§ 216.240 Specified activity and specified geographical region.

(a) Regulations in this subpart apply only to the U.S. Navy for the taking of marine mammals that occurs in the area outlined in paragraph (b) of this section and that occurs incidental to the activities described in paragraph (c) of this section.

(b) The taking of marine mammals by the Navy is only authorized if it occurs within the AFAST Study Area, which extends east from the Atlantic Coast of the U.S. to 45° W. long. and south from the Atlantic and Gulf of Mexico Coasts to approximately 23° N. lat., excluding the Bahamas (see Figure 1–1 in the Navy’s Application).

(c) The taking of marine mammals by the Navy is only authorized if it occurs incidental to the use of the following mid-frequency active sonar (MFAS) sources, high frequency active sonar (HFAS) sources, explosive sonobuoys, or similar sources, for Navy training, maintenance, or research, development, testing, and evaluation (RDT&E) (estimated amounts below):

1. AN/SQS–53 (hull-mounted sonar)—up to 16070 hours over the course of 5 years (an average of 3214 hours per year).

2. AN/SQS–56 (hull-mounted sonar)—up to 8420 hours over the course of 5 years (an average of 1684 hours per year).

3. AN/SQS–56 or 53 (hull mounted sonar in object detection mode)—up to 1080 hours over the course of 5 years (an average of 216 hours per year).

4. AN/BQQ–10 or 5 (submarine sonar)—up to 49880 pings over the course of 5 years (an average of 9976 pings per year) (an average of 1 ping per two hours during training events, 60 pings per hour for maintenance).

5. AN/AQS–22 or 13 (helicopter dipping sonar)—up to 14760 dips over the course of 5 years (an average of 2952 dips per year—10 pings per five-minute dip).

6. SSQ–62 (Directional Command Activated Sonobuoy System (DICASS) sonobuoys)—up to 29265 sonobuoys over the course of 5 years (an average of 5853 sonobuoys per year).

7. MK–48 (heavyweight torpedoes)—up to 100 torpedoes over the course of 5 years (an average of 20 torpedoes per year).

8. MK–46 or 54 (lightweight torpedoes)—up to 120 torpedoes over the course of 5 years (an average of 24 torpedoes per year).

9. AN/SSQ–110A (IEER explosive sonobuoy) and AN/SSQ–125 (AEER sonar sonobuoy)—up to 4360 sonobuoys, between these 2 sources, over the course of 5 years (an average of 872 buoys per year).

10. AN/SQQ–32 (over the side mine-hunting sonar)—up to 22370 hours over the course of 5 years (an average of 4474 hours per year).

11. AN/SLQ–25 (NIXIE—towed countermeasure)—up to 1660 hours over the course of 5 years (an average of 332 hours per year).

12. AN/BQS–15 (submarine navigation)—up to 2250 hours over the course of 5 years (an average of 450 hours per year).

13. MK–1 or 2 or 3 or 4 (Submarine-fired Acoustic Device Countermeasure (ADC))—up to 1125 ADCs over the course of 5 years (an average of 225 ADCs per year).

14. Noise Acoustic Emitters (NAE—Sub-fired countermeasure)—up to 635 NAES over the course of 5 years (an average of 127 NAES per year).

(d) The taking of marine mammals may be authorized in an LOA for the activities and sources listed in §216.240(c) should the amounts (e.g., hours, dips, or number of exercises) vary from those estimated in §216.240(c), provided that the variation does not result in exceeding the amount of take indicated in §216.242(c).