(iii) Within 5 feet (1.5m) of the boundaries of any ventilation outlet, access, or other opening to a Class I, Division 2 space.

(3) A location that is:
   (i) Within 5 feet (1.5m) of a semi-enclosed Class I, Division 1 location indicated in paragraph (d)(2) of this section; or
   (ii) Within 5 feet (1.5m) of a Class I, Division 1 space indicated in paragraph (d)(5).

(4) A semi-enclosed area that is below and contiguous with the drill floor to the boundaries of the derrick or to the extent of any enclosure which is liable to trap gases.

(5) A semi-enclosed derrick to the extent of its enclosure above the drill floor, or to a height of 10 feet (3m) above the drill floor, whichever is greater.

(6) Except as provided in paragraph (f) of this section, an enclosed space that has an opening into a Class I, Division 2 location.

(f) An enclosed space that has direct access to a Division 1 or Division 2 location is the same division as that location, except:
   (1) An enclosed space that has direct access to a Division 1 location is not a hazardous location if:
      (i) The access has self-closing gas-tight doors that form an air lock;
      (ii) The ventilation causes greater pressure in the space than in the Division 1 location; and
      (iii) Loss of ventilation is alarmed at a manned station;
   (2) An enclosed space that has direct access to a Division 2 location if:
      (i) The access has self-closing gas-tight door that opens into the space and that has no hold-back device;
      (ii) Ventilation causes the air to flow with the door open from the space into the Division 1 location; and
      (iii) Loss of ventilation is alarmed at a manned control station; and
   (3) An enclosed space that has direct access to a Division 2 location is not a hazardous location if:
      (i) The access has a self-closing, gas-tight door that opens into the space and that has no hold-back device; (ii) Ventilation causes the air to flow with the door open from the space into the Division 2 location; and
      (iii) Loss of ventilation actuates an alarm at a manned control station.

(g) Electrical equipment and devices installed in spaces made non-hazardous by the methods indicated in paragraph (f) of this section must be limited to essential equipment.

§ 111.105–35 Vessels carrying coal.

(a) The following are Class II, Division 1, (Zone 10 or Z) locations on a vessel that carries coal:
   (1) The interior of each coal bin and hold.
   (2) Each compartment that has a coal transfer point where coal is transferred, dropped, or dumped.
   (3) Each open area within 3 meters (10 ft) of a coal transfer point where coal is dropped or dumped.
   (4) A semi-enclosed area that is below and contiguous with the drill floor to the boundaries of the derrick or to the extent of any enclosure which is liable to trap gases.
   (5) A semi-enclosed derrick to the extent of its enclosure above the drill floor, or to a height of 10 feet (3m) above the drill floor, whichever is greater.

(b) Each space that has a coal conveyor on a vessel that carries coal is a Class II, Division 2, (Zone 11 or Y) space.

(c) A space that has a coal conveyor on a vessel that carries coal must have electrical equipment approved for Class II, Division 2, (Zone 11 or Y) hazardous locations, except watertight general emergency alarm signals.

§ 111.105–37 Flammable anesthetics.

Each electric installation where a flammable anesthetic is used or stored must meet NFPA 99 (incorporated by reference, see 46 CFR 110.10–1).

§ 111.105–39 Additional requirements for vessels carrying vehicles with fuel in their tanks.

Each vessel that carries a vehicle with fuel in its tank must meet the requirements of ABS Steel Vessel Rules (incorporated by reference; see 46 CFR 110.10–1), section 5–10–4/3, except as follows:

(a) If the ventilation requirements of ABS Steel Vessel Rules section 5–10–4/3 are not met, all installed electrical equipment must be suitable for a Class I, Division 1; Zone 0; or Zone 1 hazardous location.