than 5 days; not for use in chickens producing eggs for human consumption; withdraw 24 hours before slaughter.

§ 520.1660b Oxytetracycline hydrochloride capsules.

(a) Specifications. The drug is in capsule form with each capsule containing 125 or 250 milligrams of oxytetracycline hydrochloride. Oxytetracycline is the antibiotic substance produced by growth of Streptomyces rimosus or the same antibiotic substance produced by any other means.
(b) Sponsor. See No. 000069 in § 510.600(c) of this chapter.
(c) Conditions of use. (1) It is used in dogs and cats for the treatment of bacterial pneumonia caused by Brucella bronchiseptica, tonsillitis caused by Streptococcus hemolyticus, bacterial enteritis caused by Escherichia coli, urinary tract infections caused by Escherichia coli, and wound infections caused by Staphylococcus aureus.
(2) The drug is administered orally to dogs and cats at a dosage level of 25–50 milligrams per pound of body weight per day in divided doses at 12-hour intervals. The drug can be used for continuation of compatible antibiotic therapy following parenteral oxytetracycline administration where rapidly attained, sustained antibiotic blood levels are required. The duration of treatment required to obtain favorable response will depend to some extent on the severity and degree of involvement and the susceptibility of the infectious agent. Clinical response to antibiotic therapy usually occurs within 48 to 72 hours. If improvement is not observed within that period, the diagnosis and course of treatment should be reconsidered. To assure adequate treatment, administration of the drug should continue for at least 48 hours following favorable clinical response.
(3) Federal law restricts this drug to use by or on the order of a licensed veterinarian.

1 These conditions are NAS/NRC reviewed and deemed effective. Applications for these uses need not include effectiveness data as specified by § 514.111 of this chapter, but may require bioequivalency and safety information.

§ 520.1660c Oxytetracycline hydrochloride tablets/boluses.

(a) Specifications. Each tablet or bolus contains 250, 500, or 1,000 milligrams of oxytetracycline hydrochloride.
(b) Sponsors. For sponsors in § 510.600(c) of this chapter: See 000010 for use of 500 and 1,000 milligram boluses. See 000069 for use of 250 and 500 milligram tablets.
(c) Tolerances. See § 556.500 of this chapter.
(d) Conditions of use in beef and dairy cattle— (1)(i) Amount. 250 milligrams per 100 pounds of body weight every 12 hours (5 milligrams per pound of body weight daily in two doses).
(2)(i) Amount. 500 milligrams per 100 pounds of body weight every 12 hours (10 milligrams per pound of body weight daily in two doses).
(ii) Indications for use. For control of bacterial enteritis caused by Salmonella typhimurium and Escherichia coli (colibacillosis) and bacterial pneumonia (shipping fever complex, pasteurellosis) caused by Pasteurella multocida.
(3) Limitations. Dosage should continue until the animal returns to normal and for 24 hours to 48 hours after symptoms have subsided. Treatment should not exceed 4 consecutive days. Do not exceed 500 milligrams per 100 pounds of body weight every 12 hours (10 milligrams per pound daily). For sponsor 000069: Discontinue treatment 7 days prior to slaughter. Not for use in lactating dairy cattle. A withdrawal period has not been established for this product in preruminating calves. Do not use in calves to be processed for veal.

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§ 520.1660d Oxytetracycline powder.

(a) Specifications. The drug is a soluble powder distributed in packets or pails having several concentrations of
oxytetracycline hydrochloride (independent of the various net weights) as follows:

(1) Each 18.14 grams of powder contains 1 gram of oxytetracycline hydrochloride (OTC HCl) (packets: 4, 6.4, and 16 oz.).

(2) Each 4.43 grams of powder contains 1 gram of OTC HCl (packets: 4 and 16 oz.).

(3) Each 1.32 grams of powder contains 1 gram of OTC HCl (packets: 2.39, 4.78, and 9.55 oz.; jars: 2.25 lbs.; and pails: 4.5 lbs.).

(4) Each 2.73 grams of powder contains 1 gram of OTC HCl (packets: 2.46 and 9.87 oz.; pail: 3.09 lb.).

