(1) For a shipment that occurred under a document containing a technical error, the faulty CITES document.

(2) For a shipment that occurred without a CITES document, a completed application form for the type of activity you conducted (see §§23.18 through 23.20).

(d) Criteria. The criteria in this paragraph (d) apply to the issuance and acceptance of U.S. and foreign documents. When applying for a U.S. document, you must provide sufficient information for us to find that your activity meets all of the following criteria:

1. The specimens were exported or re-exported without a CITES document or with a CITES document that contained technical errors as provided in paragraph (d)(6)(ii) of this section.

2. The specimens were presented to the appropriate official for inspection at the time of import and a request for a retrospective CITES document was made at that time.

3. The export or re-export and import of the specimens was otherwise in compliance with CITES and the relevant national legislation of the countries involved.

4. The importing Management Authority has agreed to accept the retrospectively issued CITES document.

5. The specimens must be Appendix-II or -III wildlife or plants, except as provided in paragraph (d)(7) of this section.

6. Except as provided in paragraph (d)(7) of this section, the exporter or re-exporter and importer were not responsible for the irregularities that occurred and have demonstrated one of the following:

(i) The Management Authority or officials designated to clear CITES shipments misinformed the exporter or re-exporter or the importer about the CITES requirements. In the United States, this would be an employee of the FWS (for any species) or APHIS or CBP (for plants).

(ii) The Management Authority unintentionally made a technical error that was not prompted by information provided by the applicant when issuing the CITES document.

(7) In the case of specimens for personal use, you must either show that you qualify under paragraph (d)(6) of this section, or that a genuine error was made and that there was no attempt to deceive. The following specimens for personal use may qualify for issuance of a retrospective document:

(i) Personal or household effects.

(ii) Live Appendix-II or -III specimens or live pre-Convention Appendix-I specimens that you own for your personal use, accompanied you, and number no more than two.

(iii) Parts, products, or derivatives of an Appendix-I species that qualify as pre-Convention when the following conditions are met:

(A) You own and possess the specimen for personal use.

(B) You either wore the specimen as clothing or an accessory or took it as part of your personal baggage, which was carried by you or checked as baggage on the same plane, boat, car, or train as you.

(C) The quantity is reasonably necessary or appropriate for the nature of your trip or stay.

(e) U.S. standard conditions. In addition to the conditions in §23.56, the following condition applies: A CITES document issued for a shipment that has already occurred does not require validation.

(f) Validation. Submit the original unvalidated retrospective CITES document to the appropriate foreign authority. We will not validate the retrospective CITES document for a shipment that has already been shipped to a foreign country, and we do not require validation on retrospective documents issued by foreign Management Authorities.

§ 23.54 How long is a U.S. or foreign CITES document valid?

(a) Purpose. Article VI(2) of the Treaty sets the time period within which an export permit is valid. Validity periods for other CITES documents are prescribed in this section.

(b) Period of validity. CITES documents are valid only if presented for import or introduction from the sea within the period of validity (before midnight on the expiration date) noted on the face of the document.
§ 23.55 How may I use a CITES specimen after import into the United States?

You may use CITES specimens after import into the United States for the following purposes:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>If the species is listed in</th>
<th>Allowed use after import</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(a) Appendix I, except for specimens imported with a CITES exemption document listed in paragraph (d) of this section.</td>
<td>The specimen may be used, including a transfer, donation, or exchange, only for noncommercial purposes.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(b) Appendix II with an annotation for noncommercial purposes where other specimens of that species are treated as if listed in Appendix I.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(c) Appendix II and threatened under the ESA, except as provided in a special rule in §§ 17.40 through 17.48 or under a permit granted under §§ 17.32 or 17.52.</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>(d) Appendix I, and imported with a CITES exemption document as follows:</td>
<td>The specimen may be used for any purpose, except if the regulations in this part or other parts of this subchapter or a permit condition allowed the import only for noncommercial purposes, then the import and subsequent use must be only for noncommercial purposes.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(1) U.S.-issued certificate for personally owned wildlife.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(2) Pre-Convention certificate.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(3) Export permit or re-export certificate for wildlife from a registered commercial breeding operation.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(4) Export permit or re-export certificate for a plant from a registered nursery or under a permit with a source code of “D.”</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(5) U.S.-issued traveling-exhibition certificate.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(e) Appendix II, other than those in paragraphs (b) and (c) of this section.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(f) Appendix III.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

§ 23.56 What U.S. CITES document conditions do I need to follow?

(a) General conditions. The following general conditions apply to all U.S. CITES documents:

(1) You must comply with the provisions of part 13 of this subchapter as conditions of the document, as well as other applicable regulations in this subchapter, including, but not limited to, any that require permits. You must comply with all applicable local, State, Federal, tribal, and foreign wildlife or plant conservation laws.

(2) For export and re-export of live wildlife and plants, transport conditions must comply with CITES’ Guidelines for transport and preparation for shipment of live wild animals and plants, in the case of air transport of live wildlife, with International Air Transport Association Live Animals Regulations.

(3) You must return the original CITES document to the issuing office if you do not use it, it expires, or you request renewal or amendment.

(4) When appropriate, a Management Authority may require that you identify Appendix-II and -III wildlife or plants with a mark. All live Appendix-I wildlife must be securely marked or uniquely identified. Such mark or identification must be made in a way that the border official can verify that the specimen and CITES document correspond. If a microchip is used, we may, if necessary, ask the importer, exporter, or re-exporter to have equipment on hand to read the microchip at the time of import, export, or re-export.