§ 735.303 Electronic warehouse receipts.

(a) Warehouse operators issuing EWR under the Act may issue EWR's for the agricultural product stored in their warehouse. Warehouse operators issuing EWR's under the Act must:
   (1) Only issue EWR's through one FSA-authorized provider annually;
   (2) Inform DACO of the identity of their provider, when they are a first time user of EWR's, 60 calendar days in advance of issuing an EWR through that provider. DACO may waive or modify this 60-day requirement as set forth in § 735.2(b);
   (3) Before issuing an EWR, request and receive from FSA a range of consecutive warehouse receipt numbers that the warehouse will use consecutively for issuing their EWR's;
   (4) When using an authorized provider, issue and cancel all warehouse receipts as EWR's;
   (5) Cancel an EWR only when they are the holder of the warehouse receipt;
   (6) Be the holder of an EWR to correct information contained within any required data field;
   (7) Receive written authorization from FSA at least 30 calendar days before changing providers. Upon authorization, they may request their current provider to transfer their EWR data from its Central Filing System (CFS) to the CFS of the authorized provider whom they select; and
   (8) Notify all holders of EWR’s by inclusion in the CFS at least 30 calendar days before changing providers, unless otherwise required or allowed by FSA.

(b) An EWR establishes the same rights and obligations with respect to an agricultural product as a paper warehouse receipt and possesses the following attributes:
   (1) The holder of an EWR will be entitled to the same rights and privileges as the holder of a paper warehouse receipt.
   (2) Only the current holder of the EWR may transfer the EWR to a new holder.
   (3) The identity of the holder must be confidential and included as information for every EWR.
   (4) Only one person may be designated as the holder of an EWR at any one time.
   (5) A warehouse operator may not issue an EWR on a specific identity-preserved or commingled lot of agricultural product or any portion thereof while another valid warehouse receipt representing the same specific identity-preserved or commingled lot of agricultural product remains not canceled. No two warehouse receipts issued by a warehouse operator may have the same warehouse receipt number or represent the same agricultural product lot.
   (6) An EWR may only be issued to replace a paper warehouse receipt if requested by the current holder of the paper warehouse receipt.
   (7) Holders and warehouse operators may authorize any other user of their provider or the provider itself to act on
§ 735.400 Administration.

This subpart sets forth the regulations under which DACO may authorize one or more electronic systems under which:

(a) Electronic documents relating to the shipment, payment, and financing of the sale of agricultural products may be issued or transferred; or

(b) Electronic receipts may be issued and transferred.

§ 735.401 Electronic warehouse receipt and USWA electronic document providers.

(a) To establish a USWA-authorized system to issue and transfer EWR’s and USWA electronic documents, each applicant must submit to DACO information and documents determined by DACO to be sufficient to determine that the applicant can comply with the provisions of the Act. Each provider operating pursuant to this section must meet the following requirements:

1. Have and maintain a net worth as specified in the applicable provider agreement;

2. Maintain two insurance policies; one for “errors and omissions” and another for “fraud and dishonesty.” Each policy’s minimum coverage and maximum deductible amounts and applicability of other forms of financial assurances as set forth in § 735.14 will be prescribed in the applicable provider agreement. Each policy must contain a clause requiring written notification to FSA 30 days prior to cancellation or as prescribed by FSA;

3. Submit a current review or an audit level financial statement prepared according to generally accepted accounting standards as defined by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants;

4. For any entity that is not an individual, a document that establishes proof of the existence, such as:

   (i) For a partnership, an executed partnership agreement; and

   (ii) For a corporation:

      (A) Articles of incorporation certified by the Secretary of State of the applicable State of incorporation;

      (B) Bylaws; and

      (C) Permits to do business; and

   (iii) For a limited partnership, an executed limited partnership agreement;

   (iv) For a limited liability company:

      (A) Articles of organization or similar documents; and

      (B) Operating agreement or similar agreement.

5. Meet any additional financial requirements as set forth in the applicable provider agreement;

6. Pay user fees annually to FSA, as set and announced annually by FSA prior to April 1 of each calendar year;

7. Operate a CFS as a neutral third party in a confidential and secure fashion independent of any outside influence or bias in action or appearance.

(b) The provider agreement will contain, but not be limited to, these basic elements:

1. Scope of authority;

2. Minimum document and warehouse receipt requirements;

3. Liability;

4. Transfer of records protocol;

5. Records;

6. Conflict of interest requirements;

7. USDA common electronic information requirements;

8. Financial requirements

9. Terms of insurance policies or assurances;

10. Provider’s integrity statement;

11. Security audits; and

12. Submission, authorization, approval, use and retention of documents.

(c) DACO may suspend or terminate a provider’s agreement for cause at any time.