Pipeline and Hazardous Materials Safety Administration, DOT

§ 178.503

(iii) Sizes under 6 inches, nominal pipe size, the following table with the same configuration as illustrated in AWWA C207–55, Table 1, class B, may be used in place of paragraph (a)(2)(i) of this section.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nominal pipe size</th>
<th>Flange O.D.</th>
<th>Number of bolts</th>
<th>Bolt circle diameter</th>
<th>Diameter of bolts</th>
<th>Flange thickness</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Inches</td>
<td>Cm</td>
<td>Inches</td>
<td>Cm</td>
<td>Inches</td>
<td>Inches</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>11.8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2 1/2</td>
<td>6.2</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>17.5</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>13.8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>7.5</td>
<td>7 1/2</td>
<td>18.8</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3 1/2</td>
<td>8.8</td>
<td>8 1/2</td>
<td>21.3</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>17.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>22.5</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>18.8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5 1/2</td>
<td>12.6</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>25.4</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>21.3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(iv) Cast iron flanges prohibited.

(b) [Reserved]


Subpart L—Non-bulk Performance-Oriented Packaging Standards


§ 178.500 Purpose, scope and definitions.

(a) This subpart specifies certain requirements for non-bulk packagings for hazardous materials. Standards for these packagings are based on the UN Recommendations.

(b) Terms used in this subpart are defined in §171.8 of this subchapter.

§ 178.502 Identification codes for packagings.

(a) Identification codes for designating kinds of packagings consist of the following:

(i) A numeral indicating the kind of packaging, as follows:

(ii) “1” means a drum.

(iii) “2” means a wooden barrel.

(iv) “3” means a jerrican.

(v) “4” means a box.

(vi) “5” means a bag.

(vii) “6” means a composite packaging.

(vii) “7” means a pressure receptacle.

(2) A capital letter indicating the material of construction, as follows:

(i) “A” means steel (all types and surface treatments).

(ii) “B” means aluminum.

(iii) “C” means natural wood.

(iv) “D” means plywood.

(v) “F” means reconstituted wood.

(vi) “G” means fiberglass.

(vii) “H” means plastic.

(viii) “L” means textile.

(ix) “M” means paper, multi-wall.

(x) “N” means metal (other than steel or aluminum).

(xi) “P” means glass, porcelain or stoneware.

(3) A numeral indicating the category of packaging within the kind to which the packaging belongs. For example, for steel drums (“1A”), “1” indicates a non-removable head drum (i.e., “1A1”) and “2” indicates a removable head drum (i.e., “1A2”).

(b) For composite packagings, two capital letters are used in sequence in the second position of the code, the first indicating the material of the inner receptacle and the second, that of the outer packaging. For example, a plastic receptacle in a steel drum is designated “6HA1”.

(c) For combination packagings, only the code number for the outer packaging is used.

(d) Identification codes are set forth in the standards for packagings in §§178.504 through 178.523 of this subpart.

Note to §178.502: Plastics materials include other polymeric materials such as rubber.


§ 178.503 Marking of packagings.

(a) A manufacturer must mark every packaging that is represented as manufactured to meet a UN standard with the marks specified in this section. The