(5) Each 4.2 grams of powder contains 1 gram of OTC HCl (packets: 3.8 and 15.2 oz; pails: 4.74 and 23.7 lb.).

(6) Each 1.32 grams of powder contains 1 gram of OTC HCl (packet: 2.39 oz.; pail: 5 lb). Each 2.73 grams of powder contains 1 gram of OTC HCl (packet: 9.87 oz.).

(7) Each 1.32 grams of powder contains 1 gram of OTC HCl (packet: 4.78 and 9.6 oz.; jars: 2 and 5 lb); each 18.1 grams of powder contains 1 gram of OTC HCl (packet: 6.4 oz.; pails: 2 and 5 lb).

(8) Each 135.5-gram packet (4.78 ounce) contains 102.4 grams of OTC HCl. Each 677.5-gram packet (23.9 ounce) contains 512 grams of OTC HCl.

(9) Each 2.73 grams of powder contains 1 gram of OTC HCl (packets: 9.87 and 19.75 oz, and 3.91 lb; pails: 3.09 and 5 lb).

(10) Each 2.73 grams of powder contains 1 gram of OTC HCl (packets: 9.87 and 19.74 oz; pails: 5 lb).

(b) Sponsor. See sponsor numbers in §510.600(c) of this chapter as follows:

(1) No. 000069 for use of OTC HCl concentration in paragraphs (a)(1), (a)(2), and (a)(3) of this section in chickens, turkeys, swine, cattle, sheep, and honey bees.

(2) No. 046573 for use of OTC HCl concentration in paragraph (a)(4) of this section in chickens, turkeys, and swine.

(3) No. 000010 for use of OTC HCl concentration in paragraph (a)(5) of this section in turkeys and chickens.

(4) No. 057561 for use of OTC HCl concentration in paragraph (a)(6) of this section in chickens, turkeys, and swine.

(5) No. 061623 for use of OTC HCl concentration in paragraph (a)(7) of this section in chickens, turkeys, swine, cattle, sheep, and honey bees.

(6) No. 046164 for use of OTC HCl concentrations in paragraph (a)(8) of this section in chickens, turkeys, swine, cattle, sheep, and honey bees.

(7) No. 061623 for use of OTC HCl concentration in paragraph (a)(9) of this section in chickens, turkeys, and swine.

(8) No. 059320 for use of OTC concentration in paragraph (a)(10) of this section in birds producing eggs for human consumption.

(2) Indications for use. Control of infectious synovitis caused by Mycoplasma synoviae susceptible to oxytetracycline.

(3) Limitations. Prepare a fresh solution daily. Administer 7 to 14 days. Do not use in birds producing eggs for human consumption.

(ii) Turkeys—(A)(1) Amount per gallon. 200 to 400 milligrams.

(2) Indications for use. Control of chronic respiratory disease (CRD) and air sac infections caused by Mycoplasma gallisepticum and E. coli susceptible to oxytetracycline; control of fowl cholera caused by Pasteurella multocida susceptible to oxytetracycline.

(3) Limitations. Prepare a fresh solution daily. Administer 7 to 14 days. Do not use in birds producing eggs for human consumption.

(3) Conditions of use. (1) It is used in drinking water as follows:

(i) Chickens—(A)(1) Amount per gallon. 200 to 400 milligrams.

(ii) Turkeys—(A)(1) Amount per gallon. 400 to 800 milligrams.

(ii) Conditions of use. Control of chronic respiratory disease (CRD) and air sac infections caused by Mycoplasma gallisepticum E. coli susceptible to oxytetracycline; control of fowl cholera caused by Pasteurella multocida susceptible to oxytetracycline.

(3) Limitations. Prepare a fresh solution daily. Administer 7 to 14 days. Do not use in birds producing eggs for human consumption.

(ii) Turkeys—(A)(1) Amount per gallon. 200 to 400 milligrams.

(2) Indications for use. Control of hexamitiasis caused by Hexamita meleagridis susceptible to oxytetracycline.

