Coast Guard, DHS

Center (CO, MSC). Drawings will not be needed if deemed unnecessary by this OCMI or by the CO, MSC.
(d) When the cognizant OCMI deems inspection necessary, the repairs or alterations must be inspected by a marine inspector.
(e) Submission of drawings is not required for repairs in kind, but the applicable drawings approved under subpart A of part 127 of this subchapter must be made available to the marine inspector upon request.

§ 126.160 Tests and inspections during repairs or alterations, or during riveting, welding, burning, or other hot work.
(a) NFPA 306 must be used as a guide in conducting the examinations and issuances of certificates required by this section.
(b) Until an examination has determined that work can proceed safely, no riveting, welding, burning, or other hot work may commence.
(c) Each examination must be conducted as follows:
(1) At any port or site inside the United States or its territories and possessions, a marine chemist certified by the NFPA must make the examination. If the services of such a chemist are not reasonably available, the cognizant OCMI, upon the recommendation of the contractor and the owner or operator of the OSV, may authorize another person to make the examination.
(2) At any port or site outside the United States or its territories and possessions, where the services of a certified marine chemist or other person authorized by the cognizant OCMI are not reasonably available, the master, owner, or operator of the vessel shall make the examination and a proper entry in the OSV’s logbook.
(d) The master shall obtain a copy of each certificate issued by the person making the examination described in paragraph (c)(1) of this section. The master, through and for the persons under his control, shall maintain safe conditions aboard the OSV by full observance of each condition to be met, listed in the certificate issued under paragraph (c)(1) of this section.

§ 126.170 Carriage of offshore workers.
(a) Offshore workers may be carried aboard an OSV in compliance with this subchapter. The maximum number of offshore workers authorized for carriage will be endorsed on the vessel’s Certificate of Inspection; but in no case will the number of offshore workers authorized for carriage exceed 36.
(b) No more than 12 offshore workers may be carried aboard an OSV certified under this subchapter when on an international voyage, unless the vessel holds a valid passenger-safety certificate (Form CG–968) issued in compliance with the International Convention for the Safety of Life at Sea, 1974, as amended (SOLAS 74/83).

§ 126.180 Carriage of passengers.
No passengers as defined by 46 U.S.C. 2101(21)(B) may be carried aboard an OSV except in an emergency.

Subpart B—Certificate of Inspection

§ 126.210 When required.
Except as provided by §§126.120 and 126.260, no OSV may be operated without a valid Certificate of Inspection.

§ 126.220 Description.
The Certificate of Inspection issued to an OSV specifies the vessel, the route it may travel, the minimum Manning it requires, the minimum fire-extinguishing and lifesaving equipment it must carry, the maximum number of offshore workers and of total persons it may carry, the name of its owner and operator, and such other conditions as the cognizant OCMI may determine.