(3) Limitations. Prepare a fresh solution daily. Administer 7 to 14 days. Not to be used for more than 14 consecutive days. Use as sole source of drinking water. Do not use in birds producing eggs for human consumption.
days. Use as sole source of drinking water. Do not use in birds producing eggs for human consumption. Withdraw 5 days prior to slaughter those products sponsored by Nos. 000069, and 061623 in §510.600(c) of this chapter. Withdraw 4 days prior to slaughter those products sponsored by No. 000010. Zero-day withdrawal for those products sponsored by Nos. 046573, 053389, 057561, 059320, and 061133.

(B)(1) Amount per gallon. 400 milligrams.

(2) Indications for use. Control of infectious synovitis caused by Mycoplasma synoviae susceptible to oxytetracycline.

(3) Limitations. Prepare a fresh solution daily. Administer 7 to 14 days. Not to be used for more than 14 consecutive days. Use as sole source of drinking water. Do not use in birds producing eggs for human consumption. Withdraw 5 days prior to slaughter those products sponsored by Nos. 000069, and 061623 in §510.600(c) of this chapter. Withdraw 4 days prior to slaughter those products sponsored by No. 000010. Zero-day withdrawal for those products sponsored by Nos. 046573, 053389, 057561, 059320, and 061133.

(C)(1) Amount. 25 milligrams per pound of body weight.

(2) Indications for use. Growing turkeys. Control of complicating bacterial organisms associated with bluecomb (transmissible enteritis, coronaviral enteritis) susceptible to oxytetracycline.

(3) Limitations. Prepare a fresh solution daily. Administer 7 to 14 days. Not to be used for more than 14 consecutive days. Use as sole source of drinking water. Do not use in birds producing eggs for human consumption. Withdraw 5 days prior to slaughter those products sponsored by Nos. 000069, and 061623 in §510.600(c) of this chapter. Withdraw 4 days prior to slaughter those products sponsored by No. 000010. Zero-day withdrawal for those products sponsored by Nos. 046573, 053389, 057561, 059320, and 061133.

(ii) Cattle, beef cattle, and nonlactating dairy cattle—(A) Amount. 10 milligrams per pound of body weight daily.

(B) Indications for use. Control and treatment of bacterial enteritis caused by E. coli and bacterial pneumonia (shipping fever complex) caused by Pasteurella multocida susceptible to oxytetracycline.

(C) Limitations. Prepare a fresh solution daily. Administer up to 14 days. Do not use for more than 14 consecutive days. Use as sole source of OTC. Administer up to 5 days; do not use for more than 5 consecutive days; withdraw zero days prior to slaughter those products sponsored by Nos. 046573, 053389, 057561, 059320, and 061133.

(iv) Calves, beef cattle, and nonlactating dairy cattle—(A) Amount. 10 milligrams per pound of body weight daily.

(B) Indications for use. Control and treatment of bacterial enteritis caused by E. coli and bacterial pneumonia (shipping fever complex) caused by Pasteurella multocida susceptible to oxytetracycline.

(C) Limitations. Prepare a fresh solution daily. Administer up to 14 days. Do not use for more than 14 consecutive days. Use as sole source of oxytetracycline. Do not administer this product with milk or milk replacers. Administer 1 hour before or 2 hours after feeding milk or milk replacers. Withdraw 5 days prior to slaughter. A milk discard period has not been established for this product in lactating dairy cattle. Do not use in female dairy cattle 20 months of age or older.

(v) Sheep—(A) Amount. 10 milligrams per pound of body weight daily.

(B) Indications for use. Control and treatment of bacterial enteritis caused by E. coli and bacterial pneumonia (shipping fever complex) caused by Pasteurella multocida susceptible to oxytetracycline.

(C) Limitations. Prepare a fresh solution daily. Administer up to 14 days. Do not use for more than 14 consecutive days. Use as sole source of oxytetracycline. Withdraw 5 days prior to slaughter.

(ii) Swine—(A) Amount. 10 milligrams per pound of body weight daily.

(B) Indications for use. Control and treatment of bacterial enteritis caused by Escherichia coli and Salmonella choleraesuis and bacterial pneumonia caused by Pasteurella multocida susceptible to oxytetracycline. For breeding swine: Control and treatment of leptospirosis (reducing the incidence of abortions and shedding of leptospiroplas) caused by Leptospira pomona susceptible to oxytetracycline.

(C) Limitations. Prepare a fresh solution daily. Use as sole source of drinking water. Do not use in birds producing eggs for human consumption. Do not use for more than 14 consecutive days; withdraw zero days prior to slaughter those products sponsored by Nos. 000069 and 061623. Administer up to 5 days; do not use for more than 5 consecutive days; withdraw zero days prior to slaughter those products sponsored by Nos. 046573, 053389, 057561, 059320, and 061133.

(vi) Pigeons—(A) Amount. 10 milligrams per colony, administered via either a 1:1 sugar syrup (equal parts of sugar and water
weight to weight) or dusting with a powdered sugar mixture.

(ii) Indications for use. For control of American foulbrood caused by Paenibacillus larvae and European foulbrood caused by Streptococcus pluton susceptible to oxytetracycline.

(iii) Limitations. The drug is administered in 3 applications of sugar syrup or 3 dustings at 4- to 5-day intervals. The drug should be fed early in the spring or fall and consumed by the bees before main honey flow begins to avoid contamination of production honey. Remove at least 6 weeks prior to main honey flow.

(50 FR 32694, Aug. 14, 1985)

EDITORIAL NOTE: For FEDERAL REGISTER citations affecting § 520.1660d, see the List of CFR Sections Affected, which appears in the Finding Aids section of the printed volume and at www.fdsys.gov.

§ 520.1696 Penicillin.

§ 520.1696a [Reserved]

§ 520.1696b Penicillin G powder.

(a) Specifications. Each gram of powder contains penicillin G potassium equivalent to 1.54 million units of penicillin G.

(b) Sponsors. See Nos. 010515, 046573, 053501, 059320, 061623 and 076475 in § 510.600(c) of this chapter.

(c) Conditions of use in turkeys—

(1) Amount. 1,500,000 units per gallon drinking water for 5 days.

(2) Indications for use. Treatment of erysipelas caused by Erysipelothrix rhusiopathiae.

(3) Limitations. Prepare concentrated stock solution for use with medication proportioners fresh every 24 hours. Prepare recommended use levels for gravity flow watering system fresh every 12 hours. For best results, treatment should be started at the first sign of infection. Discontinue treatment at least 1 day prior to slaughter. Not for use in turkeys producing eggs for human consumption.


§ 520.1696c Penicillin V powder.

(a) Specifications. When reconstituted, each milliliter contains 25 milligrams (40,000 units) of penicillin V.

(b) Sponsor. See No. 050604 in § 510.600(c) of this chapter.

(c) [Reserved]

(d) Conditions of use. Dogs and cats—

(1) Amount. 10 to 15 milligrams per pound of body weight every 6 to 8 hours.

(2) Indications for use. Treatment of respiratory, urogenital, skin, and soft tissue infections and septicemia caused by pathogens susceptible to penicillin V potassium.

(3) Limitations. Administer orally 1 to 2 hours prior to feeding for maximum absorption. Federal law restricts this drug to use by or on the order of a licensed veterinarian.

(57 FR 37326, Aug. 18, 1992; 57 FR 42623, Sept. 15, 1992; 77 FR 20988, Apr. 9, 2012)

§ 520.1696d Penicillin V tablets.

(a) Specifications. Each tablet contains penicillin V potassium equivalent to 125 milligrams (200,000 units) or 250 milligrams (400,000 units) of penicillin V.

(b) Sponsors. See Nos. 050604 and 053501 in § 510.600(c) of this chapter.

(c) [Reserved]

(d) Conditions of use. Dogs and Cats—

(1) Amount. 10 to 15 milligrams per pound of body weight every 6 to 8 hours.

(2) Indications for use. Treatment of respiratory, urogenital, skin and soft tissue infections and septicemia caused by pathogens susceptible to penicillin V potassium.

(3) Limitations. Administer orally 1 to 2 hours prior to feeding for maximum absorption. Federal law restricts this drug to use by or on the order of a licensed veterinarian.

(57 FR 37327, Aug. 18, 1992, as amended at 59 FR 58775, Nov. 15, 1994)

§ 520.1705 Pergolide.

(a) Specifications. Each tablet contains 1 milligram (mg) pergolide mesylate.

(b) Sponsor. See No. 000010 in § 510.600(c) of this chapter.